

COOPERATION
EEC-YUGOSLAVIA

COMPILATION OF TEXTS

1 January 1983 — 31 December 1984

Council of the European Communities

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EEC-YUGOSLAVIA**

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Co-operation EEC-YUGOSLAVIA

The Compilation of Texts pertaining to "Co-operation between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia" contains, in addition to the text of the Co-operation Agreement, all the acts adopted by the various Co-operation Institutions pursuant to the Agreement signed at Belgrade on 2 April 1980, as well as the acts adopted by the EEC concerning Yugoslavia.

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GENERAL MATTERS

1. Co-operation Agreement and related texts

COOPERATION AGREEMENT

between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia

HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF THE BELGIANS,

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF DENMARK,

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY,

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC,

THE PRESIDENT OF IRELAND,

THE PRESIDENT OF THE ITALIAN REPUBLIC,

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GRAND DUKE OF LUXEMBOURG,

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF THE NETHERLANDS,

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND,

and

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

of the one part, and

THE PRESIDENT OF THE SOCIALIST FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF YUGOSLAVIA,

of the other part,

PREAMBLE

RESOLVED to strengthen economic cooperation between the Community and its Member States, on the one hand, and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, a non-aligned, European, Mediterranean State and a member of the group of 77 developing countries, on the other hand,

HAVING REGARD to the Final Act of the Conference on security and cooperation in Europe,

MOVED by a common will to contribute to the economic development of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia in various sectors of mutual interest, having regard to the respective levels of development of their economies,

RESOLVED to undertake, in accordance with the Joint Declaration signed in Belgrade on 2 December 1976, the necessary efforts to strengthen, consolidate and diversify relations between the Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the interdependence and complementarity of their economies, with a view to more harmonious development of their economic links,

RESOLVED to promote the development and diversification of economic, financial and trade cooperation in order to foster a better balance and an improvement in the structure of their trade and expand its volume and to improve the welfare of their populations,

RESOLVED to provide a sounder basis for cooperation in conformity with their international obligations,

DESIRING to contribute to the development of economic cooperation between countries having different levels of economic development, in the framework of the efforts of the international community to attain a more just and more balanced economic order,

ANXIOUS to contribute to the attainment of the objectives of the Agreements signed at Osimo on 10 November 1975 by the Italian Republic and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, and in particular the objectives contained in the Protocol on the free zone and in the Agreement on the promotion of economic cooperation between the two countries,

CONSCIOUS of the need to take into account the significance of the new situation created by the enlargement of the Community for the organization of more harmonious economic and trade relations between the Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, and to strengthen existing links between neighbours,

HAVE DECIDED to conclude this Agreement and to this end have designated as their plenipotentiaries:

HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF THE BELGIANS:

Joseph TROUVEROY,
Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Belgrade;

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF DENMARK:

Peter MEYER MICHAELSEN,
Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Belgrade;

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY:

Horst GRABERT,
Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Belgrade;

THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC:

Yves PAGNIEZ,
Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Belgrade;

THE PRESIDENT OF IRELAND:

Brendan DILLON,
Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary,
Permanent Representative to the European Communities;

THE PRESIDENT OF THE ITALIAN REPUBLIC:

Arturo RUFFINI,
Minister for Foreign Affairs;

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GRAND DUKE OF LUXEMBOURG:

Paul HELMINGER,
State Secretary for Foreign Affairs;

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF THE NETHERLANDS:

D. F. van der MEL,
State Secretary for Foreign Affairs;

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN OF THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND:

R. A. FARQUHARSON, CMG,
Her Britannic Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Belgrade;

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES:

Artilio RUFFINI,
President-in-office of the Council of the European Communities,
Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Italian Republic;

Wilhelm HAFERKAMP,
Vice-President of the Commission of the European Communities;

THE PRESIDENT OF THE SOCIALIST FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF YUGOSLAVIA:

Josip VRHOVEC,
Federal Secretary for Foreign Affairs;

Article 1

The object of this Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia is to promote overall cooperation between the Contracting Parties with a view to contributing to the economic and social development of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and helping to strengthen relations between the Parties. To this end provisions and measures will be adopted and implemented in the field of economic, technical and financial cooperation, and in the trade and social fields.

TITLE I

ECONOMIC, TECHNICAL AND FINANCIAL
COOPERATION

Article 2

The Community and Yugoslavia shall institute cooperation with the aim of contributing to the development of Yugoslavia by efforts complementary to those made by Yugoslavia itself, and of strengthening economic links existing between Yugoslavia and the Community on as broad a basis as possible for the mutual benefit of the Parties.

Article 3

In order to achieve the cooperation referred to in Article 2, account shall be taken, in particular, of the objectives and priorities of Yugoslavia's development plans and programmes.

Article 4

The Contracting Parties shall encourage the proper performance of cooperation and investment contracts which are of interest to both Parties and come within the framework of the Agreement.

Article 5

1. The purpose of cooperation in the industrial field between the Community and Yugoslavia shall be to promote in particular:

- participation by the Community in the efforts made by Yugoslavia to develop its production and economic infrastructure in order to diversify the structure of its economy, taking into account the mutual interest of the Parties,
- market surveys and trade promotion by both Parties on their respective markets and on the markets of third countries,
- encouragement of the transfer and development of technology in Yugoslavia and the protection of patents and other industrial property by means of appropriate arrangements between economic agents and institutions within the Community and those of Yugoslavia,
- the encouragement and fostering of cooperation in long-term production between economic agents of the two Parties in order to establish more stable and balanced links between the respective economies,
- efforts to find appropriate ways and means of removing non-tariff and non-quota barriers on both sides likely to impede access to either market,
- the organization of contacts and meetings between industrial policy makers, promoters and economic agents from Yugoslavia and the Community in order to encourage the establishment of new relations in the industrial sector in conformity with the objectives of the Agreement,
- the exchange of available information on short- and medium-term prospects and forecasts for production, consumption and trade.

2. The Business Cooperation Centre shall be open to Yugoslav economic agents.

— facilitate and encourage the study of practical schemes for cooperation in the mutual interest of the Parties,

3. The Contracting Parties shall take steps to promote and protect each other's investments in their respective territories and in this regard shall endeavour to conclude reciprocal investment promotion and protection agreements to their mutual advantage.

— encourage the improvement and broadening of contacts between economic agents.

Article 8

4. The aim of cooperation in the energy field between the Community and Yugoslavia shall be to encourage in particular the participation of the Contracting Parties' economic agents in research, production and processing programmes in connection with Yugoslavia's energy resources and any other projects of mutual interest.

1. In the transport field, the Community and Yugoslavia shall examine the scope:

— for improving and developing internal transport services, including combined transport, notably in order to achieve complementarity, and

— for implementing specific schemes in this field in the mutual interest.

Article 6

1. The Community and Yugoslavia shall endeavour to continue to develop and strengthen scientific and technological cooperation under the programme of European cooperation in the field of scientific and technical research (COST).

2. Cooperation shall also aim to encourage the improvement and development of infrastructure, to the mutual benefit of the Parties.

To this end the Community and Yugoslavia shall exchange information on projects to build trunk roads of mutual interest and encourage cooperation in their execution.

2. In addition, the Contracting Parties are prepared to consider cooperation in certain areas of research where the Community is carrying out scientific and technical programmes.

3. In addition, the Community and Yugoslavia shall:

— hold exchanges of views and information on the development of their respective transport policies,

— encourage cooperation between Adriatic ports on the basis of mutual interest.

Article 7

1. The main aims of cooperation between the Community and Yugoslavia on agriculture shall be:

— to encourage scientific and technical cooperation on projects of mutual interest, including projects in third countries,

— in particular, to promote mutually advantageous investment projects and in that connection encourage efforts to find points of complementarity.

Article 9

The Community and Yugoslavia shall encourage exchanges of information on tourism and participation in joint studies on possible ways of developing this sector, and shall promote contacts between their relevant bodies and between tourist trade associations with a view to increasing tourist traffic.

2. To this end the Community and Yugoslavia shall:

— step up the exchange of information on the guidelines of the respective agricultural policies, including short- and medium-term production, consumption and trade forecasts,

Article 10

With the aim of improving the quality and circumstances of life, the environment and living conditions in the Community and Yugoslavia, pooling technical know-how on environmental matters and encouraging cooperation on ecological problems, the Community and Yugoslavia shall exchange information on developments in their respective policies and shall

encourage the joint implementation of specific priority schemes.

Article 11

The Community and Yugoslavia shall encourage exchanges of information on developments in their respective fisheries policies and the implementation of projects of mutual interest with the aim of promoting the strengthening cooperation in this sector.

Article 12

1. In the context of financial cooperation, the Community and Yugoslavia shall exchange information on and undertake joint analyses of their medium-term economic policies, balance-of-payments trends and the policies which determine them, and capital market trends in European centres, with the aim of promoting the activities of economic agents.

They shall exchange information in the Cooperation Council on general conditions capable of having an influence on capital flows earmarked for financing investment projects in various sectors of mutual interest.

2. The Community shall participate in the financing of capital projects of mutual interest which take account of the objectives of this Agreement, under the conditions laid down in Protocol 2 on financial cooperation.

Article 13

1. The Cooperation Council shall periodically define the general guidelines of cooperation for the purpose of attaining the aims set out in this Agreement.

2. The Cooperation Council shall be responsible for seeking ways and means of establishing cooperation in the areas defined by the Agreement.

TITLE II

TRADE

Article 14

In the field of trade, the object of this Agreement is to promote trade between the Contracting Parties, tak-

ing account of their respective levels of development and of the need to ensure a better balance in their trade, with a view to improving the conditions of access for Yugoslav products to the Community market.

A. Industrial products

Article 15

Subject to the special provisions laid down in respect of certain products in this Title and in Protocol 1, products originating in Yugoslavia which are not listed in Annex II to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community nor in Annex A to this Agreement shall be imported into the Community free of quantitative restrictions and measures having equivalent effect, and of customs duties and charges having equivalent effect.

Article 16

The arrangements provided for in Article 1 of Protocol 7 to the Act concerning the conditions of accession and the adjustments to the Treaties of 22 January 1972, on imports of motor vehicles and the motor vehicle assembly industry in Ireland, shall apply to Yugoslavia for the period specified in the said Article.

Article 17

1. This Agreement shall not affect the provisions of the Agreement concerning trade in textiles between Yugoslavia and the Community concluded in the framework of the Arrangement regarding international trade in textiles.

2. No later than six months before the expiry of the abovementioned Agreement, the Contracting Parties shall determine the arrangements to be applied to textile products subsequently.

Article 18

1. Customs duties on imports into the Community of the products listed below shall be abolished in stages in accordance with the timetable set out in paragraph 2:

CCT heading No	Description
28.04	Hydrogen; rare gases; other non-metals: A. Hydrogen B. Rare gases C. Other non-metals: I. Oxygen III. Tellurium and arsenic IV. Phosphorus V. Other
28.20	Aluminium oxide and hydroxide; artificial corundum: A. Aluminium oxide and aluminium hydroxide
73.02	Ferro-alloys: B. Ferro-aluminium, ferro-silico-aluminium and ferro-silico-mangano-aluminium E. Ferro-chromium and ferro-silico-chromium: II. Ferro-silico-chromium G. Other
81.04	Other base metals, unwrought, and articles thereof; cermets, unwrought, and articles thereof: B. Cadmium: I. Unwrought; waste and scrap

2.

Timetable	Rate of reduction (%)
On the date of entry into force of the Agreement	40
From 1 January 1982	80
From 1 January 1984	100

3. The basic duty to be used for calculating the reductions provided for in paragraph 2 shall be that actually applied at any given time in respect of third countries.

4. This Article shall also apply to the products listed in Annex IV to Protocol 1 under the conditions laid down in that Protocol.

Article 19

Customs duties on imports into the Community of the products listed in Annex B shall be those indicated for each of them in that Annex.

Article 20

1. For certain products which it considers to be sensitive, the Community reserves the right to call upon the Cooperation Council to determine such special conditions for access to its market as may prove necessary.

The Cooperation Council shall determine the conditions in question within a period not exceeding three months from the date of notification. Failing a decision by the Cooperation Council within that period, the Community may take the necessary measures. However, such measures may not be wider in scope than those applicable, in respect of the products in question, pursuant to the provisions of Protocol 1 under the conditions laid down in that Protocol.

2. For the purposes of applying paragraph 1, the Contracting Parties shall hold periodic exchanges of information in the Cooperation Council before determining, if appropriate, special conditions for access by the products concerned to the respective markets of the Parties. The Contracting Parties shall exchange information in particular on trade flows and medium- and long-term production and export forecasts.

3. The Cooperation Council shall examine periodically the measures taken under paragraph 1 to ascertain whether they are compatible with the objectives of the Agreement.

B. Agricultural products

Article 21

Customs duties on imports into the Community of the products originating in Yugoslavia which are listed below shall be reduced to the level indicated for each of them:

CCT heading No	Description	Duty applicable
01.01	Live horses, asses, mules and hinnies: A. Horses: II. For slaughter (a)	1.6 %
08.07	Stone fruit, fresh: C. Cherries: ex I. From 1 May to 15 July: — Morello cherries ex II. From 16 July to 30 April: — Morello cherries	10 % with a minimum amount of 3 EUA per 100 kg net weight (b) 12 % (b)
08.10	Fruit (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing, not containing added sugar: ex D. Other: — Morello cherries	13 %
08.11	Fruit provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption: ex E. Other: — Morello cherries	6 %
08.12	Fruit, dried, other than that falling within heading No 08.01, 08.02, 08.03, 08.04 or 08.05: ex G. Other: — Morello cherries	4 %
12.03	Seeds, fruit and spores, of a kind used for sowing: E. Other	4 %
20.03	Fruit preserved by freezing, containing added sugar: ex A. With a sugar content exceeding 13 % by weight: — Morello cherries ex B. Other: — Morello cherries	18 % + (L) 18 %
22.09	Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08); liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations (known as 'concentrated extracts') for the manufacture of beverages: C. Spirituous beverages: IV. Vodka with an alcoholic strength of 45.4 % vol or less and plum, pear or cherry spirit (excluding liqueurs), in containers holding: ex a) Two litres or less: — Plum spirit under the name 'Šljivovica' accompanied by a certificate of authenticity to be drawn up by the competent authorities	0.3 EUA per hl per % degree of alcohol + 3 EUA per hl (c)

- (a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.
 (b) In addition to the customs duty, a countervailing charge is applicable under certain conditions.
 (c) Within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 5 420 hectolitres.

Article 22

1. The treatment set out in the following paragraphs shall be applied to wine of fresh grapes falling within subheadings 22.05 ex C I a) and ex C II a) of the Common Customs Tariff originating in Yugoslavia and imported into the Community provided that, subject to the special provisions provided for in this Article, the import prices of such products plus the customs duties actually levied are not less at any given time than the Community reference prices for such wine.

2. For the wine referred to in paragraph 1 the customs duty on imports into the Community shall be reduced by 30 % within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 12 000 hectolitres.

3. The wines to which the tariff reduction provided for in paragraph 2 applies shall be specified by exchange of letters between the respective competent authorities of the Contracting Parties after it has been ascertained that Yugoslav legislation on wine covered by a designation of origin is equivalent to the relevant Community legislation.

Article 23

1. For tobacco of the 'Prilep' type falling within subheading 24.01 ex B of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in and coming from Yugoslavia, customs duties shall be suspended at the rate of 7 % *ad valorem* with a minimum amount of 13 ECU per 100 kilograms and a maximum of 45 ECU per 100 kilograms.

2. The import treatment specified in paragraph 1 shall be applied to tobacco of the 'Prilep' type accompanied by a certificate of origin and of authenticity, within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 1 500 tonnes.

3. The respective competent authorities of the Contracting Parties shall adopt by exchange of letters the provisions and procedures relating to the certificate of origin and authenticity referred to in paragraph 2.

Article 24

1. The amount of the levy on imports into the Community of the products defined in the list appearing in Annex C may not exceed:

— 5 % of the basic levy if it is ascertained that the Community market price is more than 104 % of the guide price but not more than 106 % of that price,

— 15 % of the basic levy if it is ascertained that the Community market price is more than 102 % of the guide price but not more than 104 % of that price,

— 50 % of the basic levy if it is ascertained that the Community market price is above the guide price but not more than 102 % of that price,

— 75 % of the basic levy if it is ascertained that the Community market price is not less than 98 % of the guide price but not more than that price,

— 80 % of the basic levy if it is ascertained that the Community market price is not less than 96 % of the guide price but less than 98 % of that price,

— 85 % of the basic levy if it is ascertained that the Community market price is not less than 90 % of the guide price but less than 96 % of that price,

— 90 % of the basic levy if it is ascertained that the Community market price is less than 90 % of the guide price.

2. (a) Yugoslavia shall supply the competent authorities of the Community with all relevant information on export prices, quantities and presentation of the products exported (live animals, carcasses, quarters).

(b) Yugoslavia shall take all appropriate measures to ensure that the free-at-frontier offer price, plus the customs duty and the reduced levy, remains equivalent to that resulting from application of the normal levy.

(c) To help stabilize the internal Community market, Yugoslavia shall maintain adequately phased deliveries and shall take all steps necessary to ensure a balanced expansion of its exports to the Community, in particular by exercising effective control over each consignment by means of a document certifying that the goods originated in and came from Yugoslavia and correspond exactly to the descriptions appearing in Annex C. The text of that certificate shall be agreed between the competent authorities of the two Parties.

(d) The arrangements for implementing subparagraphs (a), (b) and (c) shall be determined in the context of the cooperation to be established between the competent authorities of Yugoslavia and the Community.

- (e) The levy reductions shall apply to a quantity of 2 900 tonnes per month when the Community market price is less than 98 % of the guide price.

Article 25

1. Should specific rules be introduced as a result of implementation of its agricultural policy or modification of the existing rules, or should the provisions on the implementation of its agricultural policy be modified or developed, the Community may modify the arrangements laid down in the Agreement in respect of the products concerned.

In such cases the Community shall take appropriate account of the interests of Yugoslavia.

2. If the Community, in applying paragraph 1, modifies the arrangements made by this Agreement for products covered by Annex II to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, it shall accord imports originating in Yugoslavia an advantage comparable to that provided for in this Agreement.

3. Any modification of the arrangements made by this Agreement shall be the subject, at the request of the other Contracting Party, of consultations within the Cooperation Council.

C. Common provisions

Article 26

The products originating in Yugoslavia referred to in this Agreement may not enjoy more favourable treatment when imported into the Community than that applied by the Member States among themselves.

Article 27

In the field of trade Yugoslavia shall grant the Community treatment no less favourable than most-favoured-nation treatment.

Article 28

This Agreement shall not affect the application of the specific arrangements governing the movement of goods laid down in frontier agreements previously concluded between one or more Member States and Yugoslavia.

Article 29

1. The Contracting Parties shall inform each other when this Agreement is signed of the provisions relating to the trade arrangements they apply.

2. Yugoslavia shall be entitled to introduce into its trade arrangements with the Community new customs duties or charges having equivalent effect and new quantitative restrictions or measures having equivalent effect and to increase the duties or charges and the quantitative restrictions or measures having equivalent effect applied to products originating in or going to the Community, in so far as such measures are necessitated by Yugoslavia's industrialization and development. In accordance with the objectives of the Agreement, the measures selected by Yugoslavia shall be those which least harm the trade and economic interests of the Community.

3. Yugoslavia shall inform the Community of the measures in question so that appropriate discussions may be held on them at a suitable time.

4. The Cooperation Council shall examine periodically the measures taken by Yugoslavia under paragraph 2.

Article 30

The concept of 'originating products' for the purposes of implementing Titles II and III and the methods of administrative cooperation relating thereto are laid down in Protocol 3.

Article 31

In the event of modifications to the nomenclature of the customs tariffs of the Contracting Parties affecting products referred to in this Agreement, the Cooperation Council may adapt the tariff nomenclature of these products to conform with such modifications, provided the real advantages resulting from this Agreement are maintained.

Article 32

The Contracting Parties shall refrain from any measure or practice of an internal fiscal nature establishing, whether directly or indirectly, discrimination between the products of one Contracting Party and like products originating in the territory of the other Contracting Party.

Products exported to the territory of one of the Contracting Parties may not benefit from the repayment of internal taxes in excess of the amount of direct or indirect taxes imposed upon them.

Article 33

Payments relating to commercial transactions carried out in accordance with foreign trade and exchange regulations and the transfer of such payments to the Member State of the Community in which the creditor is resident or to Yugoslavia shall be free from any restrictions.

Article 34

The Agreement shall not preclude prohibitions or restrictions on imports, exports or goods in transit justified on grounds of public morality, public policy or public security; the protection of health and life of humans, animals or plants; the protection of national treasures of artistic, historic or archaeological value; the protection of industrial and commercial property, or rules relating to gold or silver. Such prohibitions or restrictions must not, however, constitute a means of arbitrary discrimination or a disguised restriction on trade between the Contracting Parties.

Article 35

1. If one of the Contracting Parties finds that dumping is taking place in trade with the other Contracting Party, it may, pursuant to the Agreement on implementation of Article VI of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, take appropriate measures against this practice in accordance with the procedures laid down in Article 38.

2. In the event of measures being taken against subsidies, the Contracting Parties undertake to observe the provisions of the Agreement on the interpretation and application of Articles VI, XVI and XXIII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.

Article 36

If serious disturbances arise in any sector of the economy or if difficulties arise which might bring about a serious deterioration in the economic situation of a region, the Contracting Party concerned may take the necessary safeguard measures under the conditions and in accordance with the procedures laid down in Article 38.

Article 37

In the event of a Contracting Party subjecting imports of products liable to give rise to the difficulties referred to in Article 36 to an administrative procedure, the purpose of which is to provide rapid information on the trend of trade flows, it shall inform the other Contracting Party.

Article 38

1. In the cases specified in Articles 35 and 36 before taking the measures provided for therein or, in cases to which paragraph 2 applies, as soon as possible, the Contracting Party in question shall supply the Cooperation Council with all relevant information required for a thorough examination of the situation with a view to seeking a solution acceptable to the Contracting Parties. Consultations shall take place in the Cooperation Council before the Contracting Party concerned takes the appropriate measures, should the other Contracting Party so request.

2. Where exceptional circumstances require immediate action making prior examination impossible the Contracting Party concerned may, in the situations specified in Articles 35 and 36, apply forthwith such precautionary measures as are strictly necessary to remedy the situation.

3. In the selection of measures, priority must be given to those which least disturb the functioning of the Agreement. Such measures must not exceed the limits of what is strictly necessary to counteract the difficulties which have arisen.

The safeguard measures shall be notified immediately to the Cooperation Council, which shall hold periodic consultations on them, particularly with a view to their abolition as soon as circumstances permit.

Article 39

In the event of a sudden and very substantial worsening of the trade imbalance which is liable to jeopardize the smooth functioning of the Agreement, the Contracting Parties shall hold special consultations within the Cooperation Council to examine the difficulties that have arisen with a view to keeping the Agreement functioning as normally as possible.

Article 40

Where one or more Member States of the Community or Yugoslavia is in serious difficulties or is seriously threatened with difficulties as regards its balance of payments, the Contracting Party concerned may take the necessary safeguard measures. In the selection of measures, priority must be given to those which least disturb the functioning of the Agreement. They shall be notified immediately to the other Contracting Party and shall be the subject of periodic consultations within the Cooperation Council, particularly with a view to their abolition as soon as circumstances permit.

TITLE III

PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE FREE ZONE
ESTABLISHED BY THE AGREEMENTS SIGNED AT
OSIMO

Article 41

In the implementation of cooperation the Community and Yugoslavia shall give particular attention to activities which come within the scope of the Agreements signed at Osimo on 10 November 1975 by the Italian Republic and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

In particular, as regards the list of projects that are to receive financial assistance in the context of cooperation, the Contracting Parties shall take account of their mutual interest in attaining the objectives of the said Agreements.

Article 42

1. Without prejudice to the possible application of the safeguard clause, the Community, within the framework of Community provisions governing free zones, and Yugoslavia shall grant free access to their respective markets to products that have obtained originating status within the meaning of Protocol 3 in the said zone.

2. They shall, in so far as possible, avoid applying to those products such measures as they might take pursuant to Article 20 or 29 or Protocol 1.

Article 43

For the purposes of the implementation of Articles 41 and 42, the Community and Yugoslavia shall cooperate closely in the Cooperation Council, particularly in order to take stock of progress on projects for developing the zone, in accordance with the objectives of the Agreements signed at Osimo.

TITLE IV

COOPERATION IN THE FIELD OF LABOUR

Article 44

The treatment accorded by each Member State to workers of Yugoslav nationality employed in its territory shall be free from any discrimination based on nationality, as regards working conditions or remuneration in relation to its own nationals.

Yugoslavia shall accord the same treatment to workers who are nationals of a Member State and employed in its territory.

Article 45

1. Subject to the provisions of the following paragraphs, workers of Yugoslav nationality and any members of their families living with them shall enjoy, in the field of social security, treatment free from any discrimination based on nationality in relation to nationals of Member States in which they are employed.

2. All periods of insurance, employment or residence completed by such workers in the various Member States shall be added together for the purpose of pensions and annuities in respect of old age, death and invalidity, and also for the purpose of medical care for the workers and for members of their families resident in the Community.

3. The workers in question shall receive family allowances for members of their families who are resident in the Community.

4. The workers in question shall be able to transfer freely to Yugoslavia, at the rates applied by virtue of the law of the debtor Member State or States, any pensions or annuities in respect of old age, death, industrial accident or occupational disease, or of invalidity resulting from industrial accident or occupational disease.

5. Yugoslavia shall accord to workers who are nationals of a Member State and employed in its territory, and to the members of their families, treatment similar to that specified in paragraphs 1, 3 and 4.

Article 46

1. Before the end of the first year following the entry into force of this Agreement, the Cooperation Council shall adopt provisions to implement the principles set out in Article 45.

2. The Cooperation Council shall adopt detailed rules for administrative cooperation providing the necessary management and control guarantees for the application of the provisions referred to in paragraph 1.

Article 47

The provisions adopted by the Cooperation Council in accordance with Article 46 shall not affect any rights or

obligations arising from bilateral agreements linking Yugoslavia and the Member States where those agreements provide for more favourable treatment of nationals of Yugoslavia or of the Member States.

TITLE V

GENERAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 48

1. A Cooperation Council is hereby established which shall have the power, for the purpose of attaining the objectives set out in the Agreement, to take decisions in the cases provided for in the Agreement.

The decisions taken shall be binding on the Contracting Parties, which shall take such measures as are required to implement them.

2. The Cooperation Council may also formulate any resolutions, recommendations or opinions which it considers desirable for the attainment of the common objectives and the smooth functioning of the Agreement.

3. The Cooperation Council shall adopt its own rules of procedure.

Article 49

1. The Cooperation Council shall be composed of representatives of the Community and its Member States, on the one hand, and of representatives of Yugoslavia, on the other.

2. Members of the Cooperation Council may be represented as laid down in its rules of procedure.

3. The Cooperation Council shall act by mutual agreement between the Community, on the one hand, and Yugoslavia, on the other.

Article 50

1. The office of President of the Cooperation Council shall be held alternately by each of the Contracting Parties in accordance with the conditions to be laid down in the rules of procedure.

2. Meetings of the Cooperation Council shall be called once a year by its President.

The Cooperation Council shall hold whatever additional meetings may be necessary, at the request of either Contracting Party, as laid down in its rules of procedure.

Article 51

1. The Cooperation Council shall be assisted in the performance of its duties by a Cooperation Committee.

2. It may decide to set up any other committee that can assist it in carrying out its duties.

3. In its rules of procedure, the Cooperation Council shall determine the composition and duties of such committees and how they shall function.

Article 52

Where, in the course of the exchanges of information provided for in this Agreement, problems arise or seem likely to arise in the general functioning of the Agreement, particularly in the trade field, consultations shall take place between the Contracting Parties in the Cooperation Council with a view to avoiding market disturbances in so far as possible.

Article 53

Either Contracting Party shall, if so requested by the other Contracting Party, provide all relevant information on any agreements it concludes containing tariff or trade provisions, and on any amendments to its customs tariff or external trade arrangements.

Where such amendments or agreements have a direct and specific impact on the functioning of the Agreement, appropriate consultations shall be held within the Cooperation Council at the request of the other Contracting Party so that the interests of the Contracting Parties may be taken into consideration.

Article 54

1. When the Community concludes an association or cooperation agreement having a direct and specific impact on the functioning of the Agreement appropriate consultations shall be held within the Cooperation Council so that the Community may take into consideration the interests of the Contracting Parties as defined by this Agreement.

2. In the event of a third State acceding to the Community, appropriate consultations shall be held within the Cooperation Council so that the interests of the Contracting Parties as defined by this Agreement may be taken into consideration.

Article 55

1. The Contracting Parties shall take any general or specific measures required to fulfil their obligations under this Agreement. They shall see to it that the objectives of this Agreement are attained.

2. If either Contracting Party considers that the other Contracting Party has failed to fulfil an obligation under this Agreement, it may take appropriate measures. Before so doing, it shall supply the Cooperation Council with all relevant information required for a thorough examination of the situation with a view to seeking a solution acceptable to the Contracting Parties.

In the selection of measures, priority must be given to those which least disturb the functioning of this Agreement. These measures shall be notified immediately to the Cooperation Council, which shall hold consultations on them if the other Contracting Party so requests.

Article 56

1. Any dispute which arises between the Contracting Parties concerning the interpretation of this Agreement may be placed before the Cooperation Council.

2. If the Cooperation Council fails to settle the dispute at its next meeting, either Party may notify the other of the appointment of an arbitrator; the other Party must then appoint a second arbitrator within two months. For the purposes of the application of this procedure, the Community and the Member States shall be deemed to be one Party to the dispute.

The Cooperation Council shall appoint a third arbitrator.

The decisions of the arbitrators shall be taken by majority vote.

Each Party to the dispute must take the measures required for the implementation of the arbitrator's decision.

Article 57

In the fields covered by this Agreement:

- the arrangements applied by Yugoslavia in respect of the Community shall not give rise to any discrimination between the Member States, their nationals, or their companies or firms,
- the arrangements applied by the Community in respect of Yugoslavia shall not give rise to any discrimination between Yugoslav nationals or organizations of associated labour.

Article 58

1. In the field of trade, the progressive removal of barriers affecting the bulk of trade between the Contracting Parties shall be carried out in stages. The first stage is to last five years running from the date of entry into force of the trade arrangements.

2. One year before the expiry of the arrangements laid down in Title II, the Contracting Parties shall enter into negotiations in accordance with the procedure adopted for the negotiation of this Agreement, in order to determine the trade arrangements to be applied subsequently in the light of the results of this Agreement and the economic situation in Yugoslavia and the Community, account being taken *inter alia* of Yugoslavia's level of development, with a view to making mutual progress to attain the objective stated in paragraph 1.

Article 59

Protocols 1, 2 and 3, Annexes A, B and C and the declarations and exchanges of letters which appear in the Final Act shall form an integral part of this Agreement.

Article 60

This agreement is concluded for an unlimited period.

Either Contracting Party may denounce this Agreement by notifying the other Contracting Party. This Agreement shall cease to apply six months after the date of such notification.

Article 61

This Agreement shall apply, on the one hand, to the territories in which the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community is applied and under the conditions laid down in that Treaty and, on the other hand, to the territory of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

Article 62

This Agreement is drawn up in duplicate in the Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Italian and Serbo-Croat languages, each of these texts being equally authentic.

Article 63

This Agreement will be approved by the Contracting Parties in accordance with their own procedures.

This Agreement shall enter into force on the first day of the second month following notification that the procedures referred to in the first paragraph have been completed.

Til bekræftelse heraf har undertegnede befuldmægtigede underskrevet denne aftale.

Zu Urkund dessen haben die unterzeichneten Bevollmächtigten ihre Unterschriften unter dieses Abkommen gesetzt.

In witness whereof the undersigned Plenipotentiaries have signed this Agreement.

En foi de quoi, les plénipotentiaires soussignés ont apposé leurs signatures au bas du présent accord.

In fede di che, i plenipotenziari sottoscritti hanno apposto le loro firme in calce al presente accordo.

Ten blijke waarvan de ondergetekende gevolmachtigden hun handtekening onder deze Overeenkomst hebben gesteld.

U potvrdu čega dole potpisani, propisno ovlašćeni u tu svrhu, potpisalu su ovaj Sporazum.

Udfærdiget i Beograd, den anden april nitten hundrede og firs.

Geschehen zu Belgrad am zweiten April neunzehnhundertachtzig.

Done at Belgrade on the second day of April in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighty.

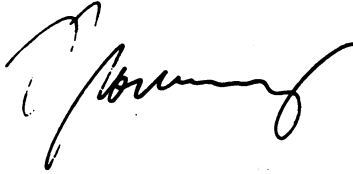
Fait à Belgrade, le deux avril mil neuf cent quatre-vingt.

Fatto a Belgrado, addì due aprile millenovecentottanta.

Gedaan te Belgrado, de tweede april negentienhonderd tachtig.

Sačinjeno u Beogradu, drugoga aprila hiljadu devet stotina osamdesete godine.

Pour Sa Majesté le roi des Belges
Voor Zijne Majesteit de Koning der Belgen



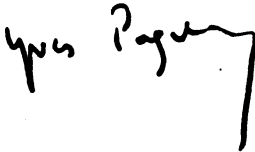
For Hendes Majestæt Danmarks Dronning



Für den Präsidenten der Bundesrepublik Deutschland



Pour le président de la République française




For the President of Ireland



Per il presidente della Repubblica italiana



Pour Son Altesse royale le grand-duc de Luxembourg



Voor Hare Majesteit de Koningin der Nederlanden



For Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

R.A. Farham.

For Rådet for De europæiske Fællesskaber

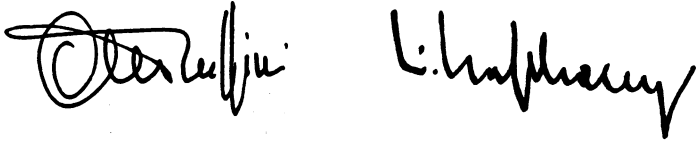
Für den Rat der Europäischen Gemeinschaften

For the Council of the European Communities

Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes

Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee

Voor de Raad van de Europese Gemeenschappen



Za Predsednika Socijalističke Federativne Republike Jugoslavije



ANNEX A
concerning the products referred to in Article 15

CCT heading No	Description
05.03	<p>Horsehair and horsehair waste, whether or not put up on a layer or between two layers of other material:</p> <p>B. Other</p>
ex 05.09	<p>Ivory, tortoise-shell horns, antlers, hooves, nails, claws and beaks, unworked or simply prepared but not cut to shape, and waste and powder of these products; whalebone and the like, unworked or simply prepared but not cut to shape, and hair and waste of these products:</p> <p>— Ivory, tortoise-shell, tortoise-hooves</p>
05.13	<p>Natural sponges</p>
13.02	<p>Shellac, seed lac, stick lac and other lacs; natural gums, resins, gum-resins and balsams:</p> <p>ex B. Other:</p> <p>— Shellac, seed lac, stick lac and other lacs</p>
13.03	<p>Vegetable saps and extracts; pectic substances, pectinates and pectates; agar-agar and other mucilages and thickeners, derived from vegetable products:</p> <p>A. Vegetable saps and extracts:</p> <p>VI. Of hops</p> <p>ex B. Pectic substances, pectinates and pectates:</p> <p>— Pectic substances and pectinates</p> <p>C. Agar-agar and other mucilages and thickeners, derived from vegetable products</p>
14.01	<p>Vegetable materials of a kind used primarily for plaiting (for example, cereal straw, cleaned, bleached or dyed, osier, reeds, rushes, rattans, bamboos, raffia and lime bark):</p> <p>A. Osier:</p> <p>II. Other</p> <p>B. Cereal straw, cleaned, bleached or dyed</p> <p>ex C. Other:</p> <p>— Bamboos, reeds and the like, rattans, rushes and the like, other than unworked or not further worked than split</p>
ex 14.02	<p>Vegetable materials, whether or not put up on a layer or between two layers of other material, of a kind used primarily as stuffing or as padding (for example, kapok, vegetable hair and eel-grass):</p> <p>— Put up on a layer or between two layers of other material</p> <p>— Other:</p> <p>— Vegetable hair</p> <p>— Kapok:</p> <p>— Other than unworked</p>

CCT heading No	Description
ex 14.05	<p>Vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included:</p> <p>— Other than raw vegetable materials of a kind used for dyeing or tanning, hard seeds, pips, hulls and nuts, of a kind used for carving (for example, corozo and dom):</p> <p>— Put up on a layer or between two layers of other material</p>
15.05	Wool grease and fatty substances derived therefrom (including lanolin)
15.08	Animal and vegetable oils, boiled, oxidized, dehydrated, sulphurized, blown or polymerized by heat in vacuum or in inert gas, or otherwise modified
15.11	Glycerol and glycerol lyes
15.15	Spermaceti, crude, pressed or refined, whether or not coloured; beeswax and other insect waxes, whether or not coloured
15.16	<p>Vegetable waxes, whether or not coloured:</p> <p>B. Other</p>
17.02	<p>Other sugars in solid form; sugar syrups, not containing added flavouring or colouring matter; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey; caramel:</p> <p>A. Lactose and lactose syrup:</p> <p>I. Containing, in the dry state, 99 % or more by weight of the pure product</p> <p>B. Glucose and glucose syrup:</p> <p>I. Containing, in the dry state, 99 % or more by weight of the pure product</p>
18.03	Cocoa paste (in bulk or in block), whether or not defatted
18.04	Cocoa butter (fat or oil)
18.05	Cocoa powder, unsweetened
19.02	Malt extract; preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietetic or culinary purposes, containing less than 50 % by weight of cocoa
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products
19.04	Tapioca and sago; tapioca and sago substitutes obtained from potato or other starches
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit; communion wafers, cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion
21.02	Extracts, essences or concentrates, of coffee, tea or maté and preparations with a basis of those extracts, essences or concentrates; roasted chicory and other roasted coffee substitutes and extracts, essences and concentrates thereof
21.03	Mustard flour and prepared mustard

CCT heading No	Description
21.04	<p>Sauces; mixed condiments and mixed seasonings:</p> <p>B. Sauces with a basis of tomato purée</p> <p>C. Other</p>
21.05	<p>Soups and broths, in liquid, solid or powder form; homogenized composite food preparations</p>
21.06	<p>Natural yeasts (active or inactive); prepared baking powders:</p> <p>B. Inactive natural yeasts:</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">I. In tablet, cube or similar form, or in immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">II. Other</p> <p>C. Prepared baking powders</p>
21.07	<p>Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included:</p> <p>F. Flavoured or coloured sugar syrups</p> <p>G. Other:</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">I. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1.5 % by weight of such fats:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a) Containing no sucrose or containing less than 5 % by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose):</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">ex 1. Containing no starch or containing less than 5 % by weight of starch:</p> <p style="padding-left: 80px;">— Excluding protein hydrolysates, autolyzed yeast and cabbage palm terminal buds</p>
22.02	<p>Lemonade, flavoured spa waters and flavoured aerated waters, and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit and vegetable juices falling within heading No 20.07</p>
22.03	<p>Beer made from malt</p>
22.06	<p>Vermouths, and other wines of fresh grapes flavoured with aromatic extracts</p>
22.08	<p>Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of an alcoholic strength of 80 % vol or higher; denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol and neutral spirits) of any alcoholic strength</p>
22.09	<p>Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08); liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations (known as 'concentrated extracts') for the manufacture of beverages ⁽¹⁾</p>
22.10	<p>Vinegar and substitutes for vinegar</p>
24.02	<p>Manufactured tobacco; tobacco extracts and essences</p>

(1) Text resulting from the exchange of letters appearing on page 108 of this Official Journal.

CCT heading No	Description
29.04	Acyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: C. Polyhydric alcohols II. D-Mannitol (mannitol) III. D-Glucitol (sorbitol) (*)
35.01	Casein, caseinates and other casein derivatives; casein glues: A. Casein C. Other
35.02	Albumins, albuminates and other albumin derivatives: A. Albumins: II. Other a) Ovalbumin and lactalbumin
35.05	Dextrins and dextrin glues; soluble or roasted starches; starch glues
38.12	Prepared glazings, prepared dressings and prepared mordants, of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries: A. Prepared glazings and prepared dressings: I. With a basis of amylaceous substances
38.19	Chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included: T. D-Glucitol (sorbitol) other than that falling within subheading 29.04 C III

(*) Text resulting from the exchange of letters appearing on page 111 of this Official Journal.

ANNEX B

concerning the tariff arrangements and rules applicable to certain goods resulting from the processing of agricultural products referred to in Article 19

CCT heading No	Description	Duty applicable
15.10	Fatty acids; acid oils from refining; fatty alcohols: A. Stearic acid B. Oleic acid D. Fatty alcohols	2 % 5 % 6 %
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa: A. Liquorice extract containing more than 10 % by weight of sucrose but not containing other added substances B. Chewing gum containing by weight of sucrose (including invert sugar expressed as sucrose) C. White chocolate D. Other	9 % vc with a max. of 23 % vc with a max. of 27 % + ads vc with a max. of 27 % + ads
18.06	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa: A. Cocoa powder, not otherwise sweetened than by the addition of sucrose B. Ice-cream (not including ice-cream powder) and other ices C. Chocolate and chocolate goods, whether or not filled; sugar confectionery and substitutes therefor made from sugar substitution products, containing cocoa D. Other I. Containing no milkfats or containing less than 1.5 % by weight of such fats: a) In immediate packings of a net capacity of 500 g or less b) Other: — In immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 500 g but not more than 1 kg — In immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 1 kg II. Containing by weight of milkfats: a) 1.5 % or more but not more than 6.5 %: 1. In immediate packings of a net capacity of 500 g or less	vc vc with a max. of 27 % + ads vc with a max. of 27 % + ads vc with a max. of 27 % + ads vc with a max. of 27 % + ads 6 % + vc vc with a max. of 27 % + ads

CCT heading No	Description	Duty applicable
18.06 (cont'd)	<p>D. II. a) 2. Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — In immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 500 g but not more than 1 kg — In immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 1 kg <p>b) More than 6.5 % but less than 26 %:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. In immediate packings of a net capacity of 500 g or less 2. Other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — In immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 500 g but not more than 1 kg — In immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 1 kg <p>c) 26 % or more:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. In immediate packings of a net capacity of 500 g or less 2. Other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — In immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 500 g but not more than 1 kg — In immediate packings of a net capacity of more than 1 kg 	<p>vc</p> <p>6 % + vc</p> <p>vc</p> <p>vc</p> <p>6 % + vc</p> <p>vc</p> <p>vc</p> <p>6 % + vc</p>
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, corn flakes and similar products)	vc
21.06	<p>Natural yeasts (active or inactive); prepared baking powders:</p> <p>A. Active natural yeasts:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> I. Culture yeast II. Bakers' yeast III. Other 	<p>8 %</p> <p>vc</p> <p>10 %</p>
21.07	<p>Food preparations not elsewhere specified or included:</p> <p>A. Cereals in grain or ear form, pre-cooked or otherwise prepared</p> <p>B. Ravioli, macaroni, spaghetti and similar products, not stuffed, cooked; the foregoing preparations, stuffed, whether or not cooked</p> <p>C. Ice-cream (not including ice-cream powder) and other ices</p> <p>D. Prepared yoghurt; prepared milk, in powder form, for use as infants' food or for dietetic or culinary purposes</p> <p>E. Cheese fondues</p>	<p>vc</p> <p>vc</p> <p>vc</p> <p>vc</p> <p>vc with a max. of 25 EUA per 100 kg net</p>

CCT heading No	Description	Duty applicable
21.07 (cont'd)	G. VIII. b) Other: — In immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or less — Other IX. Containing 85 % or more by weight of milkfats: — In immediate packings of a net capacity of 1 kg or more — Other	vc 6 % + vc vc 6 % + vc

ANNEX C

concerning the products referred to in Article 24

CCT heading No	Description
01.02	<p>Live animals of the bovine species:</p> <p>A. Domestic species:</p> <p>II. Other:</p> <p>a) Not yet having any permanent teeth, of a weight of not less than 350 kg but not more than 450 kg, in the case of male animals, or of not less than 320 kg but not more than 420 kg in the case of female animals (a)</p>
02.01	<p>Meat and edible offals of the animals falling within heading No 01.01, 01.02, 01.03 or 01.04, fresh, chilled or frozen:</p> <p>A. Meat:</p> <p>II. Of bovine animals:</p> <p>(a) Fresh or chilled:</p> <p>1. Carcasses, half-carcasses or 'compensated' quarters:</p> <p>aa) Carcasses of a weight of not less than 180 kg but not more than 270 kg and half-carcasses or 'compensated' quarters, of a weight of not less than 90 kg but not more than 135 kg, with a low degree of ossification of the cartilages (more especially those of the symphysis pubis and the vertebral apophyses), the meat of which is of a light pink colour and the fat of which, of extremely fine structure, is white to light yellow in colour (a)</p> <p>2. Separated or unseparated forequarters:</p> <p>aa) Separated forequarters of a weight of not less than 45 kg but not more than 68 kg, with a low degree of ossification of the cartilages (more especially those of the vertebral apophyses), the meat of which is of a light pink colour and the fat of which, of extremely fine structure, is white to light yellow in colour (a)</p> <p>3. Separated or unseparated hindquarters:</p> <p>aa) Separated hindquarters of a weight not less than 45 kg but not more than 68 kg (not less than 38 kg but not more than 61 kg in the case of 'Pistola' cuts), with a low degree of ossification of the cartilages (more especially those of the vertebral apophyses), the meat of which is of a light pink colour and the fat of which, of extremely fine structure, is white to light yellow in colour (a)</p>

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

PROTOCOL 1
on the products referred to in Article 15

Article 1

1. Imports of the products specified in Annexes I, II, III and IV shall be subject to annual ceilings above which the customs duties actually applied in respect of third countries may be reintroduced in accordance with the provisions of the following paragraphs, the ceilings fixed for the year of entry into force of the Agreement being indicated against each product.

2. Once the ceiling set for imports of a product is reached, the customs duties referred to in paragraph 1 may be reintroduced in respect of imports of the product in question until the end of the calendar year.

When imports into the Community of a product subject to a ceiling reach 75 % of the amount laid down, the Community shall inform the Cooperation Council.

3. If, during two consecutive years, imports of a product subject to a ceiling have been less than 80 % of the amount laid down, the Community may suspend the ceiling in question.

4. As from the second year following the entry into force of the Agreement, the amounts of the ceilings given in Annexes I to IV shall be increased annually by 5 %, except for those specified in Annex II A, for which the rate of increase in the amounts of the ceilings shall be the same as for the voluntary restraint levels set for the same product under the Agreement on trade in textiles between Yugoslavia and the Community concluded in the framework of the Arrangement regarding international trade in textiles.

In the event of short-term difficulties, however, the Community reserves the right to extend for a period of one year the ceiling or ceilings set for the preceding year.

Article 2

1. The Community reserves the right to modify the arrangements applicable to the products specified in Annex III:

- upon adoption of a common definition of origin for petroleum products from third States or associated countries,
- upon adoption of decisions under a common commercial policy, or
- upon establishment of a common energy policy.

2. In that event the Community shall ensure that imports of these products will enjoy advantages equivalent to those provided for in this Agreement.

Consultations on the measures taken in implementation of this paragraph may be held within the Cooperation Council at the request of the other Party.

3. Subject to paragraph 1, the Agreement shall not affect the non-tariff rules applied to imports of petroleum products.

ANNEX I
concerning certain industrial products

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling (tonnes)
31.02 ⁽¹⁾	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, nitrogenous: B. Urea containing more than 45 % by weight of nitrogen on the dry anhydrous product C. Other	2 000 18 000
31.05 ⁽¹⁾	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg	30 000
39.03	Regenerated cellulose; cellulose nitrate, cellulose acetate and other cellulose esters, cellulose ethers and other chemical derivatives of cellulose, plasticized or not (for example, collodions, celluloid); vulcanized fibre: B. Other: I. Regenerated cellulose II. Cellulose nitrates	1 000 509
40.11	Rubber tyres, tyre cases, interchangeable tyre treads, inner tubes and tyre flaps, for wheels of all kinds: B. Other: II. Other: — Of the kind used on bicycles, cycles with auxiliary motor, motor-cycles or motor-scooters; tyre flaps (separately consigned); tyre cases with sewn-in inner tubes, for racing bicycles — Other	2 000 2 800
42.03	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, of leather or of composition leather: A. Articles of apparel B. Gloves, including mittens and mitts: II. Special, for sports III. Other C. Other clothing accessories	} 250
44.15	Plywood, blockboard, laminboard, battenboard and similar laminated wood products (including veneered panels and sheets); inlaid wood and wood marquetry	90 000 m ³
44.18	Reconstituted wood, being wood shavings, wood chips, sawdust, wood flour or other ligneous waste agglomerated with natural or artificial resins or other organic binding substances, in sheets, blocks or the like	22 000

⁽¹⁾ Yugoslavia may not export to Italy quantities exceeding those bound under GATT.

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling (tonnes)
64.01	Footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or artificial plastic material	340
64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather footwear (other than footwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material:	
	A. Footwear with uppers of leather	400
	B. Other	138
70.05	Unworked drawn or blown glass (including flashed glass), in rectangles	4 000
70.14	Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked nor of optical glass:	
	A. Articles for electrical lighting fittings:	
	II. Other (for example, diffusers, ceiling lights, bowls, cups, lampshades, globes, tulip-shaped pieces)	1 500
73.18	Tubes and pipes and blanks thereof, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydro-electric conduits	8 000
74.04	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of copper	600
74.07	Tubes and pipes and blanks thereof, of copper; hollow bars of copper	1 650
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; aluminium wire	1 000
76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium	2 200
79.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of zinc, zinc foil; zinc powders and flakes	1 900
85.01	Electrical goods of the following descriptions: generators, motors, converters (rotary or static), transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors:	
	B. Other machines and apparatus:	
	I. Generators, motors (whether or not equipped with speed reducing, changing or step-up gear) and rotary converters	2 750
	C. Parts	1 200
85.23	Insulated (including enamelled or anodized) electric wire, cable, bars, strip and the like (including co-axial cable), whether or not fitted with connectors:	
	B. Other	1 600
85.25	Insulators of any material	250
87.10	Cycles (including delivery tricycles), not motorized	545

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling (tonnes)
87.14	Other vehicles (including trailers), not mechanically propelled, and parts thereof: B. Trailers and semi-trailers: II. Other	1 500
94.01	Chairs and other seats (other than those falling within heading No 94.02), whether or not convertible into beds, and parts thereof: B. Other ex II. Other: — Excluding seats specially designed for motor vehicles	5 000
94.03	Other furniture and parts thereof	4 400

ANNEX II A
concerning certain textile products

Category	CCT heading No	Description	Unit	Ceiling 1980
1	55.05	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale	tonnes	3 747
2	55.09	Other woven fabrics of cotton	tonnes	4 590 (*)
3	56.07 A	Woven fabrics of synthetic textile fibres (discontinuous or waste)	tonnes	359
4	60.04 B I II a) b) c) IV b) 1 aa) dd) 2 ee) d) 1 aa) dd) 2 dd)	Shirts, T-shirts, lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle necked jumpers and pullovers, undervests and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized, other than babies' garments, of cotton or synthetic textile fibres; T-Shirts and lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle necked jumpers and pullovers, of regenerated textile fibres, other than babies' garments	1 000 pieces	1 134
5	60.05 A I II b) 4 bb) 11 aaa) bbb) ccc) ddd) 22 bbb) ccc) ddd) eee)	Jerseys, pullovers, slip-overs, waistcoats, twinsets, cardigans, bed jackets and jumpers, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized, of wool, of cotton or of man-made fibres	1 000 pieces	275
6	61.01 B V d) 1 2 3 e) 1 2 3 61.02 B II e) 6 aa) bb) cc)	Men's and boys' woven breeches, shorts and trousers (including slacks); women's, girls' and infants' woven trousers and slacks, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1 000 pieces	163
7	60.05 A II b) 4 aa) 22 33 44 55	Blouses and shirt-blouses, knitted, crocheted (not elastic nor rubberized) or woven, for women, girls and infants, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1 000 pieces	96

(*) Of which other than unbleached or bleached, maximum 15 %.

Category	CCT heading No	Description	Unit	Ceiling 1980
7 (cont'd)	61.02 B II e) 7 bb) cc) dd)			
8	61.03 A	Men's and boys' shirts, woven, of wool of cotton or of man-made fibres	1 000 pieces	619
9	55.08 62.02 B III a) 1	Woven cotton terry fabrics Toilet and kitchen linen of woven cotton terry fabrics	tonnes	202
12	60.03 A B I II b) C D	Stockings, under stockings, socks, ankle-socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized, other than women's stockings of synthetic textile fibres	1 000 pairs	1 288
15 B	61.02 B II e) 1 aa) bb) cc) 2 aa) bb) cc)	Women's, girls' and infants' woven overcoats, raincoats and other coats, cloaks and capes, jackets and blazers, other than garments of category 15 A (of impregnated, coated, covered or laminated woven fabric), of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1 000 pieces	138
16	61.01 B V c) 1 2 3	Men's and boys' woven suits (including co-ordinate suits consisting of two or three pieces, which are ordered, packed, consigned and normally sold together) of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres excluding ski-suits	1 000 pieces	143
18	61.03 B C	Men's and boys' woven under garments other than shirts, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	tonnes	50
24	60.04 B IV b) 1 bb) d) 1 bb)	Men's and boys' pyjamas, knitted or crocheted, of cotton or of synthetic textile fibres	1 000 pieces	180
25	60.04 B IV b) 2 aa) bb) d) 2 aa) bb)	Women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies') knitted or crocheted pyjamas and nightdresses, of cotton or synthetic textile fibres	1 000 pieces	209
48	53.07 53.08 B	Yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn) or of combed fine animal hair, not put up for retail sale	tonnes	209

Category	CCT heading No	Description	Unit	Ceiling 1980
52	55.06	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale	tonnes	66
67	60.05 A II b) 5 B	Clothing accessories and other articles (except garments), knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized	tonnes	159
	60.06 B II III	Articles (other than bathing costumes) of knitted or crocheted fabric, elastic or rubberized, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres		
73	60.05 A II b) 3	Track suits of knitted or crocheted fabric, not elastic nor rubberized, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1 000 pieces	238

ANNEX II B

Category	CCT heading No	Description	Unit	Ceiling 1980
22	56.05 A	Yarn of discontinuous or waste synthetic fibres, not put up for retail sale	tonnes	263
23	56.05 B	Yarn of discontinuous or waste regenerated fibres, not put up for retail sale	tonnes	153
33	51.04 A III a)	Woven fabrics of strip or the like of polyethylene or polypropylene, less than 3 m wide	tonnes	186
	62.03 B II b) 1	Woven sacks of such strip or the like		
37	56.07 B	Woven fabrics of regenerated textile fibres (discontinuous or waste)	tonnes	599
56	56.06 A	Yarn of synthetic textile fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale	tonnes	25
57	56.06 B	Yarn of regenerated textile fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale	tonnes	1
—	59.04	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not	tonnes	1 750

ANNEX III
concerning certain petroleum products

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
27.10	<p>Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations:</p> <p>A. Light oils:</p> <p> III. For other purposes</p> <p>B. Medium oils:</p> <p> III. For other purposes</p> <p>C. Heavy oils:</p> <p> I. Gas oils:</p> <p> c) For other purposes</p> <p> II. Fuel oils:</p> <p> c) For other purposes</p> <p> III. Lubricating oils; other oils:</p> <p> c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to Chapter 27 (a)</p> <p> d) For other purposes</p>	425 000 tonnes
27.11	<p>Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons:</p> <p>A. Propane of a purity not less than 99 %:</p> <p> I. For use as a power or heating fuel</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p> I. Commercial propane and commercial butane:</p> <p> c) For other purposes</p>	
27.12	<p>Petroleum jelly:</p> <p>A. Crude:</p> <p> III. For other purposes</p> <p>B. Other</p>	
27.13	<p>Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured:</p> <p>B. Other:</p> <p> I. Crude:</p> <p> c) For other purposes</p> <p> II. Other</p>	
27.14	<p>Petroleum bitumen, petroleum coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals:</p> <p>C. Other:</p> <p> II. Other</p>	

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

ANNEX IV
concerning certain primary products

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling (tonnes)
28.05	Alkali and alkaline-earth metals; rare earth metals, yttrium and scandium and intermixtures or interalloys thereof; mercury:	
	D. Mercury:	
	I. In flasks of a net capacity of 34.5 kg (standard weight), of a fob value, per flask, not exceeding 224 EQA	17
73.02	Ferro-alloys:	
	A. Ferro-manganese:	
	II. Other	60
	C. Ferro-silicon	4 000
	D. Ferro-silico-manganese	600
	E. Ferro-chromium and ferro-silico-chromium:	
	I. Ferro-chromium:	1 000
	Of which, ferro-chromium containing, by weight, not more than 0.10 % of carbon and more than 30 % but not more than 90 % of chromium (low-carbon ferro-chromium)	500
76.01	Unwrought aluminium; aluminium waste and scrap:	
	A. Unwrought	1 750
78.01	Unwrought lead (including argentiferous lead); lead waste and scrap:	
	A. Unwrought:	
	II. Other	650
79.01	Unwrought zinc; zinc waste and scrap:	
	A. Unwrought	550

PROTOCOL 2

on financial cooperation between the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the European Economic Community

Article 1

The Community shall participate, within the framework of financial cooperation, in the financing of projects designed to contribute to the economic development of Yugoslavia and of mutual interest to the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the Community.

Article 2

1. For the purposes specified in Article 1, and for a period of five years from the date of implementation of the financial cooperation, an aggregate amount of 200 million European units of account (EUA) may be committed in the form of loans from the European Investment Bank, hereinafter called 'the Bank', granted from its own resources.

2. The amount fixed in paragraph 1 of this Article shall be used to part-finance specific capital projects submitted to the Bank by banks or organizations of associated labour having their seat in Yugoslavia.

3. Projects shall be examined for eligibility and loans granted in accordance with the detailed rules, conditions and procedures laid down by the Bank's Statute.

Article 3

1. The amounts to be committed each year pursuant to Article 2 (1) shall be distributed as evenly as possible throughout the period of application of this Protocol. During the initial period of application, however, a proportionately higher amount may, within reasonable limits, be committed.

2. Any funds not committed by the end of the period referred to in Article 2 (1) may be used, until exhausted. In that event the funds shall be used under the same conditions as provided for in this Protocol.

Article 4

Loans granted by the Bank shall be subject to terms as to duration established on the basis of the economic and financial characteristics of projects; the interest rate

shall be that applied by the Bank at the time of signature of each loan contract.

Article 5

Aid contributed by the Bank for the execution of projects may take the form of co-financing in which, in particular, Yugoslav banks and the credit bodies and institutions of Member States or of third States, or international finance organizations, would take part.

Article 6

Organizations of associated labour established in accordance with Yugoslav law, whether or not including the participation of foreign investors in the form of a joint venture, shall have access on equal terms to the financing earmarked for financial cooperation.

Article 7

The execution, management and maintenance of projects financed within the framework of financial cooperation between the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the European Economic Community shall be the responsibility of the beneficiaries referred to in Article 2 (2).

The Bank shall ensure that its financial aid is expended in accordance with the agreed allocations and under optimum economic conditions.

Article 8

1. Participation in tendering procedures and other procedures for the award of contracts shall be in accordance with the Bank's normal practice.

2. Yugoslavia shall apply to contracts awarded for the execution of projects financed within the framework of financial cooperation fiscal and customs arrangements at least as favourable as those applied in respect of other international organizations.

Article 9

Yugoslavia shall take the necessary measures to ensure that interest and all other payments due to the Bank in respect of loans granted in the context of financial cooperation are exempted from any taxes or levies imposed by the federal authorities, the republics, the autonomous provinces or the communal authorities.

Article 10

Where a loan is accorded to a beneficiary referred to in Article 2 (2), the provision of a guarantee by the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia may be required by the Bank as a condition of the grant of the loan.

Article 11

Throughout the duration of the loans accorded pursuant to this Protocol, Yugoslavia shall undertake to take all necessary measures, in conformity with its national legislation, to make available to debtors enjoying such loans and to guarantors of the loans the foreign currency necessary for the payment of interest, commission and other charges and repayment of the principal.

Article 12

The results of financial cooperation may be examined within the Cooperation Council.

PROTOCOL 3

concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation

TITLE I

Definition of the concept of 'originating products'

Article 1

For the purpose of implementing the Agreement, the following products, on condition that they were transported directly within the meaning of Article 5, shall be considered as:

1. Products originating in Yugoslavia:

- (a) products wholly obtained there;
- (b) products manufactured in Yugoslavia incorporating materials other than those of (a) above, providing such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing there within the meaning of Article 3 (1).

However this condition shall not apply to materials originating in the Community under the terms of paragraph 2 below when they undergo further working or processing in Yugoslavia providing this processing exceeds the insufficient working or processing listed in Article 3 (3);

2. Products originating in the Community:

- (a) products wholly obtained there;
- (b) products manufactured in the Community incorporating materials other than those of (a) above, providing such materials have undergone sufficient working or processing there within the meaning of Article 3 (1).

However this condition shall not apply to materials originating in Yugoslavia under the terms of paragraph 1 above when they undergo further working or processing in the Community;

3. The products set out in List C of Annex IV shall be temporarily excluded from the scope of this Protocol. Nevertheless, the arrangements regarding administrative cooperation shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to these products.

Article 2

The following shall be considered as 'wholly obtained' either in Yugoslavia or in the Community, within the meaning of Article 1 (1) (a) and (2) (a):

- (a) mineral products extracted from their soil or from their seabed or ocean bed;
- (b) vegetable products harvested there;
- (c) live animals born and raised there;
- (d) products from live animals raised there;
- (e) products obtained by hunting or fishing conducted there;
- (f) products of sea fishing and other products taken from the sea by their vessels;
- (g) products made aboard their factory ships exclusively from products referred to in subparagraph (f);
- (h) used articles collected there fit only for the recovery of raw materials;
- (i) waste and scrap resulting from manufacturing operations conducted there;
- (j) goods produced there exclusively from products specified in subparagraphs (a) to (i).

Article 3

1. For the purpose of implementing the provisions of Article 1 (1) (b) and (2) (b), the following shall be considered as sufficient working or processing:

- (a) working or processing as a result of which the goods obtained receive a classification under a heading other than that covering each of the products worked or processed, except, however, working or processing specified in List A in Annex II, where the special provisions of that list apply;
- (b) working or processing specified in List B in Annex III.

'Sections', 'Chapters' and 'headings' shall mean the Sections, Chapters and headings in the Customs Cooperation Council nomenclature for the classification of goods in customs tariffs.

2. When, for a given product obtained, a percentage rule limits Lists A and B the value of the materials and parts which can be used, the total value of these materials and parts, whether or not they have changed heading in the course of the working, processing or assembly within the limits and under the conditions laid down in each of those two lists, may not exceed, in relation to the value of the product obtained, the value corresponding either to the common rate, if the rates are identical in both lists, or to the higher of the two if they are different.

3. For the purpose of implementing Article 1 (1) (b) and (2) (b), the following shall always be considered as insufficient working or processing to confer the status of originating product, whether or not there is a change of heading:

- (a) operations to ensure the preservation of merchandise in good condition during transport and storage (ventilation, spreading out, drying, chilling, placing in salt, sulphur dioxide or other aqueous solutions, removal of damaged parts, and like operations);
- (b) simple operations consisting of removal of dust, sifting or screening, sorting, classifying, matching (including the making up of sets of articles), washing, painting, cutting up;
- (c) (i) changes of packaging and breaking up and assembly of consignments;
(ii) simple placing in bottles, flasks, bags, cases, boxes, fixing on cards or boards, etc., and all other simple packaging operations;
- (d) affixing marks, labels or other like distinguishing signs on products or their packaging;
- (e) simple mixing of products, whether or not of different kinds, where one or more components of the mixture do not meet the conditions laid down in this Protocol to enable them to be considered as originating;
- (f) simple assembly of parts of articles to constitute a complete article;
- (g) a combination of two or more operations specified in subparagraphs (a) to (f);
- (h) slaughter of animals.

Article 4

Where the Lists A and B referred to in Article 3 provide that goods obtained in Yugoslavia or in the Community shall be considered as originating therein only if the value of the products worked or processed does not exceed a given percentage of the value of the goods obtained, the values to be taken into consideration for such a percentage shall be:

- on the one hand,
 - as regards products whose importation can be proved: their customs value at the time of importation,
 - as regards products of undetermined origin: the earliest ascertainable price paid for such products in the territory of the Contracting Party where manufacture takes place,
- on the other hand,
 - the ex-works price of the goods obtained, less internal taxes refunded or refundable on exportation.

Article 5

1. For the purpose of implementing Article 1, originating products whose transport is effected without entering into territory other than that of the Contracting Parties are considered as transported directly from Yugoslavia to the Community or from the Community to Yugoslavia. However, goods originating in Yugoslavia or in the Community and constituting one single consignment which is not split up may be transported through territory other than that of the Contracting Parties with, should the occasion arise, transshipment or temporary warehousing in such territory, provided that the crossing of the latter territory is justified for geographical reasons and that the goods have remained under the surveillance of the customs authorities in the country of transit or warehousing, that they have not entered into commerce of such countries nor been delivered for home use there and have not undergone operations other than unloading, reloading or any operation designed to maintain them in good condition.

2. Evidence that the conditions referred to in paragraph 1 have been fulfilled shall be supplied to the responsible customs authorities in the Community or in Yugoslavia by the production of:

- (a) a through bill of lading issued in the exporting country covering the passage through the country of transit; or
- (b) a certificate issued by the customs authorities of the country of transit:
 - giving an exact description of the goods,
 - stating the dates of unloading and reloading of the goods or of their embarkation, identifying the ships used,

- certifying the conditions under which the goods remained in the transit country;
- (c) or failing these, any substantiating documents.

TITLE II

Arrangements for administrative cooperation

Article 6

1. Evidence of originating status, within the meaning of this Protocol, of products is given by a movement certificate EUR. 1 of which a specimen is given in Annex V to this Protocol.

However, the evidence of originating status, within the meaning of this Protocol, of products which form the subject of postal consignments (including parcels), provided that they consist only of originating products and that the value does not exceed 1 420 European units of account per consignment, may be given by a form EUR. 2, of which a specimen is given in Annex VI to this Protocol.

Up to and including 30 April 1981 the European unit of account to be used in any given national currency of a Member State of the Community shall be equivalent in that national currency of the European unit of account as at 30 June 1978. For each successive period of two years it shall be the equivalent in that national currency of the European unit of account as at the first working day in October in the year immediately preceding that two-year period.

Revised amounts replacing the amounts expressed in EUA mentioned above and in Article 17 (2), may be introduced by the Community at the beginning of any successive two-year period if necessary and shall be notified by the Community to the Customs Cooperation Committee not later than one month before they shall come into force. These amounts shall be, in any event, such as to ensure that the value of the limits as expressed in the currency of any Member State shall not decline.

If the goods are invoiced in the currency of another Community Member State the importing State shall recognize the amount notified by the Member State concerned.

2. Without prejudice to Article 3 (3), where, at the request of the person declaring the goods at the customs, a dismantled or non-assembled article falling within Chapter 84 or 85 of the Customs Cooperation Council Nomenclature is imported by instalments on the conditions laid down by the competent authorities, it shall be considered to be a single article and a movement certificate may be submitted for the whole article upon importation of the first instalment.

3. Accessories, spare parts and tools dispatched with a piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle which are part of the normal equipment and included in the price thereof or are not separately invoiced are regarded as one with the piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle in question.

4. Sets in the sense of General Rule 3 of the Customs Cooperation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Article 7

1. A movement certificate EUR. 1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting State when the goods to which it relates are exported. It shall be made available to the exporter as soon as actual exportation has been effected or ensured.

2. In exceptional circumstances a movement certificate EUR. 1 may also be issued after exportation of the goods to which it relates if it was not issued at the time of exportation because of errors or involuntary omissions or special circumstances. In this case, the certificate shall bear a special reference to the conditions in which it was issued.

3. A movement certificate EUR. 1 shall be issued only on application having been made in writing by the exporter. Such application shall be made on a form, of which a specimen is given in Annex V to this Protocol, which shall be completed in accordance with this Protocol.

4. A movement certificate EUR. 1 may be issued only where it can serve as the documentary evidence required for the purpose of implementing the Agreement.

5. Applications for movement certificates must be preserved for at least two years by the customs authorities of the exporting country.

Article 8

1. The movement certificate EUR. 1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting State, if the goods can be considered 'originating products' within the meaning of this Protocol.

2. For the purpose of verifying whether the conditions stated in paragraph 1 have been met, the customs authorities shall have the right to call for any documentary evidence or to carry out any check which they consider appropriate.

3. It shall be the responsibility of the customs authorities of the exporting State to ensure that the forms referred to in Article 9 are duly completed. In particular, they shall check whether the space reserved for the description of the goods has been completed in such a manner as to exclude all possibility of fraudulent additions. To this end, the description of the goods must be indicated without leaving any blank lines. Where the space is not completely filled a horizontal line must be drawn below the last line of the description, the empty space being crossed through.

4. The date of issue of the movement certificate must be indicated in the part of the certificate reserved for the customs authorities.

Article 9

Movement certificates EUR. 1 shall be made out on the form of which a specimen is given in Annex V to this Protocol. This form shall be printed in one or more of the languages in which the Agreement is drawn up. Certificates shall be made out in one of these languages and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting State; if they are handwritten, they shall be completed in ink and in capital letters.

Each certificate shall measure 210 × 297 mm, a tolerance of up to plus 8 mm or minus 5 mm in the length may be allowed. The paper used must be white writing paper, sized, not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 25 g/m². It shall have a printed green guilloche pattern background making any falsification by mechanical or chemical means apparent to the eye.

The exporting States may reserve the right to print the certificates themselves or may have them printed by approved printers. In the latter case, each certificate must include a reference to such approval. Each certificate must bear the name and address of the printer or a mark by which the printer can be identified. It shall also bear a serial number, either printed or not, by which it can be identified.

Article 10

1. Under the responsibility of the exporter, he or his authorized representative shall request the issue of a movement certificate EUR. 1.

2. The exporter or his representative shall submit with his request any appropriate supporting document proving that the goods to be exported are such as to qualify for the issue of a movement certificate EUR. 1.

Article 11

A movement certificate EUR. 1 must be submitted, within five months of the date of issue by the customs authorities of the exporting State, to the customs authorities of the importing State where the goods are entered.

Article 12

Movement certificates EUR. 1 shall be submitted to customs authorities in the importing State, in accordance with the procedures laid down by that State. The said authorities may require a translation of a certificate. They may also require the import declaration to be accompanied by a statement from the importer to the effect that the goods meet the conditions required for the implementation of the Agreement.

Article 13

1. A movement certificate EUR. 1 which is submitted to the customs authorities of the importing State after the final date for presentation specified in Article 11 may be accepted for the purpose of applying preferential treatment, where the failure to submit the certificate by the final date set is due to reasons of *force majeure* or exceptional circumstances.

2. In other cases of belated presentation, the customs authorities of the importing State may accept the certificates where the goods have been submitted to them before the said final date.

Article 14

The discovery of slight discrepancies between the statements made in the movement certificate EUR. 1 and those made in the documents submitted to the customs office for the purpose of carrying out the formalities for importing the goods shall not *ipso facto* render the certificate null and void if it is duly established that the certificate does correspond to the goods submitted.

Article 15

It shall always be possible to replace one or more movement certificates EUR. 1 by one or more other movement certificates EUR. 1 provided that this is done at the customs office where the goods are located.

Article 16

Form EUR. 2, a specimen of which is given in Annex VI to this Protocol shall be completed by the exporter or, under his responsibility, by his authorized representative. It shall be made out in one of the languages in which the Agreement is drawn up and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting State. If it is handwritten it must be completed in ink and in capital letters. If the goods contained in the consignment have already been subject to verification in the exporting country by reference to the definition of the concept of 'originating products' the exporter may refer to this check in the 'remarks' box of form EUR. 2.

Form EUR. 2 shall be 210 × 148 mm. A tolerance of up to plus 8 mm or minus 5 mm in the length may be allowed. The paper used must be white writing paper, sized, not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 64 g/m².

The exporting States may reserve the right to print the forms themselves or may have them printed by printers they have approved. In the latter case each form must include a reference to such approval. In addition, the form must bear the distinctive sign attributed to the approved printer and a serial number, either printed or not, by which it can be identified.

A form EUR. 2 shall be completed for each postal consignment.

These provisions do not exempt exporters from complying with any other formalities required by customs or postal regulations.

Article 17

1. Goods sent as small packages to private persons or forming part of travellers' personal luggage shall be admitted as originating products without requiring the production of a movement certificate EUR. 1 or the completion of a form EUR. 2, provided that such goods are not imported by way of trade and have been declared as meeting the conditions required for the application of these provisions, and where there is no doubt as to the veracity of such declaration.

2. Importations which are occasional and consist solely of goods for the personal use of the recipients or travellers or their families shall not be considered as importations by way of trade if it is evident from the nature and quantity of the goods that no commercial purpose is in view. Furthermore, the total value of these goods must not exceed 90 EUA in the case of small packages or 285 EUA in the case of the contents of travellers' personal luggage.

Article 18

1. Goods sent from the Community or from Yugoslavia for exhibition in another country and sold after the exhibition for importation into Yugoslavia or into the Community shall benefit on importation from the provisions of the Agreement on condition that the goods meet the requirements of this Protocol entitling them to be recognized as originating in the Community or in Yugoslavia and provided that it is shown to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:

- (a) an exporter has consigned these goods from the territory of the Community or from Yugoslavia to the country in which the exhibition is held and has exhibited them there;
- (b) the goods have been sold or otherwise disposed of by that exporter to someone in Yugoslavia or in the Community;
- (c) the goods have been consigned during the exhibition or immediately thereafter to Yugoslavia or to the Community in the state in which they were sent for exhibition;
- (d) the goods have not, since they were consigned for exhibition, been used for any purpose other than demonstration at the exhibition.

2. A movement certificate EUR. 1 must be produced to the customs authorities in the normal manner. The name and address of the exhibition must be indicated thereon. Where necessary, additional documentary evidence of the nature of the goods and the conditions under which they have been exhibited may be required.

3. Paragraph 1 shall apply to any trade, industrial, agricultural or crafts exhibition, fair or similar public show or display which is not organized for private purposes in shops or business premises with a view to the sale of foreign goods, and during which the goods remain under customs control.

Article 19

1. When a certificate is issued within the meaning of Article 7 (2) after the goods to which it relates have actually been exported, the exporter must in the application referred to in Article 7 (3):

- indicate the place and date of exportation of the goods to which the certificate relates,
- certify that no movement certificate EUR. 1 was issued at the time of exportation of the goods in question, and state the reasons.

2. The customs authorities may issue a movement certificate EUR. 1 retrospectively only after verifying that the information supplied in the exporter's application agrees with that in the corresponding file.

Certificates issued retrospectively must be endorsed with one of the following phrases: 'NACHTRÄGLICH AUSGESTELLT', 'DÉLIVRÉ A POSTERIORI', 'RILASCIATO A POSTERIORI', 'AFGEGEVEN A POSTERIORI', 'ISSUED RETROSPECTIVELY', 'UDSTEDT EFTERFØLGENDE', 'IZDATO NAKNADNO'.

Article 20

In the event of the theft, loss or destruction of a movement certificate EUR. 1, the exporter may apply to the customs authorities which issued it for a duplicate made out on the basis of the export documents in their possession. The duplicate issued in this way must be endorsed with one of the following words: 'DUPLIKAT', 'DUPLICATA', 'DUPLICATO', 'DUPLICAAT', 'DUPLICATE'.

Article 21

Yugoslavia and the Community shall take all necessary steps to ensure that goods trade under cover of a movement certificate EUR. 1, and which in the course of transport use a free zone situated in their territory, are not replaced by other goods and that they do not undergo handling other than normal operations designed to prevent their deterioration.

Article 22

In order to ensure the proper application of this Title, Yugoslavia and the Community shall assist each other, through their respective customs administrations, in checking the authenticity of movement certificates

EUR. 1 and the accuracy of the information concerning the actual origin of the products concerned and the declarations by exporters on forms EUR. 2.

Article 23

Penalties shall be imposed on any person who, in order to enable goods to be accepted as eligible for preferential treatment, draws up or causes to be drawn up, either a document which contains incorrect particulars for the purpose of obtaining a movement certificate EUR. 1 or a form EUR. 2 containing incorrect particulars.

Article 24

1. Subsequent verifications of movement certificates EUR. 1 and of forms EUR. 2 shall be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the importing State have reasonable doubt as to the authenticity of the document or the accuracy of the information regarding the true origin of the goods in question.

2. For the purpose of implementing paragraph 1, the customs authorities of the importing State shall return the movement certificate EUR. 1 or the form EUR. 2, or a photocopy of such certificate or form, to the customs authorities of the exporting State, giving, where appropriate, the reasons of form or substance for an inquiry. The invoice, if it has been submitted, or a copy thereof shall be attached to the form EUR. 2 and the customs authorities shall forward any information that has been obtained suggesting that the particulars given on the said certificates or the said form are inaccurate.

If the customs authorities of the importing State decide to suspend execution of the Agreement while awaiting the results of the verification, they shall offer to release the goods to the importer subject to any precautionary measures judged necessary.

3. The customs authorities of the importing State shall be informed of the results of the verification as quickly as possible. These results must be such as to make it possible to determine whether the disputed movement certificate EUR. 1 or form EUR. 2 applies to the goods actually exported, and whether these goods can, in fact, qualify for the application of the preferential arrangements.

When such disputes cannot be settled between the customs authorities of the importing State and those of the exporting State, or when they raise a question as to the interpretation of this Protocol, they shall be submitted to the Customs Cooperation Committee.

In all cases the settlement of disputes between the importer and the customs authorities of the importing State shall be under the legislation of the said State.

Article 25

The Cooperation Council may decide to amend the provisions of this Protocol.

Article 26

1. A Customs Cooperation Committee shall be set up, charged with carrying out administrative cooperation with a view to the correct and uniform application of this Protocol and with carrying out any other task in the customs field which may be entrusted to it.

2. The Committee shall be composed, on the one hand, of experts of the Member States and of officials of the departments of the Commission of the European Communities who are responsible for customs questions and, on the other hand, of experts nominated by Yugoslavia.

Article 27

The Community and Yugoslavia shall take any measures necessary to enable movement certificates EUR. 1 as well as forms EUR. 2 to be submitted, in accordance with Articles 11 and 12 of this Protocol, from the day on which the Agreement enters into force.

Article 28

The Community and Yugoslavia shall each take the steps necessary to implement this Protocol.

Article 29

The Contracting Parties agree to take the necessary steps to avoid deflection of trade when this Protocol is applied. The Cooperation Council shall examine, at the request of either Party, and decide, within a reasonable period, on the adoption of appropriate measures in the context of this Protocol.

Article 30

The Annexes to this Protocol shall form an integral part thereof.

Article 31

The provisions of the Agreement may be applied to goods which comply with the provisions of Title I and which on the date of entry into force of the Agreement are either in transit or are in the Community or in Yugoslavia in temporary storage in bonded warehouses or in free zones, subject to the submission to the customs authorities of the importing State, within four months of that date, of a certificate EUR. 1 endorsed retrospectively by the competent authorities of the exporting State together with the documents showing that the goods have been transported directly.

Article 32

The endorsements referred to in Articles 19 and 20 shall be inserted in the 'remarks' box of the certificate.

ANNEX I

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Note 1 — Re Articles 1 and 2

The terms 'the Community' or 'Yugoslavia' shall also cover the territorial waters of the Member States of the Community or of Yugoslavia respectively.

Vessels operating on the high seas, including factory ships, on which fish caught is worked or processed, shall be considered as part of the territory of the State to which they belong provided that they satisfy the conditions set out in Explanatory Note 5

Note 2 — Re Article 1

In order to determine whether goods originate in the Community or in Yugoslavia it shall not be necessary to establish whether the power and fuel, plant and equipment, and machines and tools used to obtain such goods originate in third countries or not.

Note 3 — Re Articles 3 (1) and (2) and 4

The percentage rule constitutes, where the product obtained appears in List A, a criterion additional to that of change of heading for any non-originating product used.

Note 4 — Re Article 1

Packing shall be considered as forming a whole with the goods contained therein. This provision, however, shall not apply to packing which is not of the normal type for the article packed and which has intrinsic utilization value and is of a durable nature, apart from its function as packing.

Note 5 — Re Article 2 (f)

The terms 'their vessels' shall apply only to vessels:

- which are registered or recorded in a Member State or in Yugoslavia,
- which sail under the flag of a Member State or of Yugoslavia,
- which, as concerns the Member States, are owned to an extent of at least 50 % by nationals of the Member States or by a company with its head office in a Member State, of which the manager, managers, chairman of the board of directors or of the supervisory board, and the majority of the members of such board, are nationals of the Member States and of which, in addition in the case of partnerships or limited companies, at least 50 % of the capital belongs to the Member States or to public bodies or nationals of the Member States,
- which, as concerns Yugoslavia, are owned to an extent of at least 51 % by nationals of Yugoslavia or by organizations of associated labour the head offices of which are situated in Yugoslavia and the manager, managers and members of whose administrative body are nationals of Yugoslavia and of which, in addition, where investment of capital by foreigners in Yugoslav organizations of associated labour is concerned, at least 51 % of the capital is owned by nationals of Yugoslavia or by Yugoslav organizations of associated labour,
- of which the captain and officers are all nationals of the Member States or of Yugoslavia,
- of which at least 75 % of the crew are nationals of the Member States or of Yugoslavia.

Note 6 — Re Article 4

'Ex-works price' shall mean the price paid to the manufacturer in whose undertaking the last working or processing is carried out, provided the price includes the value of all the products used in manufacture.

'Customs value' shall be understood as meaning the customs value laid down in the Convention concerning the valuation of goods for customs purposes, signed in Brussels on 15 December 1950.

ANNEX II

LIST A

List of working or processing operations which result in a change of tariff heading without conferring the status of originating products on the products undergoing such operations, or conferring this status only subject to certain conditions

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
02.06	Meat and edible meat offals (except poultry liver), salted, in brine, dried or smoked	Salting, placing in brine, drying or smoking of meat and edible meat and edible meat offals of heading Nos 02.01 and 02.04	
03.02	Fish, dried, salted or in brine; smoked fish, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process	Drying, salting, placing in brine; smoking of fish, whether cooked or not	
04.02	Milk and cream, preserved, concentrated or sweetened	Preserving, concentrating, or adding sugar to milk or cream of heading No 04.01	
04.03	Butter	Manufacture from milk or cream	
04.04	Cheese and curd	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 04.01, 04.02 and 04.03	
07.02	Vegetables (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing	Freezing of vegetables	
07.03	Vegetables provisionally preserved in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions, but not specially prepared for immediate consumption	Placing in brine or in other solutions of vegetables of heading No 07.01	
07.04	Dried, dehydrated or evaporated vegetables, whole cut, sliced, broken or in powder, but not further prepared	Drying, dehydration, evaporation, cutting, grinding, powdering of vegetables of heading Nos 07.01 to 07.03	
08.10	Fruit (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing, not containing added sugar	Freezing of fruit	
08.11	Fruit provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption	Placing in brine or in other solutions of fruit of heading Nos 08.01 to 08.09	

CCT heading No	Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
	Description			
08.12	Fruit, dried, other than that falling within heading No 08.01, 08.02, 08.03, 08.04 or 08.05		Drying of fruit	
11.01	Cereal flours		Manufacture from cereals	
11.02	Cereal groats and cereal meal; other worked cereal grains (for example, rolled flaked, polished, pearled or kibbled, but not further prepared), except rice falling within heading No 10.06; germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground		Manufacture from cereals	
11.04	Flour of the dried leguminous vegetables falling within heading No 07.05 or of the fruits falling within any heading in Chapter 8; flour and meal of sago and of roots and tubers falling within heading No 07.06		Manufacture from dried leguminous vegetables of heading No 07.05, products of heading No 07.06 or of fruit of Chapter 8	
11.05	Flour, meal and flakes of potato		Manufacture from potatoes	
11.07	Malt, roasted or not		Manufacture from cereals	
11.08	Starches; inulin		Manufacture from cereals of Chapter 10, or from potatoes or other products of Chapter 7	
11.09	Wheat gluten, whether or not dried		Manufacture from wheat or wheat flours	
15.01	Lard, other pig fat and poultry fat, rendered or solvent-extracted		Manufacture from products of heading No 02.05	
15.02	Fats of bovine cattle, sheep or goats, unrendered; rendered or solvent-extracted fats (including 'premier jus') obtained from those unrendered fats		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 02.01 and 02.06	
15.04	Fats and oils, of fish and marine mammals, whether or not refined		Manufacture from fish or marine mammals	
15.06	Other animal oils and fats (including neat's-foot oil and fats from bones or waste)		Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	
ex 15.07	Fixed vegetable oils, fluid or solid, crude, refined or purified, but not including Chinawood oil, myrtle-wax, Japan wax or oil of tung nuts, oleococca seeds or oiticia seeds; also not including oils of a kind used in machinery or mechanical appliances or for industrial purposes other than the manufacture of edible products		Manufacture from products of Chapters 7 and 12	

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
16.01	Sausages and the like, of meat, meat offal or animal blood	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	
16.02	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	
16.04	Prepared or preserved fish, including caviar and caviar substitutes	Manufacture from products of Chapter 3	
16.05	Crustaceans and molluscs, prepared or preserved	Manufacture from products of Chapter 3	
ex 17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
ex 17.02	Other sugars, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
ex 17.02	Other sugars, in solid form, not flavoured or coloured; sugar syrups, not flavoured or coloured; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey; caramel	Manufacture from any product	
ex 17.03	Molasses, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
18.06	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
ex 19.02	Malt extract	Manufacture from products of heading No 11.07	

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 19.02	Preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietic or culinary purposes, containing less than 50 % by weight of cocoa	Manufacture from cereals and derivatives thereof, meat and milk, or in which the value of products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	Manufacture from durum wheat
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products		
19.04	Tapioca and sago; tapioca and sago substitutes obtained from potato or other starches	Manufacture from potato starch	
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, corn flakes and similar products)	Manufacture from any product other than of Chapter 17 ⁽¹⁾ or in which the value of the products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit; communion wafers, cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products	Manufacture from products of Chapter 11	
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion	Manufacture from products of Chapter 11	
20.01	Vegetables and fruit, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid, with or without sugar, whether or not containing salt, spices or mustard	Preserving vegetables, fresh or frozen or preserved temporarily or preserved in vinegar	
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid	Preserving vegetables fresh or frozen	
20.03	Fruit preserved by freezing, containing added sugar	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
20.04	Fruit, fruit-peel and parts of plants, preserved by sugar (drained, glacé or crystallized)	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
ex 20.05	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit purées and fruit pastes, being cooked preparations, containing added sugar	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	

(1) This rule does not apply where the use of maize of the 'zea indurata' type or 'durum wheat' is concerned.

CCT heading No	Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
	Description			
20.06	Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit: A. Nuts B. Other fruits			Manufacture, without added sugar or spirit, in which the value of the constituent originating products of heading Nos 08.01, 08.05 and 12.01, represents at least 60 % of the value of the finished product
ex 20.07	Fruit juices (including grape must), whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit		Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
ex 21.02	Roasted chicory and extracts thereof		Manufacture from chicory roots, fresh or dried	
21.05	Soups and broths in liquid, solid or powder form; homogenized food preparations		Manufacture from products of heading No 20.02	
ex 21.07	Sugar syrups, flavoured or coloured		Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
22.02	Lemonade, flavoured spa waters and flavoured aerated waters, and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit and vegetable juices falling within heading No 20.07		Manufacture from fruit juices ⁽¹⁾ or in which the value of products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30 % of the value of the finished product	
22.06	Vermouths, and other wines of fresh grapes flavoured with aromatic extracts		Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.08	Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of a strength of 80 % vol or higher; denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol and neutral spirits) of any strength		Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.09	Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08); liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations (known as 'concentrated extracts') for the manufacture of beverages		Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	

(1) This rule does not apply where fruit juices of pineapple, lime and grapefruit are concerned.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
22.10	Vinegar and substitutes for vinegar	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
ex 23.03	Residues from the manufacture of maize starch (excluding concentrated steeping liquors), of a protein content, calculated on the dry product, exceeding 40 % by weight	Manufacture from maize or maize flour	
23.04	Oil-cake and other residues (except dregs) resulting from the extraction of vegetable oils	Manufacture from various products	
23.07	Sweetened forage; other preparations of a kind used in animal feeding	Manufacture from cereals and derived products, meat, milk, sugar and molasses	
ex 24.02	Cigarettes, cigars, smoking tobacco		Manufacture from products of heading No 24.01 of which at least 70 % by quantity are originating products
ex 28.38	Aluminium sulphate		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
30.03	Medicaments (including veterinary medicaments)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
32.06	Colour lakes	Manufacture from materials of heading No 32.04 or 32.05 ⁽¹⁾	
32.07	Other colouring matter; inorganic products of a kind used as luminophores	Mixing of oxides or salts of Chapter 28 with extenders such as barium sulphate, chalk, barium carbonate and satin white ⁽¹⁾	
ex 33.06	Aqueous distillates and aqueous solutions of essential oils, including such products suitable for medicinal uses	Manufacture from essential oils (terpeneless or not), concretes, absolutes or resinoids ⁽¹⁾	

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
35.05	Dextrins and dextrin glues; soluble or roasted starches; starch glues		Manufacture from maize or potatoes
ex 35.07	Preparations used for clarifying beer, composed of papain and bentonite; enzymatic preparations for desizing textiles		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
37.01	Photographic plates and film in the flat, sensitized, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or cloth	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.02 ⁽¹⁾	
37.02	Film in rolls, sensitized, unexposed, perforated or not	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.01 ⁽¹⁾	
37.04	Sensitized plates and film, exposed but not developed, negative or positive	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.01 or 37.02 ⁽¹⁾	
38.11	Disinfectants, insecticides, fungicides, rat poisons, herbicides, anti-sprouting products, plant growth regulators and similar products, put up in forms or packings for sale by retail or as preparations or as articles (for example, sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, flypapers)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
38.12	Prepared glazings, prepared dressings and prepared mordants, of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
38.13	Pickling preparations for metal surfaces; fluxes and other auxiliary preparations for soldering, brazing or welding; soldering, brazing or welding powders and pastes consisting of metal and other materials; preparations of a kind used as cores or coatings for welding rods and electrodes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 38.14	Anti-knock preparations, oxidation inhibitors, gum inhibitors, viscosity improvers, anti-corrosive preparations and similar prepared additives for mineral oils, excluding prepared additives for lubricants		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
38.15	Prepared rubber accelerators		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
38.17	Preparations and charges for fire-extinguishers; charged fire-extinguishing grenades		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
38.18	Composite solvents and thinners for varnishes and similar products		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 38.19	<p>Chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included, excluding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Fusel oil and dippel's oil, — Naphthenic acids and their water-insoluble salts; esters of naphthenic acids, — Sulphonaphthenic acids and their water-insoluble salts; esters of sulphonaphthenic acids, — Petroleum sulphonates, excluding petroleum sulphonates of alkali metals, of ammonium or of ethanolamines, thiophenated sulphonic acids of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, and their salts, — Mixed alkylbenzenes and mixed alkylnaphthalenes, — Ion exchangers, — Catalysts, — Getters for vacuum tubes, — Refractory cements or mortars and similar compositions, — Alkaline iron oxide for the purification of gas, 		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 38.19 (cont'd)	<p>— Carbon (excluding that in artificial graphite of heading No 38.01) in metal-graphite or other compounds, in the form of small plates, bars or other semi-manufactures,</p> <p>— Sorbitol other than that of heading No 29.04,</p> <p>— Ammoniacal gas liquors and spent oxide produced in coal gas purification</p>		
ex 39.02	Polymerization products		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in heading Nos 39.01 to 39.06 with the exception of fans and hand screens, non-mechanical, frames and handles therefor and parts of such frames and handles, and corset busks and similar supports for articles of apparel or clothing accessories		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
40.05	Plates, sheets and strip, of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, other than smoked sheets and crepe sheets of heading No 40.01 or 40.02; granules of unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber compounded ready for vulcanization; unvulcanized natural or synthetic rubber, compounded before or after coagulation either with carbon black (with or without the addition of mineral oil) or with silica (with or without the addition of mineral oil), in any form, of a kind known as masterbatch		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
41.08	Patent leather and imitation patent leather; metallized leather		Varnishing or metallizing of leather of heading Nos 41.02 to 41.06 (other than skin leather of crossed Indian sheep and Indian goat or kid, not further prepared than vegetable tanned, or if otherwise prepared obviously unsuitable for immediate use in the manufacture of leather articles) in which the value of the skin leather used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
43.03	Articles of furskin	Making up from furskin in plates, crosses and similar forms (heading No ex 43.02) ⁽¹⁾	
ex 44.21	Complete wooden packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, excepting those made of fibreboard		Manufacture from boards not cut to size
ex 44.28	Match splints; wooden pegs or pins for footwear	Manufacture from drawn wood	
45.03	Articles of natural cork		Manufacture from products of heading No 45.01
ex 48.07	Paper and paperboard, ruled, lined, or squared, but not otherwise printed, in rolls or sheets		Manufacture from paper pulp
48.14	Writing blocks, envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards, correspondence cards, boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums, of paper or paperboard, containing only an assortment of paper stationery		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
48.15	Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape		Manufacture from paper pulp
ex 48.16	Boxes, bags and other packing containers, of paper or paperboard		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
49.09	Picture postcards, Christmas and other picture greeting cards, printed by any process, with or without trimmings	Manufacture from products of heading No 49.11	
49.10	Calendars of any kind, of paper or paperboard, including calendar blocks	Manufacture from products of heading No 49.11	
50.04 ⁽²⁾	Silk yarn, other than yarn of noil or other waste silk, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products other than those of heading No 50.04

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

⁽²⁾ For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
50.05 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn spun from noil or other waste silk, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.03
ex 50.07 ⁽¹⁾	Silk yarn and yarn spun from noil or other waste silk, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03
ex 50.07 ⁽¹⁾	Imitation catgut of silk		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.01 or of heading No 50.03 neither carded nor combed
50.09 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of silk, of noil or of other waste silk		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.02 or 50.03
51.01 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
51.02 ⁽¹⁾	Monofil, strip (artificial straw and the like) and imitation catgut, of man-made fibre materials		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
51.03 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
51.04 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
52.01 ⁽¹⁾	Metallized yarn, being textile yarn spun with metal or covered with metal by any process		Manufacture from chemical products, from textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste, neither carded nor combed
52.02 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of metal thread or of metallized yarn, of a kind used in articles of apparel, as furnishing fabrics or the like		Manufacture from chemical products, from textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste

⁽¹⁾ For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20 % where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07,
- to 30 % where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
53.06 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of carded sheep's or lambs' wool (woollen yarn), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 53.01 or 53.03
53.07 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 53.01 or 53.03
53.08 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of fine animal hair (carded or combed), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from raw fine animal hair of heading No 53.02
53.09 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of horsehair or of other coarse animal hair, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from raw coarse animal hair of heading No 53.02 or from raw horsehair of heading No 05.03
53.10 ⁽¹⁾	Yarn of sheep's or lambs' wool of horsehair or of other animal hair (fine or coarse), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 05.03 and 53.01 to 53.04
53.11 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 53.01 to 53.05
53.12 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of horsehair or of other coarse animal hair		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 53.02 to 53.05 or from horsehair of heading No 05.03
54.03 ⁽¹⁾	Flax or ramie yarn, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture either from products of heading No 54.01 neither carded nor combed or from products of heading No 54.02
54.04 ⁽¹⁾	Flax or ramie yarn, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 54.01 or 54.02
54.05 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of flax or of ramie		Manufacture from materials of heading No 54.01 or 54.02
55.05 ⁽¹⁾	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01 or 55.03

⁽¹⁾ For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20 % where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 53.01 and ex 58.07,
- to 30 % where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
55.06 (1)	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01 or 55.03
55.07 (2)	Cotton gauze		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
55.08 (2)	Terry towelling and similar terry fabrics, of cotton		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
55.09 (2)	Other woven fabrics of cotton		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
56.01	Man-made fibres (discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.02	Continuous filament tow for the manufacture of man-made fibres (discontinuous)		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.03	Waste (including yarn waste and pulled or garnetted rags) of man-made fibres (continuous or discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.04	Man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.05 (1)	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.06 (1)	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp

(1) For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

(2) For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

— to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07,

— to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
56.07 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 56.01 to 56.03
57.06 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03		Manufacture from raw jute, jute tow or from other raw textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03
ex 57.07 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of true hemp		Manufacture from true hemp, raw
ex 57.07 ⁽²⁾	Yarn of other vegetable textile fibres, excluding yarn of true hemp		Manufacture from raw vegetable textile fibres of heading Nos 57.02 to 57.04
ex 57.07	Paper yarn		Manufacture from products of Chapter 47, from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste, neither carded nor combed
57.10 ⁽¹⁾	Woven fabrics of jute or of other textile bast fabrics of heading No 57.03		Manufacture from raw jute, jute tow or from other raw textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03
ex 57.11 ⁽²⁾	Woven fabrics of other vegetable textile fibres		Manufacture from materials of heading No 57.01, 57.02 or 57.04 or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
ex 57.11	Woven fabrics of paper yarn		Manufacture from paper, from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste
58.01 ⁽²⁾	Carpets, carpeting and rugs knotted (made up or not)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04
58.02 ⁽²⁾	Other carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, and 'Kelem', 'Schumacks' and 'Karamanie' rugs and the like (made up or not)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03, 57.01 to 57.04 or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07

⁽¹⁾ For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 40 % where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- to 30 % where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

⁽²⁾ For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

⁽³⁾ For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20 % where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- to 30 % where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
58.04 ⁽¹⁾	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.08 and fabrics falling within heading No 58.05)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03, 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.05 ⁽¹⁾	Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive, other than goods falling within heading No 58.06		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.06 ⁽¹⁾	Woven labels, badges and the like, not embroidered, in the piece, in strips or cut to shape or size		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.07 ⁽¹⁾	Chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn), gimped yarn (other than metallized yarn of heading No 52.01 and gimped horsehair yarn); braids and ornamental trimmings in the piece; tassels, pompoms and the like		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.08 ⁽¹⁾	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), plain		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.09 ⁽¹⁾	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured; hand or mechanically made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.10	Embroidery, in the piece, in strips or in motifs		Manufacture in which the value of the product used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
59.01 ⁽¹⁾	Wadding and articles of wadding; textile flock and dust and mill neeps		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp

⁽¹⁾ For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

— to 20 % where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07.

— to 30 % where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 59.02 (1)	Felt and articles of felt, with the exception of needed felt, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp
ex 59.02 (1)	Needed felt, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from fibre or continuous polypropylene filament of which the denomination of the filaments is less than 8 denier and of which the value does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product
59.03 (1)	Bonded fibre fabrics, similar bonded yarn fabrics, and articles of such fabrics, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.04 (1)	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
59.05 (1)	Nets and netting made of twine, cordage or rope, and made up fishing nets of yarn, twine, cordage or rope		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
59.06 (1)	Other articles made from yarn, twine, cordage, rope or cables, other than textile fabrics and articles made from such fabrics		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
59.07	Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances, of a kind used for the outer covers of books and the like; tracing cloth; prepared painting canvas; buckram and similar fabrics for hat foundations and similar uses		Manufacture from yarn
59.08	Textile fabrics impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with preparations of cellulose derivatives or of other artificial plastic materials		Manufacture from yarn
59.10 (1)	Linoleum and materials prepared on a textile base in a similar manner to linoleum, whether or not cut to shape or of a kind used as floor coverings; floor coverings consisting of a coating applied on a textile base, cut to shape or not		Manufacture either from yarn or from textile fibres

(1) For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20 % where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments or polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07,
- to 30 % where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 59.11	Rubberized textile fabrics, other than rubberized knitted or crocheted goods, with the exception of those consisting of fabric of continuous synthetic textile fibres, or of fabric composed of parallel yarns of continuous synthetic textile fibres, impregnated or covered with rubber latex, containing at least 90 % by weight of textile materials and used for the manufacture of tyres or for other technical uses		Manufacture from yarn
ex 59.11	Rubberized textile fabrics, other than rubberized knitted or crocheted goods, consisting of fabric of continuous synthetic textile fibres or of fabric composed of parallel yarns of continuous synthetic textile fibres, impregnated or covered with rubber latex, containing at least 90 % by weight of textile materials and used for the manufacture of tyres or for other technical uses		Manufacture from chemical products
59.12	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated or coated; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio back-cloths or the like		Manufacture from yarn
59.13 ⁽¹⁾	Elastic fabrics and trimmings (other than knitted or crocheted goods) consisting of textile materials combined with rubber threads		Manufacture from single yarn
59.15 ⁽¹⁾	Textile hosepiping and similar tubing, with or without lining, armour or accessories of other materials		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.16 ⁽¹⁾	Transmission, conveyor or elevator belts or belting, of textile material, whether or not strengthened with metal or other material		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp

⁽¹⁾ For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20 % where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyester, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07,
- to 30 % where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
59.17 ⁽¹⁾	Textile fabrics and textile articles, of a kind commonly used in machinery or plant		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
ex Chapter 60 ⁽¹⁾	Knitted and crocheted goods, excluding knitted or crocheted goods obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from natural fibres, carded or combed, from materials of heading Nos 56.01 to 56.03 from chemical products or textile pulp
ex 60.02	Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽²⁾
ex 60.03	Stockings, understockings, socks, ankle-socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽²⁾
ex 60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽²⁾
ex 60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽²⁾
ex 60.06	Other articles, knitted or crocheted, elastic or rubberized (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings), obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:
 — to 20 % where the product in question is yarn made of polyacrylate segmented with flexible segments of polyester, whether or not gimped, falling within heading Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07,
 — to 30 % where the product in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

⁽²⁾ Trimmings and accessories used (excluding linings and interlinings) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of all textile materials incorporated.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments, excluding fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.01	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments, not embroidered, excluding fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.02	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
61.04	Women's, girls' and infants' under garments		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.05	Handkerchiefs, not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
ex 61.05	Handkerchiefs, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
ex 61.06	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like, not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn of natural textile fibres or discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste or from chemical products or textile pulp ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Trimmings and accessories used (excluding linings and interlining) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of the textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

⁽³⁾ For products obtained from two or more textile materials, this rule does not apply to one or more of the mixed textile materials if its or their weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 61.06	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
61.07	Ties, bow ties and cravats		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
61.09	Corsets, corset-belts, suspender-belts, brassières, braces, suspenders, garters and the like (including such articles of knitted or crocheted fabric), whether or not elastic		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.10	Gloves, mittens, mitts, stockings, socks and sockettes, not being knitted or crocheted goods, excluding fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.10	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminized polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.11	Made up accessories for articles of apparel (for example, dress shields, shoulder and other pads, belts, muffs, sleeve protectors, pockets) with the exception of collars, tuckers, fallals, bodice-fronts, jabots, cuffs, flounces, yokes and similar accessories and trimmings, for women's and girls' garments, embroidered		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.11	Collars, tuckers, fallals, bodice-fronts, jabots, cuffs, flounces, yokes and similar accessories and trimmings for women's and girls' garments, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
62.01	Travelling rugs and blankets		Manufacture from unbleached yarn of Chapters 50 to 56 ⁽²⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles; not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn ⁽²⁾ ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Trimmings and accessories used (excluding lining and interlining) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

⁽³⁾ For products obtained from two or more textile materials, this rule does not apply to one or more of the mixed textile materials if its or their weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confer the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles; embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product
62.03	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods		Manufacture from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
62.04	Tarpaulins, sails, awnings, sunblinds, tents and camping goods		Manufacture from single unbleached yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 62.05	Other made up textile articles (including dress patterns) excluding fans and hand-screens, non mechanical, frames and handles therefor and parts of such frames and handles		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product
64.01	Footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or artificial plastic material	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather; footwear (other than footwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
64.03	Footwear with outer soles of wood or of cork	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
64.04	Footwear with outer soles of other materials	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	

⁽¹⁾ For products obtained from two or more textile materials, this rule does not apply to one or more of the mixed textile materials if its or their weight does not exceed 10 % of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
65.03	Felt hats and other felt headgear, being headgear made from the felt hoods and plateaux falling within heading No 65.01, whether or not lined or trimmed		Manufacture from textile fibres
65.05	Hats and other headgear (including hair nets), knitted or crocheted, or made up from lace, felt or other textile fabric in the piece (but not from strips), whether or not lined or trimmed		Manufacture either from yarn or from textile fibres
66.01	Umbrellas and sunshades (including walking-stick umbrellas, umbrella tents, and garden and similar umbrellas)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 70.07	Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass) cut to shape other than rectangular shape, or bent or otherwise worked (for example, edge worked or engraved) whether or not surface ground or polished; multiple-walled insulating glass	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of heading Nos 70.04 to 70.06	
70.08	Safety glass consisting of toughened or laminated glass, shaped or not	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of heading Nos 70.04 to 70.06	
70.09	Glass mirrors (including rear-view mirrors), unframed, framed or backed	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of heading Nos 70.04 to 70.06	
71.15	Articles consisting of, or incorporating; pearls, precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
73.07	Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars (including tinplate bars), of iron or steel; pieces roughly shaped by forging, of iron or steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.06	
73.08	Iron or steel coils for re-rolling	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07	
73.09	Universal plates of iron or steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07 or 73.08	

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
73.10	Bars and rods (including wire rod), of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished (including precision-made); hollow mining drill steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07	
73.11	Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.07 to 73.10, 73.12 or 73.13	
73.12	Hoop and strip, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.07 to 73.09 or 73.13	
73.13	Sheets and plates, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.07 to 73.09	
73.14	Iron or steel wire, whether or not coated, but not insulated	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.10	
73.16	Railway and tramway track construction material of iron or steel, the following: rails, check-rails, switch blades, crossings (or frogs), crossing pieces, point rods, rack rails, sleepers, fish-plates, chairs, chair wedges, sole plates (base plates), rail clips, bed-plates, ties and other materials specialized for joining or fixing rails		Manufacture from products of heading No 73.06
73.18	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydroelectric conduits		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 73.06 and 73.07 or heading No 73.15 in the forms specified in heading Nos 73.06 and 73.07
74.03	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of copper; copper wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (*)
74.04	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product (*)

(*) These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
74.05	Copper foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0.15 mm		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.06	Copper powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.07	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper; hollow bars of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.08	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.10	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of copper wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.11	Gauze cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands), of copper wire; expanded metal, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.15	Nails, tacks, staples, hook-nails, spiked cramps, studs, spikes and drawing pins, of copper, or of iron or steel with heads of copper; bolts and nuts (including bolt ends and screw studs), whether or not threaded or tapped, and screws (including screw hooks and screw rings), of copper; rivets, cotters, cotter-pins, washers and spring washers, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.16	Springs, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

CCT heading No	Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
	Description			
74.17	Cooking and heating apparatus of a kind used for domestic purposes, not electrically operated, and parts thereof, of copper			Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.18	Other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of copper			Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.19	Other articles of copper			Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of nickel; nickel wire			Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of nickel; nickel foil; nickel powders and flakes			Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.04	Tubes and pipes and blanks thereof, of nickel; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of nickel			Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.05	Electro-plating anodes, of nickel, wrought or unwrought, including those produced by electrolysis			Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
75.06	Other articles of nickel			Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; aluminium wire			Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium			Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
76.04	Aluminium foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0.20 mm		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.05	Aluminium powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.06	Tubes and pipes and blanks thereof, of aluminium; hollow bars of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.07	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.08	Structures and parts of structures (for example, hangars and other buildings, bridges and bridge-sections, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, door and window frames, balustrades, pillars and columns), of aluminium; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.09	Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, for any material (other than compressed or liquefied gas), of aluminium, of a capacity exceeding 300 litres, whether or not lined or heat-insulated, but not fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.10	Casks, drums, cans, boxes and similar containers (including rigid and collapsible tubular containers), of aluminium, of a description commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.11	Containers, of aluminium, for compressed or liquefied gas		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
76.12	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of aluminium wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.15	Articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
76.16	Other articles of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
77.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of magnesium; magnesium wire; wrought plates, sheets and strip, of magnesium; magnesium foil; raspings and shavings of uniform size, powders and flakes, of magnesium; tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of magnesium; hollow bars of magnesium; other articles of magnesium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
78.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of lead; lead wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
78.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
78.04	Lead foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a weight (excluding any backing) not exceeding 1.7 kg/m ² ; lead powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
78.05	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of lead; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets, flanges and S-bends), of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
78.06	Other articles of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
79.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of zinc; zinc wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
79.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of zinc; zinc foil; zinc powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
79.04	Tubes and pipes and blanks thereof, of zinc; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of zinc		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
79.06	Other articles of zinc		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
80.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of tin; tin wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
80.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of tin		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
80.04	Tin foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a weight (excluding any backing) not exceeding 1 kg/m ² ; tin powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
80.05	Tubes and pipes and blanks thereof, of tin; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of tin		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
82.05	Interchangeable tools for hand tools, for machine tools or for power-operated hand tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, drilling, tapping, threading, boring, broaching, milling, cutting, turning, dressing, morticing or screw-driving), including dies for wire drawing, extrusion dies for metal, and rock drilling bits		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
82.06	Knives and cutting blades, for machines or for mechanical appliances		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
ex Chapter 84	Boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances and parts thereof, excluding refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other) (No 84.15) and sewing machines, including furniture specially designed for sewing machines (ex No 84.41)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾
84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other),		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts ⁽³⁾ used are originating products
ex 84.41	Sewing machines, including furniture specially designed for sewing machines		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the finished product, and provided that: — at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts ⁽³⁾ used for the assembly of the head (motor excluded) are originating products, and

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

⁽²⁾ These provisions shall not apply to fuel elements of heading No 84.59 until 31 December 1984.

⁽³⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex 84.41 (cont'd)			— the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms are originating products
ex Chapter 85	Electrical machinery and equipment; parts thereof, excluding products of heading No 85.14 or 85.15		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating material and parts used do not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product
85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers; audio-frequency electric amplifiers		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product, and provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products, and — the value of the non-originating transistors used does not exceed 3 % of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product, and provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products, and — the value of the non-originating transistors used does not exceed 3 % of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾
Chapter 86	Railway and tramway locomotives, rolling-stock and parts thereof; railway and tramway track fixtures and fittings; traffic signalling equipment of all kinds (not electrically powered)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product
ex Chapter 87	Vehicles, other than railway or tramway rolling-stock, and parts thereof, excluding products of heading No 87.09		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

⁽²⁾ This percentage is not cumulative with the 40 %.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
87.09	Motor-cycles, auto-cycles and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor, with or without side-cars; side-cars of all kinds		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the finished product, and provided that at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
ex Chapter 90	Optical photographic, cinematographic, measuring, checking, precision, medical and surgical instruments and apparatus and parts thereof, excluding products of heading Nos 90.05, 90.07 (except electrically ignited photographic flashbulbs), 90.08, 90.12 and 90.26		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product
90.05	Refracting telescopes (monocular and binocular) prismatic or not		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the finished product, and provided that at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
ex 90.07	Photographic cameras; photographic flashlight apparatus and flashbulbs other than discharge lamps of heading No 85.20, with the exception of electrically ignited photographic flashbulbs		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the finished product, and provided that at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
90.08	Cinematographic cameras, projectors, sound recorders and sound reproducers but not including re-recorders or film editing apparatus; any combination of these articles		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
90.12	Compound optical microscopes, whether or not provided with means for photographing or projecting the image		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
90.26	Gas, liquid and electricity supply or production meters; calibrating meters therefor		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
ex Chapter 91	Clocks and watches and parts thereof, excluding products of heading No 91.04 or 91.08		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product
91.04	Other clocks		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
91.08	Clocks movements, assembled		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
CCT heading No	Description		
ex Chapter 92	Musical instruments, sound recorders or reproducers, television image and sound recorders or reproducers; parts and accessories of such articles, excluding products of heading No 92.11		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product
92.11	Gramophones, dictating machines and other sound recorders or reproducers, including record-players and tape decks, with or without sound-heads; television image and sound recorders or reproducers		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product, and provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products, and — the value of the non-originating transistors used does not exceed 3 % of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾
Chapter 93	Arms and ammunition; parts thereof		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 96.01	Other brooms and brushes (including brushes of a kind used as parts of machines); paint rollers; squeegees (other than roller squeegees) and mops		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
97.03	Other toys; working models of a kind used for recreational purposes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
98.01	Buttons and button moulds, studs, cuff-links, and press-fasteners, including snap-fasteners and press-studs, blanks and parts of such articles		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
98.08	Typewriter and similar ribbons, whether or not on spools; ink-pads, with or without boxes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

(a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;

(b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:

— the value of imported products,
 — the value of products of undetermined origin.

⁽²⁾ This percentage is not cumulative with the 40 %.

ANNEX III

LIST B

List of working or processing operations which do not result in a change of tariff heading, but which do confer the status of originating products on the products undergoing such operations

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
		Incorporation of non-originating materials and parts in boilers, machinery, mechanical appliances, etc., of Chapters 84 to 92 in boilers and radiators of heading No 73.37 and in the products contained in heading Nos 97.07 and 98.03 does not make such products lose their status of originating products, provided that the value of these products does not exceed 5 % of the value of the finished product
ex 05.02	Prepared pigs', hogs' and boars' bristles or hair	Preparation of pigs', hogs' and boars' bristles or hair by cleaning, disinfecting, sorting and straightening
13.02	Shellac, seed lac, stick lac and other lacs; natural gums, resins, gum-resins and balsams	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 15.10	Fatty alcohols	Manufacture from fatty acids
ex 17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from beet sugar and cane sugar in solid form without flavouring or colouring of which the value does not exceed 30 % of the value of the finished product
ex 17.02	Lactose, glucose, maple or other sugars, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from other sugars in solid form without flavouring or colouring of which the value does not exceed 30 % of the value of the finished product
ex 17.03	Molasses, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from products without flavouring or colouring of which the value does not exceed 30 % of the value of the finished product
ex 21.03	Prepared mustard	Manufacture from mustard flour
ex 22.09	Whisky of an alcoholic strength of less than 50 % vol	Manufacture from alcohol deriving exclusively from the distillation of cereals and in which the value of the non-originating constituent products does not exceed 15 % of the value of the finished product
ex 25.15	Marble squared by sawing, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm	Sawing into slabs or sections, polishing, grinding and cleaning of marble, including marble not further worked than roughly split, roughly squared or squared by sawing, of a thickness exceeding 25 cm

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 25.16	Granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other monumental and building stone, squared by sawing, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm	Sawing of granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other building stone, including such stone not further worked than roughly split, roughly squared or squared by sawing, of a thickness exceeding 25 cm
ex 25.18	Calcined dolomite; agglomerated dolomite (including tarred dolomite)	Calcination of unworked dolomite
ex 25.19	Other magnesium oxide, whether or not chemically pure	Manufacture from natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite)
ex 25.32	Earth colours, calcined or powdered	Crushing and calcination or powdering of earth colours
ex Chapters 28 to 37	Products of the chemical and allied industries, excluding sulphuric anhydride (ex 28.13), calcined, crushed and powdered natural aluminium calcium phosphates, treated thermally (ex 31.03), tannins (ex 32.01), essential oils, resinoids and terpenic by-products (ex 33.01), preparations used for tenderizing meat, preparations used for clarifying beer composed of papain and bentonite and enzymatic preparations for the desizing of textiles (ex 35.07)	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating products used does not exceed 20 % of the value of the finished product
ex 28.13	Sulphuric anhydride	Manufacture from sulphur dioxide
ex 31.03	Calcined, crushed and powdered natural aluminium calcium phosphates, treated thermally	Crushing and powdering of calcined natural aluminium calcium phosphates, treated thermally
ex 32.01	Tannins (tannic acids), including water-extracted gall-nut tannin, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives	Manufacture from tanning extracts of vegetable origin
ex 33.01	Essential oils (terpeneless or not), concentrates and absolutes; resinoids	Manufacture from concentrates of essential oils in fats, in fixed oils, or in waxes or the like, obtained by cold absorption or by maceration
ex 33.01	Terpenic by-products of the deterpenation of essential oils	Manufacture from essential oils, concentrates and absolutes; resinoids
ex 35.07	Preparations used for tenderizing meat, preparations used for clarifying beer, composed of papain and bentonite, enzymatic preparations for the desizing of textiles	Manufacture from enzymes or prepared enzymes of which the value does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex Chapter 38	Miscellaneous chemical products, other than refined tall oil (ex 38.05), spirits of sulphate turpentine, purified (ex 38.07) and wood pitch (wood tar pitch) (ex 38.09)	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 20 % of the value of the finished product

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 38.05	Refined tall oil	Refining of crude tall oil
ex 38.07	Sulphate turpentine, purified	Purification consisting of the distillation or refining of raw sulphate turpentine
ex 38.09	Wood pitch (wood tar pitch)	Distillation of wood tar
ex Chapter 39	Artificial resins and plastic materials, cellulose esters and ethers; articles thereof, excepting films of ionomers (ex 39.02)	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 20 % of the value of the finished product
ex 39.02	Ionomer film	Manufacture from a thermoplastic partial salt which is a copolymer of ethylene and metacrylic acid partly neutralized with metal ions, mainly zinc and sodium
ex 40.01	Slabs of crepe rubber for soles	Lamination of crepe sheets of natural rubber
ex 40.07	Vulcanized rubber thread and cord, textile covered	Manufacture from vulcanized rubber thread or cord, not textile covered
ex 41.01	Sheep- and lamb-skins without the wool	Removing wool from sheep- and lamb-skins in the wool
ex 41.02	Retanned bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather prepared but not parchment-dressed except leather falling within heading Nos 41.06 and 41.08	Retanning of bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 41.03	Retanned sheep- and lamb-skin leather, prepared but not parchment-dressed, except leather falling within heading Nos 41.06 and 41.08	Retanning of sheep- and lamb-skin leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 41.04	Retanned goat- and kid-skin leather, prepared but not parchment-dressed, except leather falling within heading Nos 41.06 and 41.08	Retanning of goat- and kid-skin leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 41.05	Other kinds of retanned leather, prepared but not parchment-dressed, except leather falling within heading Nos 41.06 and 41.08	Retanning of other kinds of leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 43.02	Assembled furskins	Bleaching, dyeing, dressing, cutting and assembling of tanned or dressed furskins
ex 44.22	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs, buckets and other coopers' products and parts thereof	Manufacture from riven staves of wood, not further prepared than sawn on one principal surface; sawn staves of wood, of which at least one principal surface has been cylindrically sawn, not further prepared than sawn
ex 50.03	Silk waste carded or combed	Carding or combing waste silk

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 50.09 ex 51.04 ex 53.11 ex 53.12 ex 54.05 ex 55.07 ex 55.08 ex 55.09 ex 56.07	Printed fabrics	Printing accompanied by finishing operations (bleaching, dressing, drying, steaming, burling, mending, impregnating, sanforizing, mercerizing) of fabrics the value of which does not exceed 47.5 % of the value of the finished product
ex 59.14	Incandescent gas mantles	Manufacture from tubular gas-mantle fabric
ex 67.01	Feather dusters	Manufacture from feathers, parts of feathers or down
ex 68.03	Articles of slate, including articles of agglomerated slate	Manufacture of articles of slate
ex 68.04	Hand polishing stones, whetstones, oilstones, hones and the like, of natural stone, of agglomerated natural or artificial abrasives, or of pottery	Cutting, adjusting and gluing of abrasive materials, which, owing to their shape, are not recognizable as being intended for hand use
ex 68.13	Articles of asbestos; articles of mixtures with a basis of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate	Manufacture of articles of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos, or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate
ex 68.15	Articles of mica, including bonded mica splittings on a support of paper or fabric	Manufacture of articles of mica
ex 70.10	Cut-glass bottles	Cutting of bottles the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling in heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or similar uses	Cutting of glassware the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product or decoration, with the exception of silk-screen printing, carried out entirely by hand, of hand-blown glassware the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 70.20	Articles made from glass fibre	Manufacture from unworked glass fibre
ex 71.02	Precious and semi-precious stones, cut or otherwise worked, but not mounted, set or strung (except ungraded stones temporarily strung for convenience of transport)	Manufacture from unworked precious and semi-precious stones
ex 71.03	Synthetic or reconstructed precious or semi-precious stones, cut or otherwise worked, but not mounted, set or strung (except ungraded stones temporarily strung for convenience of transport)	Manufacture from unworked synthetic or reconstructed precious or semi-precious stones

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 71.05	Silver and silver alloys, including silver gilt and platinum-plated silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought silver and silver alloys
ex 71.05	Silver, including silver gilt and platinum-plated silver, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought silver and silver alloys
ex 71.06	Rolled silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought rolled silver
ex 71.07	Gold, including platinum-plated gold, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought gold, including platinum-plated gold
ex 71.07	Gold, including platinum-plated gold, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought gold or gold alloys
ex 71.08	Rolled gold on base metal or silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought rolled gold on base metal or silver
ex 71.09	Platinum and other metals of the platinum group, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought platinum or other metals of the platinum group
ex 71.09	Platinum and other metals of the platinum group, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought platinum or other metals of the platinum group
ex 71.10	Rolled platinum or other platinum group metals, on base metal or precious metal, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought rolled platinum or other unwrought platinum group metals, on base metal or precious metal
ex 73.15	Alloy steel and high carbon steel: — in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.07 to 73.13, — in the forms mentioned in heading No 73.14	Manufacture from products in the forms mentioned in heading No 73.06 Manufacture from products in the forms mentioned in heading No 73.06 or 73.07
ex 74.01	Unrefined copper (blister copper and other)	Smelting of copper matte
ex 74.01	Refined copper	Fire-refining or electrolytic refining of unrefined copper (blister copper and other), copper waste or scrap
ex 74.01	Copper alloy	Fusion and thermal treatment of refined copper, copper waste or scrap
ex 75.01	Unwrought nickel (excluding electro-plating anodes of heading No 75.05)	Refining by electrolysis, by fusion or chemically, of nickel mattes, nickel speiss and other intermediate products of nickel metallurgy

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
ex 75.01	Unwrought nickel except nickel alloys	Refining of waste by electrolysis, by melting or by chemical means of waste and scrap
ex 76.01	Unwrought aluminium	Manufacture by thermal or electrolytic treatment of unalloyed aluminium, waste and scrap
76.16	Other articles of aluminium	Manufacture in which gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands) of aluminium wire, or expanded metal of aluminium, are used the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 77.02	Other articles of magnesium	Manufacture from wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, plates, sheets and strip, wire, foil, raspings and shavings of uniform size, powders and flakes, tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, hollow bars, of magnesium, the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 77.04	Beryllium wrought	Rolling, drawing or grinding of unwrought beryllium the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 78.01	Refined lead	Manufacture by thermal refining from bullion lead
ex 81.01	Tungsten, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought tungsten the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 81.02	Molybdenum, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought molybdenum the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 81.03	Tantalum, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought tantalum the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 81.04	Other base metals, wrought	Manufacture from other base metals, unwrought, the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 82.09	Knives with cutting blades, serrated or not (including pruning knives), other than knives falling within heading No 82.06	Manufacture from knife blades
ex 83.06	Indoor ornaments made from base metals, other than statuettes	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 30 % of the value of the finished product
ex 84.05	Steam engines (including mobile engines, but not steam tractors falling within heading No 87.01 or mechanically propelled road rollers) with self-contained boilers	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the products used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
84.06	Internal combustion piston engines	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product
ex 84.08	Engines and motors, excluding reaction engines and gas turbines	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
84.16	Calendering and similar rolling machines (other than metal-working and metal-rolling machines and glass-working machines) and cylinders therefor	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25 % of the value of the finished product
ex 84.17	Machinery, plant and similar laboratory equipment, whether or not electrically heated, for the treatment of materials by a process involving a change of temperature, for wood, paper pulp, paper and paperboard manufacturing industries	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25 % of the value of the finished product
84.31	Machinery for making or finishing cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25 % of the value of the finished product
84.33	Paper or paperboard cutting machines of all kinds; other machinery for making up paper pulp, paper or paperboard	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25 % of the value of the finished product
ex 84.41	Sewing machines, including furniture specially designed for sewing	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product, and provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — at least 50 % in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used for assembly of the head (motor excluded) are originating products, and — the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms are originating products

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
CCT heading No	Description	
85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers; audio-frequency electric amplifiers	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product and provided that at least 50 % of the materials and parts used are originating products ⁽¹⁾
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40 % of the value of the finished product and provided that at least 50 % of the materials and parts used are originating products ⁽¹⁾
87.06	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles falling within heading No 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 15 % of the value of the finished product
ex 94.01	Chairs and other seats (other than those falling within heading No 94.02) whether or not convertible into beds, made of base metals	Working, processing or assembly in which unstuffed cotton cloth is used of a weight of 300 g/m ² or less in the form ready to use, of which the value does not exceed 25 % of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾
ex 94.03	Other furniture of base metal	Working, processing or assembly in which unstuffed cotton cloth is used of a weight of 300 g/m ² or less in the form ready to use, of which the value does not exceed 25 % of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾
ex 95.05	Articles in tortoise shell, mother of pearl, ivory, bone, horn, coral (natural or agglomerated) and other animal carving material	Manufacture from tortoise shell, mother of pearl, ivory, bone, horn, coral (natural or agglomerated) and other animal carving material; worked
ex 95.08	Articles in vegetable carving material (for example corozo), meerschaum and amber, natural or reconstituted, jet (and mineral substitutes for jet)	Manufacture from vegetable carving material (for example corozo), meerschaum and amber, natural or reconstituted, jet (and mineral substitutes for jet); worked
ex 96.01	Brushes and brooms	Manufacture using prepared knots and tufts for broom or brush making the value of which does not exceed 50 % of the value of the finished product
ex 97.06	Golf club heads, of wood or other materials	Manufacture from roughly shaped blocks
ex 98.11	Smoking pipes, pipe bowls, of wood, root or other materials	Manufacture from roughly shaped blocks

⁽¹⁾ The application of this rule must not have the effect of allowing the exceeding of the percentage of 3 % for the originating transistors laid down in List A for the same tariff heading.

⁽²⁾ This rule does not apply when the general rule of change of tariff heading is applied to the other non-originating parts which are part of the composition of the final product.

ANNEX IV

LIST C

List of products excluded from the scope of this Protocol

CCT heading No	Description
ex 27.07	Assimilated aromatic oils as defined in Note 2 to Chapter 27, of which more than 65 % by volume distils at a temperature of up to 250 °C (including mixtures of petroleum spirit and benzole), for use as power or heating fuels
27.09 to 27.16	Mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes
ex 29.01	Hydrocarbons: — Acyclic — Cyclanes and cyclenes, excluding azulenes — Benzene, toluene, xylenes for use as power or heating fuels
ex 34.03	Lubricating preparations containing petroleum oils or oils obtained from bituminous minerals, but not including preparations containing 70 % or more by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals
ex 34.04	Waxes with a basis of paraffin, of petroleum waxes, of waxes obtained from bituminous minerals, of slack wax or of scale wax
ex 38.14	Prepared additives for lubricants

MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

1. Exporter (Name, full address, country)	EUR. 1 No A 000.000		
See notes overleaf before completing this form			
3. Consignee (Name, full address, country) (Optional)	2. Certificate used in preferential trade between and (insert appropriate countries, groups of countries or territories)		
6. Transport details (Optional)		4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating	5. Country, group of countries or territory of destination
7. Remarks		7. Remarks	
8. Item number; Marks and numbers; Number and kind of packages (1); Description of goods	9. Gross weight (kg) or other measure (litres, m³, etc.)	10. Invoices (Optional)	
11. CUSTOMS ENDORSEMENT Declaration certified Export document (2) Form No Customs office Issuing country or territory Date (Signature)		12. DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER I, the undersigned, declare that the goods described above meet the conditions required for the issue of this certificate. Place and date: (Signature)	

(1) If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state 'in bulk' as appropriate.

(2) Complete only where the regulations of the exporting country or territory require.

Stamp

<p>13. REQUEST FOR VERIFICATION, to</p> <p>Verification of the authenticity and accuracy of this certificate is requested.</p> <hr/> <p style="text-align: center;">(Place and date) Stamp</p> <hr/> <p style="text-align: center;">(Signature)</p>	<p>14. RESULT OF VERIFICATION,</p> <p>Verification carried out shows that this certificate ⁽¹⁾</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> was issued by the customs office indicated and that the information contained therein is accurate.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> does not meet the requirements as to authenticity and accuracy (see remarks appended).</p> <hr/> <p style="text-align: center;">(Place and date) Stamp</p> <hr/> <p style="text-align: center;">(Signature)</p> <p>⁽¹⁾ Insert X in the appropriate box.</p>
---	--

NOTES

1. Certificates must not contain erasures or words written over one another. Any alterations must be made by deleting the incorrect particulars and adding any necessary corrections. Any such alteration must be initialled by the person who completed the certificate and endorsed by the customs authorities of the issuing country or territory.
2. No spaces must be left between the items entered on the certificate and each item must be preceded by an item number. A horizontal line must be drawn immediately below the last item. Any unused space must be struck through in such a manner as to make any later additions impossible.
3. Goods must be described in accordance with commercial practice and with sufficient detail to enable them to be identified.

APPLICATION FOR A MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

<p>1. Exporter (Name, full address, country)</p>	<p>EUR. 1 No A 000.000</p>		
<p>3. Consignee (Name, full address, country) (Optional)</p>	<p>See notes overleaf before completing this form</p>		
<p>6. Transport details (Optional)</p>	<p>2. Application for a certificate to be used in preferential trade between</p> <p>and</p> <p>(insert appropriate countries, groups of countries or territories)</p>		
	<p>4. Country, group of countries or territory in which the products are considered as originating</p>	<p>5. Country, group of countries or territory of destination</p>	<p>7. Remarks</p>
<p>8. Item number; Marks and numbers; Number and kind of packages ⁽¹⁾; Description of goods</p>	<p>9. Gross weight (kg) or other measure (litres, m³, etc.)</p>	<p>10. Invoices (Optional)</p>	

(1) If goods are not packed, indicate number of articles or state 'in bulk' as appropriate.

DECLARATION BY THE EXPORTER

I, the undersigned, exporter of the goods described overleaf,

DECLARE that the goods meet the conditions required for the issue of the attached certificate;

SPECIFY as follows the circumstances which have enabled these goods to meet the above conditions:

.....
.....
.....
.....

SUBMIT the following supporting documents ⁽¹⁾:

.....
.....
.....
.....

UNDERTAKE to submit, at the request of the appropriate authorities, any supporting evidence which these authorities may require for the purpose of issuing the attached certificate, and undertake, if required, to agree to any inspection of my accounts and to any check on the processes of manufacture of the above goods, carried out by the said authorities;

REQUEST the issue of the attached certificate for these goods.

.....
(Place and date)

.....
(Signature)

⁽¹⁾ For example: import documents, movement certificates, invoices, manufacturer's declarations, etc., referring to the products used in manufacture or to the goods re-exported in the same state.

ANNEX VI

(RECTO)
 Before completing this form read carefully the instructions on the other side.

FORM EUR. 2 No		1 Form used in preferential trade between ⁽¹⁾ and	
		2 Exporter (Name, full address, country)	
4 Consignee (Name, full address, country)		3 Declaration by exporter I, the undersigned, exporter of the goods described below, declare that the goods comply with the requirements for the completion of this form and that the goods have obtained the status of originating products within the provisions governing preferential trade shown in box 1.	
7 Remarks ⁽²⁾		5 Place and date	
		6 Signature of exporter	
11 Marks; Numbers of consignment; Description of goods		8 Country of origin ⁽³⁾	9 Country of destination ⁽⁴⁾
		10 Gross weight (kg)	
		12 Authority in the exporting country ⁽¹⁾ responsible for verification of the declaration by the exporter	

⁽¹⁾ Insert the countries, groups of countries or territories concerned.

⁽²⁾ Refer to any verification already carried out by the appropriate authorities.

⁽³⁾ The term 'country of origin' means country, group of countries or territory where the goods are considered to be originating.

⁽⁴⁾ The term 'country' means country, group of countries or territory of destination.

<p>13 Request for verification</p> <p>The verification of the declaration by the exporter on the front of this form is requested (*)</p> <p>..... 19..... (Place and date) Stamp</p> <p>..... (Signature)</p>	<p>14 Result of verification</p> <p>Verification carried out shows that (!)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> the statements and particulars given in this form are accurate.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> this form does not meet the requirements as to accuracy and authenticity (see remarks appended.)</p> <p>..... 19..... (Place and date) Stamp</p> <p>..... (Signature)</p> <p>(!) Insert X in the appropriate box.</p>
---	---

(*) Subsequent verifications of forms EUR. 2 shall be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the importing State have reasonable doubt as to the accuracy of the information regarding the authenticity of the forms and the true origin of the goods in question.

Instructions for the completion of form EUR. 2

1. A form EUR. 2 may be made out only for goods which in the exporting country fulfil the conditions specified by the provisions governing the trade referred to in box 1. These provisions must be studied carefully before the form is completed.
2. In the case of a consignment by parcel post the exporter attaches the form to the dispatch note. In the case of a consignment by letter post he encloses the form in a package. The reference 'EUR. 2' and the serial number of the form should be stated on the customs green label declaration C1 or on the customs declaration C2/CP3, as appropriate.
3. These instructions do not exempt the exporter from complying with any other formalities required by customs or postal regulations.
4. An exporter who uses this form is obliged to submit to the appropriate authorities any supporting evidence which they may require and to agree to any inspection by them of his accounts and of the processes of manufacture of the goods described in box 11 of this form.

(VERSO)

FINAL ACT

The plenipotentiaries of:

His Majesty the King of the Belgians,

Her Majesty the Queen of Denmark,

The President of the Federal Republic of Germany,

The President of the French Republic,

The President of Ireland,

The President of the Italian Republic,

His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Luxembourg,

Her Majesty the Queen of the Netherlands,

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland,

and of the Council of the European Communities,

of the one part, and

of the President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia,

of the other part,

meeting at Belgrade on the second day of April one thousand nine hundred and eighty for the purpose of signing the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia,

have, on signing these Agreements,

— adopted the following joint declarations by the Contracting Parties:

1. Joint declaration on Protocol 1 and Articles 21, 22 and 23
2. Joint declaration on the Community arrangements applicable to imports of young male bovine animals intended for fattening, originating in and coming from Yugoslavia
3. Joint declaration concerning the zone established by the Agreements signed at Osimo
4. Joint declaration on Article 42 of the Agreement
5. Joint declaration on Protocol 3
6. Declaration of intent by the Contracting Parties
7. Joint declaration concerning cooperation and contacts between the European Parliament and the representatives of the Assembly of the SFRY
8. Joint declaration on the presentation of the Agreement to GATT by the Community
9. Declaration on the interpretation of the term 'Contracting Parties' as used in the Agreement

— taken note of the following declarations:

1. Declaration by Yugoslavia on Article 24
2. Declaration by Yugoslavia concerning certain agricultural products
3. Declaration by the Community on the Community arrangement applicable to imports of young male bovine animals intended for fattening, originating in and coming from Yugoslavia
4. Declaration by the Community on the regional application of certain provisions of the Agreement
5. Declaration by the Community on the European unit of account referred to in Article 2 of Protocol 2
6. Declaration by the Community on Article 29 of Protocol 3
7. Declaration by the Community on the generalized tariff preferences system
8. Declaration by the representative of the Federal Republic of Germany on the application of the Agreement to Berlin

and taken note of the following:

- exchange of letters on the working and processing of certain textile articles,
- exchange of letters on Yugoslav labour employed in the Community.

The declarations and exchanges of letters listed above are annexed to this Final Act.

The plenipotentiaries have agreed that the declarations and exchanges of letters shall be subjected, in the same manner as the Cooperation Agreement, to any procedures that may be necessary to ensure their validity.

Udfærdiget i Beograd, den anden april nitten hundrede og firs.

Geschehen zu Belgrad am zweiten April neunzehnhundertachtzig.

Done at Belgrade on the second day of April in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighty.

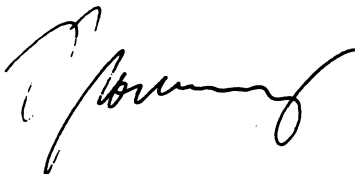
Fait à Belgrade, le deux avril mil neuf cent quatre-vingt.

Fatto a Belgrado, addì due aprile millenovecentottanta.

Gedaan te Belgrado, de tweede april negentienhonderd tachtig.

Sačinjeno u Beogradu, drugoga aprila hiljadu devet stotina osamdesete godine.

Pour Sa Majesté le roi des Belges
Voor Zijne Majesteit de Koning der Belgen



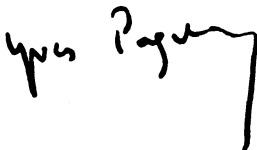
For Hendes Majestæt Danmarks Dronning



Für den Präsidenten der Bundesrepublik Deutschland



Pour le président de la République française



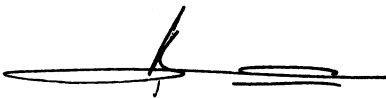
For the President of Ireland



Per il presidente della Repubblica italiana



Pour Son Altesse royale le grand-duc de Luxembourg



Voor Hare Majesteit de Koningin der Nederlanden



For Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland



For Rådet for De europæiske Fællesskaber

Für den Rat der Europäischen Gemeinschaften

For the Council of the European Communities

Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes

Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee

Voor de Raad van de Europese Gemeenschappen



Za Predsednika Socijalističke Federativne Republike Jugoslavije,



Joint declaration on Protocol 1 and Articles 21, 22 and 23

The Community and Yugoslavia agree that, should the date of entry into force of the Agreement not coincide with the beginning of the calendar year, the ceilings referred to in Protocol 1 and the Community tariff quotas referred to in Articles 21, 22 and 23 will be applied *pro rata temporis*.

Joint declaration on the Community arrangements applicable to imports of young male bovine animals intended for fattening, originating in and coming from Yugoslavia

The Community and Yugoslavia agree that the suspension at 30 % of the total levy shall apply to a maximum number of head of young male bovine animals intended for fattening to be fixed annually by the Council of the European Communities in accordance with Council Regulation (EEC) No 805/68 of 27 June 1968.

The Community and Yugoslavia agree in drawing up the estimate to follow the cooperation procedure set out below:

1. Commission staff will collect information supplied by the Community Member States on their respective needs as regards animals for fattening.
On the basis of this information and their own forecasts, they will make an overall estimate of Community needs.
2. This estimate will be communicated to the competent Yugoslav authorities.
3. This will be followed as soon as possible by meetings between the competent Yugoslav authorities and Commission staff. The objectives of these meetings will be as follows:
 - to have an exchange of views on the whole situation of the beef market in the Community and the forecasts for production and consumption;
 - to enable both sides to analyze the data serving to estimate Community needs in respect of live animals for fattening;
 - to have an exchange of information on Yugoslav's export opportunities.
4. Following these meetings, the Commission will produce a draft estimate for transmission to the Council taking into account all the elements to emerge during the discussions which can be quantified on as realistic a basis as possible.
The draft estimate given to the Council will be accompanied by a document reflecting the substance of the views expressed by the participants about Community needs and their export opportunities as regards the products in question.
5. The estimate should be drawn up in such a way as to ensure regular supplies for the Community market and permit an increase in imports in proportion to the increase in Community needs, taking into account the foreseeable expansion of the market.
In the light of these considerations, it is expected that the annual level of imports of animals for fattening under the estimate will show a tendency to rise over a period of several years as Community needs increase.

Joint declaration concerning the zone established by the Agreements signed at Osimo

Recognizing the importance of the development of the free zone established by the Agreements signed at Osimo on 10 November 1975, the Contracting Parties reaffirm their intention to devote the greatest possible attention to the application of the provisions of the Agreement which relate to the development of the said zone.

To that end, they consider it indispensable that, in addition to the particular need to develop cooperation schemes designed to encourage investment in the free zone, trade incentives should be introduced to the full extent compatible with the Agreement.

Accordingly, they agreed that products manufactured in the zone shall be accorded the most favourable and stable import arrangements possible. For this reason they consider it necessary to exempt such products from any measures they may adopt under Article 20 or 29 or Protocol 1. Given the objectives to be attained, if tariff ceilings are introduced, the Cooperation Council will have to accord special treatment to products which have obtained originating status in the zone, and hence set such ceilings at a level which ensures that the products in question actually benefit under the special arrangements adopted, without compromising the aim of avoiding market disruption.

In addition, in connection with the application of Article 20 or 29 of the Agreement, the Contracting Parties shall endeavour to determine conditions which will encourage the marketing of products manufactured in the zone.

Joint declaration on Article 42 of the Agreement

The Contracting Parties agree that the Cooperation Council should lay down as soon as possible whatever procedures may be necessary to establish the conditions under which the products referred to in Article 42 obtain originating status in the zone created by the Agreements signed at Osimo, taking into account *inter alia* the development of the said zone.

Joint declaration on Protocol 3

With regard to Yugoslavia, the term 'customs authorities' used in Protocol 3 shall also cover public authorities in Yugoslavia which are entitled to issue, endorse and verify movement certificates EUR. 1 and, where appropriate, verify forms EUR. 2.

Declaration of intent by the Contracting Parties

1. Both parties stipulate that the application of the Agreement entails their undertaking to encourage, wherever possible and in line with the level of development of their respective economies, favourable consideration of their mutual trade, economic and financial interests.
2. They have agreed to lay before the Cooperation Council each year for review the measures taken by both sides pursuant to paragraph 1 and provisions relating to the special arrangements embodied in the Agreement.

Joint declaration concerning cooperation and contacts between the European Parliament and the representatives of the Assembly of the SFRY

The Contracting Parties have agreed to contribute to the continuation of the cooperation and contacts established between the European Parliament and the representatives of the Assembly of the SFRY.

Joint declaration on the representation of the Agreement to GATT by the Community

The Contracting Parties to the Agreement will consult when the provisions of the Agreement that relate to trade are presented and examined under GATT.

Declaration on the interpretation of the term 'Contracting Parties' as used in the Agreement

The European Economic Community and its Member States on the one hand, and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia on the other agree to interpret in the Agreement to the effect that the expression 'Contracting Parties' appearing therein means on the one hand the Community and the Member States, or either the Member States or the Community alone, and on the other the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia. The meaning to be attributed to this expression in each case is to be deduced from the relevant provisions of the Agreement and from the corresponding provisions of the Treaty establishing the Community.

Declaration by Yugoslavia on Article 24

Yugoslavia undertakes to ensure that the level of its exports of products defined in Annex C to the Agreement shall in no case exceed the volume indicated in Article 24 (2) (e), in the market situation referred to therein.

Declaration by Yugoslavia concerning certain agricultural products

Bearing in mind the importance of its agricultural exports to the Community market and the unsatisfactory trend of those exports, Yugoslavia has emphasized its interest in fresh and preserved fruit and vegetables, preserved pigmeat, sheepmeat, wine and tobacco. It will lay this matter before the Cooperation Council in order to seek appropriate solutions in conformity with the aims of the Agreement.

Declaration by the Community on the Community arrangement applicable to imports of young male bovine animals intended for fattening, originating in and coming from Yugoslavia

The Community undertakes, for the duration of the Agreement and in respect of a quantity to be determined in accordance with the procedure agreed in the relevant joint declaration, to limit to 30 % of the total levy the amount of the levy applicable to imports of young male bovine animals intended for fattening, of a live weight per head of 300 kg or less, falling within subheading 01.02 A II ex b), originating in and coming from Yugoslavia.

Declaration by the Community on the regional application of certain provisions of the Agreement

The Community declares that the application of any measures it may take under Articles 35 and 36 of the Agreement, in accordance with the procedure and arrangements set out in Articles 37 and 38, and under Article 40 may be limited to one of its regions by virtue of Community rules.

Declaration by the Community on the European unit of account referred to in Article 2 of Protocol 2

The unit of account used to express the amounts specified in Article 2 of Protocol 2 is defined as the sum of the following amounts in the currencies of the Member States of the Community :

German mark	0.828
Pound sterling	0.0885
French franc	1.15
Italian lira	109
Dutch guilder	0.286
Belgian franc	3.66
Luxembourg franc	0.14
Danish krone	0.217
Irish pound	0.0759

The value of the European unit of account in any given currency is equal to the equivalent in that currency of the sum of the amounts of currency referred to in the first paragraph. It is calculated by the Commission using daily market exchange rates.

The daily values of the European unit of account in the various national currencies are made available every day and are published periodically in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Declaration by the Community on Article 29 of Protocol 3

In the interests of avoiding, wherever possible, distortions between the arrangements it applies to its trading partners, and with reference to Article 29 of Protocol 3, the Community reserves the right during the lifetime of the Agreement to submit for examination by the Cooperation Council the possibility of introducing measures to exclude, in respect of worked products, the refund of customs duties or the grant of exemption from customs duties in any form whatsoever.

Declaration by the Community on the generalized tariff preferences system

1. The Community declares that the Agreement shall not affect the inclusion of Yugoslavia in the list of beneficiary countries under the Community's scheme of generalized tariff preferences.
2. Paragraph 1 will apply in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Agreement.

Declaration by the representative of the Federal Republic of Germany on the application of the Agreement to Berlin

The Agreement shall also apply to Land Berlin provided that no statement to the contrary by the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany is addressed to the other Contracting Parties within three months of the entry into force of the Agreement.

EXCHANGE OF LETTERS
on the working and processing of certain textile articles

Sir,

I have the honour to draw your attention to the following:

The Community reserves the right to adopt provisions relating to working and processing operations on textile products where such operations may be carried out only subject to authorization; such provisions will replace those currently in force in certain Member States of the Community.

At that time the Community will endeavour to maintain the trade flows established with Yugoslavia hitherto.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*Head of the Delegation of
the European Economic Community*

Sir,

In your letter of today's date you informed me as follows:

I have the honour to draw your attention to the following:

The Community reserves the right to adopt provisions relating to working and processing operations on textile products where such operations may be carried out only subject to authorization; such provisions will replace those currently in force in certain Member States of the Community.

At that time the Community will endeavour to maintain the trade flows established with Yugoslavia hitherto.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter.

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*Head of the Delegation of the
Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia*

EXCHANGE OF LETTERS

on Yugoslav labour employed in the Community

Sir,

I have the honour to inform you on behalf of the Member States of the Community that the latter are ready to hold exchanges of views, in the context of talks to be arranged for that purpose, on Yugoslav labour employed in the Community.

The purpose of these exchanges of views would be to examine the possibilities of making progress towards the attainment of equality of treatment for Community and non-Community workers and the members of their families in respect of living and working conditions, having regard to the Community provisions in force.

Such exchanges of views, which would not be concerned with matters covered by the Agreement, would deal in particular with social and cultural questions, *inter alia* such action as might be taken jointly with the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia to promote the teaching of the language and culture of the country of origin and safeguard the maintenance of links with that culture.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and indicate at the same time that Yugoslavia intends to take part in such action, chiefly in respect of the necessary human, financial and material resources.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*Head of the Delegation of
the European Economic Community*

Sir,

In your letter of today's date, you informed me as follows:

'I have the honour to inform you on behalf of the Member States of the Community that the latter are ready to hold exchanges of views, in the context of talks to be arranged for that purpose, on Yugoslav labour employed in the Community.

The purpose of these exchanges of views would be to examine the possibilities of making progress towards the attainment of equality of treatment for Community and non-Community workers and the members of their families in respect of living and working conditions, having regard to the Community provisions in force.

Such exchanges of views, which would not be concerned with matters covered by the Agreement, would deal in particular with social and cultural questions, *inter alia* such action as might be taken jointly with the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia to promote the teaching of the language and culture of the country of origin and safeguard the maintenance of links with that culture.

I should be grateful if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and indicate at the same time that Yugoslavia intends to take part in such action, chiefly in respect of the necessary human, financial and material resources.'

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter, and to indicate at the same time that Yugoslavia intends to take part in such action, chiefly in respect of the necessary human, financial and material resources.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*Head of the Delegation of the
Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia*

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters amending Annex A to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (heading No 22.09 of the Common Customs Tariff)

Letter No 1

Madam Chairman,

I have the honour to inform you that a material error has occurred in Annex A to the Cooperation Agreement signed between the Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

Since this error leads to a different result from that sought by the Parties regarding imports of 'sljivovica' falling within heading No ex 22.09 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Yugoslavia, it is necessary to amend Annex A as follows:

CCT heading No	Description
22.09	Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08); liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations (known as "concentrated extracts") for the manufacture of beverages

I shall be obliged if you will acknowledge receipt of this letter and at the same time confirm your Delegation's agreement with its contents.

Please accept, Madam Chairman, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

Letter No 2

Sir,

In your letter of today, you made the following communication:

'I have the honour to inform you that a material error has occurred in Annex A to the Cooperation Agreement signed between the Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

Since this error leads to a different result from that sought by the Parties regarding imports of "sljivovica" falling within heading No ex 22.09 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Yugoslavia, it is necessary to amend Annex A as follows:

CCT heading No	Description
22.09	Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08); liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations (known as "concentrated extracts") for the manufacture of beverages

I shall be obliged if you will acknowledge receipt of this letter and at the same time confirm your Delegation's agreement with its contents.'

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter and confirm my Delegation's agreement with its contents.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf
of the Federal Executive Council
of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia*

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters amending Annex A to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (heading No 29.04 of the Common Customs Tariff)

Letter No 1

Madam President,

I have the honour to inform you that a material error has occurred in Annex A to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

Since this error leads to a different result from that sought by the Parties regarding the arrangements applying to imports of certain products falling within heading No 29.04 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Yugoslavia, it is necessary to amend Annex A as follows:

CCT heading No	Description
05.03 to 24.02	} (unchanged)
29.04	
	Acyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: C. Polyhydric alcohols: II. D-Mannitol (mannitol) III. D-Glucitol (sorbitol)
35.01 to 38.19	} (unchanged)

I should be obliged if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and at the same time confirm your Delegation's agreement with its contents.

Please accept, Madam, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of the Council
of the European Communities*

Letter No 2

Sir,

In your letter of today, you conveyed to me the following communication:

'I have the honour to inform you that a material error has occurred in Annex A to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

Since this error leads to a different result from that sought by the Parties regarding the arrangements applying to imports of certain products falling within heading No 29.04 of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Yugoslavia, it is necessary to amend Annex A as follows:

CCT heading No	Description
05.03 to 24.02	} (unchanged)
29.04	
	Acyclic alcohols and their halogenated, sulphonated, nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: C. Polyhydric alcohols: II. D-Mannitol (mannitol) III. D-Glucitol (sorbitol)
35.01 to 38.19	} (unchanged)

I should be obliged if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and at the same time confirm your Delegation's agreement with its contents.'

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter and confirm my Delegation's agreement with its contents.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of
the Federal Executive Council
of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia*

COUNCIL

AGREEMENT

between the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community and the European Coal and Steel Community, of the one part, and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, of the other part

(83/42/ECSC)

THE KINGDOM OF BELGIUM,

THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK,

THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY,

THE FRENCH REPUBLIC,

IRELAND,

THE ITALIAN REPUBLIC,

THE GRAND DUCHY OF LUXEMBOURG,

THE KINGDOM OF THE NETHERLANDS,

THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND,

being members of the European Coal and Steel Community, and

THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY,

of the one part, and

THE SOCIALIST FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF YUGOSLAVIA,

of the other part,

WHEREAS the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia are concluding a Cooperation Agreement concerning the sectors covered by that Community;

PURSUING the same objectives and desiring to find like solutions for the sector covered by the European Coal and Steel Community,

HAVE DECIDED, in pursuit of these objectives and considering that no provision of this Agreement may be interpreted as exempting the Contracting Parties from the obligations incumbent upon them under other international agreements,

TO CONCLUDE THIS AGREEMENT:

Article 1

This Agreement shall apply to the products covered by the European Coal and Steel Community which are specified in the Annex.

view to improving the conditions of access for Yugoslav products to the Community market.

TITLE I

Trade

Article 2

In the field of trade, the object of this Agreement is to promote trade between the Contracting Parties, taking account of their respective levels of development and the need to ensure a better balance in their trade with a

Article 3

1. Subject to the special provisions of paragraph 2, products originating in Yugoslavia shall be imported into the Community free of quantitative restrictions and measures having equivalent effect, and of customs duties and charges having equivalent effect.

2. Imports of the products listed below shall be subject to a system of annual ceilings above which the customs duties actually applied in respect of third countries may be reintroduced in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs 3 to 7, the ceilings fixed for the year of entry into force of this Agreement being indicated against each product:

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling (tonnes)
73.01	Pig iron, cast iron and spiegeleisen, in pigs, blocks, lumps and similar forms: A. Spiegeleisen B. Haematite pig iron and cast iron C. Phosphoric pig iron and cast iron D. Other pig iron and cast iron: II. Other	19 978
73.08	Iron or steel coils for re-rolling	29 002
73.10	Bars and rods (including wire rod), of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished (including precision-made) hollow mining drill steel: A. Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded D. Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated): I. Not further worked than clad: a) Hot-rolled or extruded	19 010

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling (tonnes)
73.11	<p>Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements.</p> <p>A. Angles, shapes and sections:</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">I. Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">IV. Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated):</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a) Not further worked than clad:</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">1. Hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p>B. Sheet piling</p>	2 708
73.12	<p>Hoop and strip, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled:</p> <p>A. Not further worked than hot-rolled</p> <p>B. Not further worked than cold-rolled:</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">I. In coils for the manufacture of tinplate (a)</p> <p>C. Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated:</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">III. Tinned:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a) Tinplate</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">V. Other (for example, copper-plated, artificially oxidized, lacquered, nickel-plated, varnished, clad, parkerized, printed):</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a) Not further worked than clad:</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">1. Hot-rolled</p>	5 607
73.13	<p>Sheets and plates, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled:</p> <p>A. 'Electrical' sheets and plates</p> <p>B. Other sheets and plates:</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">I. Not further worked than hot-rolled</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">II. Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b) More than 1 mm but less than 3 mm</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">c) 1 mm or less</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">III. Not further worked than burnished, polished or glazed</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">IV. Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b) Tinned</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">c) Zinc-coated or lead-coated</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">d) Other (for example, copper-plated, artificially oxidized, lacquered, nickel-plated, varnished, clad, parkerized, printed)</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">V. Otherwise shaped or worked:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a) Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked:</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">2. Other</p>	34 453

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling (tonnes)
73.15	<p>Alloy steel and high carbon steel in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.06 to 73.14:</p> <p>A. High carbon steel:</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">I. Ingots, blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b) Other:</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">1. Ingots</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">2. Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">III. Coils for re-rolling</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">IV. Universal plates</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">V. Bars and rods (including wire rod) and hollow mining drill steel; angles, shapes and sections:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b) Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">d) Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated):</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">1. Not further worked than clad:</p> <p style="padding-left: 80px;">aa) Hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">VI. Hoop and strip:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a) Not further worked than hot-rolled</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">c) Clad, coated, or otherwise surface-treated:</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">1. Not further worked than clad:</p> <p style="padding-left: 80px;">aa) Hot-rolled</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">VII. Sheets and plates:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a) Not further worked than hot-rolled</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b) Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of:</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">2. Less than 3 mm</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">c) Polished, clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">d) Otherwise shaped or worked:</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">1. Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked</p> <p>B. Alloy steel:</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">I. Ingots, blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b) Other:</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">1. Ingots:</p> <p style="padding-left: 80px;">bb) Other</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">2. Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">III. Coils for re-rolling</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">IV. Universal plates</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">V. Bars and rods (including wire rod) and hollow mining drill steel; angles, shapes and sections:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b) Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded:</p>	18 741

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling (tonnes)
73.15 (cont'd)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> d) Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not further worked than clad: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Hot-rolled or extruded VI. Hoop and strip: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Not further worked than hot-rolled c) Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not further worked than clad: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Hot-rolled VII. Sheets and plates: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) 'Electrical' sheets and plates b) Other sheets and plates: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not further worked than hot-rolled 2. Not further worked than cold-rolled of a thickness of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> bb) Less than 3 mm 3. Polished, clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated 4. Otherwise shaped or worked: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked 	

3. Once the ceiling set for imports of a product referred to in paragraph 2 is reached, the customs duties actually applied in respect of third countries may be reimposed on imports of the product in question until the end of the calendar year.

4. If, during two consecutive years, imports of a product subject to a ceiling have been less than 80 % of the amount laid down, the Community may suspend the ceiling in question.

5. As from the second year following the entry into force of this Agreement, the amounts of the ceilings given in paragraph 2 shall be increased annually by 5 %.

6. In the event of short-term difficulties the Community reserves the right to extend for a period of one year the ceiling or ceilings set for the preceding year.

7. For certain products which it considers to be sensitive, the Community reserves the right to call upon the Joint Committee to determine such special

conditions for access to its market as may prove necessary. The Joint Committee shall determine the conditions in question within a period not exceeding three months from the date of notification. Failing a decision by the Joint Committee within that period, the Community may take the necessary measures. However, such measures may not be wider in scope than those applicable in respect of the products in question pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 2 to 6 under the conditions laid down in those paragraphs.

For the purpose of applying the preceding subparagraph, the Contracting Parties shall hold periodic exchanges of information in the Joint Committee before determining, if appropriate, special conditions for access by the products concerned to the respective markets of the Parties. The Contracting Parties shall exchange information in particular on trade flows and medium- and long-term production and export forecasts.

The Joint Committee shall examine periodically the measures taken under the first subparagraph to ascertain whether they are compatible with the objectives of the Agreement.

Article 4

Articles 26 to 40 of the Cooperation Agreement shall apply to this Agreement *mutatis mutandis*.

Article 5

The provisions determining the rules of origin for the application of the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia shall also apply to this Agreement.

Article 6

1. If the quotations made by Yugoslav economic agents are liable to be detrimental to the functioning of the common market and if any such detriment is attributable to a difference in the conditions of competition as regards prices, the other Contracting Party may take appropriate measures under the conditions and in accordance with the procedures laid down in paragraph 2.

2. The Contracting Parties shall provide the Joint Committee with all relevant information and shall give it the assistance it requires in order to examine the case and, where appropriate, take appropriate measures.

If Yugoslavia fails to put an end to the practice in question within the period fixed by the Joint Committee, or should agreement not be reached in the Joint Committee within one month of the matter being referred to it, the other Contracting Party may adopt any safeguard measures it considers necessary to avoid harming the functioning of the common market or to put an end to such harm; in particular it may withdraw tariff concessions.

Article 7

This Agreement shall not modify the provisions of the Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community or the powers and jurisdiction deriving therefrom.

TITLE II

General and final provisions

Article 8

1. A Joint Committee is hereby established, which shall be responsible for the administration of this

Agreement and shall ensure that it is implemented properly. For this purpose, it shall make recommendations and take decisions in the cases provided for in the Agreement.

The decisions taken shall be binding on the Contracting Parties, which, acting in accordance with their own rules, shall take such measures as are required to implement them.

2. For the purpose of the proper implementation of the Agreement, the Contracting Parties shall exchange information and, at the request of either Party, shall hold consultations within the Joint Committee.

3. The Joint Committee shall adopt its own rules of procedure.

Article 9

1. The Joint Committee shall consist of representatives of the Contracting Parties.

2. The Joint Committee shall act by mutual agreement.

Article 10

1. The Joint Committee shall be chaired by each Contracting Party in turn as laid down in its rules of procedure.

2. The chairman shall convene meetings of the Joint Committee at least once a year in order to review the general functioning of the Agreement.

The Joint Committee shall also meet whenever special circumstances require, at the request of either Contracting Party, as laid down in its rules of procedure.

3. The Joint Committee may decide to set up any working party that can assist it in carrying out its duties.

Article 11

Articles 41 to 43 and 53 to 57 of the Cooperation Agreement shall apply to this Agreement *mutatis mutandis*.

Article 12

1. In the field of trade, the progressive removal of barriers affecting the bulk of trade between the

Contracting Parties shall be carried out in stages. The first stage is to last five years, running from the date of entry into force of the trade arrangements.

2. One year before the expiry of the arrangements laid down in Title I, the Contracting Parties shall enter into negotiations in accordance with the procedure adopted for the negotiation of this Agreement in order to determine the trade arrangements to be applied subsequently in the light of the results of this Agreement and the economic situation in Yugoslavia and the Community, account being taken *inter alia* of Yugoslavia's level of development, with a view to making mutual progress to attain the objective stated in paragraph 1.

Article 13

This Agreement shall apply, on the one hand, to the territories in which the Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community is applied and under the conditions laid down in that Treaty and, on the other hand, to the territory of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

Article 14

The Annex and the declarations and exchanges of letters which appear in the Final Act shall form an integral part of this Agreement.

Article 15

Either Contracting Party may denounce this Agreement subject to giving six month's prior notice.

Article 16

This Agreement is drawn up in duplicate in the Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Italian and Serbo-Croat languages, each of these texts being equally authentic.

Article 17

This Agreement shall be approved by the Contracting Parties in accordance with their own procedures.

This Agreement shall enter into force on the first day of the second month following notification that the procedures referred to in the first paragraph, have been completed.

Til bekræftelse heraf har undertegnede befuldmægtigede underskrevet denne aftale.

Zu Urkund dessen haben die unterzeichneten Bevollmächtigten ihre Unterschriften unter dieses Abkommen gesetzt.

In witness whereof the undersigned Plenipotentiaries have signed this Agreement.

En foi de quoi, les plénipotentiaires soussignés ont apposé leurs signatures au bas du présent accord.

In fede di che, i plenipotenziari sottoscritti hannq apposto le loro firme in calce al presente accordo.

Ten blijke waarvan de ondergetekende gevolmachtigden hun handtekening onder deze Overeenkomst hebben gesteld.

U potvrdu čega dole potpisani, propisno ovlašćeni u tu svrhu, potpisali su ovaj Sporazum.

Udfærdiget i Beograd, den anden april nitten hundrede og firs.

Geschehen zu Belgrad am zweiten April neunzehnhundertachtzig.

Done at Belgrade on the second day of April in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighty.

Fait à Belgrade, le deux avril mil neuf cent quatre-vingt.

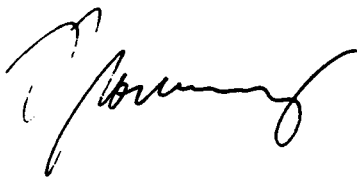
Fatto a Belgrado, addì due aprile millenovecentottanta.

Gedaan te Belgrado, de tweede april negentienhonderd tachtig.

Saćinjeno u Beogradu, drugoga aprila hiljadu devet stotina osamdesete godine.

Pour Sa Majesté le roi des Belges,

Voor Zijne Majesteit de Koning der Belgen,



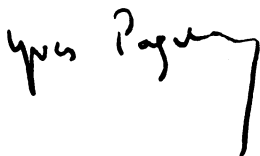
For Hendes Majestæt Danmarks Dronning,



Für den Präsidenten der Bundesrepublik Deutschland,



Pour le président de la République française,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Yves Paganon'. The signature is written in a cursive style with a long vertical stroke at the end.

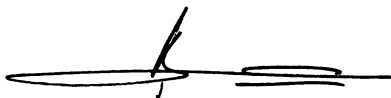
For the President of Ireland,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Buidéar Dillón'. The signature is written in a cursive style.

Per il presidente della Repubblica italiana,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Oscar Luigi Scalfaro'. The signature is written in a cursive style.

Pour Son Altesse royale le grand-duc de Luxembourg,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Jean'. The signature is written in a cursive style.

Voor Hare Majesteit de Koningin der Nederlanden,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Beatrix'. The signature is written in a cursive style.

For Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland,

R.A. Farham.

Før Det europæiske Kul- og Stålfællesskab,

Für die Europäische Gemeinschaft für Kohle und Stahl,

For the European Coal and Steel Community,

Pour la Communauté européenne du charbon et de l'acier,

Per la Comunità europea del carbone e dell'acciaio,

Voor de Europese Gemeenschap voor Kolen en Staal,

L. Hoffmeyer

Za Predsednika Socijalističke Federativne Republike Jugoslavije,

Jurišić hovec

ANNEX

List of products referred to in Article 1 of the Agreement

CCT heading No	Description
26.01	Metallic ores and concentrates and roasted iron pyrites: A. Iron ores and concentrates and roasted iron pyrites: II. Other B. Manganese ores and concentrates, including manganiferous iron ores and concentrates with a manganese content of 20 % or more by weight
26.02	Slag, dross, scalings and similar waste from the manufacture of iron or steel: A. Blast-furnace dust
27.01	Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal
27.02	Lignite, whether or not agglomerated
27.04	Coke and semi-coke of coal, of lignite or of peat whether or not agglomerated; retort carbon: A. Coke and semi-coke of coal: II. Other B. Coke and semi-coke of lignite
73.01	Pig iron, cast iron and spiegeleisen, in pigs, blocks, lumps and similar forms
73.02	Ferro-alloys: A. Ferro-manganese: I. Containing more than 2 % by weight of carbon (high carbon ferro-manganese)
73.03	Waste and scrap metal of iron or steel
73.05	Iron or steel powders; sponge iron or steel: B. Sponge iron or steel
73.06	Puddled bars and pilings; ingots, blocks, lumps and similar forms, of iron or steel
73.07	Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars (including tinplate bars), of iron or steel; pieces roughly shaped by forging, of iron or steel: A. Blooms and billets: I. Rolled B. Slabs and sheet bars (including tinplate bars): I. Rolled
73.08	Iron or steel coils for re-rolling
73.09	Universal plates of iron or steel
73.10	Bars and rods (including wire rod), of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished (including precision-made), hollow mining drill steel: A. Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded D. Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated): I. Not further worked than clad: a) Hot-rolled or extruded

CCT heading No	Description
73.11	<p>Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements:</p> <p>A. Angles, shapes and sections:</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">I. Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">IV. Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated):</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a) Not further worked than clad:</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">1. Hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p>B. Sheet piling</p>
73.12	<p>Hoop and strip, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled:</p> <p>A. Not further worked than hot-rolled</p> <p>B. Not further worked than cold-rolled:</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">I. In coils for the manufacture of tinplate</p> <p>C. Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated:</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">III. Tinned:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a) Tinplate</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">V. Other (for example, copper-plated, artificially oxidized, lacquered, nickel-plated, varnished, clad, parkerized, printed):</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a) Not further worked than clad:</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">1. Hot-rolled</p>
73.13	<p>Sheets and plates, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled:</p> <p>A. 'Electrical' sheets and plates</p> <p>B. Other sheets and plates:</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">I. Not further worked than hot-rolled</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">II. Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b) More than 1 mm but less than 3 mm</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">c) 1 mm or less</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">III. Not further worked than burnished, polished or glazed</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">IV. Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b) Tinned:</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">1. Tinplate</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">2. Other</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">c) Zinc-coated or lead-coated</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">d) Other (for example, copper-plated, artificially oxidized, lacquered, nickel-plated, varnished, clad, parkerized, printed)</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">V. Otherwise shaped or worked:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a) Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked:</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">2. Other</p>

CCT heading No	Description
73.15	<p>Alloy steel and high carbon steel in the forms mentioned in headings Nos 73.06 to 73.14:</p> <p>A. High carbon steel:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I. Ingots, blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> b) Other III. Coils for re-rolling IV. Universal plates V. Bars and rods (including wire rod) and hollow mining drill steel; angles, shapes and sections: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> b) Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded d) Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not further worked than clad: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Hot-rolled or extruded VI. Hoop and strip: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Not further worked than hot-rolled c) Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not further worked than clad: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Hot-rolled VII. Sheets and plates: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Not further worked than hot-rolled b) Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Less than 3 mm c) Polished, clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated d) Otherwise shaped or worked: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked <p>B. Alloy steel:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I. Ingots, blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> b) Other III. Coils for re-rolling IV. Universal plates V. Bars and rods (including wire rod) and hollow mining-drill steel; angles, shapes and sections: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> b) Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded d) Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not further worked than clad: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Hot-rolled or extruded VI. Hoop and strip: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Not further worked than hot-rolled c) Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not further worked than clad: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Hot-rolled

CCT heading No	Description
73.15 (<i>cont'd</i>)	<p>B. VII. Sheets and plates :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) 'Electrical' sheets and plates b) Other sheets and plates: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not further worked than hot-rolled 2. Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> bb) Less than 3 mm 3. Polished, clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated 4. Otherwise shaped or worked: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked
73.16	<p>Railway and tramway track construction material of iron or steel, the following: rails, check-rails, switch blades, crossings (or frogs), crossing pieces, point rods, rack rails, sleepers, fish-plates, chairs, chair wedges, sole plates (base plates), rail clips, bedplates, ties and other material specialized for joining or fixing rails:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. Rails: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> II. Other B. Check-rails C. Sleepers D. Fish-plates and sole plates: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I. Rolled

FINAL ACT

The representatives of:

the Kingdom of Belgium,

the Kingdom of Denmark,

the Federal Republic of Germany,

the French Republic,

Ireland,

the Italian Republic,

the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg,

the Kingdom of the Netherlands,

the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland,

being Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community,

and

of the European Coal and Steel Community,

and

of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia,

meeting at Belgrade on the second day of April one thousand nine hundred and eighty for the signature of the Agreement between the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community, and the European Coal and Steel Community, of the one part, and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, of the other part,

at the time of signature of this Agreement,

— have adopted the following declarations annexed to this Act:

— joint declaration on Article 3

— declaration on the interpretation of the term 'Contracting Parties' as used in the Agreement

— have taken note of the declarations listed below and annexed to this Act:

1. Declaration by the Community on the generalized tariff preferences system

2. Declaration by the representative of the Federal Republic of Germany on the application of the Agreement to Berlin

— and have taken note:

— of the exchange of letters on Article 60 of the Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community.

Udfærdiget i Beograd, den anden april nitten hundrede og firs.

Geschehen zu Belgrad am zweiten April neunzehnhundertachtzig.

Done at Belgrade on the second day of April in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighty.

Fait à Belgrade, le deux avril mil neuf cent quatre-vingt.

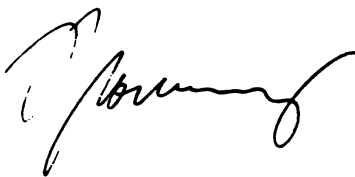
Fatto a Belgrado, addì due aprile millenovecentottanta.

Gedaan te Belgrado, de tweede april negentienhonderd tachtig.

Sačinjeno u Beogradu, drugoga aprila hiljadu devet stotina osamdesete godine.

Pour Sa Majesté le roi des Belges,

Voor Zijne Majesteit de Koning der Belgen,



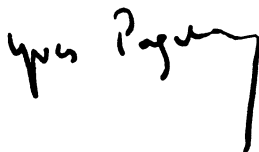
For Hendes Majestæt Danmarks Dronning,



Für den Präsidenten der Bundesrepublik Deutschland,




Pour le président de la République française,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Valéry Giscard d'Estaing". The signature is written in a cursive, somewhat stylized hand.

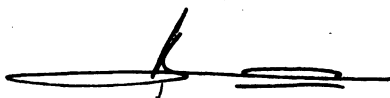
For the President of Ireland,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Buidé Mac Dálaigh". The signature is written in a cursive, somewhat stylized hand.

Per il presidente della Repubblica italiana,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Sandro Pertini". The signature is written in a cursive, somewhat stylized hand.

Pour Son Altesse royale le grand-duc de Luxembourg,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Jean". The signature is written in a cursive, somewhat stylized hand.

Voor Hare Majesteit de Koningin der Nederlanden,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Beatrix". The signature is written in a cursive, somewhat stylized hand.

For Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland,

R.A. Farham.

For Rådet for De europæiske Fællesskaber,

Für den Rat der Europäischen Gemeinschaften,

For the Council of the European Communities,

Pour le Conseil des Communautés européennes,

Per il Consiglio delle Comunità europee,

Voor de Raad van de Europese Gemeenschappen,

Stjepan *L. Hoffmeyer*

Za Predsednika Socijalističke Federativne Republike Jugoslavije,

Juriškov

Joint declaration on Article 3

The Community and Yugoslavia agree that, should the date of entry into force of the Agreement not coincide with the beginning of the calendar year, the ceilings referred to in Article 3 would be applied *pro rata temporis*.

Declaration on the interpretation of the term 'Contracting Parties' as used in the Agreement

The European Coal and Steel Community and its Member States on the one hand, and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia on the other agree to interpret the Agreement to the effect that the expression 'Contracting Parties' appearing therein means on the one hand the Community and the Member States, or either the Member States or the Community alone, and on the other the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia. The meaning to be attributed to this expression in each case is to be deduced from the relevant provisions of the Agreement and from the corresponding provisions of the Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community.

Declaration by the Community on the generalized tariff preferences system

1. The Community declares that the Agreement shall not affect the inclusion of Yugoslavia in the list of beneficiary countries under the Community's scheme of generalized tariff preferences.
 2. Paragraph 1 will apply in conformity with the relevant provisions of the Agreement.
-

Declaration by the representative of the Federal Republic of Germany on the application of the Agreement to Berlin

The Agreement shall also apply to Land Berlin provided that no statement to the contrary by the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany is addressed to the other Contracting Parties within three months of the entry into force of the Agreement.

EXCHANGE OF LETTERS

on Article 60 of the Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community

Sir,

Following the negotiations for the conclusion of an Agreement on the products covered by the European Coal and Steel Community which have taken place between the representatives of the Government of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the representatives of the European Communities, acting on behalf of their respective authorities, I have the honour to inform you of the agreement of my authorities to the following.

The representatives of the Government of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the representatives of the Community agree to draw up in the Joint Committee measures to enable the price rules laid down in Article 60 of the Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community and the implementing provisions to be applied on a reciprocal basis during the first stage of the Agreement.

I hereby note that sales of iron and steel products in the Community by Yugoslav exporters are subject to the basic price arrangements for imports published in *Official Journal of the European Communities* No L 344 of 31 December 1979.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*Head of the Delegation
of the European Communities*

Sir,

In your letter of today's date you informed me as follows:

'Following the negotiations for the conclusion of an Agreement on the products covered by the European Coal and Steel Community which have taken place between the representatives of the Government of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the representatives of the European Communities, acting on behalf of their respective authorities, I have the honour to inform you of the agreement of my authorities to the following.

The representatives of the Government of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the representatives of the Community agree to draw up in the Joint Committee measures to enable the price rules laid down in Article 60 of the Treaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community and the implementing provisions to be applied on a reciprocal basis during the first stage of the Agreement.

I hereby note that sales of iron and steel products in the Community by Yugoslav exporters are subject to the basic price arrangements for imports published in *Official Journal of the European Communities* No L 344 of 31 December 1979.'

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*Head of the Delegation of
the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia*

Information concerning the date of entry into force of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and of the Agreement between the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community and the European Coal and Steel Community, of the one part, and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, of the other part

The notifications provided for in Article 63 of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾ and in Article 17 of the Agreement between the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community and the European Coal and Steel Community, of the one part, and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, of the other part⁽²⁾, signed in Belgrade on 2 April 1980, having been completed on 23 February 1983, the aforementioned Agreements will enter into force on 1 April 1983.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 113.

COUNCIL

AGREEMENT

in the form of an exchange of letters establishing certain procedures for the use of the system of generalized tariff preferences following the entry into force of the Agreement between the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community and the European Coal and Steel Community, of the one part, and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, of the other part

(83/413/ECSC)

Letter No 1

Sir,

During negotiations which took place on 22 June 1983 on the establishment of certain procedures for the use of the system of generalized tariff preferences for products in the coal and steel sector following the entry into force of the Agreement between the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community and the European Coal and Steel Community, of the one part, and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, of the other part, agreement was reached on the following:

1. As from 1 April 1983, the date of entry into force of the Agreement between the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community and the European Coal and Steel Community, of the one part, and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, of the other part, for products subject, under the said Agreement, to a Community tariff ceiling, and for the other products listed at any given time in Annex A to the Decision on the application of the generalized tariff preferences to certain steel products originating in developing countries, the EUR 1 movement certificate provided for in Protocol 3 to the Cooperation Agreement is the only documentary evidence acceptable for the granting of tariff preference.
2. The products referred to in paragraph 1:
 - which could be exported before 1 April 1983 accompanied by a Form A certificate of origin
 - and
 - which were on 1 April 1983 in transit or were in temporary storage, in bonded warehouses or in free zones in the Community or in Yugoslavia,may be allowed to benefit from the provisions of the Agreement if they originate in Yugoslavia within the meaning of Protocol 3 to the Cooperation Agreement and provided

that, within a period of four months from 1 April 1983, an EUR 1 certificate issued retrospectively by the competent authorities of Yugoslavia is produced to the customs authorities in the Community.

The transitional arrangements described in this paragraph shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to any product which may be put in a similar situation by a change either in the system of generalized tariff preferences or in the Agreement.

3. The problem of the application of the preferential arrangements in 1983 for ECSC products originating in Yugoslavia is resolved in the Declaration annexed to this letter.

I should be obliged if you would acknowledge receipt of this letter and confirm your authorities' agreement with its contents.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*Chairman of the Delegation
of the European Coal and
Steel Community*
Nikos DIMADIS

ANNEX

Declaration on the application in 1983 of the preferential arrangements for ECSC products originating in Yugoslavia

1. It is agreed that customs duties may be reimposed for 1983 in accordance with Article 3 (3) of the ECSC Agreement as soon as:
 - the quantities of ECSC products subject to ceilings or tariff quotas and admitted into the Community from 1 January 1983 to 31 March 1983, under the scheme of generalized tariff preferences,
 - plus the quantities of products which, from 1 April 1983, the date on which the ECSC Agreement enters into force, to 31 December 1983, fall under the arrangements in the abovementioned Agreement, applicable *pro rata temporis*,have reached the annual ceilings laid down in the Agreement.
2. Whatever the circumstances, the levying of customs duties on those products referred to in the first indent of point 1 may not be re-introduced until the annual ceiling laid down in the ECSC Agreement has been reached.

Letter No 2

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today's date establishing certain procedures for the use of the system of generalized tariff preferences following the entry into force of the Agreement between the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community and the European Coal and Steel Community, of the one part, and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, of the other part.

I have the honour to confirm my authorities' agreement with its contents.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*Chairman of the Delegation of
the Socialist Federal
Republic of Yugoslavia*
Bora RAFAJLOVSKI

GENERAL MATTERS

2. Provisions within the Community relating to the Co-operation Agreement

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 314/83
of 24 January 1983

on the conclusion of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ⁽¹⁾,

Whereas it is necessary to approve the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia signed in Belgrade on 2 April 1980,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal

Republic of Yugoslavia and the declarations and exchanges of letters annexed to the Final Act are hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The texts of the Cooperation Agreement and of the Final Act are attached to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council shall carry out the notification provided for in Article 63 of the Agreement ⁽²⁾.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 January 1983.

For the Council

The President

H. W. LAUTENSCHLAGER

⁽¹⁾ OJ No C 147, 16. 6. 1980, p. 73.

⁽²⁾ The date of entry into force of the Agreement will be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, by the General Secretariat of the Council.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 315/83

of 24 January 1983

on the conclusion of an Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters amending Annex A to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (heading No 22.09 of the Common Customs Tariff)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,¹

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas it is necessary to approve the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters amending Annex A to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters amending Annex A to the Cooperation Agreement

between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (heading No 22.09 of the Common Customs Tariff) is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is attached to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement in order to bind the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from the entry into force of the Cooperation Agreement.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 January 1983.

For the Council

The President

H. W. LAUTENSCHLAGER

⁽¹⁾ See page 1 of this Official Journal.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 316/83

of 24 January 1983

on the conclusion of the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters amending Annex A to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (heading No 29.04 of the Common Customs Tariff)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas it is necessary to approve the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters amending Annex A to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia ⁽¹⁾,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters amending Annex A to the Cooperation Agreement

between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (heading No 29.04 of the Common Customs Tariff) is hereby approved on behalf of the Community.

The text of the Agreement is attached to this Regulation.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the Agreement in order to bind the Community.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from the entry into force of the Cooperation Agreement.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 January 1983.

For the Council

The President

H. W. LAUTENSCHLAGER

⁽¹⁾ See page 1 of this Official Journal.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1945/83

of 11 July 1983

implementing, in the Community, revised amounts for the documentary requirements in Protocol 3 concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾, signed in Belgrade on 2 April 1980, and in particular Article 6 of Protocol 3 thereto, concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 6 of Protocol 3 lays down that the Community may, if necessary, revise the amounts for determining when EUR. 2 forms may be used instead of EUR. 1 movement certificates or when no documentary evidence of origin is required as provided in Articles 6 and 17 of the said Protocol;

Whereas on 1 October 1982 the equivalent values of the amounts concerned in the various national currencies were lower than their values obtaining on 1 October 1980;

Whereas, as a consequence of the bi-annual automatic adaptation of the base date provided for in Protocol 3, the actual value limits of the amounts referred to in Articles 6 and 17 of the said Protocol would be reduced; whereas, in order to avoid such a reduction, it is necessary to increase these amounts,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The amount laid down in the second subparagraph of Article 6 (1) of Protocol 3 shall be increased to 2 000.

The amounts laid down in Article 17 (2) of the said Protocol shall be increased to 140 and 400 respectively.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 May 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 11 July 1983.

For the Council

The President

C. SIMITIS

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 3. 1983, p. 2.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1946/83
of 11 July 1983

implementing Decision No 2/83 of the EEC-Yugoslavia Cooperation Council substituting the ECU for the European unit of account in Protocol 3 concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas a Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1) was signed in Belgrade on 2 April 1980 and entered into force on 1 April 1983;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 25 of Protocol 3 concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation, which forms an integral part of the said Agreement, the Cooperation Council adopted Decision No 2/83 replacing all references to 'European unit of account' in Articles 6 (1) and 17 (2) of the said Protocol by 'ECU';

Whereas this Decision must be implemented in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Decision No 2/83 of the EEC-Yugoslavia Cooperation Council shall apply in the Community.

The text of the Decision is attached to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 July 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 11 July 1983.

For the Council
The President
C. SIMITIS

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1947/83

of 11 July 1983

implementing Decision No 3/83 of the EEC-Yugoslavia Cooperation Council amending note 6 of Annex I to Protocol 3 concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas a Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1) was signed in Belgrade on 2 April 1980 and entered into force on 1 April 1983;

Whereas, pursuant to Article 25 of Protocol 3 concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation, which forms an integral part of the said Agreement, the Cooperation Council adopted Decision No 3/83 amending note 6 of Annex I to the said Protocol;

Whereas this Decision must be implemented in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Decision No 3/83 of the EEC-Yugoslavia Cooperation Council shall apply in the Community.

The text of the Decision is attached to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

It shall apply with effect from 1 July 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 11 July 1983.

For the Council
The President
C. SIMITIS

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

DECISIONS OF THE CO-OPERATION COUNCIL

DECISION No 1/83
OF THE EEC-YUGOSLAVIA CO-OPERATION COUNCIL
of **24. V. 1983**

laying down the rules of procedure of the Co-operation Council
set up under the Co-operation Agreement
between the European Economic Community and
the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia

THE CO-OPERATION COUNCIL,

Having regard to the Co-operation Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia
and in particular Articles 48 and 51 thereof and Article 26 of
Protocol No 3,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The office of President of the Co-operation Council shall be held alternately as follows:

- from 1 April to 30 September by a member of the Federal Executive Council of the Assembly of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia;
- from 1 October to 31 March, by a member of the Council of the European Communities.

Article 2

After obtaining the agreement of both parties, the President of the Co-operation Council shall determine the date and venue for meetings of the Co-operation Council.

Article 3

1. Members of the Co-operation Council may be accompanied by officials to assist them. The proposed composition of each delegation shall be communicated to the President before each meeting.
2. A representative of the European Investment Bank and a representative of the corresponding Yugoslav body shall attend the meetings of the Co-operation Council when matters which concern them appear on the agenda.

Article 4

Where members of the Co-operation Council are represented, the representatives shall exercise all the rights of the members.

Article 5

Unless otherwise decided, meetings of the Co-operation Council shall not be public. Entry to meetings of the Co-operation Council shall be subject to the showing of a pass.

Article 6

The Co-operation Council shall take decisions in meetings; decisions on urgent matters may be taken outside the meetings by the written procedure where both parties are in agreement.

Article 7

All communications from the President provided for in the rules of procedure of the Co-operation Council shall be forwarded to the members of the Council of the European Communities, to the General Secretariat thereof and to the General Secretariat of the Commission and to the Mission of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia to the European Communities.

Article 8

1. The President shall draw up the provisional agenda for each meeting. It shall be forwarded to the recipients referred to in Article 7 not less than twenty-one days before the beginning of the meeting.

The provisional agenda shall consist of those items in respect of which the request for inclusion has reached the President not less than twenty-eight days before the beginning of the meeting.

The only items which may appear on the provisional agenda shall be those in respect of which the relevant documentation has been forwarded to the recipients referred to in Article 7 not later than the date of dispatch of the agenda in question.

The agenda shall be adopted by the Co-operation Council at the beginning of each meeting. Where both parties agree, items which do not appear on the provisional agenda may be included.

2. The President may, in agreement with the two parties, shorten the time limits laid down in paragraph 1 to take account of the requirements of a particular case.

Article 9

Minutes shall be kept of each meeting, including in particular, on the basis of the President's summing up of the proceedings, a summary of the conclusions adopted by the Co-operation Council.

After being approved by the Co-operation Council, the minutes shall be signed by the President-in-Office and by the secretaries of the Co-operation Council and kept in its archives. A copy of the minutes shall be forwarded to the recipients referred to in Article 7.

Article 10

The official languages of the Co-operation Council shall be Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Greek, Italian and one of the languages of the Yugoslav people.

Unless otherwise decided, the Co-operation Council shall base its deliberations on documentation prepared in these eight languages.

Article 11

Acts adopted by the Co-operation Council shall be signed by the President.

Article 12

Decisions, resolutions, recommendations and opinions of the Co-operation Council within the meaning of Article 37 of the Agreement shall be entitled "Decision", "Resolution", "Recommendation", or "Opinion", followed by a serial number and a description of their subject.

Article 13

The decisions, resolutions, recommendations and opinions of the Co-operation Council within the meaning of Article 37 of the Co-operation Agreement shall be divided into Articles.

The acts referred to in the preceding paragraph shall end with the formula "Done at,", the date to be inserted being that on which they are adopted by the Co-operation Council.

The decisions, resolutions, recommendations and opinions of the Co-operation Council shall be forwarded to the recipients referred to in Article 7.

Article 14

The Co-operation Committee shall be responsible for assisting the Co-operation Council in the performance of its duties, for preparing its deliberations, for studying any matter which the Co-operation Council has entrusted it to examine and, in general, for ensuring the continuity of co-operation required for the proper functioning of the Co-operation Agreement.

The Co-operation Committee shall be made up of representatives of the members of the Co-operation Council.

The offices of chairman and secretariat of the Co-operation Committee shall be held under the same conditions and alternate in the same way as the office of President and that of secretariat of the Co-operation Council.

Article 15

The secretariat duties shall be carried out jointly by a member of the staff of the General Secretariat of the Council of the European Communities and a representative of the Federal Executive Council of the Assembly of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

Article 16

1. The Customs Co-operation Committee referred to in Article 26 of Protocol No 3 of the Co-operation Agreement shall be composed on the one hand of experts of the Member States and of officials of the departments of the Commission who are responsible for customs questions and, on the other hand, of experts appointed by the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia. It shall meet alternately under the chairmanship of a representative of the Commission and of a representative of Yugoslavia, in accordance with the same rules as those applied in the Co-operation Council.

The customs Co-operation Committee shall keep the Co-operation Committee regularly informed of its work and shall submit its agenda prior to its meetings. Such information and communications shall be transmitted via the secretariat of the Co-operation Council. Wherever a question relating to the application of the Co-operation Agreement is raised, the Customs Co-operation Committee must refer the matter to the Co-operation Committee.

Article 17

The Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia shall be responsible for the expenditure they incur by reason of their participation in the meetings of the Co-operation Council and of its Committees and working parties. Such expenditure shall include staff, travel and subsistence expenditure as well as postal and telecommunications expenditure.

Expenditure in connection with interpreting at meetings, translation and reproduction of documents shall be borne by the Community, with the exception of expenditure in connection with interpreting or translation into or from one of the languages of the Yugoslav people, which shall be borne by Yugoslavia. Expenditure relating to the material organization of meetings shall be borne by the Community.

Article 18

Without prejudice to such other provisions as may apply, the deliberations of the Co-operation Council shall be covered by the obligation of professional secrecy.

Article 19

Correspondence intended for the Co-operation Council shall be sent to its President at the address of the General Secretariat of the Council of the European Communities.

Article 20

1. For the purposes of the consultations provided for in the Co-operation Agreement, the Contracting Parties shall notify one another of the measures they propose to take in the cases provided for in the said Agreement.

2. Each Contracting Party may request consultation at any time from the date of notification. This shall take place as soon as possible and not later than twenty-one days from the date of request.
3. Should consultation give rise to a divergent assessment of the extent of the measures proposed or taken in an urgent case, the Contracting Party concerned shall reconsider those measures.
4. Consultations shall take place according to the form most appropriate for the matter involved.

The competent body may be the Co-operation Council or the Co-operation Committee.

Udfærdiget i
Geschehen zu
Έγινε στις
Done at
Fait à Bruxelles, le 24 mai 1983
Fatto a
Gedaan te

På Samarbejdsrådets vegne
Im Namen des Rates für Zusammenarbeit
Για το Συμβούλιο Συνεργασίας
For the Co-operation Council
Par le Conseil de coopération
Per il Consiglio di cooperazione
Voor de Samenwerkingsraad

Formand
Der Präsident
Ὁ πρόεδρος
The President
Le président
Il Presidente
De Voorzitter

Lazar KOJSCV

The Secretaries

R. PERKOVIC

G.L. GIOLA

DECISION No 2/83
OF THE EEC-YUGOSLAVIA CO-OPERATION COUNCIL
of 24 May 1983
substituting the ECU for the European unit of account
in Protocol No 3 of the Co-operation Agreement
between the European Economic Community and
the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia

THE CO-OPERATION COUNCIL,

Having regard to the Co-operation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia signed in Belgrade on 2 April 1980, hereinafter referred to as the "Agreement",

Having regard to Protocol No 3 to the Agreement concerning the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative co-operation, and in particular Article 25 thereof,

Whereas in the said Protocol the European unit of account is used as a common unit of value for determining when EUR 2 forms may be used instead of EUR 1 movement certificates and when there is no need to produce proof of origin;

Whereas with effect from 1 January 1981 the Community replaced the European unit of account by the ECU;

Whereas Protocol No 3 should be amended accordingly,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

Reference to "European unit of account" in Article 6(1) and Article 17(2) of Protocol No 3 shall be replaced by "ECU".

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on 1 July 1983.

Udfærdiget i
Geschehen zu
Έγινε στις
Done at
Fait à Bruxelles, le 24 mai 1983
Fatto a
Gedaan te

På Samarbejdsrådets vegne
Im Namen des Rates für Zusammenarbeit
Γιὰ τὸ Συμβούλιο Συνεργασίας
For the Co-operation Council
Par le Conseil de coopération
Per il Consiglio di cooperazione
Voor de Samenwerkingsraad

Formand
Der Präsident
Ὁ πρόεδρος
The President
Le président
Il Presidente
De Voorzitter

Lazar KOJSCOV

The Secretaries

R. PERKOVIC

G.L. GIOLA

DECISION No 3/83
OF THE EEC-YUGOSLAVIA CO-OPERATION COUNCIL
of **24. V. 1983**
amending Note 6 of Annex I to Protocol No 3
of the Co-operation Agreement
between the European Economic Community and the
Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia

THE CO-OPERATION COUNCIL,

Having regard to the Co-operation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia signed in Belgrade on 2 April 1980, hereinafter referred to as the "Agreement",

Having regard to Protocol No 3 to the Agreement concerning the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative co-operation, and in particular Article 25 thereof,

Whereas Note 6 of Annex I to the said Protocol explains the basis on which the customs value referred to in Article 4 of the said Protocol must be defined;

Whereas the Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia have accepted the agreement regarding the application of Article VII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT), which entered into force on 1 January 1981; whereas the said Agreement introduces a new system for determining customs value;

Whereas Note 6 of Annex I to Protocol No 3 should accordingly be amended,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The second paragraph of Note 6 re Article 4 set out in Annex I to Protocol No 3 shall be replaced by the following:

"Customs value" shall be understood as meaning the customs value laid down within the framework of the agreement concerning the application of Article VII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade which entered into force on 1 January 1981."

Article 2

This Decision shall enter into force on 1 July 1983.

Udfærdiget i
Geschehen zu
Έγινε στις
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Fait à Bruxelles, le 24 mai 1983
Fatto a
Gedaan te

På Samarbejdsrådets vegne
Im Namen des Rates für Zusammenarbeit
Για το Συμβούλιο Συνεργασίας
For the Co-operation Council
Par le Conseil de coopération
Per il Consiglio di cooperazione
Voor de Samenwerkingsraad

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Lazar MOJSCOV

The Secretaries

R. PERKOVIC

G.L. GIOLA

DECISION No 4/83
OF THE EEC-YUGOSLAVIA CO-OPERATION COUNCIL
of **24. V. 1983**
setting out the guidelines for co-operation
between the Community and Yugoslavia

THE CO-OPERATION COUNCIL,

Having regard to the Co-operation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, and in particular Articles 2, 5, 6 and 7 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 of the Agreement provides for the institution of co-operation with the aim of contributing to the development of Yugoslavia by efforts complementary to those made by Yugoslavia itself, and of strengthening existing economic links on as broad a basis as possible for the mutual benefit of the Parties;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 13 of the Agreement, the general guidelines for co-operation should be established and ways and means sought for implementing that co-operation;

Whereas long-term co-operation between industry in the Community and in Yugoslavia on projects of mutual interest should be developed;

Whereas there are advantages in promoting joint investment in industry and in agricultural production;

Having in view a division of labour based in the the long term on a better use of comparative advantages for the production of industrial and agricultural products,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

At this stage, the following objectives shall be adopted as general guidelines for co-operation between the Community and Yugoslavia:

(a) In industry:

- the development of contacts between the economic operators of the two Parties;
- the promotion of investment and joint ventures to the mutual advantage of the Parties and long-term co-operation on projects of mutual interest such as may encourage the development of trade;
- the conduct and promotion of pre-feasibility studies on projects to be determined;
- the encouragement of co-operation on third-country markets in all possible forms by promoting exchanges of information on the activities of each Party on such markets and on the possibilities for co-financing;

- the strengthening of co-operation between economic operators in order to facilitate the transfer of technology, notably in the production of agricultural processing machinery.

(b) In agriculture:

- the development of co-operation in science and research on projects of common interest and in particular on projects likely to increase production efficiency and the development of products of which there is a shortfall in Yugoslavia;
- the encouragement of exchanges of technology in the field of the production and processing of commodities to be determined jointly;
- the promotion, on the basis of greater complementarity, of co-operation in the production of agri-food crops intended, in particular, for the markets of third countries, especially those of developing countries;
- the encouragement of co-operation in the construction, with full project-study facilities, of agri-food complexes in the developing countries;

- the organization of fairs, exhibitions and meetings between economic operators.

(c) In trade:

- the encouragement of co-operation, notably in the form of actions aimed not only at developing but also at diversifying exports as regards both products and markets.

Article 2

At this stage, the following programme shall be adopted for industrial co-operation between the Community and Yugoslavia:

(a) the organization of contacts and meetings between professional associations and specialized institutions to:

- exchange information and identify the sectors and sub-sectors in which co-operation can be developed to the mutual advantage of the Parties;
- identify possibilities of redirecting co-operation in sectors and subsectors particularly sensitive for the Community market;

- (b) the organization of missions or business weeks for industrialists, notably in the field of energy, including energy-producing equipment;
- (c) the organization of a conference on investment promotion in Yugoslavia;
- (d) the establishment, subject to the necessary studies, of an "Information Bureau for EEC-Yugoslavia Co-operation" with the task of enabling the economic operators of both Parties to be better informed about the legal and financial arrangements for co-operation and providing them with technical assistance for co-operation projects;
- (e) the joint drafting of a practical guide (co-operation handbook) for the economic operators of both Parties.

Article 3

At this stage, the following programme shall be adopted for agricultural co-operation between the Community and Yugoslavia:

- (a) the encouragement, through business missions, of long-term contracts with a view to production of common interest;

- (b) the provision of experts and organization of seminars to encourage the exchange of technology, in the sphere of the production and processing of products to be defined jointly;
- (c) the organization of symposia, exchanges of experts or co-financing of studies on:
 - co-operation in the field of marketing (market research and surveys, packaging, standards) in sectors of common interest,
 - the outlook for the development and application of new technologies in the sphere of agricultural production,
 - investment and technical co-operation in the sphere of fertilizing and irrigation in order to improve and develop agricultural production in which Yugoslavia has a shortfall,
 - technical and technological co-operation in recycling agricultural and abattoir products to produce protein feed.

Article 4

The Community and Yugoslavia shall encourage co-operation between research institutes in fields to be specified, in particular seismological research institutes, bearing also in mind the training of scientific and technical staff, particularly through exchanges of experts.

Article 5

The Co-operation Council shall be regularly informed of the implementation of this Decision.

Udfærdiget i
Geschehen zu
Έγινε στις
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Fait à Bruxelles, le 24 mai 1983
Fatto a
Gedaan te

På Samarbejdsrådets vegne
Im Namen des Rates für Zusammenarbeit
Για το Ευρωπαϊκό Συνεργασίας
For the Co-operation Council
Par le Conseil de coopération
Per il Consiglio di cooperazione
Voor de Samenwerkingsraad

Formand
Der Präsident
Ὁ πρόεδρος
The President
Le président
Il Presidente
De Voorzitter

Lazar MOJSCV

The Secretaries

R. PERKOVIC

G.L. GIOLA

DECISION No 1/84
OF THE EEC-YUGOSLAVIA CO-OPERATION COUNCIL
of 18 June 1984

on the extension of the first stage
referred to in Article 58 of the
Co-operation Agreement between the European Economic Community
and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia

THE CO-OPERATION COUNCIL,

Whereas the provisions of the Co-operation Agreement relating
to trade, which were implemented in advance, are due to expire
on 30 June 1985;

Whereas the accession of Spain and Portugal will necessitate the negotiation with the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia of a Protocol adapting the Co-operation Agreement,

Whereas the two Parties have expressed the wish to negotiate at the same time the renewal of the provisions of the Agreement relating to trade and the said Protocol of adaptation;

NOTES that the Contracting Parties wish the first stage referred to in Article 58(1) of the Co-operation Agreement to be extended until a Protocol adapting the said Agreement is concluded following the accession of Spain and Portugal to the Community.

Udfærdiget i
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De Voorzitter

Ralf DIIDAREVIC

The Secretaries

C. DJERMANOVIC

E. CHIOCCIOLI

DECISION No 2/84
OF THE EEC-YUGOSLAVIA CO-OPERATION COUNCIL
of 18 June 1984

on the continuation of financial co-operation
between the European Economic Community
and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia

THE CO-OPERATION COUNCIL,

Whereas the first Protocol on financial co-operation expires on
30 June 1985;

Whereas the result of this co-operation has made it possible to
sign financing agreements for the whole amount provided for in
the said Protocol;

Whereas, in view of the satisfactory outcome of financial co-operation, such co-operation should be continued in order to help finance projects designed to contribute to the economic development of Yugoslavia and of mutual interest to both Parties,

INVITES the Contracting Parties to enter into negotiations, before the end of the period provided for in Article 2(1) of Protocol No 2, with a view to concluding a second Financial Protocol.

Udfærdiget i
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Rais DJIDAREVIC

The Secretaries

C. DJERMANOVIC

E. CHIOCCIOLI

DECISION No 3/84
OF THE EEC-YUGOSLAVIA CO-OPERATION COUNCIL
of 18 June 1984

on co-operation between the
European Economic Community and the
Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia

THE CO-OPERATION COUNCIL,

Having regard to the Co-operation Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of
Yugoslavia, and in particular Articles 2, 5, 6 and 7 thereof,

Whereas Article 2 of the Agreement provides for the institution of co-operation with the aim of contributing to the development of Yugoslavia by efforts complementary to those made by Yugoslavia itself, and of strengthening existing economic links on as broad a basis as possible for the mutual benefit of the Parties.

Whereas, in accordance with Article 13 of the Agreement, the general guidelines for co-operation should be established and ways and means of implementing that co-operation sought;

Considering Decision No 4/83 of the Co-operation Council of 24 May 1983, laying down the guidelines and the programme for EEC-Yugoslavia co-operation,

Considering the general outcome of the co-operation measures implemented under Decision No 4/83 to be positive,

HAS AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

1. The Co-operation Council confirms that the objectives laid down as general guidelines by Decision No 4/83 for co-operation between the Community and Yugoslavia.

2. The Co-operation Council shall encourage the implementation of the co-operation measures provided for in the said Decision, which it has not been possible to implement during the past year.

3. The Co-operation Council confirms the importance of a Conference on investment promotion.

Article 2

1. The Co-operation Council hopes that the deepening of economic relations between Yugoslavia and the Community that has already been carried out will continue, notably through the organization of contacts and meetings between professional associations and specialized institutions, as referred to in Article 2 of Decision No 4/83.

2. It considers that the identification of sectors or sub-sectors in which co-operation is in the mutual interest remains a priority task.

3. It notes the work already carried out on overcoming the administrative, legal and financial obstacles encountered by economic operators in carrying out their projects, notably the study on the establishment of an "Information Bureau for EEC-Yugoslavia Co-operation". It recommends that the options arising from the study be examined as soon as possible so that the said Bureau may be set up.

Article 3

The Co-operation Council notes that the measures carried out in connection with the implementation of Decision No 4/83 have made it possible, in specific sectors, to formulate programmes for new and specific measures to be carried out over the period 1984-1985, namely:

1. In the field of statistics

- (a) The two Parties agree to develop lasting co-operation in their mutual interest.
- (b) The priority areas of this co-operation agreed upon at this stage are:
 - problems connected with foreign trade statistics;
 - price statistics and specifically the international price comparison project (PCI);
 - annual adjustment of entry-exit tables;
 - data banks and informatics in general.
- (c) The programme comprising the following measures is hereby adopted:
 - exchange of information in the abovementioned fields, particular definition and implementation of conditions of access to Community data bases;
 - communication, on request, of statistics between the Statistical Office of the European Communities (SOEC) and the Federal Institute of Statistics (FIS);

- participation by FIS representatives in meetings and seminars organized by the SOEC on the topics referred to above;
- implementation of a co-operation programme in the field of foreign trade, further to the recommendations outlined in the Study on the "Analysis of divergences between Yugoslav and Community foreign trade statistics".

4. In agricultural research, the two Parties confirm the importance of encouraging agricultural co-operation which fosters greater complementarity. The two Parties have agreed in the context of their co-operation with the International Centre for Advanced Mediterranean Agronomic Studies, to implement the following programme:

- implementation of research projects and in particular participation by Yugoslavia in the current research programme of ICAMAS, specifically in research on "The economy and geopolitics of trade in cereals and protein-rich oil products in the Mediterranean";
- participation by Yugoslav experts in seminars and symposia on Mediterranean produce organized by ICAMAS in 1984-1985;
- participation by Yugoslav trainees in education programmes organized by ICAMAS, particularly in the fields of soil improvement, irrigation and the recycling of farm by-products.

3. In the field of energy, it is agreed to conduct exchanges of information in order to identify sectors of common interest (electricity, energy programming) in which specific co-operation programmes could be drawn up.

4. In the field of the environment, the two Parties will study the possibilities of financing Yugoslav projects, bearing in mind the appropriations available, under the Priority Action Programme (PAP) of the Mediterranean Action Plan.

In addition, encouragement will be given to co-operation between Yugoslav and Community institutes in the field of the protection of the Adriatic against pollution.

3. In the field of scientific and technical co-operation, it is agreed to conduct exchanges of information to identify sectors of common interest in which specific co-operation programmes could be drawn up, pursuant to Article 6(2) of the Agreement, with a view to encouraging co-operation between research institutes in fields to be defined, with a view also to the training of scientific and technical staff, in particular through exchanges of experts.

Article 4

1. A Working Party on EEC-Yugoslavia Co-operation is hereby set up, comprising representatives of the Yugoslav authorities and of the Commission.
2. The task of the Working Party shall be to monitor the development of co-operation and if necessary issue detailed instructions for the work in progress.
3. The Working Party shall keep the Co-operation Council regularly informed of the implementation of co-operation.

Udfærdiget i
Geschehen zu
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Fait à Luxembourg, le 18 juin 1984.
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På Samarbejdsrådets vegne
Im Namen des Rates für Zusammenarbeit
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RAIF DIDAREVIC

The Secretaries

C. DJERMANOVIC

E. CHIOCCIOLI

RECOMMENDATION No 1/84
OF THE EEC-YUGOSLAVIA CO-OPERATION COUNCIL
of 18 June 1984
on the ASOR Agreement

THE CO-OPERATION COUNCIL,

Having regard to the Co-operation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, and in particular Article 8 thereof,

Whereas Article 8(1) of the Agreement provides for a form of co-operation between the two Parties in the transport field to improve and develop services;

Whereas the Agreement on the international carriage of passengers by road by means of occasional coach and bus services (ASOR) has not been signed by the Yugoslav Government and whereas this is likely to cause certain difficulties in the international carriage of passengers by road;

Whereas, in order to resolve these difficulties, it is apparent that a specific arrangement is necessary,

RECOMMENDS that the Contracting Parties to the Co-operation Agreement conclude a specific arrangement permitting the use, for the said carriage, of certain documents provided for by the ASOR Agreement.

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Rais DIMITREVIC

The Secretaries

C. DJERMANOVIC

E. CHIOCCIOLI

RECOMMENDATION No 2/84
OF THE EEC-YUGOSLAVIA CO-OPERATION COUNCIL
of 18 June 1984

on combined transport

THE CO-OPERATION COUNCIL,

Having regard to the Co-operation Agreement between the European
Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia,
and in particular Article 8 thereof,

Whereas Article 8(1) of the Agreement provides for a form of co-operation between the two Parties in the transport field to improve and develop services, particularly with regard to combined transport;

Whereas, in order to attain this objective, negotiations have been opened between the two Parties and whereas the conclusion thereof should be expedited,

RECOMMENDS that the Contracting Parties intensify the current negotiations aimed at establishing mutually acceptable combined transport arrangements.

Udfærdiget i
Geschehen zu
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Raif DIBDAREVIC

The Secretaries

C. DJERMANOVIC

E. CHIOCCIOLI

DECISION
OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE COMMUNITY AND
THE SOCIALIST FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF YUGOSLAVIA,
MEETING WITHIN THE CO-OPERATION COUNCIL,
of 18 June 1984

implementing the exchange of letters on
Yugoslav labour employed in the Community, annexed
to the Final Act of the Co-operation Agreement
between the European Economic Community
and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia

THE MEMBER STATES OF THE COMMUNITY AND THE SOCIALIST FEDERAL
REPUBLIC OF YUGOSLAVIA,

Having regard to the exchange of letters on Yugoslav labour
employed in the Community annexed to the Final Act of the
Co-operation Agreement between the European Economic Community
and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia,

Whereas the exchanges of views provided for therein, without being concerned with matters covered by the Agreement, would deal in particular with social and cultural questions and with problems concerning the reintegration of migrant workers into the Yugoslav economy,

HAVE DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Sole Article

1. A working party comprising representatives of the Member States of the Community and of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia is hereby set up to conduct the exchanges of views referred to in the first paragraph of the exchange of letters on Yugoslav labour employed in the Community annexed to the Final Act of the Co-operation Agreement.

2. The working party shall be chaired alternately by a representative of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and a representative of the Member State holding the Presidency of the Council of the European Communities; chairmanships shall coincide with those of the Co-operation Council.

3. The Commission of the European Communities shall take part in the proceedings of the working party.

4. Secretariat duties shall be carried out jointly by an official of the General Secretariat of the Council of the European Communities and an official of the Yugoslav Government.

5. The working party shall keep the Co-operation Council regularly informed of its activities.

Udfærdiget i
Geschehen zu
Έγινε στις
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Γρά τό Συμβούλιο Συνεργασίας
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Raif DZIDAREVIC

The Secretaries

C. DJERMANOVIC

E. CHIOCCIOLI

PROVISIONS WITHIN THE EEC

COUNCIL

COUNCIL DECISION

of 17 January 1983

terminating the anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports of codeine and its salts originating in Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland and Yugoslavia

(83/9/EEC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3017/79 of 20 December 1979 on protection against dumped or subsidized imports from countries not members of the European Economic Community⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1580/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 9 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission submitted after consultations within the Advisory Committee set up by the abovementioned Regulation,

Whereas the Commission received a complaint lodged by the two major German manufacturers which, at that time, accounted for a large proportion of the total Community output of codeine and its salts; whereas the complaint contained evidence of the existence of dumping in respect of like products originating in Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland and in Yugoslavia and of material injury resulting therefrom;

Whereas, since the said evidence was sufficient to justify initiating a proceeding, the Commission accordingly announced, by a notice published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*⁽³⁾, the initiation of a proceeding concerning imports of such

products originating in the said countries and started an investigation at Community level;

Whereas the Commission officially so advised the exporters and importers known to be concerned as well as the representatives of the exporting countries and the complainants;

Whereas the Commission gave the parties directly concerned the opportunity to make known their views in writing and to be heard orally; whereas all exporters and importers known to be concerned have taken this opportunity;

Whereas, in order to arrive at a preliminary determination of dumping and injury, the Commission sought to obtain and verify all information which it deemed to be necessary; whereas the Commission had also to take into consideration the fact that trade in codeine and its salts is subject to international control under the 1961 Single Convention and that, owing to the import restrictions applied on this basis by the other Member States, the Federal Republic of Germany is the only important Community market on which the said goods can be freely imported;

Whereas the Commission carried out inspections at the premises of the sole Yugoslav producer Alkaloid, Skopje and at the premises of the two complainants E Merck, Darmstadt and Boehringer, Ingelheim;

Whereas, for its determination of dumping the Commission had to take account of the fact that Czechoslovakia, Hungary and Poland are not market economy countries;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 339, 31. 12. 1979, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 178, 22. 6. 1982, p. 9.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 71, 1. 4. 1981, p. 2.

Whereas for that reason, the Commission had to base its calculations on the normal value in a market country; whereas, in that connection, the complainant suggested the domestic price in Yugoslavia; whereas the Hungarian exporter disputed the choice of the Yugoslav domestic price as a basis for the determination of normal value and alleged that the protection of the Yugoslav market led to internal prices which were artificially high; whereas as an alternative the Hungarian exporter suggested that a normal value be established by using the export price of another market economy third country to Germany; whereas the Commission considered that the additional administrative burden which would be imposed on it by carrying out investigations in a further market economy country would be unjustified unless it could be demonstrated that it would be manifestly more appropriate and reasonable to use another third country's normal value rather than to use prices or costs in Yugoslavia; whereas, in view of the fact that practically all countries producing codeine protect their home market, the Commission considered the choice of a third country's export price to be inappropriate because it was always likely to be dumped and because there was no justification for discriminating between Yugoslavia and the other three countries concerned by basing the normal value in one case on allegedly artificially high internal prices and in the other cases on a lower and therefore dumped export price; whereas the Commission has consequently, since no other objections against the Yugoslav price were brought forward, based its preliminary determinations of normal value on the domestic price in Yugoslavia during the period 1 January 1980 to 31 March 1981;

Whereas export prices for the Czechoslovakian exporter Chemapol, the Hungarian exporter Medimpex, the Polish exporter Ciech and the Yugoslav exporter Alkaloid were established on the basis of the information obtained from these companies; whereas in the case of Alkaloid this information was verified on the spot, while in respect of the other exporting companies the cif prices were checked by reference to the official German import statistics;

Whereas the normal value was compared with the export prices of the four exporting companies; whereas these comparisons were made at the ex-factory level for sales made during the period 1 January 1980 to 31 March 1981; whereas this preliminary investigation of dumping showed dumping margins of 93.6 % for Alkaloid, 94.3 % for Chemapol, 99.8 % for Medimpex and 87.5 % for Ciech;

Whereas, with regard to injury caused by the dumped imports to the Community industry, the evidence available to the Commission during the preliminary investigations shows that imports from Poland into the Federal Republic of Germany have increased from 500

kg in 1978 to 2 645 kg in 1980; whereas during the same period imports from Czechoslovakia have increased from 400 to 620 kg and those from Hungary from 0 to 200 kg after reaching a peak of 650 kg in 1979; whereas imports from Yugoslavia increased from 275 kg in 1978 to 3 164 kg in 1979 and dropped to 450 kg in 1980;

Whereas in 1980 Polish exports held a share of 11.6 % and Czechoslovakian exports a share of 2.7 % of the German market; whereas the market share of Hungarian exports dropped from 3.2 % in 1979 to 0.9 % in 1980 and during the same period the Yugoslav market share dropped from 15.4 % to 2.0 %;

Whereas the prices of the dumped imports were significantly below the prices charged by the two complaining German producers; whereas in 1980 Polish import prices, on average, undercut the domestic selling prices of the two German producers by more than 41 %; whereas the corresponding figures for the other exporters concerned were 32 % in the case of Czechoslovakian, 43 % in the case of Hungarian and 34 % in the case of Yugoslav exports;

Whereas the consequent impact on the German industry has contributed to an alarming drop in the market share held by the complainants from 23 % in 1978 to 6.3 % in 1980, a drop in sales volume of up to 90 % and an increase in the average storage time at the premises of the complainants from around 150 days in 1978 to up to 960 days in 1980; whereas both complainants, due to the depressed price levels, suffered serious losses in 1979 and 1980 and were forced to stop their production and to reduce their work force by 50 %;

Whereas the Commission has also considered whether injury has been caused by other factors such as volume and prices of imports from other countries, which individually or in combination are also adversely affecting the complainants; whereas imports into the Federal Republic of Germany from other Member States also increased from 6 946.5 kg in 1978 to 10 572 kg in 1980; whereas during the same period the market share held by these imports increased from 35.7 to 46.4 %; whereas in 1980 the average price of these imports was more than 39 % below the average domestic selling prices of the two German firms;

Whereas, in addition, in 1977 import prices of the products concerned originating in the countries subject to this proceeding were well above the comparable price of the products originating in other Member States; whereas, in 1978, while the differential between the price levels of the various imports was, in general, maintained, a sharp drop in prices of imports from all sources coincided with an increase in the market share of imports originating in Member States from 31.9 to 35.7 %;

Whereas, under these circumstances, it appears that the imports from other Member States have been the principal cause of injury and it is difficult to establish whether the imports from Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland and Yugoslavia, taken in isolation, have caused material injury to the Community industry concerned ;

Whereas, furthermore, the interests of the Community do not call for Community intervention against the dumped imports as long as other Member States, while maintaining import restrictions, continue to export low priced codeine to the Federal Republic of Germany ; whereas any restriction on the imports from the four countries concerned would probably only result in their being replaced by low-priced imports from the rest of the Community as happened between 1979 and 1980, when an increase of 7.3 % in imports of Community origin coincided with a drop of 8.9 % in imports from the four countries concerned ;

Whereas the Commission's view is that, on the basis of the foregoing, the proceeding should be terminated ; whereas, however, one Member State has raised an objection in the Advisory Committee ; whereas the Commission has therefore referred the matter to the Council ;

Whereas on the basis of the above findings it has been determined that any action taken against the imports found to be dumped would not give relief to the complainant industry and that it is, therefore, not in the Community's interests at this time to take protective measures against these dumped imports ; whereas, in these circumstances the procedure concerning imports of codeine and its salts from Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland and Yugoslavia should be terminated,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Sole Article

The anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports of codeine and its salts originating in Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland and Yugoslavia is hereby terminated.

Done at Brussels, 17 January 1983.

For the Council

The President

J. ERTL

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 486/83
of 28 February 1983

imposing a definitive anti-dumping duty on copper sulphate originating in Yugoslavia and definitively collecting the amounts secured by way of provisional duty

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3017/79 of 20 December 1979 on protection against dumped or subsidized imports from countries not members of the European Economic Community (¹), as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1580/82 (²), and in particular Article 12 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal submitted by the Commission after consultation with the Advisory Committee established by the above Regulation,

Whereas in May 1982 the Commission received a complaint submitted by CEFIC (the European Council of Chemical Industry Federations) on behalf of a Community producer, Manica SpA, Rovereto, whose output constitutes a major proportion of Community production of copper sulphate;

Whereas the complaint contained evidence of dumping and of material injury resulting therefrom which was considered sufficient to justify initiating a proceeding; whereas the Commission accordingly published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* (³) a notice of the initiation of an anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports into the Community of copper sulphate (corresponding to NIMEXE code 28.38-27) originating in Yugoslavia and started an investigation at Community level;

Whereas, since the preliminary examination of the matter showed that there was dumping, that there was sufficient evidence of injury and that the interests of the Community called for immediate intervention, the Commission, by Regulation (EEC) No 2936/82 (⁴), imposed a provisional anti-dumping duty on imports of copper sulphate originating in Yugoslavia;

Whereas in the course of the subsequent examination, completed after the imposition of the provisional

anti-dumping duty, the interested parties had the opportunity to make known their views in writing, to be heard by the Commission, to inspect non-confidential information relevant to the defence of their interests and to be informed of the essential facts and considerations on the basis of which it was intended to make a final determination; whereas the Community producer and the exporters concerned made known their views in writing and orally;

Whereas, as regards the reference period, the Commission, as in the preliminary investigation, took the period between August 1981 to July 1982;

Whereas, as regards normal value, the Yugoslav exporters, during the subsequent investigation, requested that adjustment be made to their domestic prices to take account of a turnover tax paid by the copper sulphate producers at a level of 17,4% on sales of copper sulphate on the Yugoslav domestic market;

Whereas the Commission made allowance for this tax by deducting the amount from the domestic prices;

Whereas, however, the Yugoslav producers' income on sales of copper sulphate net of this turnover tax was less than their costs, both fixed and variable, normally incurred in the production of copper sulphate; whereas, accordingly, the normal value provisionally determined by the Commission on the basis of the domestic prices of the two producers concerned could not be considered valid for the subsequent investigation since sales of the product on the domestic market do not permit proper comparison being made, since such sales were made at a loss throughout the reference period; whereas the Commission determined, therefore, that the normal value for the two companies should be established by means of a constructed value based on costs of production;

Whereas both companies informed the Commission that their costs are determined by Government authorities and are effectively identical; whereas the constructed value was compared by taking one company's total cost of materials and manufacture, including overheads, and adding a profit margin of 3%; whereas this level of profit was considered reasonable in taking account of the Yugoslav producers' and the complainant's submissions regarding current market conditions in Yugoslavia;

(¹) OJ No L 339, 31. 12. 1979, p. 1.

(²) OJ No L 178, 22. 6. 1982, p. 9.

(³) OJ No C 161, 26. 6. 1982, p. 2.

(⁴) OJ No L 308, 4. 11. 1982, p. 7.

Whereas, as in the provisional determination of normal value on the basis of domestic prices, the constructed value was reduced in order to take account of the incidence of the Yugoslav customs duty levied on imported copper but refunded when copper sulphate is exported;

Whereas ex-works export prices were established for all export transactions to the Community during the reference period, taking into account, where appropriate, agents' commission and transport and insurance costs to the Community frontier;

Whereas a comparison at ex-works level between the normal value and the export prices showed a weighted average dumping margin of 42,6 % of the average price cif Community frontier;

Whereas, with regard to injury, the Commission, in its subsequent investigation, obtained, updated information relating particularly to the Community producer's costs, which had increased by approximately 20 % in the latter part of the reference period for which information was not previously available; whereas this information required the Commission to revise its calculation on the level of duty necessary to eliminate the injury caused by the dumped products;

Whereas the Commission, in the course of its subsequent examination, has received no evidence to further alter its findings regarding injury;

Whereas, accordingly, the interests of the Community require the imposition of a definitive anti-dumping duty on imports of copper sulphate originating in Yugoslavia; whereas, having regard to the extent of the injury established during the subsequent investigation and for the purposes of the elimination thereof, the

rate of duty should be 19,5 %; whereas Community interests also call for the definitive collection in their entirety of the amounts secured by way of provisional anti-dumping duty,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. A definitive anti-dumping duty is hereby imposed on copper sulphate, falling within subheading ex 28.38 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and corresponding to NIMEXE code 28.38-27, originating in Yugoslavia. The amount of the duty shall be equal to 19,5 %.

2. The amount of the duty referred to in paragraph 1 shall be determined on the basis of the customs value determined in accordance with Council Regulation (EEC) No 1224/80 of 28 May 1980 on the valuation of goods for customs purposes (¹).

3. The provisions in force concerning customs duties shall apply to the duty referred to in paragraph 1.

Article 2

The amounts secured by way of provisional anti-dumping duty under Regulation (EEC) No 2936/82 shall be definitively collected in their entirety.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 28 February 1983.

For the Council

The President

F. ZIMMERMANN

(¹) OJ No L 134, 31. 5. 1980, p. 1.

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 1 March 1983

accepting undertakings given in connection with the anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports of ferro-silicon originating in Iceland, Norway, Sweden, Venezuela and Yugoslavia and terminating that proceeding

(83/93/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3017/79 of 20 December 1979 on protection against dumped or subsidized imports from countries not members of the European Economic Community⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1580/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 10 thereof,

After consultations within the Advisory Committee provided for under the above Regulation,

Whereas the Commission received a complaint lodged by, among others, the 'Chambre Syndicale de l'Electro-metallurgie et de l'Electrochimie' and 'Assoferleghe' on behalf of European producers of ferro-silicon, including French and Italian producers, whose collective output constitutes the majority of Community production of the product in question; whereas the complaint contained evidence of dumping and of material injury resulting therefrom, which was considered sufficient to justify the initiation of a proceeding; whereas the Commission accordingly announced, by a notice published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*⁽³⁾, the initia-

tion of an anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports into the Community of ferro-silicon falling within subheading 73.02 C of the Common Customs Tariff (corresponding to NIMEXE code 73.02-30 and originating in Venezuela and Yugoslavia and commenced an investigation;

Whereas on 30 July 1982 a complementary complaint concerning imports of the same product originating in Iceland, Norway and Sweden was received, the content of which was also deemed sufficient to justify the initiation of a proceeding; whereas the Commission accordingly, by a notice published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*⁽⁴⁾, announced the extension of the anti-dumping proceeding to include imports originating in the above three countries;

Whereas the Commission officially so advised the exporters and importers known to be concerned as well as the representatives of the exporting countries;

Whereas the Commission has given the parties directly concerned the opportunity to make known their views in writing and to request an oral hearing;

Whereas all exporters and Community producers and most importers have made their views known in writing; whereas all exporters and some importers have requested and been granted oral hearings;

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 339, 31. 12. 1979, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 178, 22. 6. 1982, p. 9.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 144, 8. 6. 1982, p. 2.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 250, 24. 9. 1982, p. 2.

Whereas submissions were made on behalf of Community consumers of ferro-silicon ;

Whereas the Commission requested and received detailed written submissions from complainant Community producers, exporters and importers ; whereas this information was verified by the Commission to the extent considered necessary ;

Whereas the Commission investigation of dumping covered a period of 12 months within the period from June 1981 to August 1982 ;

Whereas in the case of two Yugoslav exporters, Elektrobosna and Tovarna Dusika Ruse, who provided sufficient evidence, the normal value was provisionally determined on the basis of the comparable price actually paid in the ordinary course of trade for ferro-silicon intended for consumption in Yugoslavia ;

Whereas the Swedish producer, Vargön Alloys AB, also stated that its domestic sales were made in the ordinary course of trade but did not give any information on such sales ; whereas normal value was therefore based on the best evidence available which in this case was information supplied to the Commission on the export price to Sweden of another producer of ferro-silicon ;

Whereas, in seeking to determine the normal value for Orkla Metal A/S & Co., A/S Fesil & Co., Tinfos Jernverk A/S, Elkem A/S, Norway, Icelandic Alloys Ltd, Iceland, and CVG-Fesilven, Venezuela, the Commission had to take account of the fact that there were no sales of the like product on the domestic market or that sales of the like product on the domestic market did not permit a proper comparison because of the small quantities involved ; whereas the Commission determined therefore that the normal value for these companies should be established on the basis of the constructed value ; whereas the constructed value was computed by taking for each company its total cost of materials and manufacture, including overheads, and adding a profit margin of 3 %, considered to be reasonable in the light of the industry's past profitability performance ;

Whereas, however, given the fact that A/S Fesil & Co. is an exporter who delivered to the EEC ferro-silicon manufactured during the investigation period by five Norwegian producers, the constructed value in this particular case was based on the weighted average costs of materials and manufacture, of those producers, including overheads, to which were added the operating costs of A/S Fesil & Co, as well as a reasonable profit margin of 3 % ;

Whereas the preliminary investigation to determine the existence of dumping has shown that the prices of ferro-silicon marketed by the Yugoslav producer Jugohrom on its domestic market had, during the investigation period and in respect of substantial quantities, been, on average, lower than all costs both fixed and variable normally incurred in the course of production ; whereas in this case the normal value was therefore determined on the basis of the constructed value, being the total costs of materials and manufacture including overheads plus a reasonable profit margin of 3 % ;

Whereas export prices were determined on the basis of the prices actually paid or payable for the products exported to the Community ;

Whereas, however, where exports were made to subsidiary companies in the Community, export prices were constructed on the basis of the prices at which the imported product was first resold to an independent buyer, suitably adjusted to take account of all costs incurred between importation and resale, including customs duty where appropriate, and of a profit margin of 3 %, considered reasonable in the light of average profit margins of independent importers of the product concerned ;

Whereas, in comparing normal value with export prices, the Commission took account, where appropriate, of differences affecting price comparability such as differences in physical characteristics of ferro-silicon or conditions and terms of sale ;

Whereas all comparisons were made at ex-works level ;

Whereas the above preliminary examination of the facts shows the existence of dumping in respect of imports from all the exporters investigated, the margin of dumping being equal to the amount by which the normal value as established exceeds the price for export to the Community ;

Whereas these margins vary according to the exporter and the importing Member State concerned ; whereas the weighted average margin expressed as a percentage of cif Community border export price varies according to each exporter between 4,4 % and 53,7 % ;

Whereas, with regard to the injury caused by the dumped imports from Iceland, Norway, Sweden, Venezuela and Yugoslavia, the evidence available to the Commission shows that total imports into the Community (excluding the United Kingdom for which import statistics are confidential) increased from 217 503 tonnes in 1979 to about 267 000 tonnes in 1982 ; whereas, consequently, the total market share

held by the five exporting countries in the EEC has increased from 34,8 % to 44,8 % in the same period ; whereas both the actual volume and the market share held by imports from each of the five exporting countries involved in this proceeding have also increased ;

Whereas the weighted average resale prices of these imports have in many instances undercut the prices of the Community producers during the investigation period ; whereas, furthermore, the resale prices of these imports were at all times during the period lower than those required to cover the costs of Community producers and provide a reasonable profit ;

Whereas the consequent impact on the Community ferro-silicon industry, has taken the form of a decrease in production, falling from 307 000 tonnes in 1979 to 218 000 tonnes in 1982, a decrease in the level of capacity utilization, falling from 76,8 % to 55,9 %, a decrease in its market share, falling from 44,2 % to 29,2 %, a process of price depression and severe losses ;

Whereas the Commission has considered whether injury has been caused by other factors such as the stagnation of demand ; whereas consumption in the Community declined by 16 % between 1979 and 1982 ; whereas, however, it has been established that this decline affected the Community production more than it affected the dumped imports which increased during the same period by 23 % in absolute terms and 47 % in terms of market share ; whereas this substantial increase in dumped imports and the prices at which they are offered for sale in the Community led the Commission to determine that the effects of the dumped imports of ferro-silicon originating in Iceland, Norway, Sweden, Venezuela and Yugoslavia, taken in isolation, have to be considered as constituting material injury to the Community industry concerned ;

Whereas the exporters concerned were informed of the main findings of the preliminary investigation and commented on them ; whereas undertakings were subsequently offered by Icelandic Alloys Ltd, Iceland, by Elkem A/S, Orkla Metal A/S & Co., Tinfos Jernverk A/S and A/S Fesil & Co., Norway, by Vargön Alloys AB, Sweden, by CVG-Fesilven, Venezuela, and Elektrobosna, Jugohrom and Tovarna Dusika Ruse, Yugoslavia, concerning their exports of ferro-silicon to the Community ;

Whereas the effect of the said undertakings will be to increase import prices to the level which the Commission, having compared the Community producers' weighted average prices and costs with the individual importers' costs and special marketing conditions, considered necessary to eliminate injury and, in most cases, the dumping margin ;

Whereas the Commission has, therefore, determined that it is not now necessary to take protective action in respect of imports of ferro-silicon originating in Iceland, Norway, Sweden, Venezuela and Yugoslavia ;

Whereas, in these circumstances, the undertakings offered are considered acceptable and the proceeding may, therefore, be terminated without imposition of anti-dumping duties ;

Whereas no objection to this course was raised in the Advisory Committee,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

The Commission hereby accepts the undertakings given by Icelandic Alloys Ltd, Iceland, by Elkem A/S, Orkla Metal A/S & Co., Tinfos Jernverk A/S and A/S Fesil & Co., Norway, by Vargön Alloys AB, Sweden, by CVG-Fesilven, Venezuela, and by Elektrobosna, Jugohrom and Tovarna Dusika Ruse, Yugoslavia, in connection with the anti-dumping proceeding concerning ferro-silicon falling within subheading 73.02 C of the Common Customs Tariff (corresponding to NIMEXE code 73.02-30 and originating in Iceland, Norway, Sweden, Venezuela and Yugoslavia.

Article 2

The anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports of ferro-silicon originating in Iceland, Norway, Sweden, Venezuela and Yugoslavia is hereby terminated.

Done at Brussels, 1 March 1983.

For the Commission
Étienne DAVIGNON
Vice-President

COMMISSION DECISION

of 25 March 1983

amending Decision 82/813/EEC on the list of establishments in the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia approved for the purpose of importing fresh meat into the Community

(83/139/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 72/462/EEC of 12 December 1972 on health and veterinary inspection problems upon importation of bovine animals and swine and fresh meat from third countries⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Directive 83/91/EEC⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 4 (1) and 18 (1) (a) and (b) thereof,

Whereas establishments in third countries cannot be authorized to export fresh meat to the Community unless they satisfy the general and special conditions laid down in Directive 72/462/EEC;

Whereas Yugoslavia has forwarded, in accordance with Article 4 (3) of Directive 72/462/EEC, a list of the establishments authorized to export to the Community;

Whereas by means of Decision 82/813/EEC⁽³⁾ the Commission fixed the list of establishments in Yugoslavia authorized to export fresh meat to the Community;

Whereas, in application of Article 2 of the said Decision, the Member States prohibit import of fresh meat coming from all other establishments with the exception of those officially recognized and proposed by the Yugoslav authorities on 1 June 1982;

Whereas omissions in the proposals made on 1 June 1982 have been noted and the necessary additions have been communicated by the Yugoslav authorities on 3 March 1983; whereas it is necessary to make a corresponding amendment to Decision 82/813/EEC;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Veterinary Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

In Article 2 (2) of Decision 82/813/EEC, 'and March 1983' is hereby inserted after the expression '1 June 1982'.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 25 March 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 302, 31. 12. 1972, p. 28.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 59, 5. 3. 1983, p. 34.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 343, 4. 12. 1982, p. 21.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1100/83
of 4 May 1983**

**reimposing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain
products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2),

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement, are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established :

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather; footwear (other than footwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material: A. Footwear with uppers of leather	443

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be reimposed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 9 May to 31 December 1983, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
reimposed on imports into the Community of the
following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather; footwear (other than footwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material: A. Footwear with uppers of leather	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 4 May 1983.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

DECISION OF THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY, MEETING WITHIN THE COUNCIL

of 18 April 1983

establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain goods originating in Yugoslavia (1983)

(83/226/ECSC)

THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY, MEETING WITHIN THE COUNCIL,

In agreement with the Commission,

HAVE DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

1. Imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia and indicated in Article 3 of the Agreement between the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community and the European Coal and Steel Community, of the one part, and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, of the other part⁽¹⁾, shall be subject to annual ceilings and to Community supervision from 1 April to 31 December 1983. For 1983 the ceilings are to be applied *pro rata temporis*.

The description of the goods referred to in the preceding subparagraph, their tariff headings and statistical numbers and the levels of the indicative ceilings are given in the Annex to this Decision.

2. Amounts shall be set off against the ceilings as and when the goods are entered with customs authorities for free circulation and accompanied by a movement certificate conforming to the rules contained in Protocol 3 to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽²⁾.

Goods shall be set off against the ceiling only if the movement certificate has been submitted before the date on which customs duties are reimposed.

The reaching of a ceiling shall be determined at Community level on the basis of imports set off against it in the manner defined in the preceding subparagraphs.

The Member States shall periodically inform the Commission of imports effected in accordance with the

above rules; such information shall be supplied under the conditions laid down in paragraph 4.

3. As soon as the ceilings are reached at Community level, Member States may at any time, at the request of any one of them or of the Commission, and in respect of the whole of the Community, reintroduce the levying of the customs duties applicable to third countries.

In the case of such a reimposition, Greece shall reintroduce the levying of the customs duties which it applies to third countries at the date in question.

Within the framework of the foregoing provisions, the Commission shall coordinate the procedures for reintroducing the customs duties applicable to third countries, in particular by notifying the date common to the whole of the Community and directly applicable in each Member State. This notification shall be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

4. Member States shall forward to the Commission, not later than the 15th day of each month, statements of the amounts set off during the preceding month. They shall, if the Commission so requests, make up such statements for periods of 10 days and forward them within five clear days of expiry of the preceding 10-day period.

Article 2

From 1 April to 31 December 1983 imports of the goods originating in Yugoslavia referred to in the Annex for which the ceiling level is not specified shall be subject to Community supervision.

Member States shall forward to the Commission, not later than the 15th day of each month, statements of imports of the products in question effected during the preceding month; to this end, only products submitted to the customs authorities under cover of an entry for free circulation and accompanied by a movement certificate conforming to the rules contained in Protocol 3, indicated in Article 1 (2), shall be taken into consideration.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 113.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

They shall, if the Commission so requests, make up import statements for periods of 10 days and forward them within five clear days of expiry of the preceding 10-day period.

Article 4

Member States shall take all measures necessary to implement this Decision.

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Article 3

Done at Luxembourg, 18 April 1983.

Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Decision is complied with.

The President

I. KIECHLE

ANNEX

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
ECSC 1	27.01	Coal; briquettes, ovoids and similar solid fuels manufactured from coal	27.01-all Nos	—
ECSC 2	27.02	Lignite, whether or not agglomerated	27.02-all Nos	—
ECSC 3	27.04	Coke and semi-coke of coal, of lignite or of peat, whether or not agglomerated; retort carbon: A. Coke and semi-coke of coal: II. Other	27.04-19	}
		B. Coke and semi-coke of lignite	27.04-30	
ECSC 4	73.01	Pig iron, cast iron and spiegeleisen, in pigs, blocks, lumps and similar forms: A. Spiegeleisen B. Haematite pig iron and cast iron C. Phosphoric pig iron and cast iron D. Other pig iron and cast iron: II. Other	73.01-10 73.01-21, 23, 25, 27 73.01-31, 35 73.01-49	}
ECSC 5	73.02	Ferro-alloys: A. Ferro-manganese: I. Containing more than 2 % by weight of carbon (high carbon ferro-manganese)	73.02-01, 09	—
ECSC 6	73.03	Waste and scrap metal of iron or steel	73.03-all Nos	—
ECSC 7	73.05	Iron or steel powders; sponge iron or steel: B. Sponge iron or steel	73.05-20	—
ECSC 8	73.06	Puddled bars and pilings; ingots, blocks, lumps and similar forms, of iron or steel	73.06-all Nos	—
ECSC 9	73.07	Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars (including tinplate bars), of iron or steel; pieces roughly shaped by forging, of iron or steel: A. Blooms and billets: I. Rolled B. Slabs and sheet bars (including tinplate bars): I. Rolled	73.07-12 73.07-21, 24	}
ECSC 10	73.08	Iron or steel coils for re-rolling	73.08-all Nos	21 751
ECSC 11	73.09	Universal plates of iron or steel	73.09-all Nos	—
ECSC 12	73.10	Bars and rods (including wire rod), of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished (including precision-made); hollow mining drill steel: A. Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded	73.10-11, 13, 16, 18	}

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
ECSC 12 (cont'd)	73.10 (cont'd)	D. Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated): I. Not further worked than clad: a) Hot-rolled or extruded	73.10-42	14 332
ECSC 13	73.11	Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements: A. Angles, shapes and sections: I. Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded IV. Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated): a) not further worked than clad: 1. Hot-rolled or extruded B. Sheet piling	73.11-11, 12, 14, 16, 19 73.11-41 73.11-50	2 046
ECSC 14	73.12	Hoop and strip, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled: A. Not further worked than hot-rolled B. Not further worked than cold-rolled: I. In coils for the manufacture of tinplate C. Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated: III. Tinned: a) Tinplate V. Other (for example, copper-plated, artificially oxidized, lacquered, nickel-plated, varnished, clad, parkerized, printed): a) Not further worked than clad: 1. Hot-rolled	73.12-11, 19 73.12-21 73.12-51 73.12-71	4 228
ECSC 15	73.13	Sheets and plates, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled: A. 'Electrical' sheets and plates B. Other sheets and plates: I. Not further worked than hot-rolled II. Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of: b) More than 1 mm but less than 3 mm c) 1 mm or less III. Not further worked than burnished, polished or glazed IV. Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated: b) Tinned c) Zinc-coated or lead-coated d) Other (for example, copper-plated, artificially oxidized, lacquered, nickel-plated, varnished, clad, parkerized, printed) V. Otherwise shaped or worked: a) Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked: 2. Other	73.13-11, 16 73.13-17, 19, 21, 23, 26, 32, 34, 36 73.13-43, 45 73.13-47, 49 73.13-50 73.13-64, 65 73.13-67, 68, 72, 74 73.13-76, 78, 79, 82, 84, 86, 87, 88, 89 73.13-92	26 214

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
ECSC 16	73.15	Alloy steel and high carbon steel in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.06 to 73.14:		
		A. High carbon steel:		
		I. Ingots, blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars:		
		b) Other	73.61-20, 50	
		III. Coils for re-rolling	73.62-10	
		IV. Universal plates	73.62-30	
		V. Bars and rods (including wire rod) and hollow mining drill steel; angles, shapes and sections:		
		b) Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded	73.63-21, 29	
		d) Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated):		
		1. Not further worked than clad:		
		aa) Hot-rolled or extruded	73.63-72	
		VI. Hoop and strip:		
		a) Not further worked than hot-rolled	73.64-20	
		c) Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated:		
		1. Not further worked than clad:		
		aa) Hot-rolled	73.64-72	
		VII. Sheets and plates:		
		a) Not further worked than hot-rolled	73.65-21, 23, 25	
		b) Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of:		
		2. Less than 3 mm	73.65-55	
		c) Polished, clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated	73.65-70	
		d) Otherwise shaped or worked:	73.65-81	
		1. Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked		
		B. Alloy steel:		
		I. Ingots, blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars:		
		b) Other:		
		1. Ingots:		
		bb) Other	73.71-23, 24, 29	
		2. Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars	73.71-53, 54, 55, 56, 59	
		III. Coils for re-rolling	73.72-11, 13, 19	
		IV. Universal plates	73.72-33, 39	14 280
		V. Bars and rods (including wire rod) and hollow mining drill steel; angles, shapes and sections:		
		b) Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded	73.73-23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 33, 34, 35, 36, 39	
		d) Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated):		
		1. Not further worked than clad:		
		aa) Hot-rolled or extruded	73.73-72	

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
ECSC 16 (cont'd)	73.15 (cont'd)	B. VI. Hoop and strip: a) Not further worked than hot-rolled c) Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated: 1. Not further worked than clad: aa) Hot-rolled VII. Sheets and plates: a) 'Electrical' sheets and plates b) Other sheets and plates: 1. Not further worked than hot-rolled 2. Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of: bb) less than 3 mm 3. Polished, clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated 4. Otherwise shaped or worked: aa) Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked	73.74-21, 23, 29 73.74-72 73.75-11, 19 73.75-23, 24, 29, 33, 34, 39, 43, 44, 49 73.75-63, 64, 69 73.75-73, 79 73.75-83, 84, 89	}
ECSC 17	73.16	Railway and tramway track construction material of iron or steel, the following: rails, check-rails, switch blades, crossings (or frogs), crossing pieces, point rods, rack rails, sleepers, fish-plates chairs, chair wedges, sole plates (base plates), rail clips, bedplates, ties and other material specialized for joining or fixing rails: A. Rails: II. Other: B. Check-rails C. Sleepers D. Fish-plates and sole plates: I. Rolled	73.16-14, 16, 17 73.16-20 73.16-40 73.16-51	}

DECISION OF THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE
MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY,
MEETING WITHIN THE COUNCIL

of 18 April 1983

laying down the arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and Yugoslavia in products
covered by that Community

(83/227/ECSC)

THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF
THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND
STEEL COMMUNITY, MEETING WITHIN THE
COUNCIL,

Whereas the Member States have concluded among
themselves the Treaty establishing the European Coal
and Steel Community;

Whereas the Protocol to the Agreement between the
Member States of the European Coal and Steel
Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of
Yugoslavia, hereinafter referred to respectively as 'the
Protocol' and 'the Agreement', to take account of the
accession of the Hellenic Republic to the Community,
was signed on 1 April 1982;

Whereas, pending the entry into force of the Protocol,
the Member States of the European Coal and Steel
Community should, in the light of the provisions of the
said Protocol, lay down autonomously the arrangements
applicable to trade between Greece and Yugoslavia;

In agreement with the Commission,

HAVE DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

Until the entry into force of the Protocol, the
arrangements applicable to trade between Greece and
Yugoslavia shall be those resulting from the Annex to this
Decision.

Article 2

Member States shall take the measures necessary to
implement this Decision.

Done at Luxembourg, 18 April 1983.

The President

I. KIECHLE

ANNEX

SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF APPLICATION OF THE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY AND THE SOCIALIST FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF YUGOSLAVIA CONSEQUENT UPON THE ACCESSION OF THE HELLENIC REPUBLIC

Article 1

1. For the products specified in the Annex, the volume of the annual ceilings applied by the Community to products originating in Yugoslavia, in accordance with Article 3 of the Agreement, shall be increased. The volume of the annual ceilings for the products in question is laid down in the Annex.
2. Under the Community ceilings established for the products listed in Article 3 of the Agreement, the Hellenic Republic shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with Article 2.
3. If, during the period of application of the transitional measures, customs duties applicable to third countries are reintroduced by the Community in respect of imports of products referred to in Article 3 of the Agreement, the Hellenic Republic shall reintroduce the customs duties applicable to third countries in respect of the same products on the date in question.

Article 2

For the products covered by the Agreement, the Hellenic Republic shall progressively abolish the customs duties applied on the import of products originating in Yugoslavia in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the date of this Decision's entry into force, each duty shall be reduced to 60 % of the basic duty,
- the three other reductions of 20 % each shall be made on:
 - 1 January 1984,
 - 1 January 1985,
 - 1 January 1986.

Article 3

The basic duty to which the successive reductions as provided for in Article 2 are to be applied shall, for each product, be the duty actually applied on 1 July 1980 by the Hellenic Republic in respect of Yugoslavia.

Article 4

1. The Hellenic Republic shall progressively abolish charges having equivalent effect to customs duties on products

originating in Yugoslavia in accordance with the following timetable:

- on the date of this Decision's entry into force, each charge shall be reduced to 60 % of the basic rate,
- the three other reductions of 20 % each shall be made on:
 - 1 January 1984,
 - 1 January 1985,
 - 1 January 1986.

2. The basic rate to which the successive reductions as provided for in paragraph 1 are to be applied shall, for each product, be the rate applied by the Hellenic Republic on 31 December 1980 in respect of the Community of Nine.

3. Any charge having equivalent effect to a customs duty on imports, introduced as from 1 January 1979, in trade between Greece and Yugoslavia shall be abolished.

Article 5

If the Hellenic Republic suspends or reduces customs duties or charges having equivalent effect on products imported from the Community of Nine more quickly than determined by the timetable set out in Articles 2 and 4, the Hellenic Republic shall also suspend or reduce to the same level those duties or charges having equivalent effect on products originating in Yugoslavia.

Article 6

1. Import deposits and cash payments in force in Greece on 31 December 1980 with regard to products originating in Yugoslavia shall be eliminated in accordance with the following timetable:

- from the date of this Decision's entry into force: 75 %,
- 1 January 1984: 25 %.

2. If in relation to the Community of Nine the Hellenic Republic reduces the rate of import deposits or cash payments more quickly than determined by the timetable set out in paragraph 1, the Hellenic Republic shall make the same reduction with regard to imports originating in Yugoslavia.

Annex

List referred to in Article 1

Brussels Nomenclature heading No (CCCN)	Description	Ceiling (tonnes)
73.10	Bars and rods (including wire rod), of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished (including precision-made); hollow mining drill steel: A. Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded D. Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated): I. Not further worked than clad: a) Hot-rolled or extruded	19 110
73.11	Angles, shapes and sections, or iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements: A. Angles, shapes and sections: I. Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded IV. Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated): a) Not further worked than clad: 1. Hot-rolled or extruded B. Sheet piling	2 728
73.12	Hoop and strip, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled: A. Not further worked than hot-rolled B. Not further worked than cold-rolled: I. In coils for the manufacture of tinplate (a) C. Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated: III. Tinned: a) Tinplate V. Other (for example, copper-plated, artificially oxidized, lacquered, nickel-plated, varnished, clad, parkerized, printed): a) Not further worked than clad: 1. Hot-rolled	5 638
73.13	Sheets and plates, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled: A. 'Electrical' sheets and plates B. Other sheets and plates: I. Not further worked than hot-rolled II. Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of: b) More than 1 mm but less than 3 mm c) 1 mm or less III. Not further worked than burnished, polished or glazed IV. Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated: b) Tinned c) Zinc-coated or lead-coated d) Other (for example, copper-plated, artificially oxidized, lacquered, nickel-plated, varnished, clad, parkerized, printed)	34 953

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

Brussels Nomen- clature heading No (CCCN)	Description	Ceiling (tonnes)
73.13 (cont'd)	<p>V. Otherwise shaped or worked:</p> <p>a) Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked:</p> <p>2. Other</p>	
73.15	<p>Alloy steel and high carbon steel in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.06 to 73.14:</p> <p>A. High carbon steel:</p> <p>I. Ingots, blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars:</p> <p>b) Other:</p> <p>1. Ingots</p> <p>2. Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars</p> <p>III. Coils for re-rolling</p> <p>IV. Universal plates</p> <p>V. Bars and rods (including wire rod) and hollow mining drill steel; angles, shapes and sections:</p> <p>b) Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p>d) Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated):</p> <p>1. Not further worked than clad:</p> <p>aa) Hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p>VI. Hoop and strip:</p> <p>a) Not further worked than hot-rolled</p> <p>c) Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated:</p> <p>1. Not further worked than clad:</p> <p>aa) Hot-rolled</p> <p>VII. Sheets and plates:</p> <p>a) Not further worked than hot-rolled</p> <p>b) Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of:</p> <p>2. Less than 3 mm</p> <p>c) Polished, clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated</p> <p>d) Otherwise shaped or worked:</p> <p>1. Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked</p> <p>B. Alloy steel:</p> <p>I. Ingots, blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars:</p> <p>b) Other:</p> <p>1. Ingots:</p> <p>bb) Other</p> <p>2. Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars</p> <p>III. Coils for re-rolling</p> <p>IV. Universal plates</p> <p>V. Bars and rods (including wire rod) and hollow mining drill steel; angles, shapes and sections:</p> <p>b) Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p>d) Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated):</p> <p>1. Not further worked than clad:</p> <p>aa) Hot-rolled or extruded</p>	19 041

Brussels Nomen- clature heading No (CCCN)	Description	Ceiling (tonnes)
73.15 (cont'd)	<p>B. VI. Hoop and strip:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Not further worked than hot-rolled c) Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not further worked than clad: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Hot-rolled <p>VII. Sheets and plates:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) 'Electrical' sheets and plates b) Other sheets and plates: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not further worked than hot-rolled 2. Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> bb) Less than 3 mm 3. Polished, clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated 4. Otherwise shaped or worked: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> aa) Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked 	

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1417/83
of 31 May 1983**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2);

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established:

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling (tonnes)
94.03	Other furniture and parts thereof: B. Other	4 854

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 6 June to 31 December 1983, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
94.03	Other furniture and parts thereof: B. Other	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 31 May 1983.

For the Commission
Karl-Heinz NARJES
Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.
(2) OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1418/83
of 31 May 1983**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2);

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established :

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling (tonnes)
74.07	Tubes and pipes and blanks thereof, of copper; hollow bars of copper	1 844

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 6 June to 31 December 1983, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
74.07	Tubes and pipes and blanks thereof, of copper; hollow bars of copper	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 31 May 1983.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1496/83
of 7 June 1983
reimposing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain
products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2),

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
85.23	Insulated (including enamelled or anodized), electric wire, cable, bars, strip and the like (including coaxial cable), whether or not fitted with connectors: B. Other	1 790

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be reimposed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 13 June to 31 December 1983, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be reimposed on imports into the Community of the following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
85.23	Insulated (including enamelled or anodized), electric wire, cable, bars, strip and the like (including coaxial cable), whether or not fitted with connectors: B. Other	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 7 June 1983.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1630/83

of 17 June 1983

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2),

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the Cooperation Agreement, are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established :

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
44.18	Reconstituted wood, being wood shavings, wood chips, sawdust, wood flour or other ligneous waste agglomerated with natural or artificial resins or other organic binding substances, in sheets, blocks or the like	24 281

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling ; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 21 June to 31 December 1983, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
44.18	Reconstituted wood, being wood shavings, wood chips, sawdust, wood flour or other ligneous waste agglomerated with natural or artificial resins or other organic binding substances, in sheets, blocks or the like	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 17 June 1983.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1736/83
of 27 June 1983**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2);

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established :

<i>(tonnes)</i>		
CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
73.18	Tubes and pipes and blanks thereof, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydro-electric conduits	8 822

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products originating in Yugoslavia have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 1 July to 31 December 1983, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
73.18	Tubes and pipes and blanks thereof, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydro-electric conduits	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 27 June 1983.

For the Commission
Karl-Heinz NARJES
Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1794/83

of 29 June 1983

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾, and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia⁽²⁾,

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
ex 40.11	Rubber tyres, tyre cases, interchangeable tyre treads, inner tubes and tyre flaps, for wheels of all kinds: B. Other: II. Other: Other	3 099

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 4 July to 31 December 1983, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
ex 40.11	Rubber tyres, tyre cases, interchangeable tyre treads, inner tubes and tyre flaps, for wheels of all kinds: B. Other: II. Other: Other	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 June 1983.

For the Commission
Karl-Heinz NARJES
Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1795/83
of 29 June 1983**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾, and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia⁽²⁾,

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 18 of the
Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
73.02	Ferro-alloys : D. Ferro-silico-manganese	735

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 4 July to 31 December 1983, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
73.02	Ferro-alloys : D. Ferro-silico-manganese	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 29 June 1983.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1827/83

of 1 July 1983

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia ⁽¹⁾, and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia ⁽²⁾,

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the Cooperation Agreement, are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established :

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
74.04	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of copper	666

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 8 July to 31 December 1983, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
74.04	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of copper	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 1 July 1983.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2057/83
of 22 July 1983**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾, and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia⁽²⁾,

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement, are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of alumi- nium; wire	1 107

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 29 July to 31 December 1983, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of alumi- nium, wire	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 22 July 1983.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2058/83
of 22 July 1983**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2),

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement, are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established :

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium	2 427

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that
ceiling ; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 29 July to 31 December 1983, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 22 July 1983.

For the Commission
Karl-Heinz NARJES
Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2059/83
of 22 July 1983**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾, and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia⁽²⁾,

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement, are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
87.14	Other vehicles (including trailers) not mechanically propelled, and parts thereof: B. Trailers and semi-trailers: II. Other	1 695

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 29 July to 31 December 1983, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
87.14	Other vehicles (including trailers) not mechanically propelled, and parts thereof: B. Trailers and semi-trailers: II. Other	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 22 July 1983.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2184/83
of 29 July 1983

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2),

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
70.05	Unworked drawn or blown glass (including flashed glass), in rectangles	4 415

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 5 August to 31 December 1983, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
70.05	Unworked drawn or blown glass (including flashed glass), in rectangles	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 29 July 1983.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2307/83

of 11 August 1983

introducing a countervailing charge on certain varieties of plums originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2004/83⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1336/83 of 27 May 1983 fixing for the 1983 marketing year the reference prices for plums⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for class I, group I, at 60,17 ECU per 100 kilograms net for the month of August 1983;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available, less the duties, and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3011/81⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into

consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas, for Yugoslav plums of group I, the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these plums;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 11,23 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to plums (subheading 08.07 D of the Common Customs Tariff), of varieties other than *Altesse simple* (common quetsche, *Hauszweitschge*), *Reine-Claude d'Oullins* (*Oullins Gage*), *Sveskeblommer*, *Ruth Gerstetter*, *Ontario*, *Wangenheimer* (early *Wangenheim quetsche*), *Pershore* (*Yellow Egg*), *Mirabelle* and *Bosniche*, originating in Yugoslavia.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 13 August 1983.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 198, 21. 7. 1983, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 139, 28. 5. 1983, p. 24.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 301, 22. 10. 1981, p. 18.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 11 August 1983.

For the Commission
Poul DALSAGER
Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2382/83
of 23 August 1983
abolishing the countervailing charge on certain varieties of plums originating in
Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization
of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2004/83⁽²⁾, and in
particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2)
thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2307/83
of 11 August 1983⁽³⁾ introduced a countervailing
charge on certain varieties of plums originating in
Yugoslavia;

Whereas for this product originating in Yugoslavia
there were no prices for six consecutive working days;

whereas the conditions specified in Article 26 (1) of
Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled
and the countervailing charge on imports of these
plums originating in Yugoslavia can be abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 2307/83 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 24 August
1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 23 August 1983.

For the Commission
Poul DALSGER
Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 198, 21. 7. 1983, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 221, 12. 8. 1983, p. 55.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2385/83
of 23 August 1983
amending Regulation (EEC) No 2335/83 introducing a countervailing charge on
certain varieties of plums originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization
of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2004/83⁽²⁾, and in
particular the first subparagraph of Article 27 (2)
thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2335/83
of 16 August 1983⁽³⁾ introduced a countervailing
charge on certain varieties of plums originating in
Yugoslavia;

Whereas Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No
1035/72 laid down the conditions under which a

charge introduced in application of Article 25 of that
Regulation is amended; whereas, if these conditions
are taken into consideration, the countervailing charge
on the import of these plums originating in Yugo-
slavia must be altered,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

In Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 2335/83, '7,85
ECU' is replaced by '25,04 ECU'.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 24 August
1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 23 August 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 198, 21. 7. 1983, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 224, 17. 8. 1983, p. 16.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2424/83

of 22 August 1983

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2),

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the Cooperation Agreement, are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established:

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments : B. Other : V. Other : c) Suits and coordinate suits (excluding ski suits): 1. Of wool or of fine animal hair 2. Of man-made textile fibres 3. Of cotton	203 000 pieces

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 30 August to 31 December 1983, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products:

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments : B. Other : V. Other : c) Suits and coordinate suits (excluding ski suits): 1. Of wool or of fine animal hair 2. Of man-made textile fibres 3. Of cotton	Yugoslavia

The re-establishment shall apply solely to products included in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 3611/82 within the sub-ceiling 16 b) of a volume of 203 000 pieces.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 August 1983.

For the Commission
Étienne DAVIGNON
Vice-President

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2425/83
of 22 August 1983**

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2),

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the Cooperation Agreement, are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
70.14	Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked or of optical glass: A. Articles for electrical lighting fittings: II. Other (for example, diffusers, ceiling lights, bowls, cups, lamp-shades, globes, tulip-shaped pieces)	1 664

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 30 August to 31 December 1983, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
70.14	Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked or of optical glass: A. Articles for electrical lighting fittings: II. Other (for example, diffusers, ceiling lights, bowls, cups, lamp-shades, globes, tulip-shaped pieces)	Yugoslavia

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 August 1983.

For the Commission
Étienne DAVIGNON
Vice-President

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2426/83
of 22 August 1983**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2),

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 18 of the
Cooperation Agreement, are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established :

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
73.02	Ferro-alloys : C. Ferro-silicon	4 767

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that
ceiling ; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 30 August to 31 December 1983, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
73.02	Ferro-alloys : C. Ferro-silicon	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 22 August 1983.

For the Commission
Etienne DAVIGNON
Vice-President

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 26 August 1983

accepting an undertaking given in connection with the anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports of caravans for camping and parts thereof originating in Yugoslavia and terminating that proceeding

(83/428/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3017/79 of 20 December 1979 on protection against dumped or subsidized imports from countries not members of the European Economic Community⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1580/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 10 thereof,

After consultations within the Advisory Committee as provided for under the above Regulation,

Whereas :

A. PROCEDURE

(1) In November 1982 the Commission received a complaint lodged by the European Caravan Federation on behalf of producers of caravans for camping whose collective output constitutes practically all Community production of the product in question. The complaint contained evidence of dumping and of material injury resulting therefrom, which was considered sufficient to justify the initiation of a proceeding. The Commission accordingly announced, by a notice published in

the *Official Journal of the European Communities*⁽³⁾, the initiation of an anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports into the Community of caravans for camping and parts thereof, falling within Common Customs Tariff subheadings ex 87.14 B II and ex 87.14 D and corresponding to NIMEXE codes 87.14-33 and ex 87.14-70, originating in Yugoslavia and commenced an investigation.

- (2) The Commission officially so advised the exporter and importers known to be concerned, the representatives of the exporting country and the complainants and gave the parties directly concerned the opportunity to make known their views in writing and to request a hearing.
- (3) The known Yugoslav producer and exporter, Industrija Motornih Vozil (IMV), Novo Mesto, whose subsidiaries in the Community import the product concerned, made its views known in writing and requested and was granted a hearing.
- (4) IMV requested an opportunity to meet the complainant for the purpose of presenting their opposing views. The Commission was prepared to grant this request but the European Caravan Federation refused to attend a meeting and it was not, therefore, possible to arrange a confrontation.
- (5) No submissions were made by or on behalf of Community purchasers of caravans for camping.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 339, 31. 12. 1979, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 178, 22. 6. 1982, p. 9.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 89, 31. 3. 1983, p. 3.

- (6) The Commission sought and verified all information it deemed to be necessary for the purposes of a preliminary determination and carried out investigations at the premises of the following:

EEC producers

- Caravanes Georges et Jacques SA, Craponne, France,
- SIR Caravelair SA, Tournon, France,
- Gruau Caravanes SA, Tournon, France,
- Caravanes Sterckeman SA, Seclin, France,
- Chateau Caravans NV, Hamont, Belgium,
- Kip Caravans BV, Hooerveen, The Netherlands,
- Eriba-Hymer GmbH, Bad Waldsee, Federal Republic of Germany,
- ABI Caravans Ltd, Beverly, United Kingdom,
- Cosalt Caravans Ltd, Grimsby, United Kingdom,
- Roller SpA, Calenzano, Italy;

Non-EEC producer/exporter

Industrija Motornih Vozil (IMV), Novo Mesto, Yugoslavia;

EEC importers

- IMV Adria-Caravan Belgium NV, Deinze, Belgium,
- IMV Adria Wohnwagen Vertriebs GmbH, Munich, Federal Republic of Germany,
- IMV Adria Caravan France, Paris, France,
- IMV Adria Caravan Nederland BV, Kesteren, The Netherlands.

- (7) The Commission requested and received detailed written submissions from complainant Community producers, the exporter and the importers and verified the information therein to the extent considered necessary.

- (8) The investigation of dumping covered the period 1 January to 31 December 1982.

Completed caravans for camping

B. NORMAL VALUE

- (9) Normal value for completed caravans was provisionally determined on the basis of the domestic prices of the producer who exported to the EEC and who provided sufficient evidence. These prices were considered to be representative of the domestic market concerned.

C. EXPORT PRICE

- (10) Since exports were made to subsidiary companies in the Community, export prices were constructed on the basis of the prices at which the imported product was first resold to an independent buyer, suitably adjusted to take account of all costs incurred between importation and resale including customs duty, and of a profit margin of 5 %, considered reasonable in the light of the profit margins of independent importers in European Community markets of caravans of European Community production.

D. COMPARISON

- (11) In comparing normal value with export prices the Commission took account, where appropriate, of differences affecting price comparability. These differences covered mainly the equipment of caravans for the domestic and export markets, the costs of the caravan sections of two domestic Yugoslav sales networks as compared to the sales networks operated by the Yugoslav importer in the different Community markets, the drawback of Yugoslav import duty on parts incorporated in exported caravans and varying delivery, payment and other contractual conditions, where claims in these areas could be satisfactorily demonstrated. All comparisons were made at ex-works level.

E. MARGINS

- (12) The above preliminary examination of the facts shows the existence of dumping in respect of Industrija Motornih Vozil (IMV), Novo Mesto, the margin of dumping being equal to the amount by which the normal value as established exceeds the price for export to the Community. These margins vary according to the importing Member State concerned, the weighted average margin exceeding 30 % in each case.

Parts of caravans for camping

F. NORMAL VALUE

- (13) In seeking to determine the normal value for parts of caravans for camping exported exclusively to an assembly plant in Belgium which is wholly owned by the Yugoslav exporter, the Commission had to take account of the fact that there are no sales of the like product on the domestic Yugoslav market. Since no exports were made to other markets the Commission, therefore, endeavoured to establish normal value on the basis of a constructed value for these parts. However, given the multitude of the exporter's industrial activities and the particular structure of its diverse produc-

tion units, it proved to be objectively impossible for the exporter to submit satisfactory evidence of the total costs of all materials and manufacture, including overheads, incurred in the production of the parts of caravans in question.

G. MARGIN

- (14) The Commission was given to understand that the pricing of the parts of caravans followed essentially the same financial costing and commercial patterns as for completed caravans. It is, therefore, at the present stage of the proceeding, not unreasonable to establish the same dumping margin for parts of caravans in the same way as that determined for completed caravans for camping exported to Belgium, adjusted for differences in transport costs and duty payments. The margin thus provisionally established exceeds 30 %.

H. INJURY

- (15) With regard to the injury caused by the dumped imports, the evidence available to the Commission shows that, for completed caravans only, imports into the Community from Yugoslavia increased from 9 997 units in 1979 to 12 041 units in 1981 and fell to 9 572 units in 1982, giving a market share of 4,9 % in 1979, 6,7 % in 1981 and 6,0 % in 1982. It should, however, be borne in mind that the Yugoslav exporter produces caravans in the Community with a substantial quantity of dumped parts imported from Yugoslavia. If the numbers of these caravans are taken together with the imports of completed caravans, the resultant market shares would be 9,2 % in 1979, 12,4 % in 1981 and 10,7 % in 1982.

- (16) Resale prices of imported completed caravans undercut the prices of the Community producers during the investigation period by up to 43 % according to model and market and after taking into account differences in technical specifications and sales conditions. The resale prices of these imports were lower than those required to cover the costs of Community producers and provide a reasonable profit. During the reference period, the sales prices of caravans of Community production incorporating dumped parts imported from Yugoslavia undercut the prices of the Community producers to the same extent. However, company developments within Industrija Motornih Vozil (IMV) towards the end of the

reference period have resulted in a substantial reduction in the level of price undercutting which was confined to two Community markets and limited to 12 %.

- (17) The Community industry in respect of which the impact of the dumped imports must be assessed is the entire Community manufacturing industry producing rigid caravans for camping, excluding the exporter's subsidiary in Belgium.
- (18) The main features of the consequent impact of the dumped imports on the Community industry have been loss of market share resulting in a decline in production and, above all, price depression, financial losses and a reduction in employment.
- (19) The market share held by the Community industry decreased from 89,6 % in 1979 to 85,4 % in 1981 before increasing to 86,7 % in 1982. In order to meet competition from dumped Yugoslav imports, especially in the lower model ranges, and maintain their market share, a number of Community producers have forgone necessary price increases which would have allowed them to cover their costs and provide for a reasonable profit. Other Community producers have ceased manufacturing a complete lower model range of caravans because of their inability to compete with the low price levels of dumped Yugoslav imports. Sales on the Community market have decreased from about 203 000 units in 1979 to about 160 000 units in 1982 with a similar decrease in production, since stock figures have remained more or less constant. Employment figures verified by the Commission show a fall of about 25 % between 1979 and 1981. However, this figure does not take account of losses in employment suffered where, as was the case in all Member States, major producers went into liquidation.
- (20) The Commission has considered whether injury has been caused by other factors such as the volume and prices of undumped imports or changes in demand. It has been established that total imports from all other countries have always held a market share of well below 3 %. Furthermore, consumption in the Community fell by about 12 % between 1979 and 1981 and 21 % between 1979 and 1982. It has, however, been established that this decline has affected the Community production more than it has affected the dumped imports. In fact, these increased by 20 % between 1979 and 1981 and fell by about 8 % between 1979 and 1982.

- (21) All these factors led the Commission to determine that the effects of the dumped imports of caravans for camping and parts thereof originating in Yugoslavia, taken in isolation, have to be considered as constituting material injury to the Community industry concerned.

I. COMMUNITY INTEREST

- (22) After having considered the interest of the Community and both the dumping and the injury provisionally established, the Commission has come to the conclusion that action should be taken.

J. UNDERTAKINGS

- (23) The exporter concerned was informed of the main findings of the preliminary investigation and commented on them. An undertaking was subsequently offered by the exporter, Industrija Motornih Vozil (IMV), Novo Mesto, concerning its exports of caravans for camping and parts thereof to the Community.
- (24) The effect of the said undertaking will be to increase resale prices in the Community to levels which the Commission, having taken into account, on the one hand, the selling prices necessary to provide an adequate return to Community producers and, on the other hand, the purchase prices of the Community importers and their costs and profit margins, considered necessary to eliminate injury. These increases in

no case exceed the dumping margins found in the investigation.

- (25) In these circumstances, the undertaking offered is considered acceptable and the proceeding may, therefore, be terminated without imposition of anti-dumping duties.
- (26) No objection to this course was raised in the Advisory Committee,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The Commission hereby accepts the undertaking given by Industrija Motornih Vozil (IMV) of Novo Mesto, Yugoslavia, in connection with the anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports of caravans for camping and parts thereof falling within Common Customs Tariff subheadings ex 87.14 B II and ex 87.14 D, corresponding to NIMEXE codes 87.14-33 and ex 87.14-70.

Article 2

The anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports of caravans for camping and parts thereof originating in Yugoslavia is hereby terminated.

Done at Brussels, 26 August 1983.

For the Commission
Étienne DAVIGNON
Vice-President

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2627/83

of 20 September 1983

introducing a countervailing charge on certain varieties of plums originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2004/83⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product imported from a third country remains at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days, a countervailing charge must be introduced in respect of the exporting country concerned, save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge is equal to the difference between the reference price and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1336/83 of 27 May 1983 fixing the reference prices for plums for the 1983 marketing year⁽³⁾ fixed the reference price for class I, group II, at 40,79 ECU per 100 kilograms net for the month of September 1983;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting country concerned which are marketed on all representative markets for which prices are available, less the duties, and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3011/81⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into

consideration must be recorded on the representative markets or, in certain circumstances, on other markets;

Whereas, for Yugoslavian plums of group II, the entry price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below the reference price for two consecutive market days; whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be introduced for these plums;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the entry price should be calculated on the following basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in relation to each other at any given moment within a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on their central rate,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of these currencies recorded for a given period in relation to the Community currencies referred to in the previous indent,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 6,70 ECU per 100 kilograms net is applied to plums (subheading 08.07 D of the Common Customs Tariff), of varieties *Altesse simple* (common *quetsche*, *Hauszwetschge*), *Reine-Claude d'Oullins* (*Oullins Gage*), *Sveskeblommer*, *Ruth Gerstetter*, *Ontario*, *Wangenheimer* (early *Wangenheimer quetsche*), *Pershore* (*Yellow Egg*), *Mirabelle* and *Bosniche*, originating in Yugoslavia.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 22 September 1983.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 198, 21. 7. 1983, p. 2.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 139, 28. 5. 1983, p. 24.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 301, 22. 10. 1981, p. 18.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 20 September 1983.

For the Commission
Poul DALSGER
Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2684/83

of 27 September 1983

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (¹), and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia (²),

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the Cooperation Agreement, are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg	33 600

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 1 October to 31 December 1983, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication on in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 September 1983.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

(¹) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(²) OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2717/83
of 29 September 1983
abolishing the countervailing charge on certain varieties of plums originating in
Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 2004/83⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2627/83 of 20 September 1983⁽³⁾ introduced a countervailing charge on certain varieties of plums originating in Yugoslavia;

Whereas for varieties classed in group II of this product originating in Yugoslavia there were no prices

for six consecutive working days; whereas the conditions specified in Article 26 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing charge on imports of these plums originating in Yugoslavia can be abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 2627/83 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 30 September 1983.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 29 September 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
⁽²⁾ OJ No L 198, 21. 7. 1983, p. 2.
⁽³⁾ OJ No L 260, 21. 9. 1983, p. 10.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2841/83
of 11 October 1983**

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2),

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the Cooperation Agreement, are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
39.03	Regenerated cellulose; cellulose nitrate, cellulose acetate and other cellulose esters, cellulose ethers and other chemical derivatives of cellulose, plasticized or not (for example, collodions, celluloid; vulcanized fibre : B. Other: II. Cellulose nitrates	618

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 15 October to 31 December 1983, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
39.03	Regenerated cellulose; cellulose nitrate, cellulose acetate and other cellulose esters, cellulose ethers and other chemical derivatives of cellulose, plasticized or not (for example, collodions, celluloid); vulcanized fibre : B. Other: II. Cellulose nitrates	Yugoslavia

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 11 October 1983.

For the Commission
Karl-Heinz NARJES
Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2842/83

of 11 October 1983

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (¹), and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia (²),

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the Cooperation Agreement, are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established:

<i>(tonnes)</i>		
CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
ex 42.03	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, of leather or of composition leather, excluding protective gloves for all trades	277

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 15 October to 31 December 1983, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
ex 42.03	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, of leather or of composition leather, excluding protective gloves for all trades	Yugoslavia

(¹) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(²) OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 11 October 1983.

For the Commission
Karl-Heinz NARJES
Member of the Commission

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3137/83

of 4 November 1983

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Yugoslavia (1983)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾ stipulates that certain wines having a registered designation of origin falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Yugoslavia, specified in the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters of 18 July 1983, shall be imported into the Community at customs duties equal to 70 % of the duties of the Common Customs Tariff within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 12 000 hectolitres; whereas these wines must be put in containers holding two litres or less and must be accompanied by a certificate of designation of origin in accordance with the model appearing in the Annex to this Regulation; whereas, however, a declaration annexed to the Final Act of the Cooperation Agreement provides that this measure has to be applied *pro rata temporis* from the date of entry into force of the Agreement; whereas a tariff quota of 9 000 hectolitres should therefore be opened for the period up to 31 December 1983;

Whereas the wines in question are subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price; whereas, in order that such wines may benefit from this tariff quota, Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79⁽²⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1595/83⁽³⁾, must be complied with;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure equal and uninterrupted access for all Community importers to the abovementioned quota, and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for this quota to all imports of the products concerned into the Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect most accurately the actual development of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, assessed by reference to both the statistics relating to imports of the said products from Yugoslavia over a representative reference period and the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, in respect of the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Yugoslavia of the products concerned:

Member State	1980	1981	1982
Benelux	42,5	7,6	8,8
Denmark	18,7	20,1	29,1
Germany	6,5	50,0	42,4
Greece	—	—	—
France	3,0	3,8	3,5
Ireland	1,6	0,5	0,4
Italy	0,7	1,7	1,5
United Kingdom	27,0	16,3	4,3

Whereas, in view of these factors, and of market forecasts for the products concerned and in particular of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 163, 22. 6. 1983, p. 48.

Benelux	15,6
Denmark	26,3
Germany	36,4
Greece	1,4
France	3,5
Ireland	1,4
Italy	1,4
United Kingdom	14,0

this form of administration requires close collaboration between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to follow the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas, if at a given date in the quota period a substantial quantity of its initial share remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that it should return a significant proportion thereof to the reserve, to prevent part of the Community quota remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of the shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

Whereas, to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being allocated among the Member States and the second held as a reserve intended to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States who have used up their initial share; whereas, in order to guarantee some degree of security to importers in each Member State, the first instalment of the Community quota should be fixed at a level which could, in the present circumstances, be 80 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the initial shares of the Member States may be used up at different rates; whereas, in order to take this into account and to avoid a break in continuity, any Member State which has used up almost all of its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this should be done by each Member State each time one of its additional shares is almost used up, and so on as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Until 31 December 1983 the Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of the following products originating in Yugoslavia shall be suspended at the levels shown below within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 9 000 hectolitres:

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
22.05	<p>Wine of fresh grapes; grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol:</p> <p>C. Other:</p> <p>1. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume not exceeding 13 % vol, in containers, holding:</p> <p>ex a) Two litres or less:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — wines entitled to one of the following designations of origin: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Ljutomersko — Ormo' Laški gorice, Laški Rizling — Ohrid, Merlot — Hercegovina — Mostar, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Žilavka — Blatina — Fruška Gora, Talijanski Rizling — Oplenac, Lipovac — Istra, Merlot — Tikves <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Krater — Kratošija — Srednja i južna dalmacija <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Dingač — Kastelet — Crna Gora, Vranac 	10,1 ECU/hl

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
22.05 (cont'd)	2. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol in containers holding : ex a) Two litres or less : — wines entitled to one of the following designations of origin : — Ljutomersko — Ormoško gorice, Laški Rizling — Ohrid, Merlot — Heržegovina — Mostar, — Žilavka — Blatina — Fruška Gora, Talijanski Rizling — Oplenac, Lipovac — Istra, Merlot — Tikves — Krater — Kratošija — Srednja i južna dalmacija — Dingač — Kaštelet — Crna Gora, Vranac	11,8 ECU/hl

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota, the Hellenic Republic shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and in Regulation (EEC) No 287/82⁽¹⁾.

3. The wines in question shall be subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price. In order that such wines may benefit from this tariff quota Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1595/83, must be complied with.

4. Each of these wines, when imported, shall be accompanied by a certificate of designation of origin, issued by the relevant Yugoslavian authority, in accordance with the model annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. The first instalment, amounting to 7 200 hectolitres shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1983 shall be as follows:

	(hectolitres)
Benelux	1 120
Denmark	1 890
Germany	2 630
Greece	100
France	250
Ireland	100
Italy	100
United Kingdom	1 010

3. The second instalment, amounting to 1 800 hectolitres, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share, as specified in Article 2(2), or of that share less the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, that Member State shall, without delay, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next whole number, in so far as the amount in the reserve allows.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 30, 6. 2. 1982, p. 1.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue to apply until the reserve is used up.

4. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, Member States may draw smaller shares than those fixed in these paragraphs if there is reason to believe that those fixed might not be used up. They shall inform the Commission of their grounds for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional share drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1983.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 December 1983, the unused portion of their initial shares which on 15 November 1983 is in excess of 20 % of the initial amount. They may return a greater quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity might not be used in full.

Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 December 1983, of the total imports of the products concerned effected under the Community quotas up to and including 15 November 1983 and, where appropriate, the proportion of their initial share that they are returning to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it has been notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 November 1983.

It shall notify the Member States, not later than 5 December 1983, of the state of the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available and, to this end, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State making the final drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their aggregate shares in the Community quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the products have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall collaborate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is observed.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

For the Council

The President

C. VAITSOS

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3190/83

of 10 November 1983

amending Regulation (EEC) No 3316/82 fixing the free-at-frontier reference prices applicable to imports of certain wines originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 of 5 February 1979 on the common organization of the market in wine⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1595/83⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 18 (8) thereof,

Whereas Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 lays down special rules relating to the importation of certain products in the wine-growing sector; whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1393/76⁽³⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3104/80⁽⁴⁾, lays down the relevant implementing rules; whereas, under Article 18 (8) of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79, the Commission is required to fix the free-at-frontier reference prices;

Whereas the free-at-frontier reference prices for certain products were fixed by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3316/82⁽⁵⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 3603/82⁽⁶⁾; whereas, as a result of the special system recently established for Yugoslavia, free-at-frontier reference prices should be fixed for certain imports of wines originating in that country,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

The Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 3316/82 is hereby amended as follows :

1. The first indent of point 2 of the note is replaced by the following :
— in Algeria, Morocco, Spain, Portugal, Cyprus or Yugoslavia, the free-at-frontier reference prices applicable are those given in the appropriate column;
2. The text concerning subheadings 22.05 ex C I a) (1) and 22.05 ex C II a) (1) is replaced by the text given in the Annex.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 10 November 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 163, 22. 6. 1983, p. 48.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 157, 18. 6. 1976, p. 20.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 324, 29. 11. 1980, p. 63.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 351, 11. 12. 1982, p. 1.

⁽⁶⁾ OJ No L 376, 31. 12. 1982, p. 32.

ANNEX

CCT heading No	Description	Free-at-frontier reference price										Other third countries		
		Algeria	Monocco Tunisia	Spain	Malta	Turkey (1)	Turkey (2)	Portugal	Cyprus (3)	Yugo-slavia				
2205	Wine of fresh grapes : grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol:													
	ex C. Other:													
	1. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume not exceeding 13 % vol, in containers holding:													
	a) Two litres or less:													
	(1) Spanish wines from Jumilla, Valdepeñas, Priorato and Rfoja, Portuguese Verde and Dão wines and Yugoslav wines with the designation of origin : Ljutomersko — Ormoške gorice, Laški Rižing; Ohrid, Merlot; Hercegovina — Mostar, Zilavka; Hercegovina — Mostar, Bijana; Fruška Gora, Taljanski Rižing; OpLEMAC, Lipovae; istra, Merlot, Tikves, Krauter; Tikves, Kratosija, Srednja Južna Dalmacija, Dingač, Srednja i južna dalmacija, Kastelet; Črna Gora, Vranac (4).													
	(aa) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:													
	Of less than 9 % vol													
	Of 9 % vol but not exceeding 9,5 % vol	69,00		69,00		69,00		69,00		69,00		69,00		64,60
	Exceeding 9,5 % vol but not exceeding 10 % vol	70,08		70,08		70,08		70,08		70,08		70,08		70,08
	Exceeding 10 % vol but not exceeding 10,5 % vol	72,23		72,23		72,23		72,23		72,23		72,23		65,68
	Exceeding 10,5 % vol but not exceeding 11 % vol	74,38		74,38		74,38		74,38		74,38		74,38		69,98
	Exceeding 11 % vol but not exceeding 11,5 % vol	76,53		76,53		76,53		76,53		76,53		76,53		72,13
	Exceeding 11,5 % vol but not exceeding 12 % vol	80,83		80,83		80,83		80,83		80,83		80,83		78,68
	Exceeding 12 % vol but not exceeding 12,5 % vol	82,98		82,98		82,98		82,98		82,98		82,98		80,83
	Exceeding 12,5 % vol but not exceeding 13 % vol	85,13		85,13		85,13		85,13		85,13		85,13		76,43
	(bb) White wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume:													
	Of less than 9 % vol	66,66		66,66		66,66		66,66		66,66		66,66		62,26
	Of 9 % vol but not exceeding 9,5 % vol	67,67		67,67		67,67		67,67		67,67		67,67		63,27
	Exceeding 9,5 % vol but not exceeding 10 % vol	69,69		69,69		69,69		69,69		69,69		69,69		65,29
	Exceeding 10 % vol but not exceeding 10,5 % vol	71,71		71,71		71,71		71,71		71,71		71,71		67,31
	Exceeding 10,5 % vol but not exceeding 11 % vol	73,73		73,73		73,73		73,73		73,73		73,73		69,33
	Exceeding 11 % vol but not exceeding 11,5 % vol	75,75		75,75		75,75		75,75		75,75		75,75		71,35
	Exceeding 11,5 % vol but not exceeding 12 % vol	77,77		77,77		77,77		77,77		77,77		77,77		73,37
	Exceeding 12 % vol but not exceeding 12,5 % vol	79,79		79,79		79,79		79,79		79,79		79,79		75,39
	Exceeding 12,5 % vol but not exceeding 13 % vol	81,81		81,81		81,81		81,81		81,81		81,81		77,41

(1) Within a Community tariff quota.

(2) Until 31 December 1982.

(3) From 1 January 1983.

(ECU/lt)

CCT heading No	Description	Free-at-frontier reference price													
		Algeria	Monocco Tunisia	Spain	Malta	Turkey (°)	Turkey (°)	Portugal	Cyprus (°)	Yugo-slavia	Other third countries				
2205 (cont'd)	<p>ex C II. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 13 % vol, but not exceeding 15 % vol, in containers holding :</p> <p>a) Two litres or less :</p> <p>(1) Spanish wines from Jumilla, Valdepeñas, Prioreto and Rioja, Portuguese Dão wines and Yugoslav wines with the designation of origin : Ljutomerako — Ormoške gorice, Laški Riziing; Ohrid, Merlot; Hercegovina — Mostar; Zilavka; Hercegovina — Mostar, Biatina; Fruška Gora, Triljanski Riziing; Oplenac, Lipovac; Istra, Merlot; Tikveš, Krater; Tikveš, Kratošija; Srednja i južna dalmacija, Dingač; Srednja i južna dalmacija, Kaštellet; Crna Gora, Vranac (°);</p> <p>(a) Red wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume : Exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 13,5 % vol (°) Exceeding 13,5 % vol but not exceeding 14 % vol Exceeding 14 % vol but not exceeding 14,5 % vol Exceeding 14,5 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol</p> <p>(b) White wine of an actual alcoholic strength by volume : Exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 13,5 % vol (°) Exceeding 13,5 % vol but not exceeding 14 % vol Exceeding 14 % vol but not exceeding 14,5 % vol Exceeding 14,5 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol</p>														
				85,58 87,73 89,88 92,03				85,58 87,73 89,88 92,03			85,58 87,73 89,88 92,03				80,48 82,63 84,78 86,93
				82,13 84,15 86,17 88,19				82,13 84,15 86,17 88,19			82,13 84,15 86,17 88,19				77,03 79,05 81,07 83,09

(°) Within a Community tariff quota.

(°) Including wines of an actual alcoholic strength by volume of not more than 13 % vol and with a total dry extract exceeding 90 grams per litre.

(°) Until 31 December 1982.

(°) From 1 January 1983.

**COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3128/83
of 24 October 1983**

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for 'Šljivovica' plum spirit falling within subheading ex 22.09 C IV a) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Yugoslavia (1984)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia on trade and trade cooperation (1) provides that plum spirit, marketed under the name Šljivovica, falling within subheading ex 22.09 C IV a) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Yugoslavia shall be imported into the Community at customs duties of 0,3 ECU per hectolitre per % volume of alcohol plus 3 ECU per hectolitre, within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 5 420 hectolitres; whereas these goods must be accompanied by a certificate of authenticity; whereas the tariff quota in question should be opened for 1984;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Yugoslavia over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports of each Member State represent the following percentages of imports into the Community from Yugoslavia of the product in question:

Member States	1980	1981	1982
Benelux	3,9	0,7	0,9
Denmark	0,1	—	0,3
Germany	91,9	95,1	96,3
Greece	—	—	—
France	1,9	3,9	2,5
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	—	0,2	—
United Kingdom	2,2	0,1	—

Whereas both these percentages and the estimates from certain Member States should be taken into account as well as the need to ensure that, in the circumstances, the obligations contracted under the Agreement concerned are allocated fairly among all the Member States; whereas the approximate percentages of the initial quota shares may therefore be fixed as follows:

Benelux	5,0
Denmark	2,5
Germany	92,0
Greece	0,1
France	0,1
Ireland	0,1
Italy	0,1
United Kingdom	0,1

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 75 % of the quota volume;

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 1.

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1984, a Community tariff quota of 5 420 hectolitres shall be opened for plum spirit marketed under the name Šljivovica, in containers holding two litres or less, falling within subheading ex 22.09 C IV a) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Yugoslavia.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at 0,3 ECU per hectolitre per % volume of alcohol plus 3 ECU per hectolitre.

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and in Regulation (EEC) No 287/82⁽¹⁾.

3. Such goods, when imported, shall be accompanied by a certificate of authenticity, issued by the competent Yugoslav authority, conforming with the model annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 4 060 hectolitres of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1, shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 31 December 1984 shall be as follows:

	(hectolitres)
Benelux	200
Denmark	100
Germany	3 735
Greece	5
France	5
Ireland	5
Italy	5
United Kingdom	5

2. The second instalment amounting to 1 360 hectolitres shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there are

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 30, 6. 2. 1982, p. 1.

grounds for believing that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1984.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1984, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1984, is in excess of 20% of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1984, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1984 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1984, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and,

to this end, notify the amount of the balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member States has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 24 October 1983.

For the Council
The President
G. ARSENI

BILAG - ANHANG - ΠΑΡΑΡΤΗΜΑ - ANNEX - ANNEXE - ALLEGATO - BIJLAGE

1 Exporter (name, full address, country) Exportateur (nom, adresse complète, pays)	2 No	ORIGINAL	
	3 Quota year Année contingentaire	4 Country of destination Pays de destination	
5 Consignee (name, full address, country) Destinataire (nom, adresse complète, pays)	6 Issuing authority Organisme émetteur		
	7 CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICITY CERTIFICAT D'AUTHENTICITÉ Plum spirit 'Šljivovica' Eau-de-vie de prunes «Šljivovica» (CCT subheading ex 22.09 C IV a) [Sous-position du TDC: ex 22.09 C IV a)]		
8 Place and date of shipment — Means of transport Lieu et date d'embarquement — Moyen de transport			
9 Marks and numbers — Number and kind of packages Marques et numéros — Nombre et nature des colis	10 % vol of alcohol % vol d'alcool	11 Litres Litres	
12 % vol of alcohol and litres (in words) % vol d'alcool et litres (en lettres)			
13 CERTIFICATE BY THE ISSUING AUTHORITY — VISA DE L'ORGANISME ÉMETTEUR I hereby certify that the plum spirit 'Šljivovica' described in this certificate corresponds with the definition given on the reverse. Je certifie que l'eau-de-vie de prunes «Šljivovica» décrite dans ce certificat correspond à la définition figurant au verso.			
Place Lieu	Date Date	(Stamp and signature) (Cachet et signature)	

DEFINITION

Plum spirit with an alcoholic strength of 40 % vol or more, marketed under the name ŠLJIVOVICA, corresponding to the specifications laid down in the Regulation relating to the quality of spirituous beverages, published in the Official Journal of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia on 7 October 1971.

DÉFINITION

Eau-de-vie de prunes ayant un titre alcoométrique égal ou supérieur à 40 % vol, commercialisée sous la dénomination ŠLJIVOVICA correspondant à la spécification reprise dans la réglementation relative à la qualité des boissons alcooliques publiée au Journal officiel de la république socialiste fédérative de Yougoslavie le 7 octobre 1971.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3129/83

of 24 October 1983

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain tobaccos falling within subheading ex 24.01 B of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Yugoslavia (1984)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia on trade and trade cooperation (1) provides that tobacco of the 'Prilep' type, falling within subheading ex 24.01 B of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in and coming from Yugoslavia and specified in an Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters of 11 July 1980 shall be imported into the Community at a rate of customs duty of 7% with a minimum amount of 13 ECU per 100 kilograms and a maximum of 45 ECU per 100 kilograms within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 1 500 tonnes; whereas the tobacco must be accompanied by a certificate of origin and authenticity; whereas the tariff quota in question should be opened for 1984;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Yugoslavia over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, during the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports of each Member State represent the following percentages of imports into the Community from Yugoslavia of the products in question:

Member States	1980	1981	1982
Benelux	—	1	3
Denmark	—	—	—
Germany	48	41	47
Greece	—	—	—
France	—	—	—
Ireland	—	—	—
Italy	52	58	50
United Kingdom	—	—	—

Whereas both these percentages and the estimates from certain Member States should be taken into account as well as the need to ensure that, in the circumstances, the obligations contracted under the Agreement concerned are allocated fairly among all the Member States; whereas the approximate percentages of the initial quota shares may therefore be fixed as follows:

Benelux	0,4
Denmark	0,4
Germany	43,3
Greece	0,4
France	0,4
Ireland	0,4
Italy	54,3
United Kingdom	0,4

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 80% of the quota volume:

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 1.

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1984, a Community tariff quota of 1 500 tonnes shall be opened for tobacco of the 'Prilep' type, falling within sub-heading ex 24.01 B of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in and coming from Yugoslavia.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to this product shall be suspended at a rate of 7 % *ad valorem* with a minimum amount of 13 ECU per 100 kilograms and a maximum of 45 ECU per 100 kilograms.

Within the limits of this tariff quota Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and in Regulation (EEC) No 287/82 (1).

3. Such goods, when imported, shall be accompanied by a certificate of authenticity issued by the competent Yugoslav authority, conforming with the model annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 1 200 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1, shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 31 December 1984 shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	5
Denmark	5
Germany	520
Greece	5
France	5
Ireland	5
Italy	650
United Kingdom	5

2. The second instalment amounting to 300 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there are grounds

(1) OJ No L 30, 6. 2. 1982, p. 1.

for believing that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1984.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1984, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1984, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1984, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1984 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserves.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1984, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and,

to this end, notify the amount of the balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Luxembourg, 24 October 1983.

For the Council
The President
G. ARSENIS

BILAG - ANHANG - ΠΑΡΑΡΤΗΜΑ - ANNEX - ANNEXE - ALLEGATO - BIJLAGE

1 Exporter (name, full address, country) Exportateur (nom, adresse complète, pays)	2 No	ORIGINAL
	3 Quota year Année contingentaire	4 Country of destination Pays de destination
5 Consignee (name, full address, country) Destinataire (nom, adresse complète, pays)	6 Issuing authority Organisme émetteur	
	7 CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICITY CERTIFICAT D'AUTHENTICITÉ Tobacco — Tabac 'Prilep' (CCT subheading ex 24.01 B) (Sous-position du TDC: ex 24.01 B)	
8 Place and date of shipment — Means of transport Lieu et date d'embarquement — Moyen de transport		
9 Marks and numbers — Number and kind of packages Marques et numéros — Nombre et nature des colis	10 Net weight (kg) Poids net (kg)	
11 Net weight (kg) (in words) Poids net (kg) (en lettres)		
12 CERTIFICATE BY THE ISSUING AUTHORITY — VISA DE L'ORGANISME ÉMETTEUR I hereby certify that the tobacco described in this certificate is 'Prilep' tobacco within the meaning of the Agreement. Je certifie que le tabac décrit dans ce certificat est le tabac «Prilep» au sens de l'accord. Place Date Lieu Date <p style="text-align: right;">(Stamp and signature) (Cachet et signature)</p>		

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3206/83

of 14 November 1983

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾, and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia⁽²⁾,

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the Cooperation Agreement, are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather; footwear (other than footwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material: B. Other	151

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 18 November to 31 December 1983, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather; footwear (other than footwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material: B. Other	Yugoslavia

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 November 1983.

For the Commission
Karl-Heinz NARJES
Member of the Commission

**COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3221/83
of 4 November 1983**

**establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain goods originating
in Yugoslavia (1984)**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the
European Economic Community, and in particular
Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas a Cooperation Agreement between the
European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (*) was concluded on
24 January 1983;

Whereas Article 1 of Protocol 1 annexed to that
Agreement provides, on the one hand, that imports of
the goods therein set out are limited to annual
ceilings above which the customs duties applicable to
third countries may be reintroduced; whereas,
following the accession of the Hellenic Republic to
the Community, an Additional Protocol amending
the said Protocol 1 was signed on 1 April 1982;
whereas, pending the entry into force of this
Additional Protocol, the Community has put into
force the amendments to the trade arrangements
provided for in the said Protocol by Regulation
(EEC) No 287/82 (?); whereas, on the other hand, a
Supplementary Protocol to the Cooperation
Agreement between the European Economic
Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of
Yugoslavia concerning trade in textile products,
hereinafter referred to as 'the Supplementary
Protocol', has been negotiated; whereas until the
Supplementary Protocol comes into force the
arrangements provided by it should be applied from
1 January 1983; whereas, therefore, the ceilings to be
applied in 1984 must be established; whereas in this
situation it is necessary that the Commission be
regularly informed of the trend of the imports of the
goods in question and, in consequence, it is necessary
to subject these imports to supervision;

Whereas this objective may be achieved by means of
an administrative procedure based on setting off
imports of the products in question against the
ceilings at Community level, as and when these

products are entered with customs authorities for free
circulation; whereas this administrative procedure
must make provision for the reintroduction of
customs tariff duties as soon as the ceilings have been
reached at Community level;

Whereas this administrative procedure requires close
and particularly rapid cooperation between the
Member States and the Commission; whereas the
latter must, in particular, be able to follow the
progress of amounts set off against the ceilings and
keep the Member States informed; whereas this
cooperation must be all the closer since the
Commission must be able to take adequate measures
to reintroduce customs tariff duties whenever one of
the ceilings has been reached;

Whereas the trend of imports should be followed for
certain goods; whereas it is therefore desirable that
imports of such goods should be subject to
supervision,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1984, imports
of certain goods originating in Yugoslavia and listed
in Annexes I, II, III and IV shall be subject to ceilings
and to Community supervision.

The description of the goods referred to in the
preceding subparagraph, their tariff headings and
statistical numbers and the levels of the indicative
ceilings or sub-ceilings are given in the
abovementioned Annexes.

The sub-ceilings established for certain products in
Annex II which have not undergone an outward
processing operation in conformity with the
Community Regulation on economic outward
processing are indicated in column 5 of that Annex.

2. Amounts shall be set off against the ceilings or
sub-ceilings as and when the goods are entered with
customs authorities for free circulation and
accompanied by a movement certificate conforming
to the rules contained in Protocol 2 to the
Agreement.

(?) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 1.

(*) OJ No L 30, 6. 2. 1982, p. 1.

With regard to the ceilings established for categories 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 15 B, 16, 18, 24/25 and 73 of Annex II, re-imported products which have undergone an outward processing operation in conformity with the Community Regulation on economic outward processing may be charged against the respective ceilings only if in the movement certificate issued by the competent Yugoslav authorities reference is made to the prior authorization provided for by the Community Regulation on economic outward processing.

Goods shall be set off against the ceiling or sub-ceilings only if the movement certificate has been submitted before the date on which customs duties are reimposed.

The reaching of a ceiling or sub-ceiling shall be determined at Community level on the basis of imports set off against it in the manner defined in the preceding subparagraphs.

The Member States shall periodically inform the Commission of imports effected in accordance with the above rules; such information shall be supplied under the conditions laid down in paragraph 4.

3. As soon as the ceilings or sub-ceilings have been reached, the Commission may adopt a Regulation reimposing until the end of the calendar year the customs duties applicable to third countries.

In the case of such a reimposition, Greece shall reintroduce the levying of the customs duties which it applies to third countries at the date in question.

However, if customs duties are reimposed, imports of the goods listed in Annex V, which within the meaning of Protocol 2 annexed to the Agreement have obtained originating status in the free zone established by the Agreements signed at Osimo, shall continue to benefit from exemption of duties provided that this originating status is certified on the

movement certificate by the competent Yugoslav authorities.

4. Member States shall forward to the Commission, not later than the 15th day of each month, statements of the amounts set off during the preceding month. They shall, if the Commission so requests, make up such statements for periods of 10 days and forward them within five clear days of expiry of the preceding 10-day period.

Article 2

From 1 January to 31 December 1984, imports of the goods originating in Yugoslavia referred to in Annex I for which the ceiling level is not specified shall be subject to Community supervision.

Member States shall forward to the Commission, not later than the 15th day of each month, statements of imports of the products in question effected during the preceding month; to this end, only products submitted to the customs authorities under cover of an entry for free circulation and accompanied by a movement certificate conforming to the rules contained in Protocol 2 to the Agreement shall be taken into consideration.

They shall, if the Commission so requests, make up import statements for periods of 10 days and forward them within five clear days of expiry of the preceding 10-day period.

Article 3

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 November 1983.

For the Council
The President
C. VAITSOS

ANNEX I

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 1	31.02	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, nitrogenous: B. Urea containing more than 45 % by weight of nitrogen on the dry anhydrous product	31.02-15	2 425
I YU 2		C. Other	31.02-20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90	21 278
I YU 3	31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg	31.05 all Nos	35 280
	39.03	Regenerated cellulose; cellulose nitrate, cellulose acetate and other cellulose esters, cellulose ethers and other chemical derivatives of cellulose, plasticized or not (for example, collodions, celluloid); vulcanized fibre: B. Other:		
I YU 4		I. Regenerated cellulose	39.03-07, 08, 12, 14, 15, 17	1 196
I YU 5		II. Cellulose nitrates	39.03-21, 23, 25, 27, 29	649
	40.11	Rubber tyres, tyre cases, interchangeable tyre treads, inner tubes and tyre flaps, for wheels of all kinds: B. Other:		
		II. Other:		
I YU 6		— Of the kind used on bicycles or cycles with auxiliary motor, on motor-cycles or motor-scooters; tyre flaps (separately consigned); tyre cases with sewn-in inner tubes, for racing bicycles	40.11-21, 23, 40, 45, 52, 53	2 318
I YU 7		— Other	40.11-25, 27, 29, 55, 57, 62, 63, 80	3 254
I YU 8	ex 42.03	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, of leather or of composition leather, excluding protective gloves for all trades	42.03-10, 25, 27, 28, 51, 59	290
I YU 9	44.15	Plywood, blockboard, laminboard, battenboard and similar laminated wood products (including veneered panels and sheets); inlaid wood and wood marquetry	44.15 all Nos	104 186 m ³
I YU 10	44.18	Reconstituted wood, being wood shavings, wood chips, sawdust, wood flour or other ligneous waste agglomerated with natural or artificial resins or other organic binding substances, in sheets, blocks or the like	44.18 all Nos	25 495
I YU 11	64.01	Footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or artificial material	64.01 all Nos	394



Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
	64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather; footwear (other than footwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material:		
I YU 12		A. Footwear with uppers of leather	64.02-21, 29, 32, 34, 35, 38, 40, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 59	465
I YU 13		B. Other	64.02-60, 61, 69, 99	158
I YU 14	70.05	Unworked drawn or blown glass (including flashed glass), in rectangles	70.05 all Nos	4 635
	70.14	Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked or of optical glass:		
I YU 15		A. Articles for electrical lighting fittings: II. Other (for example, diffusers, ceiling lights, bowls, cups, lamp-shades, globes, tulip-shaped pieces)	70.14-19	1 747
I YU 16	73.18	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydro-electric conduits	73.18 all Nos	9 263
I YU 17	74.04	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of copper	74.04 all Nos	699
I YU 18	74.07	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper; hollow bars of copper	74.07 all Nos	1 936
I YU 19	76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; wire	76.02 all Nos	1 162
I YU 20	76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium	76.03 all Nos	2 548
I YU 21	79.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of zinc; zinc foil; zinc powders and flakes	79.03 all Nos	2 205
	85.01	Electrical goods of the following descriptions; generators, motors, converters (rotary or static), transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors:		
I YU 22		B. Other machines and apparatus I. Generators, motors (whether or not equipped with speed-reducing, changing or step-up gear) and rotary converters	85.01-08, 09, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 31, 33, 34, 36, 38, 39, 41, 42, 44, 46, 47, 49, 52, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58	3 513
I YU 23		C. Parts	85.01-89, 90, 93, 95	1 400

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 24	85.23	Insulated (including enamelled or anodized), electric wire, cable, bars, strip and the like (including coaxial cable), whether or not fitted with connectors: B. Other	85.23 all Nos, excluding 85.23-01	1 879
I YU 25	85.25	Insulators of any material	85.25 all Nos	315
I YU 26	87.10	Cycles (including delivery tricycles), not motorized	87.10 all Nos	657
I YU 27	87.14	Other vehicles (including trailers) not mechanically propelled, and parts thereof: B. Trailers and semi-trailers: II. Other	87.14-33, 37, 39, 43, 49	1 779
I YU 28	94.01	Chairs and other seats (other than those falling within heading No 94.02), whether or not convertible into beds, and parts thereof: B. Other: ex II. Other, excluding seats specially designed for motor vehicles	94.01-31, 35, 41, 45, 50, 60, 70, 91, 93, 99	5 791
I YU 29	94.03	Other furniture and parts thereof: B. Other	94.03 all Nos, excluding 94.03-11, 15, 19	5 096
I YU 30	25.23	Portland cement, ciment fondu, slag cement, super-sulphate cement and similar hydraulic cements, whether or not coloured or in the form of clinker	25.23 all Nos	—
I YU 31	28.56	Carbides, whether or not chemically defined: C. Of calcium	28.56-50	—
I YU 32	44.23	Builders' carpentry and joinery (including prefabricated and sectional buildings and assembled parquet flooring panels)	44.23 all Nos	—
I YU 33	46.03	Basketwork, wickerwork and other articles of plaiting materials, made directly to shape; articles made up from goods falling within heading No 46.02; articles of loofah	46.03 all Nos	—
I YU 34	48.01	Paper and paperboard (including cellulose wadding) in rolls or sheets: C. Kraft paper and kraft board: II. Other	48.01-07, 10, 20, 22, 24, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 39, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 51	—
I YU 35	69.02	Refractory bricks, blocks, tiles and similar refractory constructional goods, other than goods falling within heading No 69.01	69.02 all Nos	—

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 36	69.11	Tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, of porcelain or china (including biscuit porcelain and parian)	69.11 all Nos	—
I YU 37	70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling within heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or for similar uses	70.13 all Nos	—
I YU 38	74.03	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of copper; copper wire	74.03 all Nos	—
	84.41	Sewing machines, furniture specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles: A. Sewing machines, furniture specially designed for sewing machines: I. Sewing machines (lock-stitch only), with heads of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg including the motor; sewing machine heads (lock-stitch only), of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg including the motor: b) Other	84.41-13	—
I YU 39	87.12	Parts and accessories of articles falling within heading No 87.09, 87.10 or 87.11:		
I YU 40		B. Other	87.12-20, 32, 34, 38, 40, 50, 55, 60, 70, 80, 91, 95, 97, 99	—
I YU 41	28.10	Phosphorus pentoxide and phosphoric acids (meta-, ortho- and pyro-)	28.10 all Nos	—
	28.14	Halides, oxyhalides and other halogen compounds of non-metals:		
I YU 42		B. Other halogen compounds of non-metals	28.14-90	—
I YU 43	28.16	Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution	28.16 all Nos	—
I YU 44	28.19	Zinc oxide and zinc peroxide	28.19 all Nos	—
	28.20	Aluminium oxide and hydroxide; artificial corundum:		
I YU 45		B. Artificial corundum	28.20-30	—
	28.40	Phosphites, hypophosphites and phosphates: B. Phosphates (including polyphosphates):		
I YU 46		II. Other	28.40-30, 62, 65, 71, 79, 81, 85	—
I YU 47	28.46	Borates and perborates	28.46 all Nos	—
I YU 48	28.47	Salts of metallic acids (for example, chromates, permanganates, stannates)	28.47 all Nos	—

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 49	28.56	Carbides, whether or not chemically defined: A. Of silicon	28.56-10	—
I YU 50	29.16	Carboxylic acids with alcohol, phenol, aldehyde or ketone function and other single or complex oxygen-function carboxylic acids, and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: A. Carboxylic acids with alcohol function: IV. Citric acid and its salts and esters: a) Citric acid	29.16-21	—
I YU 51	29.35	Heterocyclic compounds; nucleic acids: ex Q. Other: — Melamine	29.35-92	—
I YU 52	31.03	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, phosphatic	31.03 all Nos	—
I YU 53	39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polyteranaloethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloracetate and other polyvinyl derivatives; polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins): C. Other I. Polyethylene	39.02-03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 09, 11, 12, 13	—
I YU 54		IV. Polypropylene	39.02-21, 22, 25, 26, 27, 28	—
I YU 55		VII. Polyvinyl chloride	39.02-41, 43, 45, 46, 47, 51, 52, 53, 54, 57, 59, 61, 66	—
I YU 56	41.02	Bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06 or 41.08: B. Bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) not further prepared than chrome-tanned, in the wet blue state C. Other	41.02-12, 14 41.02-17, 19, 21, 28, 31, 32, 35, 37, 98	—
I YU 57	41.05	Other kinds of leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06 or 41.08: B. Other: II. Other	41.05-91, 93, 99	—
I YU 58	42.02	Travel goods (for example, trunks, suit-cases, hat-boxes, travelling-bags, rucksacks), shopping-bags, handbags, satchels, briefcases, wallets, purses, toilet-cases, tool-cases, tobacco-pouches, sheaths, cases, boxes (for example, for arms, musical instruments, binoculars, jewellery, bottles collars, footwear, brushes) and similar containers, of leather or of composition leather, of vulcanized fibre, of artificial plastic sheeting, of paperboard or of textile fabric	42.02 all Nos	—

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 59	44.11	Fibre building board of wood or other vegetable material, whether or not bonded with natural or artificial resins or with other organic binders	44.11 all Nos	—
I YU 60	44.17	'Improved' wood, in sheets, blocks or the like	44.17 all Nos	—
	48.01	Paper and paperboard (including cellulose wadding) in rolls or sheets: ex F. Other:		
I YU 61		— Printing paper and writing paper	48.01-76, 78, 79, 80, 81	—
I YU 62	48.15	Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape	48.15 all Nos	—
	68.13	Fabricated asbestos and articles thereof (for example, asbestos board, thread and fabric; asbestos clothing, asbestos jointing), reinforced or not, other than goods falling within heading No 68.14; mixtures with a basis of asbestos and mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate, and articles of such mixtures: B. Articles of asbestos:		
I YU 63		I. Thread	68.13-33, 35	—
I YU 64		II. Fabric	68.13-36	—
I YU 65	69.07	Unglazed setts, flags and paving, hearth and wall tiles	69.07 all Nos	—
	69.12	Tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, of other kinds of pottery:		
I YU 66		C. Earthenware or fine pottery	69.12-31, 39	—
I YU 67	70.12	Glass inners for vacuum flasks or for other vacuum vessels	70.12 all Nos	—
	70.14	Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked nor of optical glass:		
I YU 68		B. Other	70.14-91, 95	—
I YU 69	73.20	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, unions and flanges), of iron or steel	73.20-all Nos	—
	73.40	Other articles of iron or steel: ex B. Other:		
I YU 70		— Pallets and similar platforms for handling goods	73.40-47	—
I YU 71	74.05	Copper foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0,15 mm	74.05 all Nos	—

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
IYU 72	74.10	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of copper wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables	74.10 all Nos	—
IYU 73	76.04	Aluminium foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding backing) not exceeding 0,20 mm	76.04 all Nos	—
IYU 74	76.06	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of-aluminium; hollow bars of aluminium	76.06 all Nos	—
IYU 75	76.12	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of aluminium wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables	76.12 all Nos	—
IYU 76	78.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of lead	78.03 all Nos	—
IYU 77	79.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of zinc; zinc wire	79.02 all Nos	—
	84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other):		
IYU 78		B. Evaporators and condensers, excluding those for domestic refrigerators	84.15-05	—
IYU 79		C. Other	84.15-06, 11, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 32, 36, 41, 46, 51, 59, 61, 68, 72, 74, 78, 92, 98	—
IYU 80	84.62	Ball, roller or needle roller bearings	84.62 all Nos	—
	85.09	Electrical lighting and signalling equipment and electrical windscreen wipers, defrosters and demisters, for cycles or motor vehicles:		
		ex C. Other:		
IYU 81		— Electrical windscreen wipers, defrosters and demisters	85.09-91	—
	85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus:		
		A. Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras:		
		III. Receivers, whether or not incorporating sound recorders or reproducers:		
IYU 82		b) Other	85.15-12, 13, 14, 16, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27	—

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 83	85.15 <i>(cont'd)</i>	C. Parts: II. Other: c) Other	85.15-82, 84, 86, 88, 91, 99	—
I YU 84	85.19	Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, lightning arresters, surge suppressors, plugs, lampholders and junction boxes); resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors; printed circuits; switchboards (other than telephone switchboards) and control panels:	85.19-01, 02, 04, 05, 06, 08, 12, 18, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 32, 34, 36, 38, 41, 43, 45, 47, 51, 53, 57, 58, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 68, 75	—
I YU 85		A. Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits or for making connections to or in electrical circuits	85.19-81, 82, 84, 85, 87	—
I YU 86	85.21	B. Resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors	85.21 all Nos	—
		Thermionic, cold cathode and photo-cathode valves and tubes (including vapour or gas filled valves and tubes, cathode-ray tubes, television camera tubes and mercury arc rectifying valves and tubes); photocells; mounted piezo-electric crystals; diodes, transistors and similar semi-conductor devices; light-emitting diodes; electronic microcircuits		

ANNEX II

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling
1	2	3	4	5
1	55.05	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale	55.05 all Nos	3 935 tonnes
2	55.09	Other woven fabric of cotton	55.09 all Nos	4 771 tonnes
2 A		Of which other than unbleached or bleached, maximum	55.09-06, 07, 08, 09, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 70, 71, 73, 83, 84, 85, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 98, 99	1 010 tonnes
3	56.07	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale: A. Of synthetic textile fibres	56.07-01, 04, 05, 07, 08, 10, 12, 15, 19, 20, 22, 25, 29, 30, 31, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 43, 45, 46, 47, 49	431 tonnes
				Level of ceiling: a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article I (2)
4	60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: B. Other: I. T-shirts II. Lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle necked jumpers and pullovers: a) Of cotton b) Of synthetic textile fibres c) Of regenerated textile fibres IV. Other: b) Of synthetic textile fibres: 1. Men's and boys': aa) Shirts dd) Other 2. Women's, girls' and infants': ee) Other	60.04-19, 20, 22 60.04-23 60.04-24 60.04-26 60.04-41 60.04-50 60.04-58	a) 4 112 000 pieces b) 2 304 000 pieces

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article 1 (2)
1	2	3	4	5
	60.04 <i>(cont'd)</i>	B. IV. d) Of cotton: 1. Men's and boys': aa) Shirts dd) Other 2. Women's, girls' and infants': dd) Other	60.04-71 60.04-79 60.04-89	
5	60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: I. Jerseys and pullovers, containing at least 50 % by weight of wool and weighing 600 g or more per article II. Other: b) Other: 4. Other outer garments: bb) Jerseys, pullovers, slip-overs, waist-coats, twinsets, cardigans, bed jackets and jumpers: 11. Men's and boys': aaa) Of wool bbb) Of fine animal hair ccc) Of synthetic textile fibres ddd) Of regenerated textile fibres eee) Of cotton 22. Women's, girls' and infants': bbb) Of wool ccc) Of fine animal hair ddd) Of synthetic textile fibres eee) Of regenerated textile fibres fff) Of cotton	60.05-01 60.05-31 60.05-33 60.05-34 60.05-35 60.05-36 60.05-39 60.05-40 60.05-41 60.05-42 60.05-43	a) 1 791 000 pieces b) 764 000 pieces
6	61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments: B. Other: V. Other: d) Breeches and shorts: 1. Of wool or of fine animal hair 2. Of man-made textile fibres 3. Of cotton	61.01-62 61.01-64 61.01-66	

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling: a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article 1 (2)
1	2	3	4	5
7	61.01 <i>(cont'd)</i>	B. V. e) Trousers: 1. Of wool or of fine animal hair 2. Of man-made fibres 3. Of cotton	61.01-72 61.01-74 61.01-76	
	61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: II. Other: e) Other: 6. Trousers and slacks: aa) Of wool or of fine animal hair bb) Of man-made textile fibres cc) Of cotton	61.02-66 61.02-68 61.02-72	a) 2 763 000 pieces b) 340 000 pieces
	60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: b) Other: 4. Other outer garments: aa) Blouses and shirt-blouses for women, girls and infants: 22. Of wool or of fine animal hair 33. Of synthetic textile fibres 44. Of regenerated textile fibres 55. Of cotton	60.05-22 60.05-23 60.05-24 60.05-25	a) 1 779 000 pieces b) 180 000 pieces
	61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: II. Other: e) Other: 7. Blouses and shirt-blouses: bb) Of man-made textile fibres cc) Of cotton dd) Of other textile materials	61.02-78 61.02-82 61.02-84	
	61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs: A. Shirts	61.03-11, 15, 19	a) 6 441 000 pieces b) 1 209 000 pieces

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling
1	2	3	4	5
9	55.08	Terry towelling and similar terry fabrics, of cotton	55.08 all Nos	324 tonnes
	62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles: B. Other: III. Toilet linen and kitchen linen: a) Of cotton: 1. Of terry towelling and similar terry fabrics	62.02-71	
				Level of ceiling: a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article 1 (2)
12	60.03	Stockings, under stockings, socks, ankle-socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized:		a) 4 917 000 pairs b) 2 039 000 pairs
		A. Of wool or of fine animal hair	60.03-11, 19	
		B. Of synthetic textile fibres: I. Knee-length stockings	60.03-20	
		II. Other b) Other	60.03-27	
		C. Of cotton	60.03-30	
		D. Of other textile materials	60.03-90	
15 B	61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments:		a) 1 255 000 pieces b) 1 94 000 pieces
		B. Other:		
		II. Other:		
		e) Other:		
		1. Jackets (excluding waistier jackets) and blazers:		
		aa) Of wool or of fine animal hair	61.02-31	
		bb) Of man-made textile fibres	61.02-32	
		cc) Of cotton	61.02-33	
		2. Coats and raincoats; cloaks and capes:		
		aa) Of wool or of fine animal hair	61.02-35	
bb) Of man-made textile fibres	61.02-36, 37			
		cc) Of cotton	61.02-39, 40	

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling: a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article 1 (2)
1	2	3	4	5
16	61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments: B. Other: V. Other: c) Suits and coordinate suits (excluding ski suits): 1. Of wool or of fine animal hair 2. Of man-made textile fibres 3. Of cotton	61.01-51 61.01-54 61.01-57	a) 794 000 pieces b) 211 000 pieces
18	61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs: B. Pyjamas C. Other	61.03-51, 55, 59 61.03-81, 85, 89	a) 131 tonnes b) 81 tonnes
				Level of ceiling
22	56.05	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale: A. Of synthetic textile fibres	56.05-03, 05, 07, 09, 11, 13, 15, 19, 21, 23, 25, 28, 32, 34, 36, 38, 39, 42, 44, 45, 46, 47	311 tonnes
23	56.05	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale: B. Of regenerated textile fibres	56.05-51, 55, 61, 65, 71, 75, 81, 85, 91, 95, 99	180 tonnes

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling: a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article 1 (2)
1	2	3	4	5
24 and 25	60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: B. Other: IV. Other: b) Of synthetic textile fibres: 1. Men's and boys': bb) Pyjamas d) Of cotton: 1. Men's and boys': bb) Pyjamas	60.04-47 60.04-73	a) 970 000 pieces b) 625 000 pieces
	60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: B. Other: IV. Other: b) Of synthetic textile fibres 2. Women's, girls' and infants': aa) Pyjamas bb) Nightdresses d) Of cotton: 2. Women's, girls' and infants': aa) Pyjamas bb) Nightdresses	60.04-51 60.04-53 60.04-81 60.04-83	
33	51.04	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02: A. Woven fabrics of synthetic textile fibres: III. Fabrics made from strip or the like of polyethylene or polypropylene, of a width of: a) Less than 3 m	51.04-06	Level of ceiling 417 tonnes
	62.03	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods: B. Of other textile materials: II. Other: b) Of fabric of synthetic textile fibres: 1. Made from polyethylene or polypropylene strip	62.03-51, 59	

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling
1	2	3	4	5
37	56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste): B. Of regenerated textile fibres	56.07-50, 51, 55, 56, 59, 60, 61, 65, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 77, 78, 82, 83, 84, 87	755 tonnes
48	53.07	Yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn), not put up for retail sale	53.07 all Nos	277 tonnes
	53.08	Yarn of fine animal hair (carded or combed), not put up for retail sale: B. Combed	53.08-21, 25	
52	55.06	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale	55.06 all Nos	110 tonnes
56	56.06	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale: A. Of synthetic textile fibres	56.06-11, 15	60 tonnes
57	56.06	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale: B. Of regenerated textile fibres	56.06-20	2 tonnes
67	60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: b) Other: 5. Clothing accessories	60.05-93, 94, 95	245 tonnes
		B. Other	60.05-96, 97, 98, 99	
	60.06	Knitted or crocheted fabric and articles thereof, elastic or rubberized (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings): B. Other: II. Stockings III. Other	60.06-92 60.06-96, 98	

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling: a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article 1 (2)
1	2	3	4	5
73	60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: b) Other: 3. Track suits	60.05-16, 17, 19	a) 412 000 pieces b) 348 000 pieces
Diverse	59.04	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not	59.04 all Nos	Level of ceiling (tonnes) 2 033

ANNEX III

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
III YU 1	27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations: A. Light oils: III. For other purposes B. Medium oils: III. For other purposes C. Heavy oils: I. Gas oils: c) For other purposes II. Fuel oils: c) For other purposes III. Lubricating oils; other oils: c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to this Chapter (a) d) For other purposes	27.10-15, 17, 21, 25, 29 27.10-34, 38, 39 27.10-59 27.10-69 27.10-75 27.10-79	
	27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons: A. Propane of a purity not less than 99 %: I. For use as a power or heating fuel B. Other: I. Commercial propane and commercial butane: c) For other purposes	27.11-03 27.11-19	496 400
	27.12	Petroleum jelly: A. Crude: III. For other purposes B. Other	27.12-19 27.12-90	
	27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured: B. Other: I. Crude: c) For other purposes II. Other	27.13-89 27.13-90	
	27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum, coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals: C. Other: II. Other	27.14-99	

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

ANNEX IV

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
IV YU 1	28.05	Alkali and alkaline-earth metals; rare earth metals, yttrium and scandium and intermixtures or interalloys thereof; mercury: D. Mercury: I. In flasks of a net capacity of 34,5 kg (standard weight), of a fob value, per flask, not exceeding 224 ECU	28.05-71	20
	73.02	Ferro-alloys: A. Ferro-manganese: II. Other	73.02-19	69
IV YU 2		C. Ferro-silicon	73.02-30	5 005
IV YU 3		D. Ferro-silico-manganese	73.02-40	771
IV YU 4		E. Ferro-chromium and ferro-silico-chromium: I. Ferro-chromium	73.02-52, 53, 54	1 183
IV YU 5		— Of which ferro-chromium containing by weight not more than 0,10 % of carbon and more than 30 % but not more than 90 % of chromium (super-refined ferro-chromium), maximum	ex 73.02-52, 53, 54	591
IV YU 7	76.01	Unwrought aluminium; aluminium waste and scrap: A. Unwrought	76.01-11, 24, 29	2 058
	78.01	Unwrought lead (including argentiferous lead); lead waste and scrap: A. Unwrought: II. Other	78.01-12, 13, 15, 19	1 226
IV YU 8				
IV YU 9	79.01	Unwrought zinc; zinc waste and scrap: A. Unwrought	79.01-11, 15	1 561

ANNEX V

CCT heading No	Description
28.40	Phosphites, hypophosphites and phosphates: B. Phosphates (including polyphosphates): II. Other
44.15	Plywood, blockboard, laminboard, battenboard and similar laminated wood products (including veneered panels and sheets); inlaid wood and wood marquetry
44.17	'Improved' wood, sheets, blocks or the like
44.18	Reconstituted wood, being wood shavings, wood chips, sawdust, wood flour or other ligneous waste agglomerated with natural or artificial resins or other organic binding substances, in sheets, blocks or the like
44.23	Builders' carpentry and joinery (including prefabricated and sectional buildings and assembled parquet flooring panels)
70.12	Glass inners for vacuum flasks or for other vacuum vessels
70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling in heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or for similar uses
84.41	Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles: A. Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines: I. Sewing machines (lock-stitch only), with heads of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg including the motor; sewing machine heads (lock-stitch only) of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg including the motor: b) Other
85.01	Electrical goods of the following descriptions: generators, motors, converters (rotary or static), transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors: B. Other machines and apparatus: I. Generators, motors (whether or not equipped with speed reducing, changing or step-up gear) and rotary converters C. Parts
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus
85.19	Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, lightning arresters, surge suppressors, plugs, lampholders and junction boxes); resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors; printed circuits; switchboards (other than telephone switchboards) and control panels: A. Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits or for making connections to or in electrical circuits B. Resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors

CCT heading No	Description
85.21	Thermionic, cold cathode and photo-cathode valves and tubes (including vapour or gas-filled valves and tubes, cathode-ray tubes, television camera tubes and mercury arc rectifying valves and tubes); photocells; mounted piezo-electric crystals; diodes, transistors and similar semi-conductor devices; light emitting diodes; electronic microcircuits
85.25	Insulators of any material

COUNCIL

DECISION OF THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY MEETING WITHIN THE COUNCIL

of 4 November 1983

establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain goods originating in Yugoslavia (1984)

(83/558/ECSC)

THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY MEETING WITHIN THE COUNCIL

In agreement with the Commission,

HAVE DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

1. Imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia and indicated in Article 3 of the Agreement between the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community and the European Coal and Steel Community, of the one part, and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, of the other part⁽¹⁾, shall be subject to annual ceilings and to Community supervision from 1 January to 31 December 1984.

The description of the goods referred to in the preceding subparagraph, their tariff headings and statistical numbers and the levels of the indicative ceilings are given in the Annex hereto.

2. Amounts shall be set off against the ceilings as and when the goods are entered with customs authorities for free circulation and accompanied by a movement certificate conforming to the rules contained in Protocol 3 to the Cooperation

Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾.

Goods shall be set off against ceiling only if the movement certificate has been submitted before the date on which customs duties are reimposed.

The reaching of a ceiling shall be determined at Community level on the basis of imports set off against it in the manner defined in the preceding subparagraphs.

The Member States shall periodically inform the Commission of imports effected in accordance with the above rules; such information shall be supplied under the conditions laid down in paragraph 4.

3. As soon as the ceilings are reached at Community level, Member States may at any time, at the request of any one of them or of the Commission, and in respect of the whole of the Community, reintroduce the levying of the customs duties applicable to third countries.

In the case of such a reimposition, Greece shall reintroduce the levying of the customs duties which it applies to third countries at the date in question.

Within the framework of the foregoing provisions, the Commission shall coordinate the procedures for

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 113.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

reintroducing the customs duties applicable to third countries, in particular by notifying the date common to the whole of the Community and directly applicable in each Member State. This notification shall be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

4. Member States shall forward to the Commission, not later than the 15th day of each month, statements of the amounts set off during the preceding month. They shall, if the Commission so requests, make up such statements for periods of 10 days and forward them within five clear days of expiry of the preceding 10-day period.

Article 2

Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Decision is complied with.

Article 3

Member States shall take all measures necessary to implement this Decision.

Done at Brussels, 4 November 1983.

The President
C. VAITSOS

ANNEX

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
1	73.01	Pig iron, cast iron and spiegeleisen, in pigs, blocks, lumps and similar forms: A. Spiegeleisen B. Haematite pig iron and cast iron C. Phosphoric pig iron and cast iron D. Other pig iron and cast iron: II. Other	73.01-10 73.01-21, 23, 25, 27 73.01-31, 35 73.01-49	19 978
2	73.08	Iron or steel coils for re-rolling	73.08-all Nos	29 002
3	73.10	Bars and rods (including wire rod), of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished (including precision-made); hollow mining drill steel: A. Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded D. Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated): I. Not further worked than clad: a) Hot-rolled or extruded	73.10-11, 13, 16, 18 73.10-42	19 110
4	73.11	Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements: A. Angles, shapes and sections: I. Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded IV. Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated): a) Not further worked than clad: 1. Hot-rolled or extruded B. Sheet piling	73.11-11, 12, 14, 16, 19 73.11-41 73.11-50	2 728
5	73.12	Hoop and strip, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled: A. Not further worked than hot-rolled B. Not further worked than cold-rolled: I. In coils for the manufacture of tinplate C. Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated: III. Tinned: a) Tinplate V. Other (for example, copper-plated, artificially oxidized, lacquered, nickel-plated, varnished, clad, parkerized, printed): a) Not further worked than clad: 1. Hot-rolled	73.12-11, 19 73.12-21 73.12-51 73.12-71	5 638

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
6	73.13	<p>Sheets and plates, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled:</p> <p>A. 'Electrical' sheets and plates</p> <p>B. Other sheets and plates:</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">I. Not further worked than hot-rolled</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">II. Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b) More than 1 mm but less than 3 mm</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">c) 1 mm or less</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">III. Not further worked than burnished, polished or glazed</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">IV. Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b) Tinned</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">c) Zinc-coated or lead-coated</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">d) Other (for example, copper-plated, artificially oxidized, lacquered, nickel-plated, varnished, clad, parkerized, printed)</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">V. Otherwise shaped or worked:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a) Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked:</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">2. Other</p>	<p>73.13-11, 16</p> <p>73.13-17, 19, 21, 23, 26, 32, 34, 36</p> <p>73.13-43, 45</p> <p>73.13-47, 49</p> <p>73.13-50</p> <p>73.13-64, 65</p> <p>73.13-67, 68, 72, 74</p> <p>73.13-76, 78, 79, 82, 84, 86, 87, 88, 89</p> <p>73.13-92</p>	34 953
7	73.15	<p>Alloy steel and high carbon steel in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.06 to 73.14:</p> <p>A. High carbon steel:</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">I. Ingots, blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b) Other</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">III. Coils for re-rolling</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">IV. Universal plates</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">V. Bars and rods (including wire rod) and hollow mining drill steel; angles, shapes and sections:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b) Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">d) Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated):</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">1. Not further worked than clad:</p> <p style="padding-left: 80px;">aa) Hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">VI. Hoop and strip:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a) Not further worked than hot-rolled</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">c) Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated:</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">1. Not further worked than clad:</p> <p style="padding-left: 80px;">aa) Hot-rolled</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">VII. Sheets and plates:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a) Not further worked than hot-rolled</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b) Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of:</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">2. Less than 3 mm</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">c) Polished, clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">d) Otherwise shaped or worked:</p> <p style="padding-left: 60px;">1. Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked</p>	<p>73.61-20, 50</p> <p>73.62-10</p> <p>73.62-30</p> <p>73.63-21, 29</p> <p>73.63-72</p> <p>73.64-20</p> <p>73.64-72</p> <p>73.65-21, 23, 25</p> <p>73.65-55</p> <p>73.65-70</p> <p>73.65-81</p>	

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
	73.15 (cont'd)	<p>B. Alloy steel:</p> <p>I. Ingots, blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars:</p> <p>b) Other:</p> <p>1. Ingots:</p> <p>bb) Other 73.71-23, 24, 29</p> <p>2. Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars 73.71-53, 54, 55, 56, 59</p> <p>III. Coils for re-rolling 73.72-11, 13, 19</p> <p>IV. Universal plates 73.72-33, 39</p> <p>V. Bars and rods (including wire rod) and hollow mining drill steel; angles, shapes and sections:</p> <p>b) Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded 73.73-23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 33, 34, 35, 36, 39</p> <p>d) Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated):</p> <p>1. Not further worked than clad:</p> <p>aa) Hot-rolled or extruded 73.73-72</p> <p>VI. Hoop and strip:</p> <p>a) Not further worked than hot-rolled 73.74-21, 23, 29</p> <p>c) Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated:</p> <p>1. Not further worked than clad:</p> <p>aa) Hot-rolled 73.74-72</p> <p>VII. Sheets and plates:</p> <p>a) 'Electrical' sheets and plates 73.75-11, 19</p> <p>b) Other sheets and plates:</p> <p>1. Not further worked than hot-rolled 73.75-23, 24, 29, 33, 34, 39, 43, 44, 49</p> <p>2. Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of:</p> <p>bb) Less than 3 mm 73.75-63, 64, 69</p> <p>3. Polished, clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated 73.75-73, 79</p> <p>4. Otherwise shaped or worked:</p> <p>aa) Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked 73.75-83, 84, 89</p>		19 041

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3288/83
of 18 November 1983**

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (¹), and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3611/82 of 21 December 1982 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia (²),

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
94.01	Chairs and other seats (other than those falling within heading No 94.02), whether or not convertible into beds, and parts thereof: B. Other: ex II. Other excluding seats specially designed for motor vehicles	5 516

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 25 November to 31 December 1983, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
94.01	Chairs, and other seats (other than those falling within heading No 94.02), whether or not convertible into beds, and parts thereof: B. Other: ex II. Other, excluding seats specially designed for motor vehicles	Yugoslavia

(¹) OJ No L 41. 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(²) OJ No L 380, 31. 12. 1982, p. 22.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 November 1983.

For the Commission
Karl-Heinz NARJES
Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3292/83

of 18 November 1983

on arrangements for imports into the United Kingdom of certain textile products (category 4) originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Article 1

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82 of 23 December 1982 on rules for imports of certain textile products originating in Yugoslavia (1), and in particular Article 10 thereof,

Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 2, imports into the United Kingdom of the category of products originating in Yugoslavia and specified in the Annex hereto shall be subject to the quantitative limits set out in that Annex.

Whereas Article 10 of Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82 lays down the conditions under which quantitative limits may be established; whereas imports into the United Kingdom of textile products of category 4 specified in the Annex hereto and originating in Yugoslavia exceeded the levels referred to in Article 10 (3) thereof;

Article 2

Whereas, in accordance with Article 10 (5) of Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82, Yugoslavia was notified on 12 September 1983 of requests for consultations;

1. Products as referred to in Article 1, shipped from Yugoslavia to the United Kingdom before the date of entry into force of this Regulation and not yet released for free circulation, shall be so released subject to the presentation of a bill of lading or other transport document proving that shipment actually took place before that date.

Whereas, as a result of these consultations, it was agreed to make the textile products in question subject to quantitative limits for the years 1983 to 1986;

2. Imports of such products shipped from Yugoslavia to the United Kingdom after the entry into force of this Regulation shall be subject to the double-checking system described in Annex V to Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82.

Whereas Article 10 (13) provides for compliance with the quantitative limits to be ensured by means of a double-checking system in accordance with Annex V to Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82;

3. All quantities of products shipped from Yugoslavia to the United Kingdom on or after 17 October 1983 and released for free circulation, shall be deducted from the quantitative limit laid down. This limit shall not, however, prevent the importation of products covered by it but shipped from Yugoslavia before the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

Whereas the products in question exported from Yugoslavia between 17 October 1983 and the date of entry into force of this Regulation must be set off against the quantitative limit for the year 1983;

Whereas this quantitative limit should not prevent the importation of products covered by it shipped from Yugoslavia before the date of entry into force of this Regulation;

Article 3

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Textile Committee,

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

(1) OJ No L 374, 31. 12. 1982, p. 47.

It shall apply until 31 December 1986.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 November 1983.

For the Commission
 Wilhelm HAFERKAMP
Vice-President

ANNEX

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1983)	Description	Third country	Member State	Units	Quantitative limits	
							17 October to 31 December 1983	1 January to 31 December
4	60.04 B I II a) b) c) IV b) 1 aa) dd) 2 ee) d) 1 aa) dd) 2 dd)	60.04-19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 26, 41, 50, 58, 71, 79, 89	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: Shirts, T-shirts, lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle necked jumpers and pullovers, undervests and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, other than babies' garments, of cotton or synthetic textile fibres; T-shirts and lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle necked jumpers and pullovers, of regenerated textile fibres, other than babies' garments	Yugo- slavia	UK	1 000 pieces	250	1984 : 650 1985 : 673 1986 : 697

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3539/83
of 12 December 1983

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Yugoslavia (1984)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1) stipulates that certain wines having a registered designation of origin falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Yugoslavia and specified in the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters of 18 July 1983, shall be imported into the Community at customs duties equal to 70 % of the duties of the Common Customs Tariff within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 12 000 hectolitres; whereas these wines must be put in containers holding two litres or less and must be accompanied by a certificate of designation of origin in accordance with the model appearing in the Annex to this Regulation; whereas a tariff quota of 12 000 hectolitres should therefore be opened for the period up to 31 December 1984;

Whereas the wines in question are subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price; whereas, in order that such wines may benefit from this tariff quota, Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 (2), as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1595/83 (3), must be complied with;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure equal and uninterrupted access for all Community importers to the abovementioned quota, and uninterrupted application of the rates laid down for this quota to all imports of the products concerned into the Member

States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect most accurately the actual development of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, assessed by reference to both the statistics relating to imports of the said products from Yugoslavia over a representative reference period and the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, in respect of the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Yugoslavia of the products concerned:

Member State	1980	1981	1982
Benelux	42,5	7,6	8,8
Denmark	18,7	20,1	39,1
Germany	6,5	50,0	42,4
Greece	0,0	0,0	0,0
France	3,0	3,8	3,5
Ireland	1,6	0,5	0,4
Italy	0,7	1,7	1,5
United Kingdom	27,0	16,3	4,3

Whereas, in view of these factors, and of market forecasts for the products concerned and in particular of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	15,6
Denmark	26,3
Germany	37,4
Greece	0,4
France	3,5
Ireland	1,4
Italy	1,4
United Kingdom	14,0

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

(3) OJ No L 163, 22. 6. 1983, p. 48.

Whereas, to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being allocated among the Member States and the second held as a reserve intended to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States who have used up their initial share; whereas, in order to guarantee some degree of security to importers in each Member State, the first instalment of the Community quota should be fixed at a level which could, in the present circumstances, be 80 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the initial shares of the Member States may be used up at different rates; whereas, in order to take this into account and to avoid a break in continuity, any Member State which has used up almost all of its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this should be done by each Member State each time one of its additional shares is almost used up, and so on as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to follow the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas, if at a given date in the quota period a substantial quantity of its initial share remains unused

in any Member State, it is essential that it should return a significant proportion thereof to the reserve, to prevent part of the Community quota remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of the shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1984, the Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of the following products originating in Yugoslavia shall be suspended at the levels shown below within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 12 000 hectolitres:

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
22.05	Wine of fresh grapes; grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol: C. Other: I. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume not exceeding 13 % vol, in containers, holding: ex a) Two litres or less: — wines entitled to one of the following designations of origin: — Ljutomersko — Ormoške gorice, Laški Rizling — Ohrid, Merlot — Heržegovina — Mostar: — Žilavka — Blatina — Fruška Gora, Talijanski Rizling — Oplenac, Lipovac — Istra, Merlot — Tikveš: — Krater — Kratošija — Strednja i južna dalmacija: — Dingač — Kastelet — Crna Gora, Vranac	10,1 ECU/hl

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
22.05 (cont'd)	II. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol, in containers, holding : ex a) Two litres or less : — wines entitled to one of the following designations of origin : — Ljutomersko — Ormoške gorice, Laški Rizling — Ohrid, Merlot — Herzegovina — Mostar : — Žilavka — Blatina — Fruška Gora, Talijanski Rizling — Oplenac, Lipovac — Istra, Merlot — Tikveš : — Krater — Kratošija — Strednja i južna dalmacija : — Dingač — Kistelet — Crna Gora, Vranac	11,8 ECU/hl

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota, the Hellenic Republic shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and in Regulation (EEC) No 287/82⁽¹⁾.

3. The wines in question shall be subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price. In order that such wines may benefit from this tariff quota, Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 must be complied with.

4. Each of these wines, when imported, shall be accompanied by a certificate of designation of origin, issued by the relevant Yugoslavian authority, in accordance with the model annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment, amounting to 9 600 hectolitres shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1984, shall be as follows:

	(hectolitres)
Benelux	1 500
Denmark	2 520
Germany	3 600
Greece	35
France	335
Ireland	135
Italy	135
United Kingdom	1 340

3. The second instalment, amounting to 2 400 hectolitres, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share, as specified in Article 2(2), or of that share less the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, that Member State shall, without delay, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next whole number, in so far as the amount in the reserve allows.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 30, 6. 2. 1982, p. 1.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue to apply until the reserve is used up.

4. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, Member States may draw smaller shares than those fixed in these paragraphs if there is reason to believe that those fixed might not be used up. They shall inform the Commission of their grounds for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional share drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1984.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1984, the unused portion of their initial shares which on 15 September 1984 is in excess of 20 % of the initial amount. They may return a greater quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity might not be used in full.

Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1984, of the total imports of the products concerned effected under the Community quotas up to and including 15 September 1984 and, where appropriate, the proportion of their initial share that they are returning to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it has been notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 12 December 1983.

It shall notify the Member States, not later than 5 October 1984, of the state of the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available and, to this end, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State making the final drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their aggregate shares in the Community quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the products have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall collaborate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is observed.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1984.

For the Council

The President

C. SIMITIS

BILAG — ANHANG — ΠΑΡΑΡΤΗΜΑ — ANNEX — ANNEXE — ALLEGATO — BIJLAGE

1. Exporter — Exportateur	<p align="center">CERTIFICATE OF DESIGNATION OF ORIGIN CERTIFICAT D'APPELLATION D'ORIGINE</p> <p align="center">YUGOSLAV WINES VINS YOUGOSLAVES</p> <p align="center">No 000000</p>		
2. Consignee — Destinataire	3. ISSUING AUTHORITY — ORGANISME ÉMETTEUR		
	4. Designation of origin — Appellation d'origine		
5. Marks and numbers — Number and kind of packages Marques et numéros — Nombre et nature des colis	6. Gross mass (kg) Masse brute (kg)	7. Litres Litres	
8. Litres (in words) — Litres (en lettres)			
<p>9. CERTIFICATION BY THE ISSUING AUTHORITY — VISA DE L'ORGANISME ÉMETTEUR</p> <p>The wine described in this certificate is wine produced within the wine district of and is considered by Yugoslav legislation as entitled to the designation of origin</p> <p>Le vin décrit dans le présent certificat a été produit dans la zone viticole de et est reconnu, suivant la loi yougoslave, comme ayant droit à la dénomination d'origine « ».</p> <p>Place — Lieu : Date — Date : Signature and stamp — Signature et cachet :</p>			

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3639/83
of 20 December 1983
concerning Annex VII to Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82 on common rules for
imports of certain textile products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
3588/82 of 23 December 1982 on common rules for
imports of certain textile products originating in
Yugoslavia (1), and in particular paragraph 2 of Annex
VII thereto,

Whereas Annex VII to Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82
provides that the allocations between Member States of
Community quantitative limits specific to outward
processing trade (OPT) imports for 1984 to 1986 are
carried out in accordance with the procedure laid
down in Article 14;

Whereas it is appropriate to establish the 1984 alloca-
tion between Member States of these quantitative
limits for economic outward processing trade;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Textile
Committee 'Yugoslavia',

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The 1984 allocation between Member States of the
Community OPT quantitative limits referred to in
Appendix A to Annex VII to Regulation (EEC) No
3588/82 is set out in the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January
1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 20 December 1983.

For the Commission

Etienne DAVIGNON

Vice-President

(1) OJ No L 37, 31. 12. 1982, p. 47.

ANNEX

Breakdown of outward processing trade objectives between Member States from 1 January to 31 December 1984

Units	Category	EEC	Federal Republic of Germany	France	Italy	Benelux	United Kingdom	Ireland	Denmark	Greece
1 000 pieces	5	1 995	1 710		74	211				
1 000 pieces	6	4 845	4 257			588				
1 000 pieces	7	3 198	2 919			279				
1 000 pieces	8	10 463	7 115			3 348				
1 000 pieces	12	5 758	5 704		54					
1 000 pieces	16 (1)	1 165	882		54	196			33	
1 000 pieces	73	128	107		21					
1 000 pieces	15 B (1)	2 268	2 092			176				

(1) A transfer of 100 % can be made between categories 15 B and 16.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3701/83

of 22 December 1983

suspending the application of ceilings established by Regulation (EEC) No 3221/83 for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas, pursuant to Article 1 of Protocol 1 annexed to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (¹), the Community has, by Regulation (EEC) No 3221/83 (²), established the ceilings applicable in 1984 to imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia; whereas this Article provides also that if, for two successive years, imports of a product subject to a ceiling are less than 80 % of the amount fixed, the Community may suspend the application of this ceiling;

Whereas the Communities' statistical summaries for 1981 and 1982 show that imports of certain products which are subject to ceilings did not, during those years, reach 80 % of the ceilings indicated; whereas, therefore, it appears appropriate to suspend application of the ceilings valid for imports of the products in question from 1 January 1984; whereas, however, it is desirable to follow the development of these imports by means of statistical surveillance,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The application of the ceilings established by Article 1 of Regulation (EEC) No 3221/83 shall be suspended from 1 January 1984 for imports of the products in Annexes I, II and IV of the abovementioned Regulation which are indicated below and which shall remain under Community surveillance.

ANNEX I

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code
1	2	3	4
1 YU 26	87.10	Cycles (including delivery tricycles) not motorized	87.10 all Nos

(¹) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 28.

(²) OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

ANNEX II

Category	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code
1	2	3	4
3	56.07	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale: A. Of synthetic textile fibres	56.07-01, 04, 05, 07, 08, 10, 12, 15, 19, 20, 22, 25, 29, 30, 31, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 43, 45, 46, 47, 49
18	61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs: B. Pyjamas C. Other	61.03-51, 55, 59 61.03-81, 85, 89
22	56.05	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale: A. Of synthetic textile fibres	56.05-03, 05, 07, 09, 11, 13, 15, 19, 21, 23, 25, 28, 32, 34, 36, 38, 39, 42, 44, 45, 46, 47
48	53.07	Yarn, of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn), not put up for retail sale	53.07 all Nos
	53.08	Yarn of fine animal hair (carded or combed), not put up for retail sale: B. Combed	53.08-21, 25
52	55.06	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale	55.06 all Nos
Diverse	59.04	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not	59.04 all Nos

ANNEX IV

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code
1	2	3	4
IV YU 1	28.05	Alkali and alkaline-earth metals; rare earth metals, yttrium and scandium and intermixtures or interalloys thereof; mercury: D. Mercury: I. In flasks of a net capacity of 34,5 kg (standard weight), of a fob value, per flask, not exceeding 224 ECU	28.05-71
IV YU 2	73.02	Ferro-alloys: A. Ferro-manganese: II. Other	73.02-19

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1983.

For the Council
The President
C. VAITSOS

COMMISSION DECISION

of 22 December 1983

amending Decision 82/813/EEC as regards the list of establishments in Yugoslavia approved for the purpose of importing fresh meat into the Community

(84/13/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 72/462/EEC of 12 December 1972 on health and veterinary inspection problems upon importation of bovine animals and swine and fresh meat from third countries⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Directive 83/91/EEC⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 4 (1) and 18 (1) (a) and (b) thereof,

Whereas a list of establishments in Yugoslavia, approved for the purposes of the importation of fresh meat into the Community, was drawn up initially by Commission Decision 82/813/EEC⁽³⁾, as last amended by Decision 83/424/EEC⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas a routine inspection under Article 5 of Directive 72/462/EEC and Article 3 (1) of Commission Decision 83/196/EEC of 8 April 1983 concerning on-the-spot inspections to be carried out in respect of the importation of bovine animals and swine and fresh meat from non-member countries⁽⁵⁾ has revealed that the level of hygiene of certain establishments has altered since the last inspection;

Whereas the list of establishments should, therefore, be amended;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Veterinary Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The Annex to Decision 82/813/EEC is hereby replaced by the Annex hereto.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 December 1983.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 302, 31. 12. 1972, p. 28.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 59, 5. 3. 1983, p. 34.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 343, 4. 12. 1982, p. 21.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 238, 27. 8. 1983, p. 41.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 108, 26. 4. 1983, p. 18.

ANNEX

LIST OF ESTABLISHMENTS

Approval No	Establishment	Address
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I. BOVINE MEAT

A. Slaughterhouse and cutting premises

7	Čoka	Čoka
10	PIK Vrbovec, mesna industrija	Vrbovec
14	PIK Kikinda	Kikinda
22	ABC Pomurka, mesna industrija	Murska Sobota
31	PIK Budimka	Požega
33	Košaki	Maribor
51	29. Novembar	Subotica
59	Mitros	Sremska Mitrovica
64	Carnex	Vrbas
69	BEK	Zrenjanin
86	Emona, mesna industrija, Zalog	Ljubljana
117	Inex "Crvena Zvezda"	Kragujevac
139	Podravka — Industrija mesa	Koprivnica
204	Topola	Bačka Topola

B. Slaughterhouses

5	Mesna industrija Gavrilovic	Petrinja
8	5. Maj, OOUR Bilogora	Bjelovar
41	RO "Prehrana"	Bitola
46	BIM Slavija	Beograd
49	PK RO Bimeks Brčko	Brčko
53	Srbocoop	Belanovica
126	MIP Tozd Zivinopromet Gorica	Nova Gorica
127	Neoplanta, Industrija mesa	Novi Sad
135	PIK Zlatibor	Čajetina
194	Kras Sežana	Sečovelje

II. SHEEPM EAT

Slaughterhouses

29	RO "8. Oktomvri", OOOZT ZIK Malina	Kriva Palanka
41	RO "Prehrana"	Bitola
42	ZIK "Crvena Zvezda"	Štip
54	Jugocoop	Bujanovac
66	Industrijska klanica Gornjipolog	Gostivar
92	ZIK Kumanovo	Kumanovo
135	PIK Zlatibor	Čajetina

Approval No	Establishment	Address
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III. PIGMEAT

A. Slaughterhouses and cutting premises

7	Čoka	Čoka
10	PIK Vrbovec, mesna industrija	Vrbovec
14	PIK Kikinda	Kikinda
22	ABC Pomurka, mesna industrija	Murska Sobota
33	Košaki	Maribor
51	29. Novembar	Subotica
59	Mitros	Siemska Mitrovica
64	Carnex	Vrbas
69	BEK	Zrenjanin
117	Inex "Crvena Zvezda"	Kragujevac
139	Podravka — Industrija mesa	Koprivnica
204	Topola	Bečka Topola

B. Slaughterhouse

5	Mesna industrija Gavrilovic	Petrinja
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IV. COLDSTORE

30	RO ZIK Strumica	Strumica
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COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 194/84
of 4 January 1984
amending Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82 on common rules for imports of certain textile
products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the
European Economic Community, and in particular
Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Community has negotiated with Yugo-
slavia an Additional Protocol to the Cooperation
Agreement, concerning trade in textile products;

Whereas the Council, by Regulation (EEC) No
3588/82 (*), makes imports of certain textile products
originating in Yugoslavia subject to common rules
until 1986;

Whereas certain adjustments have become necessary
since the entry into force of that Regulation;

Whereas the Community should put these
adjustments into effect; whereas it is necessary
for this purpose to make certain amendments to
Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82,

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 4 January 1984.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82 is hereby amended as
follows:

1. in Article 3, paragraph 2 is deleted, and
paragraphs 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 are accordingly
renumbered 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 respectively;
2. in the first sentence of Article 10 (5) (c), 'it shall' is
replaced by 'it may';
3. the Annexes are replaced by the Annexes to this
Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third
day following its publication in the *Official Journal of
the European Communities*.

For the Council
The President
M. ROCARD

(*) OJ No L 374, 31. 12. 1982, p. 47.

SUMMARY

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ANNEX I

LIST OF PRODUCTS

referred to in Article 1

Where the expression 'babies' garments' is used, this is meant also to cover girls' garments up to and including commercial size 86.

When the constitutive material of the products of categories 1 to 114 is not specifically mentioned these products are to be taken to be made exclusively of wool or of fine animal hair, of cotton or of synthetic or artificial textile fibres.

GROUP I A

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
1	55.05	55.05-13, 19, 21, 25, 27, 29, 33, 35, 37, 41, 45, 46, 48, 51, 53, 55, 57, 61, 65, 67, 69, 72, 78, 81, 83, 85, 87	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale		
2	55.09	55.09-03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 21, 29, 32, 34, 35, 37, 38, 39, 41, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 73, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 98, 99 55.09-06, 07, 08, 09, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 70, 71, 73, 83, 84, 85, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 98, 99	Other woven fabrics of cotton: Woven fabrics of cotton, other than gauze, terry fabrics, narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics, chenille fabrics, tulle and other net fabrics: a) Of which other than unbleached or bleached		
3	56.07 A	56.07-01, 04, 05, 07, 08, 10, 12, 15, 19, 20, 22, 25, 29, 30, 31, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 43, 45, 46, 47, 49 56.07-01, 05, 07, 08, 12, 15, 19, 22, 25, 29, 31, 35, 38, 40, 41, 43, 46, 47, 49	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste): A. Of synthetic textile fibres: Woven fabrics of synthetic fibres (discontinuous or waste) other than narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics (including terry fabrics) and chenille fabrics a) Of which other than unbleached or bleached		

GROUP I B

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
4	60.04 B I II a) b) c) IV b) 1 aa) dd) 2 ee) d) 1 aa) dd) 2 dd)	60.04-19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 26, 41, 50, 58, 71, 79, 89	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: Shirts, T-shirts, lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle necked jumpers and pullovers, undervests and pullovers, undervests and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, other than babies' garments, of cotton or synthetic textile fibres; T-shirts and lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle necked jumpers and pullovers, of regenerated textile fibres, other than babies' garments	6,48	154
5	60.05 A I II b) 4 bb) 11 aaa) bbb) ccc) ddd) eee) 22 bbb) ccc) ddd) eee) fff)	60.05-01, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: Jerseys, pullovers, slip-overs, waist-coats, twinsets, cardigans, bed jackets and jumpers, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	4,53	221
6	61.01 B V d) 1 2 3 e) 1 2 3 61.02 B II c) 6 aa) bb) cc)	61.01-62, 64, 66, 72, 74, 76 61.02-66, 68, 72	Men's and boys' outer garments: Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Men's and boys' woven breeches, shorts and trousers (including slacks); women's, girls' and infants' woven trousers and slacks, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1,76	568
7	60.05 A II b) 4 aa) 22 33 44 55		Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other	5,55	180

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
7 (cont'd)	61.02 B II e) 7 bb) cc) dd)	60.05-22, 23, 24, 25 61.02-78, 82, 84	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Blouses and shirt-blouses, knitted, crocheted (not elastic or rubberized), or woven, for women, girls and infants, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres		
8	61.03 A	61.03-11, 15, 19	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs: Men's and boys' shirts, woven, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	4,60	217

GROUP IIA

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
9	55.08 62.02 B III a) 1	55.08-10, 30, 50, 80 62.02-71	Terry towelling and similar terry fabrics of cotton: Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles: B. Other: Woven cotton terry fabrics; toilet and kitchen linen of woven cotton terry fabrics		
20	62.02 B I a) c)	62.02-12, 13, 19	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles: B. Other: Bed linen, woven		
22	56.05 A	56.05-03, 05, 07, 09, 11, 13, 15, 19, 21, 23, 25, 28, 32, 34, 36, 38, 39, 42, 44, 45, 46, 47 56.05-21, 23, 25, 28, 32, 34, 36	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale: A. Of synthetic textile fibres: Yarn of discontinuous or waste synthetic fibres, not put up for retail sale: a) Of which acrylic		
23	56.05 B	56.05-51, 55, 61, 65, 71, 75, 81, 85, 91, 95, 99	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale: B. Of regenerated textile fibres: Yarn of discontinuous or waste regenerated fibres, not put up for retail sale		

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
32	ex 58.04	58.04-07, 11, 15, 18, 41, 43, 45, 61, 63, 67, 69, 71, 75, 77, 78 58.04-63	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.08 and fabrics falling within heading No 58.05): Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry fabrics of cotton and narrow woven fabrics), of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres a) Of which cotton corduroy		
39	62.02 B II a) c) III a) 2 c)	62.02-40, 42, 44, 46, 51, 59, 65, 72, 74, 77	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles: B. Other: Woven table linen, toilet and kitchen linen, other than of cotton terry fabric		

GROUP II B

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
12	60.03 A B I II b) C D	60.03-11, 19, 20, 27, 30, 90	Stockings, under stockings, socks, ankle-socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: Other than women's stockings of synthetic textile fibres	24,3 pairs	41
13	60.04 B IV b) 1 cc) 2 dd) d) 1 cc) 2 cc)	60.04-48, 56, 75, 85	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: Men's and boys' underpants and briefs, women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies') knickers and briefs, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, of cotton or synthetic textile fibres	17	59
14 A	61.01 A I	61.01-01	Men's and boys' outer garments: Men's and boys' coats of impregnated, coated, covered or laminated woven fabric falling within heading No 59.08, 59.11 or 59.12	1,0	1 000
14 B	61.01 B V b) 1 2 3	61.01-41, 42, 44, 46, 47	Men's and boys' outer garments: Men's and boys' woven overcoats, raincoats and other coats, cloaks and capes, other than those of category 14 A, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	0,72	1 389
15 A	61.02 B I a)	61.02-05	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Women's, girls' and infants' coats of impregnated, coated, covered or laminated woven fabric falling within heading No 59.08, 59.11 or 59.12	1,1	909
15 B	61.02 B II e) 1 aa) bb) cc) 2 aa) bb) cc)	61.02-31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Women's, girls' and infants' woven overcoats, raincoats and other coats, cloaks and capes; jackets and blazers, other than garments of category 15 A, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	0,84	1 190

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
16	61.01 B V c) 1 2 3	61.01-51, 54, 57	Men's and boys' outer garments: Men's and boys' woven suits (including coordinate suits consisting of two or three pieces, which are ordered, packed, consigned and normally sold together) of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, excluding ski suits	0,80	1 250
17	61.01 B V a) 1 2 3	61.01-34, 36, 37	Men's and boys' outer garments: Men's and boys' woven jackets (excluding waister jackets) and blazers of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1,43	700
18	61.03 B C	61.03-51, 55, 59, 81, 85, 89	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs: Men's and boys' woven under garments other than shirts, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres		
19	61.05 A B I III	61.05-20 61.05-30, 99	Handkerchiefs: A. Of woven cotton fabric, of a value of more than 15 ECU/kg net weight B. Other: Handkerchiefs of woven fabric, of a value of not more than 15 ECU/kg net weight	59	17
21	61.01 B IV 61.02 B II d)	61.01-29, 31, 32 61.02-25, 26, 28	Men's and boys' outer garments: Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Parkas, anoraks, windcheaters, waister jackets and the like, woven, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	2,3	435

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
24	60.04 B IV b) 1 bb) 2 aa) bb) d) 1 bb) 2 aa) bb)	60.04-47, 73 60.04-51, 53, 81, 83	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: Men's and boys' pyjamas, knitted or crocheted, of cotton or of synthetic textile fibres Women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies') knitted or crocheted pyjamas and night dresses, of cotton or synthetic fibres	3,9	257
26	60.05 A II b) 4 cc) 11 22 33 44 61.02 B II e) 4 bb) cc) dd) ee)	60.05-45, 46, 47, 48 61.02-48, 52, 53, 54	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies') woven and knitted or crocheted dresses of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	3,1	323
27	60.05 A II b) 4 dd) 61.02 B II e) 5 aa) bb) cc)	60.05-51, 52, 54, 58, 61.02-57, 58, 62	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies') woven and knitted or crocheted skirts, including divided skirts	2,6	385

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
28	60.05 A II b) 4 ee)	60.05-61, 62, 64	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: Knitted or crocheted trousers (except shorts) other than babies'	1,61	620
29	61.02 B II e) 3 aa) bb) cc)	61.02-42, 43, 44	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies') woven suits and costumes (including coordinate suits consisting of two or three pieces which are ordered, packed, consigned and normally sold together), of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, excluding ski suits	1,37	730
30 A	61.04 B I	61.04-11, 13, 18	Women's, girls' and infants' under garments: Women's, girls' and infants' woven pyjamas and night dresses, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	4,0	250
30 B	61.04 B II	61.04-91, 93, 98	Women's, girls' and infants' under garments: Women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies') woven under garments, other than pyjamas and night dresses, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres		
31	61.09 D	61.09-50	Corsets, corset-belts, suspender-belts, brassières, braces, suspenders, garters and the like (including such articles of knitted or crocheted fabrics) whether or not elastic: Brassières, woven, knitted or crocheted	18,2	55

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
68	60.04 A I II a) b) c) III a) b) c) d)	60.04-02, 03, 04, 06, 07, 08, 10, 11, 12, 14	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Babies' garments: girls' garments up to and including commercial size 86: Babies' under garments of knitted or crocheted fabrics, not elastic or rubberized		
73	60.05 A II b) 3	60.05-16, 17, 19	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: Track suits of knitted or crocheted fabric, not elastic or rubberized, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1,67	600
76	61.01 B I 61.02 B II a)	61.01-13, 15, 17, 19 61.02-12, 14	Men's and boys' outer garments: Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Men's and boys' woven industrial and occupational clothing: women's, girls' and infants' woven aprons, smock-overalls and other industrial and occupational clothing (whether or not also suitable for domestic use), of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	1,6	625
78	61.01 A II B III V f) 1 b) 1 2 3	61.01-09, 24, 25, 26, 81, 92, 95, 96	Men's and boys' outer garments: Men's and boys' woven bath robes, dressing gowns, smoking jackets and similar indoor wear, ski suits consisting of two or three pieces and other outer garments, except garments of categories 6, 14 A, 14 B, 16, 17, 21, 76 and 79, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres		

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
81	61.02 B I b) II c) e) 8 aa) 9 aa) bb) cc)	61.02-07, 22, 23, 24, 85, 90, 91, 92	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Women's, girls' and infants' woven bath robes, dressing gowns, bed jackets and similar indoor wear and outer garments, except garments of categories 6, 7, 15 A, 15 B, 21, 26, 27, 29, 76, 79 and 80, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres		
83	60.05 A II a) b) 4 hh) 11 22 33 44 ijj) 11 kk) 11 ll) 11 22 33 44	60.05-04, 76, 77, 78, 79, 81, 85, 88, 89, 90, 91	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: Outer garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, other than garments of categories 5, 7, 26, 27, 28, 71, 72, 73, 74 and 75, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres		

GROUP III A

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
33	51.04 A III a) 62.03 B II b) 1	51.04-06 62.03-51, 59	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip falling within heading No 51.01 or 51.02: A. Woven fabrics of synthetic textile fibres: Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods: B. Of other textile materials: II. Other: Woven fabrics of strip or the like of polyethylene or polypropylene, less than 3 m wide; woven sacks of such strip or the like		
34	51.04 A III b)	51.04-08	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip falling within heading No 51.01 or 51.02: A. Woven fabrics of synthetic textile fibres: Woven fabrics of strip or the like of polyethylene or polypropylene, 3 m or more wide		
35	51.04 A IV	51.04-10, 11, 13, 15, 17, 18, 21, 23, 25, 27, 28, 32, 34, 36, 41, 48 51.04-10, 15, 17, 18, 23, 25, 27, 28, 32, 34, 41, 48	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip falling within heading No 51.01 or 51.02: A. Woven fabrics of synthetic textile fibres: Woven fabrics of synthetic textile fibres (continuous) other than those for tyres and those containing elastomeric yarn: a) Of which other than unbleached or bleached		
36	51.04 B III	51.04-55, 56, 58, 62, 64, 66, 72, 74, 76, 81, 89, 93, 94, 97, 98 51.04-55, 58, 62, 64, 72, 74, 76, 81, 89, 94, 97, 98	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip falling within heading No 51.01 or 51.02: B. Woven fabrics of regenerated textile fibres: Woven fabrics of regenerated textile fibres (continuous) other than those for tyres and those containing elastomeric yarn: a) Of which other than unbleached or bleached		

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
37	56.07 B	56.07-50, 51, 55, 56, 59, 60, 61, 65, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 77, 78, 82, 83, 84, 87 56.07-50, 55, 56, 59, 61, 65, 67, 69, 70, 71, 73, 74, 77, 78, 83, 84, 87	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste): B. Of regenerated textile fibres: Woven fabrics of regenerated textile fibres (discontinuous or waste) other than narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics (including terry fabrics) and chenille fabrics: a) Of which other than unbleached or bleached		
38 A	60.01 B I b) 1	60.01-40	Knitted or crocheted fabric, not elastic or rubberized: B. Of man-made fibres: Knitted or crocheted synthetic curtain fabrics including net curtain fabric		
38 B	62.02 A II	62.02-09	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles: A. Net curtains		
40	62.02 B IV a) c)	62.02-83, 85, 89	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen, curtains and other furnishing articles: B. Other: Woven curtains (other than net curtains) and furnishing articles, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres		
41	ex 51.01 A	51.01-01, 02, 03, 04, 08, 09, 10, 12, 20, 22, 24, 27, 29, 30, 41, 42, 43, 44, 46, 48	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), not put up for retail sale: A. Yarn of synthetic textile fibres: Yarn of synthetic textile fibres (continuous), not put up for retail sale, other than non-textured single yarn untwisted or with a twist of not more than 50 turns per metre		

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
42	ex 51.01 B	51.01-50, 61, 67, 68, 71, 77, 78, 80	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), not put up for retail sale: B. Yarn of regenerated textile fibres: Yarn of regenerated textile fibres (continuous), not put up for retail sale, other than single yarn of viscose rayon untwisted or with a twist of not more than 250 turns per metre and single non-textured yarn of any acetate		
43	51.03	51.03-10, 20	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), put up for retail sale		
44	51.04 A II	51.04-05	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip falling within heading No 51.01 or 51.02: A. Woven fabrics of synthetic textile fibres: Woven fabrics of synthetic textile fibres (continuous), containing elastomeric yarn		
45	51.04 B II	51.04-54	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip falling within heading No 51.01 or 51.02: B. Woven fabrics of regenerated textile fibres: Woven fabrics of regenerated textile fibres (continuous), containing elastomeric yarn		
46	ex 53.05	53.05-10, 22, 29, 31, 38, 39	Sheep's or lambs' wool or other animal hair (fine or coarse), carded or combed: Carded or combed sheep's or lambs' wool or other fine animal hair		
47	53.06 53.08 A	53.06-21, 25, 31, 35, 51, 55, 71, 75 53.08-11, 15	Yarn of carded sheep's or lambs' wool (woollen yarn), not put up for retail sale: Yarn of fine animal hair (carded or combed), not put up for retail sale: Yarn of carded sheep's or lambs' wool (woollen yarn) or of carded fine animal hair, not put up for retail sale		
48	53.07 53.08 B	53.07-02, 08, 12, 18, 30, 40, 51, 59, 81, 89 53.08-21, 25	Yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn), not put up for retail sale: Yarn of fine animal hair (carded or combed), not put up for retail sale: Yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn) or of combed fine animal hair, not put up for retail sale		

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
49	ex 53.10	53.10-11, 15	Yarn of sheep's or lamb's wool of horsehair or of other animal hair (fine or coarse), put up for retail sale: Yarn of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair, put up for retail sale		
50	53.11	53.11-01, 03, 07, 11, 13, 17, 20, 30, 40, 52, 54, 58, 72, 74, 75, 82, 84, 88, 91, 93, 97	Woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair		
51	55.04	55.04-00	Cotton, carded or combed		
52	55.06	55.06-10, 90	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale		
53	55.07	55.07-10, 90	Cotton gauze		
54	56.04 B	56.04-21, 23, 28	Man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning: B. Regenerated textile fibres: Regenerated textile fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded or combed		
55	56.04 A	56.04, 11, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18	Man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning: A. Synthetic textile fibres: Synthetic textile fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded or combed		
56	56.06 A	56.06-11, 15	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale: Yarn of synthetic textile fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale		

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
57	56.06 B	56.06-20	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale: Yarn of regenerated textile fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale		
58	58.01	58.01-01, 11, 13, 17, 30, 80	Carpets, carpeting and rugs, knotted (made up or not)		
59	58.02 ex A B 59.02 ex A	58.02-04, 06, 07, 09, 56, 61, 65, 71, 75, 81, 85, 90 59.02-01, 09	Other carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, and 'Kelem', 'Schumacks' and 'Karamanie', rugs and the like (made up or not): Felt and articles of felt, whether or not impregnated or coated: A. Felt in the piece or simply cut to rectangular shape: Woven, knitted or crocheted, carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, and 'Kelem', 'Schumacks' and 'Karamanie' rugs and the like (made up or not); floor covering, of felt		
60	58.03	58.03-00	Tapestries; hand-made, of the type Gobelins, Flanders, Aubusson, Beauvais and the like, and needleworked tapestries (for example, petit point and cross stitch) made in panels and the like by hand: Tapestries, hand-made		
61	58.05 A I a) c) II B	58.05-01, 08, 30, 40, 51, 59, 61, 69, 73, 77, 79, 90	Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive, other than goods falling within heading No 58.06: Narrow woven fabrics not exceeding 30 cm in width with selvages (woven, gummed or made otherwise) on both edges, other than woven labels and the like; bolduc		
62	58.06 58.07	58.06-10, 90 58.07-31, 39, 50, 80	Woven labels, badges and the like, not embroidered, in the piece, in strips or cut to shape or size Chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn), gimped yarn (other than metallized yarn falling within heading No 52.01 and gimped horsehair yarn); braids and ornamental trimmings in the piece; tassels, pompons and the like: Chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn), gimped yarn (other than metallized yarn and gimped horsehair yarn); braids and ornamental trimmings in the piece; tassels, pompons and the like		

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
62 (cont'd)	58.08	58.08-10, 90	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), plain		
	58.09	58.09-11, 19, 21, 31, 35, 39, 91, 95, 99	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured; hand or mechanically made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs		
	58.10	58.10-21, 29, 41, 45, 49, 51, 55, 59	Embroidery, in the piece, in strips or in motifs		
63	60.01 B I a)		Knitted or crocheted fabric, not elastic or rubberized: B. Of man-made fibres:		
	60.06 A	60.01-30 60.06-11, 18	Knitted or crocheted fabric and articles thereof, elastic or rubberized (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings): A Fabric: Knitted or crocheted fabric, not elastic or rubberized, of synthetic textile fibres, containing elastofibres; knitted or crocheted fabric, elastic or rubberized		
64	60.01 B I b) 2 3	60.01-51, 55	Knitted or crocheted fabric, not elastic or rubberized: B. Of man-made fibres: Rachel lace and long-pile fabric (imitation fur), knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, of synthetic textile fibres		
65	60.01 A B I b) 4 II C I	60.01-01, 10, 62, 64, 65, 68, 72, 74, 75, 78, 81, 89, 92, 94, 96, 97	Knitted or crocheted fabric, elastic or rubberized: Other than those of categories 38 A, 63 and 64, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres		
66	62.01 A B I II a) b) c)	62.01-10, 20, 81, 85, 93, 95	Travelling rugs and blankets: Travelling rugs and blankets, of wool, of cotton, or of man-made textile fibres		

GROUP III B

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
10	60.02 A B	60.02-40 60.02-50, 60, 70, 80	Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, impregnated or coated with artificial plastic materials Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, other than impregnated or coated with artificial plastic materials	17 pairs	59
67	60.05 A II b) 5 B 60.06 B II III	60.05-93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99 60.06-92, 96, 98 60.05-97	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: Knitted or crocheted fabric and articles thereof, elastic or rubberized (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings): B. Other: Clothing accessories and other articles (except garments), knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized; articles (other than bathing costumes) of knitted or crocheted fabric, elastic or rubberized of wool, of cotton, or of man made textile fibres: a) Of which sacks and bags of a kind used for the packing of goods, made from polyethylene or polypropylene strip		
69	60.04 B IV b) 2 cc)	60.04-54	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: B. Of other textile materials: Women's, girls' and infants' knitted or crocheted petticoats and slips, of synthetic textile fibres, other than babies' garments	7,8	128
70	60.04 B III	60.04-31, 33, 34	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: B. Of other textile materials: Panty-hose (tights)	30,4	33

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
71	60.05 A II b) 1	60.05-06, 07, 08, 09	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: b) Other: 1. Babies' garments, girls' garments up to and including commercial size 86: Babies' knitted outer garments, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres		
72	60.05 A II b) 2 60.06 B I 61.01 B II 61.02 B II b)	60.05-11, 13, 15 60.06-91 61.01-22, 23 61.02-16, 18	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: Knitted or crocheted fabric and articles thereof, elastic or rubberized (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings): B. Other: Knitted swimwear Men's and boys' outer garments: Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Woven swimwear, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	9,7	103
74	60.05 A II b) 4 gg) 11 22 33 44	60.05-71, 72, 73, 74	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: Women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies') suits and costumes (including coordinate suits consisting of two or three pieces which are ordered, packed, consigned and normally sold together), of knitted or crocheted fabric, not elastic or rubberized, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, excluding ski suits	1,54	650

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
75	60.05 A II b) 4 ff)	60.05-66, 68	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: Men's and boys' suits (including coordinate suits consisting of two or three pieces which are ordered, packed, consigned and normally sold together), of knitted or crocheted fabric, not elastic or rubberized, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, excluding ski suits	0,80	1 250
77	60.03 B II a)	60.03-24, 26	Stockings, under stockings, socks, ankle-socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: Women's stockings of synthetic textile fibres	40 pairs	25
80	61.02 A 61.04 A	61.02-01, 03 61.04-01, 09	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: A. Babies' garments, girls' garments up to and including commercial size 86: Women's, girls' and infants' under garments: A. Babies' garments; girls' garments up to and including commercial size 86: Babies' woven garments of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres		
82	60.04 B IV a) c)	60.04-38, 60	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: B. Of other textile materials: Under garments, other than babies', knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, of wool, of fine animal hair or of regenerated textile fibres		
84	61.06 B C D E	61.06-30, 40, 50, 60	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like: Other than knitted or crocheted, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres		

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
85	61.07 B C D	61.07-30, 40, 90	Ties, bow ties and cravats: Other than knitted or crocheted, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	17,9	56
86	61.09 A B C E	61.09-20, 30, 40, 80	Corsets, corset-belts, suspender-belts, brassières, braces, suspenders, garters and the like (including such articles of knitted or crocheted fabric), whether or not elastic: Corsets, corset-belts, suspender-belts, braces, suspenders, garters and the like (including such articles of knitted or crocheted fabric), other than brassières, whether or not elastic	8,8	114
87	61.10	61.10-00	Gloves, mittens, mitts, stockings, socks and sockettes, not knitted or crocheted		
88	61.11	61.11-00	Made up accessories for articles of apparel (for example, dress shields, shoulder and other pads, belts, muffs, sleeve protectors, pockets): Other than knitted or crocheted		

GROUP III C

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
90	ex 59.04	59.04-11, 13, 15, 16, 19, 21	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not: Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, of synthetic textile fibres, plaited or not		
91	62.04 A II B II	62.04-23, 73	Tarpaulins, sails, awnings, sunblinds, tents and camping goods: Tents		
92	51.04 A I B I 59.11 A III a)	51.04-03, 52 59.11-15	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip falling within heading No 51.01 or 51.02: Rubberized textile fabrics, other than rubberized knitted or crocheted goods: A. Rubberized textile fabrics not comprised in B below: III. Other: Woven fabrics of man-made textile fibres and rubberized textile woven fabrics, for tyres		
93	62.03 B I b) II a) b) 2 c)	62.03-30, 40, 97, 98	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods: B. Of other textile materials: Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods, of woven fabrics, other than made from polyethylene or polypropylene strip		
94	59.01	59.01-07, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, 21, 29	Wadding and articles of wadding; textile flock and dust and mill neps		
95	ex 59.02	59.02-35, 41, 47, 51, 57, 59, 91, 95, 97	Felt and articles of felt, whether or not impregnated or coated: Felt and articles of felt, whether or not impregnated or coated, other than floor coverings		
96	59.03	59.03-11, 19, 30	Bonded fibre fabrics, similar bonded yarn fabrics, and articles of such fabrics, whether or not impregnated or coated: Other than clothing and clothing accessories		

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
97	59.05	59.05-11, 31, 39, 51, 59, 91, 99	<p>Nets and netting made of twine, cordage or rope, and made up fishing nets of yarn, twine, cordage or rope:</p> <p>Nets and netting made of twine, cordage or rope and made up fishing nets of yarn, twine, cordage or rope</p>		
98	59.06	59.06-00	<p>Other articles made from yarn, twine, cordage, rope or cables, other than textile fabrics and articles made from such fabrics:</p> <p>Other articles made from yarn, twine, cordage, rope or cables, other than textile fabrics, articles made from such fabrics and articles of category 97</p>		
99	59.07	59.07-10, 90	Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances, of a kind used for the outer covers of books and the like; tracing cloth; prepared painting canvas; buckram and similar fabrics for hat foundations and similar uses		
100	59.08	59.08-10, 51, 61, 71, 79	Textile fabrics impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with preparations of cellulose derivatives or of other artificial plastic materials		
101	ex 59.04	59.04-80	<p>Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not:</p> <p>Other than of synthetic textile fibres</p>		
102	59.10	59.10-10, 31, 39	Linoleums and materials prepared on a textile base in a similar manner to linoleum, whether or not cut to shape or of a kind used as floor coverings; floor coverings consisting of a coating applied on a textile base, cut to shape or not		
103	59.11 A I II III b) B	59.11-11, 14, 17, 20	<p>Rubberized textile fabrics other than rubberized knitted or crocheted goods:</p> <p>Excluding fabrics for tyres</p>		

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
104	59.12	59.12-00	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated or coated; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio back-cloths or the like: Textile fabrics, impregnated or coated, other than those of categories 99, 100, 102 and 103; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio back-cloths or the like		
105	59.13	59.13-01, 11, 13, 15, 19, 32, 34, 35, 39	Elastic fabrics and trimmings (other than knitted or crocheted goods) consisting of textile materials combined with rubber threads		
106	59.14	59.14-00	Wicks, of woven, plaited or knitted textile materials, for lamps, stoves, lighters, candles and the like; tubular knitted gas-mantle fabric and incandescent gas mantles		
107	59.15	59.15-10, 90	Textile hosepiping and similar tubing, with or without lining, armour or accessories of other materials		
108	59.16	59.16-00	Transmission, conveyor or elevator belts or belting, of textile material, whether or not strengthened with metal or other material		
109	62.04 A I B I	62.04-21, 61, 69	Tarpaulins, sails, awnings, sunblinds, tents and camping goods: Woven tarpaulins, sails, awnings and sunblinds		
110	62.04 A III B III	62.04-25, 75	Tarpaulins, sails, awnings, sunblinds, tents and camping goods: Woven pneumatic mattresses		
111	62.04 A IV B IV	62.04-29, 79	Tarpaulins, sails, awnings, sunblinds, tents and camping goods: Camping goods, woven, other than pneumatic mattresses and tents		
112	62.05 A B D E	62.05-01, 10, 30, 93, 95, 99	Other made up textile articles (including dress patterns): Other made up textile articles, woven, excluding those of categories 113 and 114		

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Table of equivalence	
				pieces/kg	g/piece
113	62.05 C	62.05-20	Other made up textile articles (including dress patterns): C. Floor cloths, dish cloths, dusters and the like: Floor cloths, dish cloths, dusters and the like, other than knitted or crocheted		
114	59.17 A B II C D	59.17-10, 29, 32, 38, 49, 51, 59, 71, 79, 91, 93, 95, 99	Textile fabrics and textile articles of a kind commonly used in machinery or plant		

ANNEX I A

Compositions of groups of categories

			<i>Page</i>
GROUP I	A Textiles	Categories 1, 2, 3	29
	B Clothing	Categories 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	31
GROUP II	A Textiles	Category 9	33
	B Clothing	Categories 12, 15 B, 16, 24, 73	34
GROUP III	A Textiles	Category 52	36
	B Clothing	Category 67	36

Note:

Category 24 includes the old categories 24 and 25 in Regulation (EEC) No 3059/78 of 21 December 1978.

ANNEX II
QUANTITATIVE LIMITS BETWEEN 1983 AND 1986

The breakdown between Member States of the Community quantitative limits shall be definitive for the years 1983 and 1984. For the years 1985 and 1986 this breakdown is published for the purposes of information and its definitive version shall be the subject of a Community Regulation at the beginning of each of those years.

When the constitutive material of the products of categories 1 to 114 is not specifically mentioned these products are to be taken to be made exclusively of wool or of fine animal hair, of cotton or of synthetic or artificial textile fibres.

GROUP I A

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Third countries	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December			
							1983	1984	1985	1986
1	55.05	55.05-13, 19, 21, 25, 27, 29, 33, 35, 37, 41, 45, 46, 48, 51, 53, 55, 57, 61, 65, 67, 69, 72, 78, 81, 83, 85, 87	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	Tonnes	2 785	2 790	2 794	2 799
							4 344	4 346	4 348	4 351
2	55.09	55.09-03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 21, 29, 32, 34, 35, 37, 38, 39, 41, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 61, 62, 68, 69, 70, 71, 73, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 98, 99	Other woven fabrics of cotton: Woven fabrics of cotton, other than gauze, terry fabrics, narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics, chenille fabrics, tulle and other net fabrics	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	Tonnes	1 920	1 940	1 961	1 981
							858	867	877	888
							4 778	4 786	4 793	4 801
							516	519	523	527
							1 077	1 083	1 088	1 092
							12	12	12	12
							134	134	134	134
							200	201	202	203
							9 495	9 542	9 590	9 638

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Third countries	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December			
							1983	1984	1985	1986
2 a)		55.09-06, 07, 08, 09, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 61, 63, 64, 95, 96, 67, 70, 71, 72, 83, 84, 85, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 98, 99	a) Of which other than unbleached or bleached	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	Tonnes	580	586	592	594
							184	186	188	192
3	56.07 A	56.07-01, 04, 05, 07, 08, 10, 12, 15, 19, 20, 22, 25, 29, 30, 31, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 43, 45, 46, 47, 49	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste); A. Of synthetic textile fibres: Woven fabrics of synthetic fibres (discontinuous or waste) other than narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics (including terry fabrics) and chenille fabrics:	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	Tonnes	74	82	89	97
							46	70	74	76
							429	430	432	434
							32	33	34	35
							61	63	66	69
							5	5	5	5
							173	173	173	173
							6	6	6	6
							845	862	879	897
							2 009	2 020	2 031	2 041

GROUP I B

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Third countries	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December			
							1983	1984	1985	1986
4	60.04 B I II a) b) c) 1 aa) d) 1 ad) 2 ea) 3 ad) 2 dd)	60.04-19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 26, 41, 50, 58, 71, 79, 89	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: Shirts, T-shirts, lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle necked jumpers and pullovers, undershirts and pullovers, undershirts and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, other than babies' garments, of cotton or synthetic textile fibres: T-shirts and lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle necked jumpers and pullovers, of regenerated textile fibres, other than babies' garments	Yugoslavia	UK	1 000 pieces	250 (*)	650	673	697
5	60.05 A I II b) 4 bb) 11 aaa) bbb) ccc) ddd) eee) 22 bbb) ccc) ddd) eee) fff)	60.05-01, 31, 33, 34, 35, 36, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: Jerseys, pullovers, slip-overs, waistcoats, twinsets, cardigans, bed jackets and jumpers, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	1 000 pieces	665	675	686	697
							316	327	337	346
							80	87	94	103
							159	161	164	166
							217	221	225	230
							6	7	8	9
							30	31	32	33
							18	19	20	21
							1 491	1 528	1 566	1 605
6	61.01 B V d) 1 2 3 e) 1 2 3	61.01-01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100	Men's and boys' outer garments: Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments:	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	1 000 pieces	222	226	231	235
							40	46	51	56
							34	38	42	42
							125	126	127	129
							219	224	229	235
							2	2	2	2
							12	12	12	12
							10	10	10	10
							660	680	700	721

(*) The quantitative limit indicated covers the period from 17 October to 31 December 1983.

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Third countries	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December			
							1983	1984	1985	1986
6 (cont'd)		61.01-62, 64, 66, 72, 74, 76 61.02-56, 68, 72	B. Other: Men's and boys' woven breeches, shorts and trousers (including slacks); women's, girls' and infants' woven trousers and slacks, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres							
7	60.05 A II b) 4 aa) 22 33 44 55 61.02 B II e) 7 bb) cc) dd)		Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Blouses and shirt-blouses, knitted, crocheted (not elastic or rubberized), or woven, for women, girls and infants, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	1 000 pieces	194 29 52 30 1 8 9 352	196 32 30 53 31 1 8 9 360	187 34 31 55 33 1 8 9 368	198 37 33 56 34 1 1 8 9 376
8	61.03 A	61.03-11, 15, 19	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs: Men's and boys' shirts, woven, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	1 000 pieces	988 257 191 242 315 30 41 2 382	993 267 198 353 343 31 31 42 2 418	998 277 205 337 551 33 43 32 2 454	1 003 287 215 341 559 1 1 44 2 491

GROUP II A

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Third countries	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December			
							1983	1984	1985	1986
9	55.08		Terry towelling and similar terry fabrics of cotton:	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRE DK GR EEC	Tonnes	277	282	286	291
	62.02 B III a) 1		Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles: B. Other: Woven cotton terry fabrics; toilet and kitchen linen of woven cotton terry fabrics				182	185	189	191
		55.08-10, 30, 50, 80 62.02-71					30	35	41	48
							21	25	29	34
							75	87	99	111
							1	1	1	2
							27	29	30	31
							4	4	5	6
							617	648	680	714

GROUP II B

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Third countries	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December			
							1983	1984	1985	1986
12	60.03		Stockings, under stockings, socks, ankle-socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted not elastic or rubberized: Other than women's stockings of synthetic textile fibres	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	1 000 pairs	990	1 045	1 100	1 162
	A	2 000					2 010	2 020	2 030	
	B I	210					235	262	294	
	II b)	337					361	383	408	
15 B	61.02 B II e) 1 aa) bb) cc) 2 aa) bb) cc)	61.02-31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Women's, girls' and infants' woven overcoats, raincoats and other coats, cloaks and capes; jackets and blazers, other than garments of category 15 A, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	1 000 pieces	176	179	182	185
							90	92	94	96
							14	17	20	23
							25	28	31	35
16	61.01 B V e) 1 2 3	61.01-51, 54, 57	Men's and boys' outer garments: Men's and boys' woven suits (including coordinate suits consisting of two or three pieces, which are ordered, packed, consigned and normally sold together) of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, excluding ski suits	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	1 000 pieces	112	116	121	126
							47	52	57	63
							14	17	19	21
							27	30	33	36
							165	167	169	
							1	1	1	
							37	37	37	
							4	4	4	
							406	422	439	457

Cate- gory	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Third countries	Mem- ber States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December			
							1983	1984	1985	1986
24	60.04 B IV b) 1 bb) 2 aa) bb) d) 1 bb) 2 aa) bb)	66.04-47, 73 60.04-51, 53, 81, 83	Under garments, knitted or cro- cheted, not elastic or rubberized.	Yugoslavia	F	1 000 pieces	180	189	198	208
			Men's and boys' pyjamas, knitted or crocheted, of cotton or of syn- thetic textile fibres Women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies') knitted or crocheted pyjamas and night dresses, of cotton or synthetic fibres							
73	60.05 A II b) 3	60.05-16, 17, 19	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized.	Yugoslavia	D F NL NL UK IRL DK GR EEC	1 000 pieces	290	292	294	296
			A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: Track suite of knitted or cro- cheted fabric, not elastic or rubberized, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres							

GROUP III A

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Third countries	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December			
							1983	1984	1985	1986
52	55.06	55.06-10, 90	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale	Yugoslavia	I	Tonnes	58	61	64	67

GROUP III B

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Third countries	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December			
							1983	1984	1985	1986
67	60.05 A II (b) 5 60.06 B II III	60.05-93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99 60.06-92, 96, 98 60.05-97	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: Knitted or crocheted fabric and articles thereof, elastic or rubberized (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings): B. Other: Clothing accessories and other articles (except garments), knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, articles (other than bathings costumes) of knitted or crocheted fabric, elastic or rubberized, of wool, of cotton, or of man-made textile fibres a) Of which sacks and bags of a kind used for the packing of goods, made from polyethylene or polypropylene strap	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	Tonnes	278 (*) 43 36 24 55 3 25 4 468	279 (*) 48 40 28 61 3 25 5 489	281 (*) 53 44 31 68 3 25 6 511	282 (*) 59 49 34 75 3 25 7 534
67 a)				Yugoslavia	F I BNL UK	Tonnes	21 18 12 35	22 19 13 37	23 20 14 39	24 21 15 41

(*) The quantitative limit indicated for Germany does not cover elastic stockings (for varicose veins) — NIMEXE code 60.06-92.

ANNEX IV

referred to in Article 2

PART ONE

Origin

Article 1

1. Products listed in Annex I originating in Yugoslavia may be imported into the Community in accordance with the arrangements established by this Regulation on production of a certificate of origin conforming to the specimen attached to Annex V.

2. The certificate of origin shall be issued by the competent authorities of Yugoslavia if the products in question can be considered as originating in Yugoslavia within the meaning of the relevant rules in force in the Community.

3. However, products listed in Annex I other than those falling within group I or II may be imported into the Community in accordance with the arrangements established by the Regulation on production of a declaration by the exporter or supplier on the invoice, or, where there is no invoice, on another commercial document relating to the products in question, to the effect that the said products originate in Yugoslavia, within the meaning of the relevant rules in force within the Community.

4. Where different criteria for determining origin are fixed in respect of products falling within a single category and a single tariff heading, the certificate or declaration shall include a description of the goods which is sufficiently detailed to allow assessment of the criterion on the basis of which the certificate was issued or the declaration made.

Article 2

The discovery of slight discrepancies between the entries made in the certificate of origin and those made in the documents produced to the customs office for the purpose of carrying out the formalities for importing the product shall not *ipso facto* cast doubt upon the statements in the certificate.

Article 3

1. The movement certificates and forms EUR.1 and EUR.2 presented at the time of importation into the Community in order to obtain a tariff preference

shall be accepted in place of the proof of origin stipulated in Article 1.

2. The proof of origin referred to in Article 1 shall not be required where goods are accompanied by a certificate conforming to the specimen and complying with the conditions set out in Regulations (EEC) No 3058/82 (*) or (EEC) No 3059/82 (*) or in the corresponding provisions which are to replace the said Regulations.

3. Paragraph 2 shall also apply to goods accompanied by a certificate conforming to the specimen and complying with the conditions set out in Annex VI.

4. Non-commercial imports exempt from production of the documents referred to in paragraph 1 in accordance with the provisions of the preferential arrangements concerned shall not be subject to the provisions of this Annex.

5. The conditions whereby this Annex shall apply to non-commercial imports other than those covered by paragraph 4 shall be adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 14 of Regulation (EEC) No 802/68 (*).

Pending the implementation of these rules, the Member States may continue to apply the national rules in force in this field.

PART II

Administrative cooperation

Article 4

The Commission shall supply the Member States' authorities with the names and addresses of the authorities in Yugoslavia competent to issue certificates of origin and export licences, together with specimens of stamps used by these authorities.

Article 5

1. Subsequent verification of certificates of origin or export licences shall be carried out at random, or

(*) OJ No L 328, 24. 11. 1982, p. 1.

(*) OJ No L 328, 24. 11. 1982, p. 26.

(*) OJ No L 148, 26. 6. 1968, p. 1.

whenever the competent Community authorities have reasonable doubt as to the authenticity of the certificate of origin or export licence or as to the accuracy of the information regarding the true origin of the products in question.

In such cases the competent authorities in the Community shall return the certificate of origin or the export licence or a copy thereof to the competent governmental authority in the supplying country concerned, giving, where appropriate, the reasons of form or substance for an enquiry. If the invoice has been submitted, such invoice or a copy thereof shall be attached to the certificate of origin or export licence or copy thereof. The competent authorities shall also forward any information that has been obtained suggesting that the particulars given on the said certificate or the said licence are inaccurate.

2. The provisions of paragraph 1 above shall also be applicable to subsequent verifications of the declarations of origin referred to in Article 1 (3) of this Annex.

3. The results of the subsequent verifications carried out in accordance with paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be communicated to the competent authorities of the Community within three months at the latest.

The information communicated shall indicate whether the disputed certificate or licence or declaration applies to the goods actually exported and whether the goods are eligible for export to the Community under this Regulation. The competent authorities of the Community may also request copies of all documentation necessary to determine the facts fully and, in particular, the true origin of the goods (1).

4. Should such verifications reveal abuse or major irregularities in the use of declarations of origin, the Member State concerned shall inform the

Commission of this fact. The Commission shall pass the information on to the other Member States.

At the request of a Member State or at the initiative of the Commission, the Committee on Origin shall, as soon as possible and in accordance with the procedure specified in Article 13 of Regulation (EEC) No 802/68, examine whether it is desirable to require the production of a certificate of origin, in accordance with Article 1 (1) and (2), in respect of the products and the supplying country concerned.

The decision shall be taken in accordance with the procedure specified in Article 14 of Regulation (EEC) No 802/68.

5. Random recourse to the procedure specified in this Article shall not constitute an obstacle to the release for home use of the products in question.

Article 6

1. Where the verification procedure referred to in Article 5 or where information available to the competent authorities in the Community indicates that the provisions of this Regulation are being contravened, the said authorities shall request the competent authorities of Yugoslavia to carry out appropriate enquiries concerning operations which are, or appear to be, in contravention of this Regulation. The results of these enquiries shall be communicated to the competent authorities of the Community, together with any other pertinent information enabling the true origin of the goods to be determined.

2. In pursuance of the cooperation referred to in this Annex, the competent authorities of the Community may exchange any information with the competent authorities of Yugoslavia which is considered of use in preventing contravention of the provisions of this Regulation.

3. Where it is established that the provisions of this Regulation have been contravened, the Commission may, in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 15 of this Regulation, agree with Yugoslavia to take such measures as it deems necessary to prevent the recurrence of such contravention.

(1) For the purpose of subsequent verification of certificates of origin, copies of the certificates as well as any export documents referring to them shall be kept for at least two years by the competent governmental authority in each supplying country.

ANNEX V

PART I

Classification

Article 1

The classification of the textile products referred to in Article 1 (1) of this Regulation is based on the Annex to Council Regulation (EEC) No 950/68 ⁽¹⁾, the 'Common Customs Tariff', as subsequently amended, and on the Annex to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1445/72 ⁽²⁾, the 'Nomenclature of goods for the external trade statistics of the Community and statistics of trade between Member States (NIMEXE)', as subsequently amended.

Article 2

On the initiative of the Commission or of a Member State, the Common Customs Tariff Nomenclature Committee, which was established by Council Regulation (EEC) No 97/69 ⁽³⁾, as subsequently amended, and the NIMEXE Committee established by Council Regulation (EEC) No 1445/72, will examine urgently, in accordance with their respective jurisdiction and in conformity with the provisions of the aforementioned Regulations, all questions concerning the classification of products referred to in Article 1 (1) of this Regulation within the Common Customs Tariff and the NIMEXE in order to classify them in the appropriate categories.

Article 3

The Commission shall inform Yugoslavia of any changes in the Common Customs Tariff or NIMEXE on their adoption by the competent authorities of the Community.

Article 4

The Commission shall inform the competent authorities of Yugoslavia of any decisions adopted in accordance with the procedures in force in the Community relating to the classification of products subject to the present Regulation, within one month at the latest of their adoption. Such communication shall include:

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 172, 22. 7. 1968, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 161, 17. 7. 1972, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 14, 21. 1. 1969, p. 1.

- (a) a description of the products concerned;
- (b) the relevant category, tariff heading or sub-heading and the NIMEXE code;
- (c) the reasons which have led to the decision.

Article 5

1. Where a classification decision adopted in accordance with current Community procedures results in a change of classification practice or a change in category of any product subject to the present Regulation, the competent authorities of the Member States shall provide 30 days' notice, from the date of the Community's notification, before the decision is put into effect.

2. Products shipped before the date of the application of the decision shall remain subject to earlier classification practice, provided that the goods in question are entered for importation within 60 days of that date.

3. Paragraphs 1 and 2 above apply without prejudice to the preliminary provisions of the Annex 'Nomenclature of goods for the external trade statistics of the Community and statistics of trade between Member States (NIMEXE)' to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1445/72, as last amended by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3589/83 ⁽⁴⁾.

Article 6

Where a classification decision adopted in accordance with the established Community procedures referred to in Article 5 of this Annex involves a category of products subject to a quantitative limit, the Commission shall, without delay, initiate consultation with Yugoslavia in accordance with Article 13 of the present Regulation, in order to reach an agreement on the necessary adjustments to the relative quantitative limits provided for in Annex II of this Regulation.

Article 7

1. Without prejudice to any other provision on this subject, where the classification indicated in the documentation necessary for importation of the products covered by this Regulation differs from the classification determined by the competent authorities of the Member State into which they are to be imported, the goods in question are provisionally subject to the import regime which, in accordance with the provisions of the present Regulation, is

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 364, 27. 12. 1983, p. 8.

applicable to them on the basis of the classification determined by the aforementioned authorities.

2. Member States shall inform the Commission without delay of the cases referred to in paragraph 1 and the Commission shall notify the competent authorities of the supplying countries of the details of the case in question.

3. Member States, at the time of the communication referred to in paragraph 2, shall specify if, following the application of the provisions of paragraph 1, the quantities of the products which are the subject of divergence have been provisionally debited against a quantitative limit laid down for a category of products other than that indicated in the export licence referred to in Article 11 of this Annex.

4. The Commission shall notify the competent authorities of Yugoslavia of the provisional debits referred to in paragraph 3, within 30 days of the date of such provisional debit.

Article 8

In the cases referred to in Article 7 of this Annex as well as in those cases of a similar nature raised by the competent authorities of the supplying countries, the Commission, if necessary, and in accordance with the procedure provided for in Article 14 of this Regulation, shall enter into consultation with Yugoslavia in order to reach an agreement on the classification to be definitively applicable for the products causing the divergence.

Article 9

The Commission, in agreement with the competent authorities of the Member State or States of importation and of Yugoslavia, may, in the cases referred to in Article 8 of this Annex, determine the classification definitively applicable to the products causing the divergence.

Article 10

When a case of divergence referred to in Article 7 cannot be resolved in accordance with Article 9 of this Annex, the Nomenclature Committee of the Common Customs Tariff and the NIMEXE Committee are required, in accordance with their respective competence and with the provisions of the Regulations setting up the aforesaid Committees, to establish the classification definitively applicable to the goods concerned.

PART II

Double-checking system

Article 11

1. The competent government authorities of Yugoslavia shall issue an export licence in respect of all

consignments of textile products subject to the quantitative limits established in Annex II up to the level of the said limits and the corresponding shares.

2. The original of the export licence must be presented by the importer for the purposes of the issue of the import authorization (1) referred to in Article 14 below.

Article 12

1. The export licence shall conform to the specimen appended to this Annex and it may also contain a translation into another language. It must certify *inter alia* that the quantity of goods in question has been set off against the quantitative limit and the share established for the category of the product concerned.

2. Each export licence shall cover only one of the categories of products listed in Annex II to this Regulation.

Article 13

Exports shall be set off against the quantitative limits and shares established for the year in which the products covered by the export licence have been shipped within the meaning of Article 3 (4) of this Regulation.

Article 14

1. The authorities of the Member State designated on the export licences as the country of destination of the goods concerned shall issue an import authorization automatically within a maximum of five working days of the presentation by the importer of the original of the corresponding export licence. This presentation must be effected not later than 31 March of the year following that in which the goods covered by the export licence have been shipped.

2. The import authorizations shall be valid for three months from the date of their issue.

3. The import authorizations shall be valid only in the Member State which issued them.

4. The importer's declaration or request to obtain the import authorization shall contain:

(a) the names of the importer and exporter;

(b) the country of origin of the products or, when different, the country of export or of purchase;

(1) In this Annex the term 'import authorization' shall apply to both import authorization or equivalent document referred to in Article 3 (3) of this Regulation.

- (c) a description of the products, including:
 - their commercial designation,
 - a description of the products in accordance with the tariff heading or subheading and/or the statistical code of the NIMEXE;
- (d) the appropriate category and the quantity in the appropriate unit as indicated in Annex II to this Regulation for the products in question;
- (e) the value of the products, as indicated in case 12 of the export licence;
- (f) where appropriate, dates of payment and delivery and a copy of the bill of lading and of the purchase contract;
- (g) date and number of the export licence;
- (h) any internal code used for administrative purposes;
- (i) date and signature of importer.

5. Importers shall not be obliged to import the total quantity covered by an import authorization in a single consignment.

Article 15

The validity of import authorizations issued by the authorities of the Member States shall be subject to the validity of and the quantities indicated in the export licences issued by the competent authorities of Yugoslavia on the basis of which the import authorizations have been issued.

Article 16

Import authorizations or equivalent documents shall be issued without discrimination to any importer in the Community wherever the place of his establishment may be in the Community, without prejudice to compliance with the other conditions required under current rules.

Article 17

1. If the competent authorities of a Member State find that the total quantities covered by export licences issued by Yugoslavia for a particular category in any agreement year exceed the share established for that category, the said authorities shall suspend the further issue of import authorizations or documents. In this event, these authorities shall immediately inform the authorities of Yugoslavia and the Commission and the special consultation procedure set out in Article 13 of this Regulation shall be initiated forthwith by the Commission.

2. Yugoslav exports not covered by export licences issued in accordance with the provisions of this Annex shall be refused the issue of import authorizations or documents by the competent authorities of a Member State.

However, if in exceptional cases, the import of such products is allowed into a Member State by the competent authorities, the quantities involved shall not be set off against the appropriate share without the express agreement of the competent authorities of Yugoslavia.

PART III

Form and production of export certificates and certificates of origin, and common provisions

Article 18

1. The export licence and the certificate of origin may comprise additional copies duly indicated as such. They shall be made out in English or French. If they are completed by hand, entries must be in ink and in printscript.

These documents shall measure 210 × 297 mm. The paper used shall be white writing paper, sized, not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 25 g/m². Each part shall have a printed guilloche pattern background making any falsification by mechanical or chemical means apparent to the eye.

If the documents have several copies only the top copy which is the original shall be printed with the guilloche pattern background. This copy shall be clearly marked as 'original' and the other copies as 'copies'. Only the original shall be accepted by the competent authorities in the Member States as being valid for the provisions of export in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation.

2. Each document shall bear a standardized serial number, whether or not printed, by which it can be identified.

3. This number shall be composed of the following elements:

- two letters identifying the exporting country as follows: YU,
- two letters identifying the Member State of destination as follows:

BL = Benelux,
DE = Federal Republic of Germany,
DK = Denmark,
FR = France,
GB = United Kingdom,
GR = Greece,
IR = Ireland,
IT = Italy,

- a one-digit number identifying the quota year, corresponding to the last figure in the respective Agreement year, e.g. 3 for 1983,
- a two-digit number identifying the particular issuing office concerned in the exporting country,
- a five-digit number running consecutively from 00001 to 99999 allocated to the Member State of destination.

Article 19

The export licence and the certificate of origin may be issued after the shipment of the products to which they relate. In such cases they must bear the endorsement 'délivré a posteriori' or 'issued retrospectively'.

Article 20

In the event of theft, loss or destruction of an export licence or a certificate of origin, the exporter may apply to the competent governmental authority which issued the document for a duplicate to be made out on the basis of the export documents in his possession. The duplicate licence or certificate issued in this way must bear the endorsement 'duplicata' or 'duplicate'.

The duplicate shall bear the date of the original licence or certificate.

1 Exporter (name, full address, country) Exportateur (nom, adresse complete, pays)	ORIGINAL	2 No
	3 Quota year Année contingente	4 Category number Numero de catégorie
5 Consignee (name, full address, country) Destinataire (nom, adresse complete, pays)	CERTIFICATE OF ORIGIN (Textile products)	
	CERTIFICAT D'ORIGINE (Produits textiles)	
8 Place and date of shipment - Means of transport Lieu et date d'embarquement - Moyen de transport	6 Country of origin Pays d'origine	7 Country of destination Pays de destination
	9 Supplementary details Données supplémentaires	
10 Marks and numbers - Number and kind of packages - DESCRIPTION OF GOODS Marques et numeros - Nombre et nature des colis - DESIGNATION DES MARCHANDISES	11 Quantity (*) Quantité (*)	12 FOB value (*) Valeur fob (*)
	13 CERTIFICATION BY THE COMPETENT AUTHORITY - VISA DE L'AUTORITÉ COMPÉTENTE I, the undersigned, certify that the goods described above originated in the country shown in box 6, in accordance with the provisions in force in the European Economic Community Je soussigné certifie que les marchandises désignées ci-dessus sont originaires du pays figurant dans la case 6, conformément aux dispositions en vigueur dans la Communauté économique européenne.	
14 Competent authority (name, full address, country) Autorité compétente (nom, adresse complete, pays)	At - À on - le	
	(Signature)	(Stamp - Cachet)

(*) Show net weight (kg) and also quantity in the unit prescribed for category where either than net weight - Indiquer le poids net en kilogrammes ainsi que la quantité dans l'unité prévue pour la catégorie si cette unité n'est pas le poids net.
 (**) In the currency of the sale contract - Dans la monnaie du contrat de vente.

(1) Show net weight (kg) and also quantity in the unit prescribed for category where other than net weight - Indiquer le poids net en kilogrammes ainsi que la quantité dans l'unité prévue pour la catégorie si cette unité n'est pas le poids net.
 (2) In the currency of the sale contract. Dans le monnaie du contrat de vente.

1 Exporter (name, full address, country) Exportateur (nom, adresse complète, pays)	ORIGINAL	2 No	
	3 Quota year Année contingentaire	4 Category number Numéro de catégorie	
5 Consignee (name, full address, country) Destinataire (nom, adresse complète, pays)	EXPORT LICENCE (Textile products)		
	LICENCE D'EXPORTATION (Produits textiles)		
	6 Country of origin Pays d'origine	7 Country of destination Pays de destination	
8 Place and date of shipment - Means of transport Lieu et date d'embarquement - Moyen de transport	9 Supplementary details Données supplémentaires		
10 Marks and numbers - Number and kind of packages - DESCRIPTION OF GOODS Marques et numéros - Nombre et nature des colis - DESIGNATION DES MARCHANDISES	11 Quantity (*) Quantité (*)	12 FOB value (*) Valeur fob (*)	
13 CERTIFICATION BY THE COMPETENT AUTHORITY - VISA DE L'AUTORITÉ COMPÉTENTE I, the undersigned, certify that the goods described above have been charged against the quantitative limit established for the year shown in box 3 in respect of the category shown in box 4 by the provisions regulating trade in textile products with the European Economic Community. Je soussigné certifie que les marchandises désignées ci-dessus ont été imputées sur la limite quantitative fixée pour l'année indiquée dans la case 3 pour la catégorie désignée dans la case 4 dans le cadre des dispositions régissant les échanges de produits textiles avec la Communauté économique européenne.			
14 Competent authority (name, full address, country) Autorité compétente (nom, adresse complète, pays)	At - À on - le (Signature) (Stamp - Cachet)		

ANNEX VI

referred to in Article 4

Cottage industry and folklore products

1. The exemption provided for in Article 4 in respect of cottage-industry products shall apply to the following types of product only:
 - (a) fabrics woven on looms operated solely by hand or foot, being fabrics of a kind traditionally made in the cottage industry of Yugoslavia;
 - (b) garments or other textile articles of a kind traditionally made in the cottage industry of Yugoslavia obtained manually from the fabrics referred to above and sewn exclusively by hand without the aid of any machine;
 - (c) traditional folklore products of Yugoslavia made by hand, in a list to be agreed between the Community and Yugoslavia.
2. Exemption shall be granted in respect only of products covered by a certificate conforming to the specimen attached to this Annex and issued by the competent authorities in the supplying country.
3. Should imports of any product covered by this Annex reach proportions liable to cause problems within the Community, consultations with Yugoslavia shall be initiated as soon as possible, with a view to resolving the situation by the adoption of quantitative limit, in accordance with Article 10 of this Regulation.

1 Exporter (name, full address, country) Exportateur (nom, adresse complète, pays)	ORIGINAL	2 No
3 Consignee (name, full address, country) Destinataire (nom, adresse complète, pays)	CERTIFICATE in regard to HANDLOOMS, TEXTILE HANDICRAFTS and TRADITIONAL TEXTILE PRODUCTS, OF THE COTTAGE INDUSTRY, issued in conformity with and under the conditions regulating trade in textile products with the European Economic Community	
	4 Country of origin Pays d'origine	5 Country of destination Pays de destination
6 Place and date of shipment — Means of transport Lieu et date d'embarquement — Moyen de transport	7 Supplementary details Données supplémentaires	
8 Marks and numbers — Number and kind of packages — DESCRIPTION OF GOODS Marques et numéros — Nombre et nature des colis — DÉSIGNATION DES MARCHANDISES	9 Quantity Quantité	10 FOB value(*) Valeur fob (*)
11 CERTIFICATION BY THE COMPETENT AUTHORITY — VISA DE L'AUTORITÉ COMPÉTENTE I, the undersigned, certify that the consignment described above includes only the following textile products of the cottage industry of the country shown in box 4: a) fabrics woven on looms operated solely by hand or foot (handlooms) (*) b) garments or other textile articles obtained manually from the fabrics described under a) and sewn solely by hand without the aid of any machine (handicrafts) (*) c) traditional folklore handicraft textile products made by hand, as defined in the list agreed between the European Economic Community and the country shown in box 4 Je soussigné certifie que l'envoi décrit ci-dessus contient exclusivement les produits textiles suivants relevant de la fabrication artisanale du pays figurant dans la case 4: a) tissus tissés sur des métiers actionnés à la main ou au pied (handlooms) (*) b) vêtements ou autres articles textiles obtenus manuellement à partir de tissus décrits sous a) et cousus uniquement à la main sans l'aide d'une machine (handicrafts) (*) c) produits textiles relevant du folklore traditionnel fabriqués à la main, comme définis dans la liste convenue entre la Communauté économique européenne et le pays indiqué dans la case 4.		
12 Competent authority (name, full address, country) Autorité compétente (nom, adresse complète, pays)	At — À on — le	
	(Signature)	(Stamp — Cachet)

(*) In the currency of the sale contract — Dans la monnaie de contrat de vente.
 (*) Double as appropriate — Double le (les) montant(s) mentionné(s).

ANNEX VII

referred to in Article 5

Regime applicable to outward processing trade

1. Re-imports into the Community referred to in Article 5 (3) of this Regulation shall be subject to the provisions of this Regulation, subject to the following particular provisions.

2. Re-imports into the Community listed in the present Annex are subject to specific quantitative limits established in Appendix A. These specific quantitative limits for 1983 are broken down between the Member States, as indicated in Appendix B. The breakdown between Member States for the years 1984 to 1986 shall be carried out in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 14.

3. After consultation with Yugoslavia in accordance with the procedures set out in Article 13 of this Regulation, specific quantitative limits can be established for re-imports of products not referred to in Appendix A. The decision to do so shall be taken in accordance with the provisions set out in Article 14.

4. (a) Transfers between categories, as well as the advance use or carry-over of part of any specific limit from one year to another may be decided in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 14.

(b) The reallocation of part of any specific quantitative limit not used in one Member State of the Community to another Member State, may be decided in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 14.

5. The Community shall inform Yugoslavia of any measures taken under paragraphs 3 and 4.

6. Debiting against one of the specific quantitative limits referred to in paragraphs 2 and 3 or the

accounting for products covered by the present Annex but not referred to in Appendix A shall be carried out by the competent authorities of the Member States at the time of issuing of the prior authorization provided for by the Community Regulation on economic outward processing.

All debiting or accounting shall be set against the year in which the prior authorization was issued.

7. A certificate of origin shall be issued for all products covered by the present Annex by the competent authorities of Yugoslavia, in accordance with the provisions of Annex IV and shall bear a reference to the prior authorization referred to in paragraph 6 to the effect that the processing operation described in the prior authorization was carried out in Yugoslavia.

Failure to comply with this provision shall not entail the *ipso facto* rejection of the prior authorization, save where there is grave suspicion of fraudulent practice or of serious irregularity and subject to the appropriate precautionary measures to be taken before the products are given clearance.

8. For the purpose of the application of the Regulation, the certificate of circulation of merchandise EUR.1 issued in accordance with the provisions of Protocol 3 to the Cooperation Agreement shall replace the certificate of origin referred to in paragraph 7 and shall bear the same reference to the prior authorization.

9. The Member States shall communicate to the Commission the names, addresses and the specimens of stamp impressions used by the competent authorities of the Community for the issue of the prior authorizations referred to in paragraph 6.

APPENDIX A

The product descriptions set out in Annex I are here repeated in a shortened version

Quantitative outward processing trade objectives

Category	Description	Units	Years	Quantity EEC
5	Jerseys, pullovers	1 000 pieces	1983	1 893
			1984	1 995
			1985	2 103
			1986	2 217
6	Men's and women's woven trousers, men's breeches	1 000 pieces	1983	4 558
			1984	4 845
			1985	5 150
			1986	5 474
7	Women's woven and knitted blouses	1 000 pieces	1983	3 093
			1984	3 198
			1985	3 307
			1986	3 419
8	Men's woven shirts	1 000 pieces	1983	10 119
			1984	10 463
			1985	10 819
			1986	11 187
12	Stockings and socks, knitted, other than women's stockings of synthetic textile fibres	1 000 pairs	1983	5 283
			1984	5 758
			1985	6 276
			1986	6 841
15 B (*)	Women's overcoats and raincoats, woven, including capes	1 000 pieces	1983	2 062
			1984	2 268
			1985	2 495
			1986	2 745
16 (*)	Men's woven suits and coordinate suits	1 000 pieces	1983	1 069
			1984	1 165
			1985	1 270
			1986	1 384
73	Outer garments, knitted	1 000 pieces	1983	120
			1984	128
			1985	137
			1986	146

(*) A transfer of 100 % can be made between categories 15 B and 16.

APPENDIX B

Breakdown of 1983 outward processing trade objectives between Member States

Units	Category	EEC	Federal Republic of Germany	France	Italy	Benelux	UK	Ireland	Denmark	Greece
1 000 pieces	5	1 893	1 623		70	200				
1 000 pieces	6	4 558	4 005			553				
1 000 pieces	7	3 093	2 823			270				
1 000 pieces	8	10 119	6 881			3 238				
1 000 pairs	12	5 283	5 233		50					
1 000 pieces	16 (*)	1 069	809		50	180			30	
1 000 pieces	73	120	100		20					
1 000 pieces	15 B (*)	2 062	1 902			160				

(*) A transfer of 100 % can be made between categories 15 B and 16.

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 23 February 1984

terminating the anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports of non-alloyed unwrought aluminium originating in Norway, Surinam, the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia

(84/103/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3017/79 of 20 December 1979 on protection against dumped or subsidized imports from countries not members of the European Economic Community⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1580/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 9 thereof,

After consultation within the Advisory Committee as provided for under the above Regulation,

Whereas :

A. Procedure

1. In January 1983 the Commission received a complaint lodged by the Committee of the Non-ferrous Metal Industries on behalf of producers whose collective output accounts for the great majority of Community production of non-alloyed unwrought aluminium. This complaint alleged dumping on imports into the Community of non-alloyed unwrought aluminium originating in Egypt, the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia. In July 1983, an additional complaint was lodged on

behalf of the same producers with regard to alleged dumping of the same product originating in Norway and Surinam.

Both complaints contained evidence of dumping and of material injury resulting therefrom, which was considered sufficient to justify the opening and extension of a proceeding.

The Commission accordingly announced, by notices published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*, the initiation of an anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports into the Community of non-alloyed unwrought aluminium falling within subheading ex 76.01 A of the Common Customs Tariff, corresponding to NIMEXE code 76.01-11, originating in Egypt, the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia⁽³⁾ and its extension to include imports of this product originating in Norway and Surinam⁽⁴⁾, and commenced an investigation.

2. The Commission officially so advised the exporters and importers known to be concerned and the representatives of the exporting countries and the complainant and gave the parties directly concerned the opportunity to make known their views in writing and to request a hearing.
3. All the known Community producers, the majority of the exporters and some of the importers made their views known in writing. The majority of the exporters and all of the producers have requested and have been granted hearings.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 339, 31. 12. 1979, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 178, 22. 6. 1982, p. 9.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 31, 5. 2. 1983, p. 4.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No C 206, 2. 8. 1983, p. 2.

4. Following investigation by the Commission in Egypt, the proceeding as concerns Egypt was terminated by Commission Decision 83/305/EEC (1) on 16 June 1983.
5. The exporters of the Soviet Union and Surinam requested and were granted the opportunity to meet the other parties for the purpose of presenting their opposing views.
6. No submissions were made by Community purchasers and processors of the product.
7. The Commission sought and verified all information it deemed to be necessary for the purposes of a preliminary determination and carried out investigations at the premises of the following :

EEC producers :

- Alluminio Italia, I-Rome,
- Aluminium Pechiney, F-Paris,
- Alusuisse Deutschland, D-Konstanz,
- The British Aluminium Company, UK-London,
- Estel Aluminium BV, NL-Vaassen,
- Vereinigte Aluminium-Werke AG, D-Bonn.

Exporters :

Norway

- Årdal og Sunndal Verk A/S,
- Sør Norge Aluminium A/S,
- Mosal Aluminium Elkem A/S & Co.

EEC importers :

- Amalgamated Metal Co., Ltd, UK-London,
- Raznoimport, UK-London.

8. The Commission requested and received detailed written submissions from all complainant Community producers, the majority of the exporters and several importers, and verified the information therein to the extent considered necessary.

The investigation of dumping covered the period from January to December 1982.

B. Normal value

9. Norway

In seeking to determine the normal value for Årdal og Sunndal Verk A/S and Mosal Aluminium Elkem A/S & Co. the Commission had to take account of the fact that sales of the like product on the domestic market did not permit a proper

comparison because of the small quantities involved. The Commission determined therefore that the normal value for these companies should be established on the basis of the constructed value.

The preliminary investigation to determine the existence of dumping with respect to Sør Norge Aluminium A/S has shown that the prices of non-alloyed, unwrought aluminium marketed by this exporter had during the investigation period and in respect of the total quantities been on average lower than all costs both fixed and variable ordinarily incurred in its production ; the normal value was therefore also determined on the basis of the constructed value.

The constructed value was computed by taking for each company its total cost of materials and manufacture, including overheads, and adding a profit margin of 5 %. The companies concerned contested the addition of a profit margin but the Commission considered such an addition to be reasonable in the light of the company's performance during a representative profitable period.

It was also argued that a tax on the use of electricity should not be incorporated in the constructed value. However, the Commission is of the opinion that there is ample justification for including this item since it represents a cost actually incurred.

10. Surinam

In seeking to determine the normal value for the Suriname Aluminium Company ('Suralco') the Commission had to take account of the fact that there were no sales of the like product on the domestic market. The Commission determined therefore that the normal value for this company should be established on the basis of the constructed value.

The constructed value was computed by taking the company's total cost of materials and manufacture, including overheads, and adding a profit margin of 5 %, which was considered to be reasonable in the light of the company's performance during a representative profitable period.

11. Soviet Union

In order to establish whether the imports from the Soviet Union were dumped, the Commission had to take account of the fact that the country does not have a market economy, and the Commission therefore had to base its determination on the normal value in a market-economy country ; for this purpose, the average normal value established following verification for the three Norwegian producers was chosen.

(1) OJ No L 161, 21. 6. 1983, p. 13.

The exporter objected to this choice, arguing that aluminium was an internationally traded commodity the price of which was determined in an international terminal market (the London Metal Exchange) which should, therefore, be used for determining the normal value. The Commission was unable to follow this suggestion as it was not in accordance with the criteria laid down in Regulation (EEC) No 3017/79 for determining normal value. No proposal was made as to another analogue country or as to an alternative method of calculating normal value which would be in accordance with Regulation (EEC) No 3017/79.

The Commission is satisfied that in Norway there are no major differences in production processes and scale of production in comparison with the Soviet Union. Furthermore, the use of the average constructed value for Norway is not disadvantageous to the Soviet exporter, since the Norwegian producers are regarded as being amongst the most efficient in the world. The Commission therefore concluded that it would be appropriate and not unreasonable to determine normal value on the basis of constructed value in Norway.

12. Yugoslavia

The Yugoslav exporters, Energoinvest 'Aluminij' and Kombinat Aluminijuma, did not provide sufficient information concerning normal value. The normal value was therefore based on the best information available to the Commission. In this respect, the average normal value established for the three Norwegian producers, following verification, is considered to be an appropriate and not unreasonable analogue normal value.

C. Export price

13. Export prices were determined on the basis of the prices actually paid or payable for the products sold for export to the Community.

However, in respect of those imports from Yugoslavia where information was incomplete, the Commission used official Community statistics relating to quantities and value of imports as the best information available.

As concerns those imports from the Soviet Union via traders where information was incomplete, the Commission used the average price given by the importer for all sales to traders in Rotterdam during the period.

D. Comparison

14. No allowances were claimed for differences affecting price comparability. All comparisons were made at ex-works level.

E. Margins

15. The above preliminary examination of the facts shows the existence of dumping in respect of imports from all the exporters investigated, the margin of dumping being equal to the amount by which the normal value as established exceeds the price for export to the Community.
16. These margins vary according to the exporter and the importing Member State concerned, the weighted average margin for each of the exporters investigated, expressed as a percentage of cif Community border export price, being as follows :

— Mosal Aluminium Elkem A/S & Co., Norway :	8,6 %
— Sør Norge Aluminium A/S, Norway :	6,5 %
— Årdal og Sunndal Verk A/S, Norway :	9,9 %
— Suriname Aluminium Co., Surinam :	25,8 %
— Raznoimport, Moscow, Soviet Union :	19,1 %
— Energoinvest, Mostar, Yugoslavia :	21 %
— Kombinat Aluminijuma, Titograd, Yugoslavia :	21 %

F. Injury

17. With regard to the injury caused by the dumped imports, the evidence available to the Commission shows that imports into the Community from Norway, Surinam, the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia increased from 326 140 tonnes in 1981 to 458 121 tonnes in 1982, i.e. by more than 40 % with a consequent increase in market share held by the exporting countries from 12,2 to 16,5 % in the same period.
18. The resale prices of these imports were 10 to 18 % lower than those required to cover the costs of Community producers and provide a reasonable profit.
19. The consequence for the Community industry from 1981 to 1982 was a reduction of 10 % in production and a commensurate decrease in capacity utilization. Sales in the Community decreased by 4 % and market share fell from 80 to 74 %.

20. The Community producers, as a result of the low-priced imports, have been forced to sell at prices below cost, and consequently incurred very severe losses.
21. The Commission has considered whether injury has been caused by other factors such as the volume and prices of undumped imports and change in market conditions. The consumption in the Community went up in 1982 by approximately 4 %, whilst production decreased by 10 % and imports from other non-member countries remained stable. The substantial increase in dumped imports and the prices at which they are offered for sale in the Community have therefore led the Commission to determine that the effects of the dumped imports of non-alloyed, unwrought aluminium originating in Norway, Surinam, the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia taken in isolation have to be considered as constituting material injury to the Community industry concerned.

G. Community interest

22. The determination of dumping and consequential injury referred to above have caused the Commission to consider whether action is required in order to protect Community producers. In this respect, account has been taken of the fact that, since the opening of the investigation in February 1983, prices both worldwide and on the Community market have increased considerably. Enquiries made into the likely price trend for the future

indicate that no significant reduction in market prices is foreseen for 1984.

The Commission has therefore concluded that it is not in the Community's interest to take protective action at present in respect of imports of non-alloyed, unwrought aluminium originating in Norway, Surinam, the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia. However, future developments will be closely followed so that, should the Community industry deem it necessary to request a reopening of the proceeding in the light of changed circumstances, a decision can be taken rapidly.

No objection to this course was raised in the advisory committee,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Sole Article

The anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports of non-alloyed unwrought aluminium originating in Norway, Surinam, the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia is hereby terminated.

Done at Brussels, 23 February 1984.

For the Commission
Wilhelm HAFERKAMP
Vice-President

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 901/84
of 2 April 1984**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2),

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement, are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established :

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather; footwear (other than footwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material: A. Footwear with uppers of leather	465

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to
third countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 6 April to 31 December 1984, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather; footwear (other than footwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material: A. Footwear with uppers of leather	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 2 April 1984.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 906/84
of 2 April 1984**

**on arrangements for imports into the United Kingdom of certain textile
products (category 17) originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
3588/82 of 23 December 1982 on rules for imports of
certain textile products originating in Yugoslavia (1), as
last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 194/84 (2), and
in particular Article 10 thereof,

Whereas Article 10 of Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82
lays down the conditions under which quantitative
limits may be established; whereas imports into the
United Kingdom of textile products of category 17
specified in the Annex hereto and originating in
Yugoslavia exceeded the levels referred to in Article 10
(3) thereof;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 10 (5) of Regula-
tion (EEC) No 3588/82, Yugoslavia was notified on 23
December 1983 of requests for consultations;

Whereas, as a result of these consultations, it was
agreed to make the textile products in question subject
to quantitative limits for the years 1984 to 1986;

Whereas Article 10 (13) provides for compliance with
the quantitative limits to be ensured by means of a
double-checking system in accordance with Annex V
to Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82;

Whereas the products in question exported from
Yugoslavia between 1 January 1984 and the date of
entry into force of this Regulation must be set off
against the quantitative limit for the year 1984;

Whereas this quantitative limit should not prevent the
importation of products covered by it shipped from
Yugoslavia before the date of entry into force of this
Regulation;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Textile
Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 2,
imports into the United Kingdom of the category of
products originating in Yugoslavia and specified in the
Annex hereto shall be subject to the quantitative limits
set out in that Annex.

Article 2

1. Products as referred to in Article 1, shipped from
Yugoslavia to the United Kingdom before the date of
entry into force of this Regulation and not yet released
for free circulation, shall be so released subject to the
presentation of a bill of lading or other transport docu-
ment proving that shipment actually took place before
that date.

2. Imports of such products shipped from Yugo-
slavia to the United Kingdom after the entry into force
of this Regulation shall be subject to the double-
checking system described in Annex V to Regulation
(EEC) No 3588/82.

3. All quantities of products shipped from Yugo-
slavia to the United Kingdom on or after 1 January
1984 and released for free circulation, shall be
deducted from the quantitative limit laid down. This
limit shall not, however, prevent the importation of
products covered by it but shipped from Yugoslavia
before the date of entry into force of this Regulation.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

It shall apply until 31 December 1986.

(1) OJ No L 374, 31. 12. 1982, p. 47.

(2) OJ No L 26, 30. 1. 1984, p. 1.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 April 1984.

For the Commission
 Wilhelm HAFERKAMP
Vice-President

ANNEX

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Third country	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December		
							1984	1985	1986
17	61.01 B V a) 1 2 3	61.01-34, 36, 37	Men's and boys' outer garments : Men's and boys' woven jackets (excluding waister jackets) and blazers of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	Yugo- slavia	UK	1 000 pieces	152	163	174

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1118/84
of 24 April 1984

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (*), and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto;

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia (†);

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement, are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; wire	1 162

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 28 April to 31 December 1984, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; wire	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 24 April 1984.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

(*) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(†) OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1265/84

of 4 May 1984

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2);

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
74.04	Wrought plates, sheets and strips of copper	699

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 12 May to 31 December 1984, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
74.04	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of copper	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 4 May 1984.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1338/84

of 14 May 1984

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾, and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia⁽²⁾,

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established :

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
40.11	Rubber tyres, tyre cases, interchangeable tyre treads, inner tubes and tyre flaps, for wheels of all kinds : B. Other : II. Other : — Other	3 254

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling ; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 19 May to 31 December 1984, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
40.11	Rubber tyres, tyre cases, interchangeable tyre treads, inner tubes and tyre flaps, for wheels of all kinds : B. Other : II. Other : — Other	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 14 May 1984.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 1475/84
of 24 May 1984
amending Annex VII to Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82 on common rules for
imports of certain textile products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community, and in particular Article 113
thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas the Community and Yugoslavia have
concluded an Additional Protocol to their Cooperation
Agreement, concerning trade in textile products;

Whereas the Council, by Regulation (EEC) No
3588/82 ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No
194/84 ⁽²⁾, makes imports of certain textile products
originating in Yugoslavia subject to common rules
until 1986;

Whereas additional needs have arisen for reimports
into the Community after processing in Yugoslavia, as
provided for in Article 5 (3) of the said Regulation;

Whereas, in the interest of the Community's industry,
the quantitative objectives for outward processing trade
set in Appendix A to Annex VII should be amended,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Appendix A to Annex VII to Regulation (EEC) No
3588/82 is hereby replaced by the contents of the
Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 24 May 1984.

For the Council
The President
G. LENGAGNE

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 374, 31. 12. 1982, p. 47.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 26, 30. 1. 1984, p. 1.

ANNEX

APPENDIX A

The product descriptions set out in Annex I are here repeated in a shortened version

Quantitative outward processing trade objectives

Category	Description	Units	Years	Quantity EEC
5	Jerseys, pullovers	1 000 pieces	1983	1 893
			1984	1 995
			1985	2 103
			1986	2 217
6	Men's and women's woven trousers, men's breeches	1 000 pieces	1983	4 558
			1984	5 617
			1985	5 971
			1986	6 347
7	Women's woven and knitted blouses	1 000 pieces	1983	3 093
			1984	4 029
			1985	4 166
			1986	4 308
8	Men's woven shirts	1 000 pieces	1983	10 119
			1984	10 463
			1985	10 819
			1986	11 187
12	Stockings and socks, knitted, other than women's stockings of synthetic textile fibres	1 000 pairs	1983	5 283
			1984	5 758
			1985	6 276
			1986	6 841
15 B (1)	Women's overcoats and raincoats, woven, including capes	1 000 pieces	1983	2 062
			1984	2 268
			1985	2 495
			1986	2 745
16 (1)	Men's woven suits and coordinate suits	1 000 pieces	1983	1 069
			1984	1 165
			1985	1 270
			1986	1 384
73	Outer garments, knitted	1 000 pieces	1983	120
			1984	128
			1985	137
			1986	146

(1) 'A transfer of 100 % can be made between categories 15 B and 16.'

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1550/84
of 4 June 1984**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾, and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia⁽²⁾,

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established :

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
73.18	Tubes and pipes and blanks thereof, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydro-electric conduits	9 263

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 8 June to 31 December 1984, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
73.18	Tubes and pipes and blanks thereof, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydro-electric conduits	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 4 June 1984.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

COUNCIL

COUNCIL DECISION

of 8 May 1984

relating to point 2 of the Voluntary Restraint Agreements on mutton, lamb and goatmeat between the European Economic Community and Austria, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Iceland, Poland, Uruguay and Yugoslavia

(84/309/EEC)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the recommendation from the Commission,

Whereas under the Voluntary Restraint Agreements concluded with the European Economic Community on mutton, lamb and goatmeat or live sheep and goats, the non-member countries in question undertook, in exchanges of letters, to limit the amount of their exports to certain Community markets considered to be sensitive areas; whereas those undertakings, however, expire on 31 March 1984;

Whereas there has been no change in the circumstances which led to these areas to be recognized as sensitive; whereas provision should therefore be made for extending the arrangements concerning restrictions on exports to those areas;

Whereas the Commission has conducted negotiations to that end in Austria, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Iceland, Poland, Uruguay and Yugoslavia; whereas these negotiations resulted in the initialling of an Agreement with each of those countries,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

1. The exchanges of letters concerning point 2 of the Voluntary Restraint Agreements on trade in

mutton, lamb and goatmeat are hereby approved on behalf of the European Economic Community with the following countries:

- Austria,
- Bulgaria,
- Czechoslovakia,
- Hungary,
- Iceland,
- Poland,
- Uruguay,
- Yugoslavia.

2. The texts of the exchanges of letters are attached to this Decision.

Article 2

The President of the Council is hereby authorized to designate the person empowered to sign the exchanges of letters referred to in Article 1, in order to bind the Community.

Done at Brussels, 8 May 1984.

For the Council

The President

M. ROCARD

EXCHANGE OF LETTERS

relating to point 2 of the exchange of letters between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia on trade in the sheepmeat and goatmeat sector

Letter No 1

Sir,

With reference to the exchange of letters between the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the European Economic Community on trade in the sheepmeat and goatmeat sector, signed on 28 April 1981, and to the discussions which have taken place between the two Parties in accordance with point 14 thereof, I have the honour to inform you that for the duration of that Agreement the Government of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia will continue to ensure that the marketing of Yugoslav products within the Community will be conducted in such a manner as to avoid any change in the trends of traditional trade flows to the particular market areas considered as sensitive.

In particular, the competent authorities of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia will ensure that exports to France and Ireland will be limited each year as follows :

- France : 50 tonnes, carcase weight equivalent,
- Ireland : nil.

I should be obliged if you would kindly acknowledge receipt of this letter.

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*For the Federal Executive Council
of the Assembly of the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia*

Letter No 2

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of today's date which reads as follows :

'With reference to the exchange of letters between the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and the European Economic Community on trade in the sheepmeat and goatmeat sector, signed on 28 April 1981, and to the discussions which have taken place between the two Parties in accordance with point 14 thereof, I have the honour to inform you that for the duration of that Agreement the Government of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia will continue to ensure that the marketing of Yugoslav products within the Community will be conducted in such a manner as to avoid any change in the trends of traditional trade flows to the particular market areas considered as sensitive.

In particular, the competent authorities of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia will ensure that exports to France and Ireland will be limited each year as follows :

- France : 50 tonnes, carcase weight equivalent,
- Ireland : nil.

I should be obliged if you would kindly acknowledge receipt of this letter.'

Please accept, Sir, the assurance of my highest consideration.

*On behalf of
the Council of the European Communities*

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1646/84
of 8 June 1984

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2),

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 18 of the Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established :

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
73.02	Ferro-alloys : D. Ferro-silico-manganese	771

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that

ceiling ; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 16 June to 31 December 1984, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
73.02	Ferro-alloys : D. Ferro-silico-manganese	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 8 June 1984.

For the Commission
Karl-Heinz NARJES
Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.
(2) OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1698/84

of 18 June 1984

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾, and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia⁽²⁾,

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
85.23	Insulated (including enamelled or anodized), electric wire, cable, bars, strip and the like (including coaxial cable), whether or not fitted with connectors: B. Other	1 879

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 22 June to 31 December 1984, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
85.23	Insulated (including enamelled or anodized), electric wire, cable, bars, strip and the like (including coaxial cable), whether or not fitted with connectors: B. Other	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 18 June 1984.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1712/84
of 19 June 1984
introducing a countervailing charge on peaches including nectarines originating
in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization
of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1332/84⁽²⁾, and in
particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2)
thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No
1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product
imported from a third country remains at least 0,6
ECU below the reference price for two consecutive
market days, a countervailing charge must be intro-
duced in respect of the exporting country concerned,
save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge
is equal to the difference between the reference price
and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices
available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1625/84
of 8 June 1984 fixing for the 1984 marketing year the
reference prices for peaches including nectarines⁽³⁾
fixed the reference price for products of class I for the
period 11 to 20 June 1984 at 74,50 ECU per 100 kilo-
grams net;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country
is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for
at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting
country concerned which are marketed on all repre-
sentative markets for which prices are available less the
duties and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3) of
Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the meaning of
representative price is defined in Article 24 (2) of
Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regula-
tion (EEC) No 2118/74⁽⁴⁾, as last amended by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 3110/83⁽⁵⁾, the prices to be taken into

consideration must be recorded on the representative
markets or, in certain circumstances, on other
markets;

Whereas, for Yugoslav peaches, the entry price calcu-
lated in this way has remained at least 0,6 ECU below
the reference price for two consecutive market days;
whereas a countervailing charge should therefore be
introduced for these peaches including nectarines;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the
entry price should be calculated on the following
basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient
provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC)
No 974/71, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 855/84,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of
these currencies recorded over a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent and the aforesaid coeffi-
cient,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 16,31 ECU per 100 kilo-
grams net is applied to peaches including nectarines
(subheading 08.07 B of the Common Customs Tariff)
originating in Yugoslavia.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 21 June
1984.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 130, 16. 5. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 154, 9. 6. 1984, p. 14.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.

⁽⁵⁾ OJ No L 303, 5. 11. 1983, p. 5.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 19 June 1984.

For the Commission
Poul DALSAGER
Member of the Commission

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1776/84
of 26 June 1984**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2),

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established :

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
64.01	Footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or artificial material	394

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products, originating in Yugoslavia have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 30 June to 31 December 1984, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
64.01	Footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or artificial material	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 26 June 1984.

For the Commission
Karl-Heinz NARJES
Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1857/84
of 27 June 1984

amending the Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 3639/83 concerning the share in 1984 between Member States of Community quantitative limits concerning economic outward processing traffic applicable to certain textile products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82 of 23 December 1982 on common rules for imports of certain textile products originating in Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾, and in particular paragraph 2 of Annex VII thereto,

Whereas Annex VII to Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82 provides that the allocations between Member States of Community quantitative limits specific to outward processing trade (OPT) imports for 1984 to 1986 are carried out in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 14;

Whereas the said specific quantitative limits for the years 1984 to 1986 have been amended by Council Regulation (EEC) No 1475/84⁽²⁾;

Whereas, for this reason, the Member States' shares of these limits as set by Commission Regulation (EEC) No 3639/83⁽³⁾ should be amended;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Textile Committee 'Yugoslavia',

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The Annex to Regulation (EEC) No 3639/83 is hereby replaced by the Annex to this Regulation.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 27 June 1984.

For the Commission
Wilhelm HAFERKAMP
Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 374, 31. 12. 1982, p. 47.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 143, 30. 5. 1984, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 360, 23. 12. 1983, p. 31.

ANNEX

Breakdown of outward processing trade objectives between Member States from 1 January to 31 December 1984

Units	Category	EEC	Federal Republic of Germany	France	Italy	Benelux	United Kingdom	Ireland	Denmark	Greece
1 000 pieces	5	1 995	1 710		74	211				
1 000 pieces	6	5 617	5 007			610				
1 000 pieces	7	4 029	3 750			279				
1 000 pieces	8	10 463	7 115			3 348				
1 000 pieces	12	5 758	5 704		54					
1 000 pieces	16 (*)	1 165	882		54	196			33	
1 000 pieces	73	128	107		21					
1 000 pieces	15 B (*)	2 268	2 092			176				

(*) A transfer of 100 % can be made between categories 15 B and 16.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1885/84
of 2 July 1984**

**abolishing the countervailing charge on peaches including nectarines
originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization
of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1332/84⁽²⁾, and in
particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2)
thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1712/84
of 19 June 1984⁽³⁾ introduced a countervailing charge
on peaches including nectarines originating in
Yugoslavia;

Whereas for this product originating in Yugoslavia
there were no prices for six consecutive working days;

whereas the conditions specified in Article 26 (1) of
Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled
and the countervailing charge on imports of peaches
including nectarines originating in Yugoslavia can be
abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 1712/84 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 3 July 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 2 July 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 130, 16. 5. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 162, 20. 6. 1984, p. 23.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1940/84

of 6 July 1984

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾, and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia⁽²⁾,

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established :

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling (tonnes)
74.07	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper; hollow bars of copper	1 936

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 10 July to 31 December 1984, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
74.07	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper; hollow bars of copper	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 July 1984.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1941/84
of 6 July 1984**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular
Protocol I thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2);

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual,
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established :

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
94.01	Chairs and other seats (other than those falling within heading No 94.02), whether or not convertible into beds, and parts thereof: B. Other: ex II. Other, excluding seats specially designed for motor vehicles	5 791

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 10 July to 31 December 1984, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
94.01	Chairs and other seats (other than those falling within heading No 94.02), whether or not convertible into beds, and parts thereof: B. Other: ex II. Other, excluding seats specially designed for motor vehicles	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of
the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 6 July 1984.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1960/84
of 10 July 1984**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2);

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established :

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium	2 548

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 14 July to 31 December 1984, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 10 July 1984.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 1961/84
of 10 July 1984**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2);

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established :

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
94.03	Other furniture and parts thereof: B. Other	5 096

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 14 July to 31 December 1984, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
94.03	Other furniture and parts thereof: B. Other	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 10 July 1984.

For the Commission
Karl-Heinz NARJES
Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2035/84
of 16 July 1984**

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾, and in particular Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation (EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia⁽²⁾;

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol provides that the products listed below, imported under reduced duty rates according to Article 18 of the Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual ceiling indicated below, above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
73.02	Ferro-alloys : C. Ferro-silicon	5 005

Whereas imports into the Community of those products, originating in Yugoslavia, have reached that ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community market requires that customs duties applicable to third countries on the products in question be re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 20 July to 31 December 1984, the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries shall be re-established on imports into the Community of the following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
73.02	Ferro-alloys : C. Ferro-silicon	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 16 July 1984.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2106/84
of 23 July 1984**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2);

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg	35 280

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products originating in Yugoslavia have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 27 July to 31 December 1984, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 July 1984.

For the Commission
Karl-Heinz NÄRJES
Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.
(2) OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2207/84
of 30 July 1984

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (¹), and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia (²),

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
70.14	Illuminating glassware, signal- ing glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked or of optical glass : A. Articles for electrical lighting fittings : II. Other (for example, diffusers, ceiling lights, bowls, cups, lamp-shades, globes, tulip-shaped pieces)	1 747

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products originating in Yugoslavia have reached that

ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 3 August to 31 December 1984, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
70.14	Illuminating glassware, signal- ing glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked or of optical glass : A. Articles for chemical lighting fittings : II. Other (for example, diffusers, ceiling lights, bowls, cups, lamp-shades, globes, tulip-shaped pieces)	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 30 July 1984.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

(¹) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(²) OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2208/84
of 30 July 1984**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾, and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia⁽²⁾,

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established :

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
87.14	Other vehicles (including trailers) not mechanically propelled, and parts thereof : B. Trailers and semi-trailers : II. Other	1 779

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products originating in Yugoslavia have reached that
ceiling ; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 3 August to 31 December 1984, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
87.14	Other vehicles (including trailers) not mechanically propelled, and parts thereof : B. Trailers and semi-trailers : II. Other	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 30 July 1984.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2324/84
of 8 August 1984

re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾, and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia⁽²⁾,

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established:

<i>(tonnes)</i>		
CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
44.18	Reconstituted wood, being wood shavings, wood chips, sawdust, wood flour or other ligneous waste agglomerated with natural or artificial resins or other organic binding substances, in sheets, blocks or the like	25 495

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products originating in Yugoslavia have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 13 August to 31 December 1984, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
44.18	Reconstituted wood, being wood shavings, wood chips, sawdust, wood flour or other ligneous waste agglomerated with natural or artificial resins or other organic binding substances, in sheets, blocks or the like	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 8 August 1984.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES,

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 2333/84

of 9 August 1984

repealing Regulation (EEC) No 486/83 imposing a definitive anti-dumping duty on imports of copper sulphate originating in Yugoslavia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84 of 23 July 1984 on protection against dumped or subsidized imports from countries not members of the European Economic Community⁽¹⁾, and in particular Article 14 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal submitted by the Commission after consultation within the Advisory Committee as provided for under the above Regulation,

Whereas :

- (1) By Regulation (EEC) No 486/83⁽²⁾ the Council imposed a definitive anti-dumping duty of 19,5 % on imports of copper sulphate originating in Yugoslavia falling within subheading ex 28.38 A II of the Common Customs Tariff and corresponding to NIMEXE code 28.38-27.
- (2) Following a request by a Member State, namely Italy, for a review of that Regulation the Commission published a notice in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* reopening the proceeding⁽³⁾ and commenced an investigation.
- (3) The investigation established the existence of renewed dumping and injury to the Community industry concerned resulting therefrom.
- (4) The Yugoslav authorities, having been informed of the results of the investigation, requested that the

matter be discussed in the Cooperation Council as provided for by the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽⁴⁾.

- (5) The Yugoslav exporters, subsequent to discussions within the Cooperation Council, offered undertakings which, after consultation within the Advisory Committee, the Commission has considered acceptable. The Commission considers that these undertakings eliminate the injury to the Community industry from imports of copper sulphate originating in Yugoslavia.
- (6) The Commission Decision⁽⁵⁾ setting out its findings, accepting the undertakings and terminating the proceeding, is published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities* of even date with the publication hereof.
- (7) Regulation (EEC) No 486/83 should be repealed,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 486/83 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 201, 30. 7. 1984, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 55, 2. 3. 1983, p. 4.

⁽³⁾ OJ No C 301, 8. 11. 1983, p. 2.

⁽⁴⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽⁵⁾ See page 16 of this Official Journal.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 9 August 1984.

For the Council

The President

J. O'KEEFE

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 25 July 1984

accepting undertakings given in connection with the anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports of copper sulphate originating in Yugoslavia and terminating the proceeding

(84/404/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3017/79 of 20 December 1979 on protection against dumped or subsidized imports from countries not members of the European Economic Community⁽¹⁾, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1580/82⁽²⁾, and in particular Article 10 thereof,

After consultation within the Advisory Committee as provided for by the said Regulation,

Whereas :

A. Procedure

(1) In March 1983 the Council imposed a definitive anti-dumping duty⁽³⁾ on imports of copper sulphate originating in Yugoslavia, and following extension of the procedure a definitive duty⁽⁴⁾ was imposed in October 1983 on imports of copper sulphate from Czechoslovakia and the USSR and an undertaking⁽⁵⁾ offered by one Czech exporter was accepted. In September 1983 the Commission received a request from the authorities of a Member State, Italy, requesting the re-opening of the proceeding and alleging

that imports of copper sulphate from Yugoslavia were again being dumped and thereby causing renewed injury to the Community industry. Accordingly the Commission announced, by a notice published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*⁽⁶⁾, the re-opening of the anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports into the Community of copper sulphate originating in Yugoslavia, and falling within subheading ex 28.38 A II of the Common Customs Tariff, corresponding to NIMEXE code 28.38-27, and commenced an investigation.

(2) The Commission officially so advised the exporters and importers known to be concerned, the representatives of the exporting country and the complainants and gave the parties directly concerned the opportunity to make known their views in writing and to request a hearing.

The majority of the known producers, one exporter and some importers made their views known in writing.

No submissions were made by Community purchasers or processors of copper sulphate.

(3) The Commission sought and verified all information it deemed to be necessary and carried out investigations at the premises of the following EEC producer: Manica SpA, Rovereto, Italy.

(¹) OJ No L 339, 31. 12. 1979, p. 1.

(²) OJ No L 178, 22. 6. 1982, p. 9.

(³) OJ No L 55, 2. 3. 1983, p. 4.

(⁴) OJ No L 274, 7. 10. 1983, p. 1.

(⁵) OJ No L 281, 13. 10. 1983, p. 22.

(⁶) OJ No C 301, 8. 11. 1983, p. 2.

The Commission requested and received detailed written submissions from Community producers and verified the information therein to the extent considered necessary. One exporter, Zorka-Sabac, submitted its views in writing but did not supply the requested information and evidence on volumes, prices and costs and thus the Commission was obliged in accordance with Article 7 (7) (b) of Regulation (EEC) No 3017/79 to use the facts available to it in order to establish normal value and make the appropriate comparison with export prices. The investigation covered the period from the imposition of the definitive duty (March 1983) until November 1983.

B. Normal value

- (4) The Commission, during the previous investigation, established that the exporters' sales in the domestic Yugoslav market were made at a loss and accordingly based normal value on a constructed value calculated by taking the exporters' costs of materials and manufacture, including overheads, and adding a reasonable margin for profit. In view of the non-cooperation of the Yugoslav exporters in the present case the Commission, in establishing a normal value on the same basis, has taken account of the best evidence available to it, being that submitted by the Italian authorities and by the Community industry. This evidence showed a significant increase, since the previous investigation, in the cost of raw materials required for the production of copper sulphate and in particular the cost of copper, which accounts for 75 % of the production costs.

In addition, account was taken of increased costs for labour, other materials and overheads on the basis of the published statistics on the Yugoslav economy. A normal value for the reference period was established by updating the figures relating to the constructed normal value for the previous investigation to cover the present reference period.

C. Export price

- (5) Export prices were determined on the basis of the prices actually paid or payable for the products sold for export to the Community.

D. Comparison

- (6) In order that an appropriate comparison could be made the Commission estimated, on the basis of the information available to it, the costs incurred

in transporting the product from the factory to the Community frontier. These costs were deducted from the export prices and the comparisons were accordingly made at an ex-works level.

E. Margins

- (7) The above comparison shows the existence of dumping in respect of the exporter which made itself known to the Commission, the margin of dumping being equal to the amount by which the normal value as established exceeds the price for export to the Community i.e. 61 %.

For those exporters who neither replied to the Commission's questionnaire nor made themselves known otherwise in the course of the investigation, dumping was determined on the same basis, and accordingly it was considered appropriate to use the same dumping margin for this group of exporters.

F. Injury

- (8) With regard to the injury caused by the dumped imports, the evidence available to the Commission shows that imports into the Community (Italy and Greece) of copper sulphate from Yugoslavia remained at a similar level in 1983 (6 070 tonnes) to that in 1982 (6 110 tonnes). Thus Yugoslav imports maintained their market share in the Community (about 14 %) despite the imposition of a provisional anti-dumping duty of 15,4 % in November 1982 and a definitive anti-dumping duty of 19,5 % in March 1983. The resale prices of these imports undercut the prices of the Community producers during the present reference period by up to 30 %. These resale prices were lower than those required to cover the costs of Community producers and provide a reasonable profit and in some instances were lower even than the cost to the Community producers of the raw material required to produce their copper sulphate.
- (9) The Community industry in respect of which the impact of the dumped imports must be assessed is particularly that situated in Italy, whose traditional markets have been Italy and Greece. Since the imposition, at the end of 1982, of the anti-dumping measures on imports of Yugoslav copper sulphate, the Italian producer has increased sales mainly in the Italian market, which accounts for 84 % of its sales in the Community. This increase, however, merely reflects the increase in consumption in this market between 1982 and 1983 and, despite the improvement, capacity utilization levels have remained low (50 % in 1983) leading to high unit

costs which, combined with the price depression caused by the dumped imports, have led to continued losses on sales of copper sulphate in the Community.

- (10) In addition, the effect of the dumped Yugoslav imports on the remaining Community producers has also been significant as regards their sales in Italy and potential sales in Greece. In the rest of the Community Yugoslav prices have had a depressive effect both directly on those of the Community producers and indirectly where the Italian producer has been forced to attempt to sell increasing quantities of the product concerned in areas other than its traditional markets where it can no longer compete with the dumped imports.
- (11) The Commission has considered whether injury has been caused by other factors such as the volume and prices of imports from other sources or the reduction in consumption in the Community. It has, however, been established that the major source of imports in the Italian and Greek markets has been Yugoslavia. Elsewhere in the Community the major sources have been the USSR and Czechoslovakia, and anti-dumping measures were imposed in 1983 with regard to these imports. Accordingly, the continued high volume of Yugoslav imports and the prices at which they are offered for sale in the Community led the Commission to determine that the effects of the dumped imports of copper sulphate originating in Yugoslavia taken in isolation, have to be considered as constituting material injury to the Community industry concerned.

G. Community interest

- (12) In view of the particularly serious difficulties facing the Community industry concerned, the Commission has come to the conclusion that it is in the Community's interests that action be taken in order to eliminate the injury being caused to this industry.

H. Undertakings

- (13) The Yugoslav authorities, having been informed of the results of the investigation, requested that the matter be discussed in the Cooperation Council as provided for by the Cooperation

Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾.

The two exporters concerned, Zorka-Sabac and Zupa, subsequent to discussions within the Cooperation Council, offered undertakings concerning their exports of copper sulphate to the Community.

The effect of the said undertakings will be to increase import prices to the Community to the level which the Commission, having taken into account, on the one hand, the selling price necessary to provide an adequate return to Community producers and, on the other hand, the purchase price of the Community importers and their costs and profit margin considered necessary to eliminate injury. These increases in no case exceed the dumping margins found in the investigation.

In these circumstances, the undertakings offered are considered acceptable and the proceedings may, therefore, be terminated without the continued imposition of anti-dumping duties.

No objection to this course was raised in the Advisory Committee.

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

The undertakings given by Hemijska Industrija 'Zorka-Sabac', Sabac, Yugoslavia and Zupa, Krusevac, Yugoslavia in connection with the anti-dumping proceeding concerning copper sulphate originating in Yugoslavia and falling within Common Customs Tariff subheading ex 28.38 A II, corresponding to NIMEXE code 28.38-27 are hereby accepted.

Article 2

The anti-dumping proceeding referred to in Article 1 is hereby terminated.

Done at Brussels, 25 July 1984.

For the Commission
Wilhelm HAFERKAMP
Vice-President

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 1.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2392/84
of 17 August 1984**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾, and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia⁽²⁾,

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established :

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
70.05	Unworked drawn or blown glass (including flashed glass), in rectangles	4 635

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products originating in Yugoslavia have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

From 24 August to 31 December 1984, the levying of
customs duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products :

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
70.05	Unworked drawn or blown glass (including flashed glass), in rectangles	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 17 August 1984.

For the Commission
Karl-Heinz NARJES
Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2415/84
of 22 August 1984**

**introducing a countervailing charge on certain varieties of plums originating in
Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization
of the market in fruit and vegetables (¹), as last
amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1332/84 (²), and in
particular the second subparagraph of Article 27 (2)
thereof,

Whereas Article 25 (1) of Regulation (EEC) No
1035/72 provides that, if the entry price of a product
imported from a third country remains at least 0,6
ECU below the reference price for two consecutive
market days, a countervailing charge must be intro-
duced in respect of the exporting country concerned,
save in exceptional circumstances; whereas this charge
is equal to the difference between the reference price
and the arithmetic mean of the last two entry prices
available for that exporting country;

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 1627/84
of 8 June 1984 fixing for the 1984 marketing year the
reference prices for plums (³) fixed the reference price
for class I, group II, at 52,29 ECU per 100 kilograms
net for August 1984;

Whereas the entry price for a given exporting country
is equal to the lowest representative prices recorded for
at least 30 % of the quantities from the exporting
country concerned which are marketed on all repre-
sentative markets for which prices are available, less
the duties, and the charges indicated in Article 24 (3)
of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72; whereas the mean-
ing of representative price is defined in Article
24 (2) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72;

Whereas, in accordance with Article 3 (1) of Regula-
tion (EEC) No 2118/74 (⁴), as last amended by Regula-
tion (EEC) No 3110/83 (⁵), the prices to be taken into
consideration must be recorded on the representative

markets or, in certain circumstances, on other
markets;

Whereas, for Yugoslav plums of group II, the entry
price calculated in this way has remained at least 0,6
ECU below the reference price for two consecutive
market days; whereas a countervailing charge should
therefore be introduced for these plums;

Whereas, if the system is to operate normally, the
entry price should be calculated on the following
basis:

- in the case of currencies which are maintained in
relation to each other at any given moment within
a band of 2,25 %, a rate of exchange based on
their central rate, multiplied by the coefficient
provided for in Article 2b (2) of Regulation (EEC)
No 974/71, as last amended by Regulation (EEC)
No 855/84,
- for other currencies, an exchange rate based on the
arithmetic mean of the spot market rates of each of
these currencies recorded for a given period in
relation to the Community currencies referred to
in the previous indent, and the aforesaid coeffi-
cient,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

A countervailing charge of 5,39 ECU per 100 kilo-
grams net is applied to plums (subheading 08.07 D of
the Common Customs Tariff) of the following varie-
ties: Altesse simple (common quetsche, Hauszquetsche),
Reine-Claude d'Oullins (Oullins Gage), Sveske-
blommer, Ruth Gerstetter, Ontario, Wangenheimer
(early Wangenheim quetsche), Pershore (Yellow Egg),
Mirabelle and Bosphiche, originating in Yugoslavia.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 24 August
1984.

(¹) OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.
(²) OJ No L 130, 16. 5. 1984, p. 1.
(³) OJ No L 154, 8. 6. 1984, p. 18.
(⁴) OJ No L 220, 10. 8. 1974, p. 20.
(⁵) OJ No L 303, 5. 11. 1983, p. 5.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 22 August 1984.

For the Commission
Poul DALSGER
Member of the Commission

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2521/84
of 31 August 1984
abolishing the countervailing charge on certain varieties of plums originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 of 18 May 1972 on the common organization of the market in fruit and vegetables⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1332/84⁽²⁾, and in particular the second subparagraph of Article 27(2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 2415/84 of 22 August 1984⁽³⁾ introduced a countervailing charge on certain varieties of plums originating in Yugoslavia;

Whereas for this product originating in Yugoslavia there were no prices for six consecutive working days;

whereas the conditions specified in Article 26(1) of Regulation (EEC) No 1035/72 are therefore fulfilled and the countervailing charge on imports of certain varieties of plums originating in Yugoslavia can be abolished,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

Regulation (EEC) No 2415/84 is hereby repealed.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 September 1984.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 31 August 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSAGER

Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 118, 20. 5. 1972, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 130, 16. 5. 1984, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 226, 23. 8. 1984, p. 14.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2690/84

of 21 September 1984

imposing a provisional anti-dumping duty on imports of artificial corundum originating in the People's Republic of China and Czechoslovakia and terminating the proceeding in respect of imports of artificial corundum originating in Spain and Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84 of 23 July 1984 on protection against dumped or subsidized imports from countries not members of the European Economic Community⁽¹⁾, and in particular Articles 9 and 11 thereof,

After consultations within the Advisory Committee as provided for under the abovementioned Regulation,

Whereas :

A. Procedure

- (1) In June 1983, the Commission received a complaint lodged by the European Council of Chemical Manufacturers Federations (CEFC) on behalf of producers representing all Community production of the product in question. The complaint contained evidence of dumping and of material injury resulting therefrom, which was considered sufficient to justify the initiation of a proceeding. The Commission accordingly announced, by a notice published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*⁽²⁾, the initiation of an anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports of artificial corundum, into the Community, falling within Common Customs Tariff subheading 28.20 B, corresponding to NIMEXE code 28.20-30, originating in the People's Republic of China, Czechoslovakia, Spain and Yugoslavia and commenced an investigation.
- (2) The Commission officially so advised the exporters and importers known to be concerned, the representatives of the exporting countries and the complainants and gave the parties directly concerned the opportunity to make known their views in writing and to request a hearing. The majority of the known exporters, all known importers and all producers made their views known in writing.
- (3) The Commission sought and verified all information it deemed to be necessary for the purpose of

a determination regarding dumping and injury and carried out investigations at the premises of the following :

(a) *EEC producers*

- SOFREM SA, Paris, France,
- Samim Abrasivi SpA, Milan, Italy,
- Dynamit Nobel AG, Troisdorf, Federal Republic of Germany,
- Lonza-Werke GmbH, Waldshut — Tiengen, Federal Republic of Germany,
- Herman C. Starck Berlin GmbH, Düsseldorf, Federal Republic of Germany,
- Universal Abrasives Ltd, Stafford, United Kingdom ;

(b) *Exporter*

Tovarna Dusika Ruse n.solo., Ruse, Yugoslavia ;

(c) *Importers*

- Continentale Erzgesellschaft mbH, Düsseldorf, Federal Republic of Germany,
- Alfred Hempel GmbH & Co., Düsseldorf, Federal Republic of Germany,
- Kerimpex Handelsgesellschaft mbH, Selb/ Bayern, Federal Republic of Germany,
- Mineralienwerke GmbH, Duisburg, Federal Republic of Germany,
- Smyris Srl, Milan, Italy,
- Veneta Mineraria, Milan, Italy.

The Commission requested and received detailed written submissions from the majority of exporters, all known importers and all complainant Community producers and verified the information therein to the extent considered necessary.

Two of the three Spanish producers named in the complaint stated that their exports to the Community were insignificant during the reference period, and did not furnish any details concerning their domestic sales or their exports. They did, however, provide information about the cessation of activities, at the end of 1982, of the remaining Spanish producer named, which had apparently been responsible for the major part of exports to the Community.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 201, 30. 7. 1984, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No C 261, 30. 9. 1983, p. 2.

The Commission did not receive any information concerning the Chinese exports to the Community from the Chinese exporter named in the complaint.

In the case of the People's Republic of China and Spain, therefore, the investigation was based on information given by the importers in Italy and the Federal Republic of Germany as regards export prices and quantities.

- (4) The investigation of dumping covered the period October 1982 to September 1983.

B. Normal value

- (5) In order to establish whether the imports from the People's Republic of China and Czechoslovakia were dumped, the Commission had to take account of the fact that these countries do not have market economies and the Commission therefore had to base its determinations on the normal value in a market-economy country.
- (6) The complaint alleged dumping on the basis of a comparison of export prices of the Chinese and Czech producers with the Spanish current domestic ex-works price; as to Yugoslavia, the comparison was based on the domestic ex-works price and the export price to the Community.
- (7) As the Spanish producers did not supply detailed information, it was decided to establish normal value on the basis of domestic prices on the Yugoslav market, which offers close comparability in terms of the basic technical characteristics of the products supplied with those of the other allegedly dumped imports. None of the exporters or importers objected to this choice but producers suggested, at a relatively late stage of the investigation, that Austrian domestic prices should be taken into consideration. This would, however, have resulted in the need to make considerable adjustments for quality. The Commission, at least at the present stage of the proceeding, decided to maintain its preference for Yugoslav domestic prices.
- (8) As Spanish producers did not supply any information on their domestic prices, the Commission services used Yugoslav domestic prices as the best information available. These data were considered to be more reliable than the information given in the complaint.
- (9) The producer of artificial corundum in Yugoslavia, classified as a market economy, was found

to operate normal profitability criteria, although margins on exports were much higher in general than those on domestic sales. Of the three basic grades of corundum taken into consideration for the purposes of the procedure, only the white variety was found to be sold at a loss on the domestic Yugoslav market. In this case normal value was constructed by adding a standard domestic market profit margin to the full costs of the product. Domestic prices were taken as the basis of normal value for the other two grades of artificial corundum.

C. Export prices

- (10) In one case, where the importer in the Community was not independent of the exporter, the export price was reconstructed on the basis of the first sales within the Community to independent purchasers, making due allowance for verified operating expenses and for a 5 % profit margin, considered to be reasonable in the light of independent importers' profit experience.
- (11) In all other cases, the starting point for calculations was the exporter's invoiced price to an independent importer within the Community, appropriate allowances being taken into account to permit a proper comparison of these export prices with normal values for the purposes of establishing dumping margins.

D. Comparison

- (12) Normal values were compared with export prices at the ex-works level, adjustments being made for transport, credit terms, ancillary costs and agents' commission, where applicable. Also, where applicable, allowances were made for any transformation of the product, after its importation into the Community, required to bring it up to a comparable condition with other imported products from the point of view of specification or quality.
- (13) The calculations were made on a monthly basis. The results obtained were then weighted by the tonnages imported during the reference period in order to obtain a weighted average margin.

E. Margins

- (14) The above examination of the facts shows the existence of dumping by the Chinese and Czech exporters, the margin of dumping being equal to the amount by which the normal value as established exceeds the price for export to the Community.

- (15) These margins vary according to the importing Member State and the variety of artificial corundum concerned. The weighted average margins are:

	<i>Brown corundum</i>	<i>White corundum</i>
— for the People's Republic of China	8,3 %	6,2 %
— for Czechoslovakia	7,9 %	8,9 %

For imports originating in Spain and Yugoslavia no dumping was found. Consequently, the proceeding in respect of these imports should be terminated.

F. Injury

- (16) With regard to the injury caused by the dumped imports, the evidence available to the Commission shows that imports into the Community from Czechoslovakia and the People's Republic of China of artificial corundum increased from 3 955 tonnes in 1980 to 6 296 tonnes in 1983, i.e. an increase of 59,2 %, with a consequent increase in the market share held by these exporting countries from 2,1 to 3,9 %. The market share of Community producers decreased from 76,2 to 71,6 % for the same period and the Community industry's total production fell from 193 081 tonnes in 1979 to 109 275 tonnes in the first nine months of 1983, i.e. a decrease of approximately 24,5 %, after adjusting the 1983 tonnage on a yearly basis, with a fall in the average utilization of Community production capacity from 90,6 to 70,4 %. At the same time, consumption in the Community of artificial corundum decreased by 18,7 % between 1980 and 1983.
- (17) The weighted average resale ex-works prices of imports from Czechoslovakia and the People's Republic of China undercut the prices of the Community producers during 1983 by margins varying from 9,5 to 30 %. The resale prices of these imports were in most cases lower than the variable production costs of the Community industry and in all cases lower than the total production costs.
- (18) The consequent impact on this Community industry has apparently been a 17,1 % reduction in employment between 1980 and 1983. The dumped imports caused Community producers to sell at prices which did not permit them to earn reasonable profits or even to cover more than 73 % of their costs in 1983.

G. Community interest

- (19) The Community association of manufacturers of refractory equipment has argued that the intro-

duction of protective measures would not be in the Community interest because it would affect their competitive position and cause problems for employment in their industry, which employs a greater number of workers than the artificial corundum manufacturers' industry.

- (20) However, in view of the difficulties facing the Community corundum industry, the Commission has come to the conclusion that it is in the Community's interests that action be taken and a provisional duty be imposed in order to prevent injury being caused during the remaining investigation period.

H. Rate of duty

- (21) Having compared the Community producers' weighted average prices and costs, taking account of their profit situation, the Commission has concluded that provisional anti-dumping duties should be imposed in the amount of the dumping margins found.
- (22) A period should be fixed within which the parties concerned may make their views known in writing and request a hearing,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. Provisional anti-dumping duties are hereby imposed on imports of artificial corundum falling within subheading 28.20 B of the Common Customs Tariff, corresponding to NIMEXE code 28.20-30, originating in the People's Republic of China and Czechoslovakia.

2. The rates of the duty shall be for:

	<i>Brown corundum</i>	<i>White corundum</i>
— from the People's Republic of China	8,3 %	6,2 %
— from Czechoslovakia	7,9 %	8,9 %

of the free-at-Community-frontier net price before duty.

3. The provisions in force concerning customs duties shall apply.

4. The release for free circulation in the Community of the products referred to in paragraph 1, originating in the People's Republic of China and Czechoslovakia, shall be subject to the provision of a security equivalent to the amount of the provisional duty.

Article 2

The anti-dumping proceeding concerning imports of artificial corundum originating in Spain and Yugoslavia is hereby terminated.

Article 3

Without prejudice to Article 7 (4) (b) and (c) of Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84, the parties concerned may make known their views and apply to be heard orally

by the Commission within one month of the entry into force of this Regulation.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

Subject to Articles 11, 12 and 14 of Regulation (EEC) No 2176/84, it shall apply for a period of four months, unless the Council adopts definitive measures before the expiry of that period.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 21 September 1984.

For the Commission
Wilhelm HAFERKAMP
Vice-President

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 2823/84
of 3 October 1984**

amending Regulation (EEC) No 906/84 concerning the quantitative limits for the year 1984 on imports into the United Kingdom of certain textile products (category 17) originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No
3588/82 of 23 December 1982 on rules for imports of
certain textile products originating in Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾, as
last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1475/84⁽²⁾, and
in particular Article 8 (2) thereof,

Whereas Commission Regulation (EEC) No 906/84⁽³⁾
made imports into the United Kingdom of certain
textile products (category 17) originating in Yugoslavia,
subject to quantitative restrictions;

Whereas in accordance with Article 8 (2) of Regulation
(EEC) No 3588/82, the quantitative limits may be
increased where it appears that additional imports are
required;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation
are in accordance with the opinion of the Textile
Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The quantitative limit in the Annex to Regulation
(EEC) No 906/84 for the year 1984 is hereby replaced
by the quantitative limit in the Annex to this Regula-
tion.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 3 October 1984.

For the Commission
Frans ANDRIESEN
Member of the Commission

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 374, 31. 12. 1982, p. 47.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 143, 30. 5. 1984, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 94, 4. 4. 1984, p. 5.

ANNEX

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1984)	Description	Third country	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December 1984
17	61.01 B V a) 1 2 3	61.01-34, 36, 37	Men's and boys' outer garments : Men's and boys' woven jackets (excluding waister jackets) and blazers of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	Yugo- slavia	UK	1 000 pieces	187

COMMISSION

COMMISSION DECISION

of 2 October 1984

amending Decision 82/813/EEC as regards the list of establishments in Yugoslavia approved for the purpose of importing fresh meat into the Community

(84/486/EEC)

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Directive 72/462/EEC of 12 December 1972 on health and veterinary inspection problems upon importation of bovine animals and swine and fresh meat from third countries⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Directive 83/91/EEC⁽²⁾, and in particular Articles 4 (1) and 18 (1) (a) and (b) thereof,

Whereas a list of establishments in Yugoslavia, approved for the purposes of the importation of fresh meat into the Community, was drawn up initially by Commission Decision 82/813/EEC⁽³⁾, as last amended by Decision 84/13/EEC⁽⁴⁾;

Whereas a routine inspection under Article 5 of Directive 72/462/EEC and Article 3 (1) of Commission Decision 83/196/EEC of 8 April 1983 concerning on-the-spot inspections to be carried out in respect of the importation of bovine animals and swine and fresh meat from non-member countries⁽⁵⁾ has revealed that the level of hygiene of certain establishments has altered since the last inspection;

Whereas the list of establishments should, therefore, be amended;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Decision are in accordance with the opinion of the Standing Veterinary Committee,

HAS ADOPTED THIS DECISION:

Article 1

The Annex to Decision 82/813/EEC is hereby replaced by the Annex to this Decision.

Article 2

This Decision is addressed to the Member States.

Done at Brussels, 2 October 1984.

For the Commission

Poul DALSGER

Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No L 302, 31. 12. 1972, p. 28.

(2) OJ No L 59, 5. 3. 1983, p. 34.

(3) OJ No L 343, 4. 12. 1982, p. 21.

(4) OJ No L 16, 19. 1. 1984, p. 34.

(5) OJ No L 108, 26. 4. 1983, p. 18.

ANNEX

LIST OF ESTABLISHMENTS

Approval No	Establishment	Address
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I. BOVINE MEAT

A. Slaughterhouses and cutting premises

7	Čoka	Čoka
10	PIK Vrbovec	Vrbovec
14	PIK Kikinda	Kikinda
22	ABC Pomurka	Murska Sobota
31	PIK Budimka	Požega
33	Košaki	Maribor
51	29. Novembar	Subotica
59	Mitros	Sremska Mitrovica
64	Carnex	Vrbas
69	BEK	Zrenjanin
85	MIP	Pozarevac
86	Emona	Ljubljana
117	Inex 'Crvena Zvezda'	Kragujevac
139	Podravka	Koprivnica
204	Topola	Bačka Topola

B. Slaughterhouses

5	Gavrilovic	Petrinja
8	5. Maj Bilogora	Bjelovar
41	Prehrana	Bitola
46	BIM Slavija	Beograd
49	Bimeks	Brčko
53	Srbocoop	Belanovica
54	Jugocoop	Bujanovac
62	Ishrana	Kraljevo
65	Stokopromet	Knjazevac
66	Gornji Polog	Gostivar
98	Poljopromet	Nis
99	PKB 'Imes'	Padinska Skela
103	Hmezd	Celje
126	Zivinopromet	Nova Gorica
127	Neoplanta	Novi Sad
135	PIK Zlatibor	Čajetina
194	Kras Sežana	Sečovelje

II. SHEEPMEAT

Slaughterhouses

29	8. Oktovri	Kriva Palanka
41	Prehrana	Bitola
42	Crvena Zvezda	Štip
54	Jugocoop	Bujanovac
65	Stokopromet	Knjazevac
66	Gornji Polog	Gostivar
92	ZIK Kumanovo	Kumanovo
98	Poljopromet	Nis
135	PIK Zlatibor	Čajetina

Approval No	Establishment	Address
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III. PIGMEAT

A. Slaughterhouses and cutting premises

7	Čoka	Čoka
10	PIK Vrbovec	Vrbovec
14	PIK Kikinda	Kikinda
22	ABC Pomurka	Murska Sobota
33	Košaki	Maribor
51	29. Novembar	Subotica
59	Mitros	Sremska Mitrovica
64	Carnex	Vrbas
69	BEK	Zrenjanin
85	MIP	Pozarevac
117	Inex 'Crvena Zvezda'	Kragujevac
139	Podravka	Koprivnica
204	Topola	Bačka Topola

B. Slaughterhouse

5	Gavrilovic	Petrinja
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IV. COLD STORE

30	ZIK Strumica	Strumica
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**COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3205/84
of 6 November 1984**

**opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for
'Šljivovica' plum spirit falling within subheading ex 22.09 C IV a) of the Common Customs
Tariff and originating in Yugoslavia (1985)**

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 21 of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia on trade and trade cooperation ⁽¹⁾ provides that plum spirit, marketed under the name Šljivovica, falling within subheading ex 22.09 C IV a) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Yugoslavia shall be imported into the Community at customs duties of 0,3 ECU per hectolitre per % volume of alcohol plus 3 ECU per hectolitre, within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 5 420 hectolitres; whereas these goods must be accompanied by a certificate of authenticity; whereas the tariff quota in question should be opened for 1985;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the

true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Yugoslavia over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, in this case, however, neither Community nor national statistics are available and no reliable estimates of future imports can be made; whereas in these circumstances the quota volumes should be allocated in initial shares, taking into account demand for these products on the markets of the various Member States;

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 75 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 1.

of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1985 a Community tariff quota of 5 420 hectolitres shall be opened for plum spirit marketed under the name Šljivovica, in containers holding two litres or less, falling within subheading ex 22.09 C IV a) of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Yugoslavia.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to these products shall be suspended at 0,3 ECU per hectolitre per % volume of alcohol plus 3 ECU per hectolitre.

Within the limits of this tariff quota, Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and in Regulation (EEC) No 287/82 (1).

3. Such goods, when imported, shall be accompanied by a certificate of authenticity, issued by the competent Yugoslav authority, conforming with the model annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 4 060 hectolitres of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1.

shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 31 December 1985 shall be as follows:

	<i>(hectolitres)</i>
Benelux	200
Denmark	100
Germany	3 735
Greece	5
France	5
Ireland	5
Italy	5
United Kingdom	5

2. The second instalment amounting to 1 360 hectolitres shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there are grounds for believing that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1985.

(1) OJ No L 30, 6. 2. 1982, p. 1.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1985, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1985, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1985, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1985 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1985, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of the balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 November 1984.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member States has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1985.

For the Council

The President

J. O'KEEFE

BILAG - ANHANG - ΠΑΡΑΡΤΗΜΑ - ANNEX - ANNEXE - ALLEGATO - BIJLAGE

1 Exporter (name, full address, country) Exportateur (nom, adresse complète, pays)	2 No	ORIGINAL	
	3 Quota year Année contingentaire	4 Country of destination Pays de destination	
5 Consignee (name, full address, country) Destinataire (nom, adresse complète, pays)	6 Issuing authority Organisme émetteur		
	7 CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICITY CERTIFICAT D'AUTHENTICITÉ Plum spirit 'Šljivovica' Eau-de-vie de prunes -Šljivovica- (CCT subheading ex 22.09 C IV a) (Sous-position du TDC: ex 22.09 C IV a))		
8 Place and date of shipment — Means of transport. Lieu et date d'embarquement — Moyen de transport			
9 Marks and numbers — Number and kind of packages Marques et numéros — Nombre et nature des colis	10 % vol of alcohol % vol d'alcool	11 Litres Litres	
12 % vol of alcohol and litres (in words) % vol d'alcool et litres (en lettres)			
13 CERTIFICATE BY THE ISSUING AUTHORITY — VISA DE L'ORGANISME ÉMETTEUR I hereby certify that the plum spirit 'Šljivovica' described in this certificate corresponds with the definition given on the reverse. Je certifie que l'eau-de-vie de prunes -Šljivovica- décrite dans ce certificat correspond à la définition figurant au verso.			
Place Lieu	Date Date	(Stamp and signature) (Cachet et signature)	

DEFINITION

Plum spirit with an alcoholic strength of 40 % vol or more, marketed under the name ŠLJIVOVICA, corresponding to the specifications laid down in the Regulation relating to the quality of spirituous beverages, published in the Official Journal of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia on 7 October 1971.

DÉFINITION

Eau-de-vie de prunes ayant un titre alcoométrique égal ou supérieur à 40 % vol, commercialisée sous la dénomination ŠLJIVOVICA correspondant à la spécification reprise dans la réglementation relative à la qualité des boissons alcooliques publiée au Journal officiel de la république socialiste fédérative de Yougoslavie le 7 octobre 1971.

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3206/84
of 6 November 1984

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain tobaccos falling within subheading ex 24.01 B of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Yugoslavia (1985)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 23 of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia on trade and trade cooperation ⁽¹⁾ provides that tobacco of the 'Prilep' type, falling within subheading ex 24.01 B of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in and coming from Yugoslavia and specified in an Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters of 11 July 1980 shall be imported into the Community at a rate of customs duty of 7 % with a minimum amount of 13 ECU per 100 kilograms and a maximum of 45 ECU per 100 kilograms within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 1 500 tonnes; whereas the tobacco must be accompanied by a certificate of origin and authenticity; whereas the tariff quota in question should be opened for 1985.

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure for all Community importers equal and uninterrupted access to the abovementioned quota and uninterrupted application of the rate laid down for that quota to all imports of the products concerned into all Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect as accurately as possible the true trend of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, calculated by reference to the statistics for imports from Yugoslavia over a representative reference period and also to the economic outlook for the quota period in question;

Whereas, in this case, however, neither Community nor national statistics are available and no reliable estimates of future imports can be made; whereas in these circumstances the quota volumes should be allocated in initial shares, taking into account demand for these products on the markets of the various Member States;

Whereas, in order to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being shared among the Member States and the second constituting a reserve to cover at a later date the requirements of the Member States which have used up their initial quota shares; whereas, in order to give importers in each Member State a certain degree of security, the first instalment of the Community quota should under the circumstances be fixed at 80 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the Member States' initial shares may be used up at different times; whereas, in order to take this fact into account and avoid any break in continuity, any Member State which has almost used up its initial quota share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this must be done by each Member State as and when each of its additional shares is almost used up, and repeated as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this method of administration requires close cooperation between the Member States and the Commission, and the latter must be in a position to monitor the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and to inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas if, at a given date in the quota period, a substantial quantity remains unused in any Member State, it is essential that that Member State should return a significant proportion to the reserve to prevent a part of any tariff quota from remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, any operation relating

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 1.

to the administration of the quota shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any of its members.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1985 a Community tariff quota of 1 500 tonnes shall be opened for tobacco of the 'Prilep' type, falling within subheading ex 24.01 B of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in and coming from Yugoslavia.

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota the Common Customs Tariff duty applicable to this product shall be suspended at a rate of 7 % *ad valorem* with a minimum amount of 13 ECU per 100 kilograms and a maximum of 45 ECU per 100 kilograms.

Within the limits of this tariff quota Greece shall apply duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and in Regulation (EEC) No 287/82 (1).

3. Such goods, when imported, shall be accompanied by a certificate of authenticity issued by the competent Yugoslav authority, conforming with the model annexed to this Regulation.

Article 2

1. A first instalment amounting to 1 200 tonnes of the Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1, shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares which, subject to Article 5, shall be valid until 31 December 1985 shall be as follows:

	(tonnes)
Benelux	5
Denmark	5
Germany	520
Greece	5
France	5
Ireland	5
Italy	650
United Kingdom	5

2. The second instalment amounting to 300 tonnes shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share as specified in Article 2 (1), or 90 % of that share minus

the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, then, to the extent permitted by the amount of the reserve, that Member State shall forthwith, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next unit.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, then that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue until the reserve is used up.

4. By way of derogation from paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, a Member State may draw shares smaller than those fixed in those paragraphs if there are grounds for believing that they might not be used up. It shall inform the Commission of its reasons for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1985.

Article 5

The Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1985, such unused portion of their initial share as, on 15 September 1985, is in excess of 20 % of the initial volume. They may return a larger quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity may not be used.

The Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1985, of the total quantities of the products in question imported up to 15 September 1985 and charged against the tariff quota and of any quantity of the initial shares returned to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by the Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and

(1) OJ No L 30, 6. 2. 1982, p. 1.

3 and, as soon as it is notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

It shall inform the Member States, not later than 5 October 1985, of the amount in the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which exhausts the reserve does not exceed the balance available and, to this end, notify the amount of the balance to the Member State making the last drawing.

Article 7

1. The Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their accumulated shares of the tariff quota.

2. The Member States shall ensure that importers of the products in question have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its share shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the Commission's request, the Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 November 1984.

For the Council

The President

J. O'KEEFE

BILAG - ANHANG - ΠΑΡΑΡΤΗΜΑ - ANNEX - ANNEXE - ALLEGATO - BIJLAGE

1 Exporter (name, full address, country) Exportateur (nom, adresse complète, pays)	2 No	ORIGINAL
	3 Quota year Année contingentaire	4 Country of destination Pays de destination
5 Consignee (name, full address, country) Destinataire (nom, adresse complète, pays)	6 Issuing authority Organisme émetteur	
	7 CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICITY CERTIFICAT D'AUTHENTICITÉ Tobacco — Tabac 'Prilep' (CCT subheading ex 24.01 B) (Sous-position du TDC: ex 24.01 B)	
8 Place and date of shipment — Means of transport Lieu et date d'embarquement — Moyen de transport		
9 Marks and numbers — Number and kind of packages Marques et numéros — Nombre et nature des colis	10 Net weight (kg) Poids net (kg)	
11 Net weight (kg) (in words) Poids net (kg) (en lettres)		
12 CERTIFICATE BY THE ISSUING AUTHORITY — VISA DE L'ORGANISME ÉMETTEUR I hereby certify that the tobacco described in this certificate is 'Prilep' tobacco within the meaning of the Agreement. Je certifie que le tabac décrit dans ce certificat est le tabac -Prilep- au sens de l'accord.		
Place Lieu	Date Date	(Stamp and signature) (Cachet et signature)

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3207/84

of 6 November 1984

opening, allocating and providing for the administration of a Community tariff quota for certain wines having a registered designation of origin, falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff and originating in Yugoslavia (1985)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas Article 22 of the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia ⁽¹⁾ stipulates that certain wines having a registered designation of origin falling within subheading ex 22.05 C of the Common Customs Tariff, originating in Yugoslavia and specified in the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters of 18 July 1983, shall be imported into the Community at customs duties equal to 70 % of the duties of the Common Customs Tariff within the limits of an annual Community tariff quota of 12 000 hectolitres; whereas these wines must be put in containers holding two litres or less and must be accompanied by a certificate of designation of origin in accordance with the model appearing in the Annex to this Regulation; whereas a tariff quota of 12 000 hectolitres should therefore be opened for the period up to 31 December 1985.

Whereas the wines in question are subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price; whereas, in order that such wines may benefit from this tariff quota, Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 ⁽²⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1208/84 ⁽³⁾, must be complied with;

Whereas it is in particular necessary to ensure equal and uninterrupted access for all Community importers to the abovementioned quota, and uninterrupted

application of the rates laid down for this quota to all imports of the products concerned into the Member States until the quota has been used up; whereas, having regard to the above principles, the Community nature of the quota can be respected by allocating the Community tariff quota among the Member States; whereas, in order to reflect most accurately the actual development of the market in the products in question, such allocation should be in proportion to the requirements of the Member States, assessed by reference to both the statistics relating to imports of the said products from Yugoslavia over a representative reference period and the economic outlook for the quota period concerned;

Whereas, in respect of the last three years for which statistics are available, the corresponding imports by each of the Member States represent the following percentages of the imports into the Community from Yugoslavia of the products concerned:

Member State	1981	1982	1983
Benelux	7,6	8,8	7,6
Denmark	20,1	39,1	0,5
Germany	50,0	42,4	80,4
Greece	0,0	0,0	0,0
France	3,8	3,5	5,9
Ireland	0,5	0,4	0,3
Italy	1,7	1,5	1,2
United Kingdom	16,3	4,3	4,1

Whereas, in view of these factors, and of market forecasts for the products concerned and in particular of the estimates submitted by certain Member States, initial quota shares may be fixed approximately at the following percentages:

Benelux	15,6
Denmark	26,3
Germany	37,4
Greece	0,4
France	3,5
Ireland	1,4
Italy	1,4
United Kingdom	14,0

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p.2.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 54, 5. 3. 1979, p. 1.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 115, 1. 5. 1984, p. 77.

Whereas, to take into account import trends for the products concerned in the various Member States, the quota amount should be divided into two instalments, the first being allocated among the Member States and the second held as a reserve intended to cover at a later date the requirements of Member States who have used up their initial share; whereas, in order to guarantee some degree of security to importers in each Member State, the first instalment of the Community quota should be fixed at a level which could, in the present circumstances, be 80 % of the quota volume;

Whereas the initial shares of the Member States may be used up at different rates; whereas, in order to take this into account and to avoid a break in continuity, any Member State which has used up almost all of its initial share should draw an additional share from the reserve; whereas this should be done by each Member State each time one of its additional shares is almost used up, and so on as many times as the reserve allows; whereas the initial and additional shares must be valid until the end of the quota period; whereas this form of administration requires close collaboration between the Member States and the Commission, and the Commission must be in a position to follow the extent to which the quota volume has been used up and inform the Member States thereof;

Whereas, if at a given date in the quota period a substantial quantity of its initial share remains unused

in any Member State, it is essential that it should return a significant proportion thereof to the reserve, to prevent part of the Community quota remaining unused in one Member State when it could be used in others;

Whereas, since the Kingdom of Belgium, the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg are united within and jointly represented by the Benelux Economic Union, all transactions concerning the administration of the shares allocated to that economic union may be carried out by any one of its members,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1985 the Common Customs Tariff duties in respect of the following products originating in Yugoslavia shall be suspended at the levels shown below within the limits of a Community tariff quota of 12 000 hectolitres:

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
22.05	Wine of fresh grapes; grape must with fermentation arrested by the addition of alcohol: C. Other: I. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume not exceeding 13 % vol, in containers, holding: ex a) Two litres or less: — wines entitled to one of the following designations of origin: — Ljutomersko — Ormoške gorice, Laški Rizling — Ohrid, Merlot — Heržegovina — Mostar: — Žilavka — Blatina — Fruška Gora, Talijanski Rizling — Oplenac, Lipovac — Istra, Merlot — Tikveš: — Krater — Kratošija — Strednja i južna dalmacija: — Dingač — Kástelet — Crna Gora, Vranac	10,1 ECU/hl

CCT heading No	Description	Rate of duty
22.05 (cont'd)	<p>II. Of an actual alcoholic strength by volume exceeding 13 % vol but not exceeding 15 % vol, in containers, holding:</p> <p>ex a) Two litres or less:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - wines entitled to one of the following designations of origin: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Ljutomersko — Ormoške gorice, Laški Rizling - Ohrid, Merlot - Hercegovina — Mostar: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Žilavka - Blatina - Fruška Gora, Talijanski Rizling - Oplenac, Lipovac - Istra, Merlot - Tikveš: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Krater - Kratošija - Strednja i južna dalmacija: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dingač - Kaštelet - Crna Gora, Vranac 	11,8 ECU/hl

2. Within the limits of this tariff quota, the Hellenic Republic shall apply customs duties calculated in accordance with the relevant provisions in the 1979 Act of Accession and in Regulation (EEC) No 287/82 ⁽¹⁾.

	(hectolitres)
Benelux	1 500
Denmark	2 520
Germany	3 600
Greece	35
France	335
Ireland	135
Italy	135
United Kingdom	1 340

3. The wines in question shall be subject to compliance with the free-at-frontier reference price. In order that such wines may benefit from this tariff quota, Article 18 of Regulation (EEC) No 337/79 must be complied with.

4. Each of these wines, when imported, shall be accompanied by a certificate of designation of origin, issued by the relevant Yugoslavian authority, in accordance with the model annexed to this Regulation.

3. The second instalment, amounting to 2 400 hectolitres, shall constitute the reserve.

Article 3

Article 2

1. The Community tariff quota referred to in Article 1 shall be divided into two instalments.

2. A first instalment, amounting to 9 600 hectolitres shall be allocated among the Member States; the shares, which subject to Article 5 shall be valid until 31 December 1985, shall be as follows:

1. If 90 % or more of a Member State's initial share, as specified in Article 2 (2), or of that share less the portion returned to the reserve where Article 5 has been applied, has been used up, that Member State shall, without delay, by notifying the Commission, draw a second share equal to 15 % of its initial share, rounded up where necessary to the next whole number, in so far as the amount in the reserve allows.

2. If, after its initial share has been used up, 90 % or more of the second share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a third share equal to 7,5 % of its initial share.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 30, 6. 2. 1982, p. 1.

3. If, after its second share has been used up, 90 % or more of the third share drawn by a Member State has been used up, that Member State shall, in accordance with the conditions laid down in paragraph 1, draw a fourth share equal to the third.

This process shall continue to apply until the reserve is used up.

4. Notwithstanding paragraphs 1, 2 and 3, Member States may draw smaller shares than those fixed in these paragraphs if there is reason to believe that those fixed might not be used up. They shall inform the Commission of their grounds for applying this paragraph.

Article 4

The additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 shall be valid until 31 December 1985.

Article 5

Member States shall return to the reserve, not later than 1 October 1985, the unused portion of their initial shares which on 15 September 1985 is in excess of 20 % of the initial amount. They may return a greater quantity if there are grounds for believing that this quantity might not be used in full.

Member States shall notify the Commission, not later than 1 October 1985, of the total imports of the products concerned effected under the Community quotas up to and including 15 September 1985 and, where appropriate, the proportion of their initial share that they are returning to the reserve.

Article 6

The Commission shall keep an account of the shares opened by Member States pursuant to Articles 2 and 3 and, as soon as it has been notified, shall inform each Member State of the extent to which the reserve has been used up.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 November 1984.

It shall notify the Member States, not later than 5 October 1985 of the state of the reserve after quantities have been returned thereto pursuant to Article 5.

It shall ensure that the drawing which uses up the reserve is limited to the balance available and, to this end, shall specify the amount thereof to the Member State making the final drawing.

Article 7

1. Member States shall take all measures necessary to ensure that additional shares drawn pursuant to Article 3 are opened in such a way that imports may be charged without interruption against their aggregate shares in the Community quota.

2. Member States shall ensure that importers of the products have free access to the shares allocated to them.

3. The Member States shall charge the imports of the products concerned against their shares as and when the products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation.

4. The extent to which a Member State has used up its shares shall be determined on the basis of the imports charged in accordance with paragraph 3.

Article 8

At the request of the Commission, Member States shall inform it of imports actually charged against their shares.

Article 9

The Member States and the Commission shall collaborate closely in order to ensure that this Regulation is observed.

Article 10

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1985.

For the Council

The President

J. O'KEEFFE

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 3219/84

of 6 November 1984

establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain goods originating in Yugoslavia (1985)

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas a Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia ⁽¹⁾ was concluded on 24 January 1983;

Whereas Article 1 of Protocol 1 annexed to that Agreement provides, on the one hand, that imports of the goods therein set out are limited to annual ceilings above which the customs duties applicable to third countries may be reintroduced; whereas, following the accession of the Hellenic Republic to the Community, an Additional Protocol amending the said Protocol 1 was signed on 1 April 1982; whereas, pending the entry into force of this Additional Protocol, the Community has put into force the amendments to the trade arrangements provided for in the said Protocol by Regulation (EEC) No 287/82 ⁽²⁾; whereas, on the other hand, a Supplementary Protocol to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia concerning trade in textile products, hereinafter referred to as 'the Supplementary Protocol', has been negotiated; whereas until the Supplementary Protocol comes into force the arrangements provided by it should be applied from 1 January 1983; whereas, therefore, the ceilings to be applied in 1985 must be established; whereas in this situation it is necessary that the Commission be regularly informed of the trend of the imports of the goods in question and, in consequence, it is necessary to subject these imports to supervision;

Whereas this objective may be achieved by means of an administrative procedure based on setting off imports of the products in question against the ceilings at

Community level, as and when these products are entered with customs authorities for free circulation; whereas this administrative procedure must make provision for the reintroduction of customs tariff duties as soon as the ceilings have been reached at Community level;

Whereas this administrative procedure requires close and particularly rapid cooperation between the Member States and the Commission; whereas the latter must, in particular, be able to follow the progress of amounts set off against the ceilings and keep the Member States informed; whereas this cooperation must be all the closer since the Commission must be able to take adequate measures to reintroduce customs tariff duties whenever one of the ceilings has been reached;

Whereas the trend of imports should be followed for certain goods; whereas it is therefore desirable that import of such goods should be subject to supervision,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

1. From 1 January to 31 December 1985, imports of certain goods originating in Yugoslavia and listed in Annexes I, II, III and IV shall be subject to ceilings and to Community supervision.

The description of the goods referred to in the preceding subparagraph, their tariff headings and statistical numbers and the levels of the indicative ceilings or sub-ceilings are given in the abovementioned Annexes.

The sub-ceilings established for certain products in Annex II which have not undergone an outward processing operation in conformity with the Community Regulation on economic outward processing are indicated in column 5 of that Annex.

2. Amounts shall be set off against the ceilings or sub-ceilings as and when the goods are entered with customs authorities for free circulation and accompanied by a movement certificate conforming to the rules contained in Protocol 2 to the Agreement.

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 1.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 30, 6. 2. 1982, p. 1.

With regard to the ceilings established for categories 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 15 B, 16, 18, 24/25 and 73 of Annex II, re-imported products which have undergone an outward processing operation in conformity with the Community Regulation on economic outward processing may be charged against the respective ceilings only if in the movement certificate issued by the competent Yugoslav authorities reference is made to the prior authorization provided for by the Community Regulation on economic outward processing.

Goods shall be set off against the ceiling or sub-ceilings only if the movement certificate has been submitted before the date on which customs duties are reimposed.

The reaching of a ceiling or sub-ceiling shall be determined at Community level on the basis of imports set off against it in the manner defined in the preceding subparagraphs.

The Member States shall periodically inform the Commission of imports effected in accordance with the above rules; such information shall be supplied under the conditions laid down in paragraph 4.

3. As soon as the ceilings or sub-ceilings have been reached, the Commission may adopt a Regulation reimposing until the end of the calendar year the customs duties applicable to third countries.

In the case of such a reimposition, Greece shall reintroduce the levying of the customs duties which it applies to third countries at the date in question.

However, if customs duties are reimposed, imports of the goods listed in Annex V, which within the meaning of Protocol 2 annexed to the Agreement have obtained originating status in the free zone established by the Agreements signed at Osimo, shall continue to benefit from exemption of duties provided that this originating status is certified on the movement certificate by the competent Yugoslav authorities.

4. Member States shall forward to the Commission, not later than the 15th day of each month, statements of the amounts set off during the preceding month. They shall, if the Commission so requests, make up such statements for periods of 10 days and forward them within five clear days of expiry of the preceding 10-day period.

Article 2

From 1 January to 31 December 1985, imports of the goods originating in Yugoslavia referred to in Annex I for which the ceiling level is not specified shall be subject to Community supervision.

Member States shall forward to the Commission, not later than the 15th day of each month, statements of imports of the products in question effected during the preceding month; to this end, only products submitted to the customs authorities under cover of an entry for free circulation and accompanied by a movement certificate conforming to the rules contained in Protocol 2 to the Agreement shall be taken into consideration.

They shall, if the Commission so requests, make up import statements for periods of 10 days and forward them within five clear days of expiry of the preceding 10-day period.

Article 3

The Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Regulation is complied with.

Article 4

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 6 November 1984.

For the Council

The President

J. O'KEEFFE

ANNEX I

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
1 YU 1	31.02	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, nitrogenous: B. Urea containing more than 45 % by weight of nitrogen on the dry anhydrous product	31.02-15	2 546
1 YU 2		C. Other	31.02-20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90	22 341
1 YU 3	31.05	Other fertilizers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg	31.05-all Nos	37 044
	39.03	Regenerated cellulose; cellulose nitrate, cellulose acetate and other cellulose esters, cellulose ethers and other chemical derivatives of cellulose, plasticized or not (for example, collodions, celluloid); vulcanized fibre: B. Other:		
1 YU 4		I. Regenerated cellulose	39.03-07, 08, 12, 14, 15, 17	1 255
1 YU 5		II. Cellulose nitrates	39.03-21, 23, 25, 27, 29	681
	40.11	Rubber tyres, tyre cases, interchangeable tyre treads, inner tubes and tyre flaps, for wheels of all kinds: B. Other:		
		II. Other:		
1 YU 6		— Of the kind used on bicycles or cycles with auxiliary motor, on motor-cycles or motor-scooters; tyre flaps (separately consigned); tyre cases with sewn-in inner tubes, for racing bicycles	40.11-21, 23, 40, 45, 52, 53	2 433
1 YU 7		— Other	40.11-25, 27, 29, 55, 57, 62, 63, 80	3 416
1 YU 8	ex 42.03	Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, of leather or of composition leather, excluding protective gloves for all trades	42.03-10, 25, 27, 28, 51, 59	304
1 YU 9	44.15	Plywood, blockboard, laminboard, battenboard and similar laminated wood products (including veneered panels and sheets); inlaid wood and wood marquetry	44.15-all Nos	109 395 m ³
1 YU 10	44.18	Reconstituted wood, being wood shavings, wood chips, sawdust, wood flour or other ligneous waste agglomerated with natural or artificial resins or other organic binding substances, in sheets, blocks or the like	44.18-all Nos	26 769
1 YU 11	64.01	Footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or artificial material	64.01-all Nos	413

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
	64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather; footwear (other than footwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material:		
I YU 12		A. Footwear with uppers of leather	64.02-21, 29, 32, 34, 35, 38, 40, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 59	488
I YU 13		B. Other	64.02-60, 61, 69, 99	165
I YU 14	70.05	Unworked drawn or blown glass (including flashed glass), in rectangles	70.05-all Nos	4 866
	70.14	Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked or of optical glass:		
I YU 15		A. Articles for electrical lighting fittings: II. Other (for example, diffusers, ceiling lights, bowls, cups, lamp-shades, globes, tulip-shaped pieces)	70.14-19	1 834
I YU 16	73.18	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydro-electric conduits	73.18-all Nos	9 726
I YU 17	74.04	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of copper	74.04-all Nos	733
I YU 18	74.07	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper; hollow bars of copper	74.07-all Nos	2 032
I YU 19	76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; wire	76.02-all Nos	1 220
I YU 20	76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium	76.03-all Nos	2 675
I YU 21	79.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of zinc; zinc foil; zinc powders and flakes	79.03-all Nos	2 315
	85.01	Electrical goods of the following descriptions; generators, motors, converters (rotary or static), transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors:		
I YU 22		B. Other machines and apparatus I. Generators, motors (whether or not equipped with speed-reducing, changing or step-up gear) and rotary converters	85.01-08, 09, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 31, 33, 34, 36, 38, 39, 41, 42, 44, 46, 47, 49, 52, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58	3 688
I YU 23		C. Parts	85.01-89, 90, 93, 95	1 470

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 24	85.23	Insulated (including enamelled or anodized), electric wire, cable, bars, strip and the like (including coaxial cable), whether or not fitted with connectors: B. Other	85.23-all Nos, excluding 85.23-01	1 972
I YU 25	85.25	Insulators of any material	85.25-all Nos	330
I YU 26	87.10	Cycles (including delivery tricycles), not motorized	87.10-all Nos	Ceiling delayed
I YU 27	87.14	Other vehicles (including trailers) not mechanically propelled, and parts thereof: B. Trailers and semi-trailers: II. Other	87.14-33, 37, 39, 43, 49	1 867
I YU 28	94.01	Chairs and other seats (other than those falling within heading No 94.02), whether or not convertible into beds, and parts thereof: B. Other: ex II. Other, excluding seats specially designed for motor vehicles	94.01-25, 31, 39, 41, 45, 49, 61, 70, 81, 93, 99	6 080
I YU 29	94.03	Other furniture and parts thereof: B. Other	94.03-all Nos, excluding 94.03-11, 15, 19	5 350
I YU 30	25.23	Portland cement, ciment fondu, slag cement, super-sulphate cement and similar hydraulic cements, whether or not coloured or in the form of clinker	25.23-all Nos	—
I YU 31	28.56	Carbides, whether or not chemically defined: C. Of calcium	28.56-50	—
I YU 32	44.23	Builders' carpentry and joinery (including prefabricated and sectional buildings and assembled parquet flooring panels)	44.23-all Nos	—
I YU 33	46.03	Basketwork, wickerwork and other articles of plaiting materials, made directly to shape; articles made up from goods falling within heading No 46.02; articles of loofah	46.03-all Nos	—
I YU 34	48.01	Paper and paperboard (including cellulose wadding) in rolls or sheets: C. Kraft paper and kraft board: II. Other	48.01-07, 10, 20, 22, 24, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 39, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 51	—
I YU 35	69.02	Refractory bricks, blocks, tiles and similar refractory constructional goods, other than goods falling within heading No 69.01	69.02-all Nos	—

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 36	69.11	Tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, of porcelain or china (including biscuit porcelain and parian)	69.11-all Nos	—
I YU 37	70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling within heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or for similar uses	70.13-all Nos	—
I YU 38	74.03	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of copper; copper wire	74.03-all Nos	—
	84.41	Sewing machines, furniture specially designed for sewing machines; sewing machine needles: A. Sewing machines, furniture specially designed for sewing machines: I. Sewing machines (lock-stitch only), with heads of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg including the motor; sewing machine heads (lock-stitch only), of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg including the motor: b) Other	84.41.13	—
I YU 39	87.12	Parts and accessories of articles falling within heading No 87.09, 87.10 or 87.11: B. Other	87.12-20, 32, 34, 38, 40, 50, 55, 60, 70, 80, 91, 95, 97, 99	—
I YU 40	28.10	Phosphorus pentoxide and phosphoric acids (meta-, ortho- and pyro-)	28.10-all Nos	—
I YU 41	28.14	Halides, oxyhalides and other halogen compounds of non-metals: B. Other halogen compounds of non-metals	28.14-90	—
I YU 42	28.16	Ammonia, anhydrous or in aqueous solution	28.16-all Nos	—
I YU 43	28.19	Zinc oxide and zinc peroxide	28.19-all Nos	—
I YU 44	28.20	Aluminium oxide and hydroxide; artificial corundum: B. Artificial corundum	28.20-30	—
I YU 45	28.40	Phosphites, hypophosphites and phosphates: B. Phosphates (including polyphosphates): II. Other	28.40-30, 62, 65, 71, 79, 81, 85	—
I YU 46	28.46	Borates and perborates	28.46-all Nos	—
I YU 47	28.47	Salts of metallic acids (for example, chromates, permanganates, stannates)	28.47-all Nos	—

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 49	28.56	Carbides, whether or not chemically defined: A. Of silicon	28.56-10	—
I YU 50	29.16	Carboxylic acids with alcohol, phenol, aldehyde or ketone function and other single or complex oxygen-function carboxylic acids, and their anhydrides, halides, peroxides and peracids, and their halogenated, sulphonated nitrated or nitrosated derivatives: A. Carboxylic acids with alcohol function: IV. Citric acid and its salts and esters: a) Citric acid	29.16-21	—
I YU 51	29.35	Heterocyclic compounds; nucleic acids: ex Q. Other: — Melamine	29.35-92	—
I YU 52	31.03	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, phosphatic	31.03-all Nos	—
I YU 53	39.02	Polymerization and copolymerization products (for example, polyethylene, polyteranoethylenes, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloroacetate and other polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic and polymethacrylic derivatives, coumarone-indene resins): C. Other: I. Polyethylene	39.02-03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 09, 11, 12, 13	—
I YU 54		IV. Polypropylene	39.02-21, 22, 25, 26, 27, 28	—
I YU 55		VII. Polyvinyl chloride	39.02-41, 43, 45, 46, 47, 51, 52, 53, 54, 57, 59, 61, 66	—
I YU 56	41.02	Bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06 or 41.08: B. Bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) not further prepared than chrome-tanned, in the wet blue state C. Other	41.02-12, 14 41.02-17, 19, 21, 28, 31, 32, 35, 37, 98	—
I YU 57	41.05	Other kinds of leather, except leather falling within heading No 41.06 or 41.08: B. Other: II. Other	41.05-91, 93, 99	—
I YU 58	42.02	Travel goods (for example, trunks, suit-cases, hat-boxes, travelling-bags, rucksacks), shopping-bags, handbags, satchels, briefcases, wallets, purses, toilet-cases, tool-cases, tobacco-pouches, sheaths, cases, boxes (for example, for arms, musical instruments, binoculars, jewellery, bottles, collars, footwear, brushes) and similar containers, of leather or of composition leather, of vulcanized fibre, of artificial plastic sheeting, of paperboard or of textile fabric	42.02-all Nos	—

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 59	44.11	Fibre building board of wood or other vegetable material, whether or not bonded with natural or artificial resins or with other organic binders	44.11-all Nos	—
I YU 60	44.17	'Improved' wood, in sheets, blocks or the like	44.17-all Nos	—
	48.01	Paper and paperboard (including cellulose wadding) in rolls or sheets: ex F. Other:		
I YU 61		— Printing paper and writing paper	48.01-76, 78, 79, 80, 81	—
I YU 62	48.15	Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape	48.15-all Nos	—
	68.13	Fabricated asbestos and articles thereof (for example, asbestos board, thread and fabric; asbestos clothing, asbestos jointing), reinforced or not, other than goods falling within heading No 68.14; mixtures with a basis of asbestos and mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate, and articles of such mixtures: B. Articles of asbestos:		
I YU 63		I. Thread	68.13-33, 35	—
I YU 64		II. Fabric	68.13-36	—
I YU 65	69.07	Unglazed sets, flags and paving, hearth and wall tiles	69.07-all Nos	—
	69.12	Tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, of other kinds of pottery:		
I YU 66		C. Earthenware or fine pottery	69.12-31, 39	—
I YU 67	70.12	Glass inners for vacuum flasks or for other vacuum vessels	70.12-all Nos	—
	70.14	Illuminating glassware, signalling glassware and optical elements of glass, not optically worked nor of optical glass:		
I YU 68		B. Other	70.14-91, 95	—
I YU 69	73.20	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, unions and flanges), of iron or steel	73.20-all Nos	—
	73.40	Other articles of iron or steel: ex B. Other:		
I YU 70		— Pallets and similar platforms for handling goods	73.40-47	—
I YU 71	74.05	Copper foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0,15 mm	74.05-all Nos	—

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
I YU 72	74.10	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of copper wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables	74.10-all Nos	—
I YU 73	76.04	Aluminium foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding backing) not exceeding 0,20 mm	76.04-all Nos	—
I YU 74	76.06	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of aluminium; hollow bars of aluminium	76.06-all Nos	—
I YU 75	76.12	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of aluminium wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables	76.12-all Nos	—
I YU 76	78.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of lead	78.03 all Nos	—
I YU 77	79.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of zinc; zinc wire	79.02-all Nos	—
	84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other):		
I YU 78		B. Evaporators and condensers, excluding those for domestic refrigerators	84.15-05	—
I YU 79		C. Other	84.15-06, 11, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 32, 36, 41, 46, 51, 59, 61, 68, 72, 74, 78, 92, 98	—
I YU 80	84.62	Ball, roller or needle roller bearings	84.62-all Nos	—
	85.09	Electrical lighting and signalling equipment and electrical windscreen wipers, defrosters and demisters, for cycles or motor vehicles:		
		ex C. Other:		
I YU 81		— Electrical windscreen wipers, defrosters and demisters	85.09-91	—
	85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras, radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus:		
		A. Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras:		
		III. Receivers, whether or not incorporating sound recorders or reproducers:		
I YU 82		b) Other	85.15-12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28	—

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
1 YU 83	85.15 <i>(cont'd)</i>	C. Parts: II. Other: c) Other	85.15-82, 84, 86, 88, 91, 99	—
1 YU 84	85.19	Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, lightning arresters, surge suppressors, plugs, lampholders and junction boxes); resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors; printed circuits, switchboards (other than telephone switchboards) and control panels:	85.19-01, 02, 04, 05, 06, 08, 12, 18, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 32, 34, 36, 38, 41, 43, 45, 47, 51, 53, 57, 58, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 68, 75	—
1 YU 85		A. Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits or for making connections to or in electrical circuits	85.19-81, 82, 84, 85, 87	—
1 YU 86	85.21	B. Resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors	85.21-all Nos	—
		Thermionic, cold cathode and photo-cathode valves and tubes (including vapour or gas filled valves and tubes, cathode-ray tubes, television camera tubes and mercury arc rectifying valves and tubes); photocells; mounted piezo-electric crystals; diodes, transistors and similar semi-conductor devices; light-emitting diodes; electronic microcircuits		

ANNEX II

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling
1	2	3	4	5
1	55.05	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale	55.05-all Nos	3 947 tonnes
2	55.09	Other woven fabric of cotton	55.09-all Nos	4 795 tonnes
2 A		Of which other than unbleached or bleached, maximum	55.09-06, 07, 08, 09, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 70, 71, 73, 83, 84, 85, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 98, 99	1 015 tonnes
3	56.07	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale: A. Of synthetic textile fibres	56.07-01, 04, 05, 07, 08, 10, 12, 15, 19, 20, 22, 25, 29, 30, 31, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 43, 45, 46, 47, 49	Ceiling delayed
4	60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: B. Other: I. T-shirts II. Lightweight fine knit roll, polo or turtle necked jumpers and pullovers: a) Of cotton b) Of synthetic textile fibres c) Of regenerated textile fibres IV. Other: b) Of synthetic textile fibres: 1. Men's and boys': aa) Shirts dd) Other 2. Women's, girls' and infants': ee) Other	60.04-19, 20, 22 60.04-23 60.04-24 60.04-26 60.04-41 60.04-50 60.04-58	Level of ceiling: a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article 1 (2) a) 4 266 000 pieces b) 2 360 000 pieces

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling: a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article 1 (2)
1	2	3	4	5
	61.01 <i>(cont'd)</i>	B. V. e) Trousers: 1. Of wool or of fine animal hair 2. Of man-made fibres 3. Of cotton	61.01-72 61.01-74 61.01-76	a) 2 925 000 pieces b) 350 000 pieces
7	61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: II. Other: c) Other: 6. Trousers and slacks: aa) Of wool or of fine animal hair bb) Of man-made textile fibres cc) Of cotton	61.02-66 61.02-68 61.02-72	
	60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: b) Other: 4. Other outer garments: aa) Blouses and shirt-blouses for women, girls and infants: 22. Of wool or of fine animal hair 33. Of synthetic textile fibres 44. Of regenerated textile fibres 55. Of cotton	60.05-22 60.05-23 60.05-24 60.05-25	a) 1 838 000 pieces b) 184 000 pieces
	61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: II. Other: c) Other: 7. Blouses and shirt-blouses: bb) Of man-made textile fibres cc) Of cotton dd) Of other textile materials	61.02-78 61.02-82 61.02-84	
8	61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs: A. Shirts	61.03-11, 15, 19	a) 6 637 000 pieces b) 1 227 000 pieces

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling
1	2	3	4	5
9	55.08	Terry towelling and similar terry fabrics, of cotton	55.08-all Nos	} 340 tonnes
	62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles: B. Other: III. Toilet linen and kitchen linen: a) Of cotton: 1. Of terry towelling and similar terry fabrics	62.02-71	
				Level of ceiling: a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article 1 (2)
12	60.03	Stockings, under stockings, socks, ankle-socks, sock-ettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized:		} a) 5 257 000 pairs b) 2 119 000 pairs
		A. Of wool or of fine animal hair	60.03-11, 19	
		B. Of synthetic textile fibres: I. Knee-length stockings	60.03-20	
		II. Other b) Other	60.03-27	
		C. Of cotton	60.03-30	
		D. Of other textile materials	60.03-90	
15 B	61.02	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments:		} a) 1 370 000 pieces b) 202 000 pieces
		B. Other: II. Other: e) Other:		
		1. Jackets (excluding waister jackets) and blazers:		
		aa) Of wool or of fine animal hair	61.02-31	
		bb) Of man-made textile fibres	61.02-32	
		cc) Of cotton	61.02-33	
		2. Coats and raincoats; cloaks and capes:		
aa) Of wool or of fine animal hair	61.02-35			
bb) Of man-made textile fibres	61.02-36, 37			
		cc) Of cotton	61.02-39, 40	

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling: a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article 1 (2)
1	2	3	4	5
16	61.01	Men's and boys' outer garments: B. Other: V. Other: c) Suits and coordinate suits (excluding ski suits) 1. Of wool or of fine animal hair 2. Of man-made textile fibres 3. Of cotton	61.01-51 61.01-54 61.01-57	a) 855 000 pieces b) 220 000 pieces
18	61.03	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs: B. Pyjamas C. Other	61.03-51, 55, 59 61.03-81, 85, 89	a) } Ceiling b) } delayed
22	56.05	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale: A. Of synthetic textile fibres	56.05-03, 05, 07, 09, 11, 13, 15, 19, 21, 23, 25, 28, 32, 34, 36, 38, 39, 42, 44, 45, 46, 47	Level of ceiling Ceiling delayed
23	56.05	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale: B. Of regenerated textile fibres	56.05-51, 55, 61, 65, 71, 75, 81, 85, 91, 95, 99	189 tonnes

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling
1	2	3	4	5
37	56.07	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste): B. Of regenerated textile fibres	56.07-50, 51, 55, 56, 59, 60, 61, 65, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 77, 78, 82, 83, 84, 87	792 tonnes
48	53.07	Yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn), not put up for retail sale	53.07-all Nos	} Ceiling delayed
	53.08	Yarn of fine animal hair (carded or combed), not put up for retail sale: B. Combed	53.08-21, 25	
52	55.06	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale	55.06-all Nos	Ceiling delayed
56	56.06	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale: A. Of synthetic textile fibres	56.06-11, 15	63 tonnes
57	56.06	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale: B. Of regenerated textile fibres	56.06-20	2 tonnes
67	60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: b) Other: 5. Clothing accessories B. Other	60.05-93, 94, 95 60.05-96, 97, 98, 99	} 256 tonnes
	60.06	Knitted or crocheted fabric and articles thereof, elastic or rubberized (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings): B. Other: II. Stockings III. Other	60.06-92 60.06-96, 98	

Category No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling: a) global b) for products not covered by the second subparagraph of Article 1 (2)
1	2	3	4	5
73	60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: b) Other: 3. Track suits	60.05-16, 17, 19	a) 427 000 pieces b) 358 000 pieces
Diverse	59.04	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not	59.04-all Nos	Level of ceiling (tonnes) Ceiling delayed

ANNEX III

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
III YU 1	27.10	Petroleum oils and oils obtained from bituminous minerals, other than crude; preparations not elsewhere specified or included, containing not less than 70 % by weight of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations: A. Light oils: III. For other purposes B. Medium oils: III. For other purposes C. Heavy oils: I. Gas oils: c) For other purposes II. Fuel oils: c) For other purposes III. Lubricating oils, other oils: c) To be mixed in accordance with the terms of Additional Note 7 to this Chapter (a) d) For other purposes	27.10-15, 17, 21, 25, 29 27.10-34, 38, 39 27.10-59 27.10-69 27.10-75 27.10-79	521 220
	27.11	Petroleum gases and other gaseous hydrocarbons: A. Propane of a purity not less than 99 %: I. For use as a power or heating fuel B. Other: I. Commercial propane and commercial butane: c) For other purposes	27.11-03 27.11-19	
	27.12	Petroleum jelly: A. Crude III. For other purposes B. Other	27.12-19 27.12-90	
	27.13	Paraffin wax, micro-crystalline wax, slack wax, ozokerite, lignite wax, peat wax and other mineral waxes, whether or not coloured: B. Other: I. Crude: c) For other purposes II. Other	27.13-89 27.13-90	
	27.14	Petroleum bitumen, petroleum, coke and other residues of petroleum oils or of oils obtained from bituminous minerals: C. Other: II. Other	27.14-99	

(a) Entry under this subheading is subject to conditions to be determined by the competent authorities.

ANNEX IV

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
IV YU 1	28.05	Alkali and alkaline-earth metals; rare earth metals, yttrium and scandium and intermixtures or interalloys thereof; mercury: D. Mercury: I. In flasks of a net capacity of 34,5 kg (standard weight), of a fob value, per flask, not exceeding 224 ECU	28.05-71	Ceiling delayed
	73.02	Ferro-alloys: A. Ferro-manganese: II. Other	73.02-19	Ceiling delayed
IV YU 3		C. Ferro-silicon	73.02-30	5 255
IV YU 4		D. Ferro-silico-manganese	73.02-40	809
IV YU 5		E. Ferro-chromium and ferro-silico-chromium: I. Ferro-chromium	73.02-52, 53, 54	1 242
IV YU 6		— Of which ferro-chromium containing by weight not more than 0,10 % of carbon and more than 30 % but not more than 90 % of chromium (super-refined ferro-chromium), maximum	ex 73.02-52, 53, 54	620
IV YU 7	76.01	Unwrought aluminium; aluminium waste and scrap: A. Unwrought	76.01-11, 21, 29	2 160
	78.01	Unwrought lead (including argentiferous lead); lead waste and scrap: A. Unwrought: II. Other	78.01-12, 13, 15, 19	1 287
IV YU 9	79.01	Unwrought zinc; zinc waste and scrap: A. Unwrought	79.01-11, 15	1 639

ANNEX V

CCT heading No	Description
28.40	<p>Phosphites, hypophosphites and phosphates: B. Phosphates (including polyphosphates): II. Other</p>
44.15	<p>Plywood, blockboard, laminboard, battenboard and similar laminated wood products (including veneered panels and sheets); inlaid wood and wood marquetry</p>
44.17	<p>'Improved' wood, sheets, blocks or the like</p>
44.18	<p>Reconstituted wood, being wood shavings, wood chips, sawdust, wood flour or other ligneous waste agglomerated with natural or artificial resins or other organic binding substances, in sheets, blocks or the like</p>
44.23	<p>Builders' carpentry and joinery (including prefabricated and sectional buildings and assembled parquet flooring panels)</p>
70.12	<p>Glass inners for vacuum flasks or for other vacuum vessels</p>
70.13	<p>Glassware (other than articles falling in heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes for indoor decoration, or for similar uses</p>
84.41	<p>Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines, sewing machine needles: A. Sewing machines; furniture specially designed for sewing machines: I. Sewing machines (lock-stitch only), with heads of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg including the motor; sewing machine heads (lock-stitch only) of a weight not exceeding 16 kg without motor or 17 kg including the motor: b) Other</p>
85.01	<p>Electrical goods of the following descriptions: generators, motors, converters (rotary or static), transformers, rectifiers and rectifying apparatus, inductors: B. Other machines and apparatus: I. Generators, motors (whether or not equipped with speed reducing, changing or step-up gear) and rotary converters C. Parts</p>
85.15	<p>Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus</p>
85.19	<p>Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits, or for making connections to or in electrical circuits (for example, switches, relays, fuses, lightning arresters, surge suppressors, plugs, lampholders and junction boxes); resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors; printed circuits; switchboards (other than telephone switchboards) and control panels: A. Electrical apparatus for making and breaking electrical circuits, for the protection of electrical circuits or for making connections to or in electrical circuits B. Resistors, fixed or variable (including potentiometers), other than heating resistors</p>

CCT heading No	Description
85.21	Thermionic, cold cathode and photo-cathode valves and tubes (including vapour or gas-filled valves and tubes, cathode-ray tubes, television camera tubes and mercury arc rectifying valves and tubes), photocells; mounted piezo-electric crystals; diodes, transistors and similar semi-conductor devices; light emitting diodes; electronic microcircuits
85.25	Insulators of any material

COUNCIL

DECISION OF THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY MEETING WITHIN THE COUNCIL

of 6 November 1984

establishing ceilings and Community supervision for imports of certain goods originating in Yugoslavia (1985)

(84/556/ECSC)

THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE MEMBER STATES OF THE EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY, MEETING WITHIN THE COUNCIL,

In agreement with the Commission,

HAVE DECIDED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1

1. Imports of certain products originating in Yugoslavia and indicated in Article 3 of the Agreement between the Member States of the European Coal and Steel Community and the European Coal and Steel Community, of the one part, and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, of the other part⁽¹⁾, shall be subject to annual ceilings and to Community supervision from 1 January to 31 December 1985.

The description of the goods referred to in the preceding subparagraph, their tariff headings and statistical numbers and the levels of the indicative ceilings are given in the Annex hereto.

2. Amounts shall be set off against the ceilings as and when the goods are entered with customs authorities for free circulation and accompanied by a movement certificate conforming to the rules contained in Protocol 3 to the Cooperation Agreement between the Euro-

pean Economic Community and the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia⁽²⁾.

Goods shall be set off against the ceilings only if the movement certificate has been submitted before the date on which customs duties are reimposed.

The reaching of a ceiling shall be determined at Community level on the basis of imports set off against it in the manner defined in the preceding subparagraphs.

The Member States shall periodically inform the Commission of imports effected in accordance with the above rules; such information shall be supplied under the conditions laid down in paragraph 4.

3. As soon as the ceilings are reached at Community level, Member States may at any time, at the request of any one of them or of the Commission, and in respect of the whole of the Community, reintroduce the levying of the customs duties applicable to third countries.

In the case of such a reimposition, Greece shall reintroduce the levying of the customs duties which it applies to third countries at the date in question.

Within the framework of the foregoing provisions, the Commission shall coordinate the procedures for

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 113.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

reintroducing the customs duties applicable to third countries, in particular by notifying the date common to the whole of the Community and directly applicable in each Member State. This notification shall be published in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

4. Member States shall forward to the Commission, not later than the 15th day of each month, statements of the amounts set off during the preceding month. They shall, if the Commission so requests, make up such statements for periods of 10 days and forward them within five clear days of expiry of the preceding 10-day period.

Article 2

Member States and the Commission shall cooperate closely to ensure that this Decision is complied with.

Article 3

Member States shall take all measures necessary to implement this Decision.

Done at Brussels, 6 November 1984.

The President

J. O'KEEFE

ANNEX

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
1	73.01	<p>Fig iron, cast iron and spiegeleisen, in pigs, blocks, lumps and similar forms:</p> <p>A. Spiegeleisen</p> <p>B. Haematite pig iron and cast iron</p> <p>C. Phosphoric pig iron and cast iron</p> <p>D. Other pig iron and cast iron:</p> <p>II. Other</p>	<p>73.01-10</p> <p>73.01-21, 23, 25, 27</p> <p>73.01-31, 35</p> <p>73.01-49</p>	20 976
2	73.08	Iron or steel coils for re-rolling	73.08-all Nos	30 452
3	73.10	<p>Bars and rods (including wire rod), of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished (including precision-made); hollow mining drill steel:</p> <p>A. Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p>D. Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated):</p> <p>I. Not further worked than clad:</p> <p>a) Hot-rolled or extruded</p>	<p>73.10-11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18</p> <p>73.10-42</p>	20 065
4	73.11	<p>Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements:</p> <p>A. Angles, shapes and sections:</p> <p>I. Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p>IV. Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated):</p> <p>a) Not further worked than clad:</p> <p>1. Hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p>B. Sheet piling</p>	<p>73.11-11, 12, 14, 16, 19</p> <p>73.11-41</p> <p>73.11-50</p>	2 864
5	73.12	<p>Hoop and strip, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled:</p> <p>A. Not further worked than hot-rolled</p> <p>B. Not further worked than cold-rolled:</p> <p>I. In coils for the manufacture of tinplate</p> <p>C. Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated:</p> <p>III. Tinned:</p> <p>a) Tinplate</p> <p>V. Other (for example, copper-plated, artificially oxidized, lacquered, nickel-plated, varnished, clad, parkerized, printed):</p> <p>a) Not further worked than clad:</p> <p>1. Hot-rolled</p>	<p>73.12-11, 19</p> <p>73.12-21</p> <p>73.12-51</p> <p>73.12-71</p>	5 919

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
6	73.13	<p>Sheets and plates, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled:</p> <p>A. 'Electrical' sheets and plates</p> <p>B. Other sheets and plates:</p> <p> I. Not further worked than hot-rolled</p> <p> II. Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of:</p> <p> b) More than 1 mm but less than 3 mm</p> <p> c) 1 mm or less</p> <p> III. Not further worked than burnished, polished or glazed</p> <p> IV. Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated:</p> <p> b) Tinned</p> <p> c) Zinc-coated or lead-coated</p> <p> d) Other (for example, copper-plated, artificially oxidized, lacquered, nickel-plated, varnished, clad, parkerized, printed)</p> <p> V. Otherwise shaped or worked:</p> <p> a) Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked:</p> <p> 2. Other</p>	<p>73.13-11, 16</p> <p>73.13-17, 19, 21, 23, 26, 32, 34, 36</p> <p>73.13-43, 45</p> <p>73.13-47, 49</p> <p>73.13-50</p> <p>73.13-64, 65</p> <p>73.13-67, 68, 72, 74</p> <p>73.13-76, 78, 79, 82, 84, 86, 87, 88, 89</p> <p>73.13-92</p>	<p>36 700</p>
7	73.15	<p>Alloy steel and high carbon steel in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.06 to 73.14:</p> <p>A. High carbon steel:</p> <p> I. Ingots, blooms, billets, slabs and sheets bars:</p> <p> b) Other</p> <p> III. Coils for re-rolling</p> <p> IV. Universal plates</p> <p> V. Bars and rods (including wire rod) and hollow mining drill steel; angles, shapes and sections:</p> <p> b) Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p> d) Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated):</p> <p> 1. Not further worked than clad:</p> <p> aa) Hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p> VI. Hoop and strip:</p> <p> a) Not further worked than hot-rolled</p> <p> c) Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated:</p> <p> 1. Not further worked than clad:</p> <p> aa) Hot-rolled</p> <p> VII. Sheets and plates:</p> <p> a) Not further worked than hot-rolled</p> <p> b) Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of:</p> <p> 2. Less than 3 mm</p> <p> c) Polished, clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated</p> <p> d) Otherwise shaped or worked:</p> <p> 1. Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked</p>	<p>73.61-20, 50</p> <p>73.62-10</p> <p>73.62-30</p> <p>73.63-21, 29</p> <p>73.63-72</p> <p>73.64-20</p> <p>73.64-72</p> <p>73.65-21, 23, 25</p> <p>73.65-55</p> <p>73.65-70</p> <p>73.65-81</p>	<p>19 993</p>

Order No	CCT heading No	Description	NIMEXE code	Level of ceiling (tonnes)
1	2	3	4	5
7 (cont'd)	73.15 (cont'd)	<p>B. Alloy steel:</p> <p>I. Ingots, blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars:</p> <p>b) Other:</p> <p>1. Ingots:</p> <p> bb) Other</p> <p>2. Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars</p> <p>III. Coils for re-rolling</p> <p>IV. Universal plates</p> <p>V. Bars and rods (including wire rod) and hollow mining drill steel; angles, shapes and sections:</p> <p>b) Not further worked than hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p>d) Clad or surface-worked (for example, polished, coated):</p> <p>1. Not further worked than clad:</p> <p> aa) Hot-rolled or extruded</p> <p>VI. Hoop and strip:</p> <p>a) Not further worked than hot-rolled</p> <p>c) Clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated:</p> <p>1. Not further worked than clad:</p> <p> aa) Hot-rolled</p> <p>VII. Sheets and plates:</p> <p>a) 'Electrical' sheets and plates</p> <p>b) Other sheets and plates:</p> <p>1. Not further worked than hot-rolled</p> <p>2. Not further worked than cold-rolled, of a thickness of:</p> <p> bb) Less than 3 mm</p> <p>3. Polished, clad, coated or otherwise surface-treated</p> <p>4. Otherwise shaped or worked:</p> <p> aa) Cut into shapes other than rectangular shapes, but not further worked</p>	<p>73.71-23, 24, 29</p> <p>73.71-53, 54, 55, 56, 59</p> <p>73.72-11, 13, 19</p> <p>73.72-33, 39</p> <p>73.73-23, 24, 25, 26, 29, 33, 34, 35, 36, 39</p> <p>73.73-72</p> <p>73.74-21, 23, 29</p> <p>73.74-72</p> <p>73.75-11, 19</p> <p>73.75-23, 24, 29, 33, 34, 39, 43, 44, 49</p> <p>73.75-63, 64, 69</p> <p>73.75-73, 79</p> <p>73.75-83, 84, 89</p>	

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3320/84

of 23 November 1984

concerning Annex VII to Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82 on common rules for imports of certain textile products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82 of 23 December 1982 on common rules for imports of certain textile products originating in Yugoslavia⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1475/84⁽²⁾, and in particular paragraphs 2 and 4 of Annex VIII thereto,

Whereas paragraph 4 of the said Annex provides that carry-over of part of any specific quantitative limit from one year to another may be decided in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 14;

Whereas the need has arisen for re-imports into Italy of products of category 8 after processing in Yugo-

slavia, as referred to in Article 5 (3) of the said Regulation;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Textile Committee 'Yugoslavia',

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

An amount of 100 000 pieces of textile products of category 8 (originating in Yugoslavia) subject to specific quantitative limits for re-imports after outward processing established for 1983 in Annex VII to Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82, is carried over to the corresponding quantitative limits for 1984 and allocated to Italy.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day following its publication in the *Official Journal of the European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 23 November 1984.

For the Commission
Wilhelm HAFERKAMP
Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 374, 31. 12. 1982, p. 47.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 143, 30. 5. 1984, p. 6.

**COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3463/84
of 10 December 1984**

**re-establishing the levying of customs duties applicable to third countries on
certain products originating in Yugoslavia**

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN
COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European
Economic Community,

Having regard to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Socialist
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (1), and in particular
Protocol 1 thereto,

Having regard to Article 1 of Council Regulation
(EEC) No 3221/83 of 4 November 1983 establishing
ceilings and Community supervision for imports of
certain products originating in Yugoslavia (2);

Whereas Article 1 of the abovementioned Protocol
provides that the products listed below, imported
under reduced duty rates according to Article 15 of the
Cooperation Agreement are subject to the annual
ceiling indicated below, above which the customs
duties applicable to third countries may be
re-established:

(tonnes)

CCT heading No	Description	Ceiling
39.03	Regenerated cellulose; cellulose nitrate, cellulose acetate and other cellulose esters, cellulose ethers and other chemical derivatives of cellulose, plasticized or not (for example, collodions, celluloid); vulcanized fibre: B. Other: II. Cellulose nitrates	649

Whereas imports into the Community of those
products originating in Yugoslavia have reached that
ceiling; whereas the situation on the Community
market requires that customs duties applicable to third
countries on the products in question be
re-established,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

From 14 to 31 December 1984, the levying of customs
duties applicable to third countries shall be
re-established on imports into the Community of the
following products:

CCT heading No	Description	Origin
39.03	Regenerated cellulose; cellulose nitrate, cellulose acetate and other cellulose esters, cellulose ethers and other chemical derivatives of cellulose, plasticized or not (for example, collodions, celluloid); vulcanized fibre: B. Other: II Cellulose nitrates	Yugoslavia

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day
following its publication in the *Official Journal of the
European Communities*.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member
States.

Done at Brussels, 10 December 1984.

For the Commission

Karl-Heinz NARJES

Member of the Commission

(1) OJ No L 41, 14. 2. 1983, p. 2.

(2) OJ No L 324, 21. 11. 1983, p. 1.

COMMISSION REGULATION (EEC) No 3561/84

of 13 December 1984

concerning Annexes II and VII to Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82 on common rules for imports of certain textile products originating in Yugoslavia

THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,

Having regard to Council Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82 of 23 December 1982 on common rules for imports of certain textile products originating in Yugoslavia ⁽¹⁾, as last amended by Regulation (EEC) No 1475/84 ⁽²⁾, and in particular paragraph 2 of Annex VII to Article 16 thereof,

Whereas, in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82, as amended by Regulation (EEC) No 194/84 ⁽³⁾, it is stated that the allocations as between Member States of quantitative limits for 1985 have been published for the purposes of information and that the final version shall be the subject of a Community Regulation at the beginning of 1985;

Whereas it is appropriate to provide for 1985 the same allocations as those provided for in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82, and to include the quantitative limits established pursuant to Article 10 of that Regulation;

Whereas Annex VII to Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82 provides that the allocations between Member States of Community quantitative limits specific to outward processing trade (OPT) imports for 1984 to 1986 are carried out in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 14;

Whereas it is appropriate to establish the 1985 allocation between Member States of these quantitative limits for economic outward processing trade;

Whereas the measures provided for in this Regulation are in accordance with the opinion of the Textile Committee 'Yugoslavia',

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The allocation for 1985 of the Community quantitative limits referred to in Annex II to Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82 shall be as set out in Annex A hereto.

Article 2

The 1985 allocation between Member States of the Community OPT quantitative limits referred to in Appendix A to Annex VII to Regulation (EEC) No 3588/82 is set out in Annex B hereto.

Article 3

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1985.

It shall apply until 31 December 1985.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels, 13 December 1984.

For the Commission
Wilhelm HAFERKAMP
Vice-President

⁽¹⁾ OJ No L 374, 31. 12. 1982, p. 47.

⁽²⁾ OJ No L 143, 30. 5. 1984, p. 6.

⁽³⁾ OJ No L 26, 30. 1. 1984, p. 1.

ANNEX A

QUANTITATIVE LIMITS FOR 1985

GROUP I A

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1985)	Description	Third countries	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December 1985
1	55.05	55.05-13, 19, 21, 25, 27, 29, 33, 35, 37, 41, 45, 46, 48, 51, 53, 55, 57, 61, 65, 67, 69, 72, 78, 81, 83, 85, 87	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	Tonnes	2 794 219 4 348 124 155 49 32 172 7 893
2	55.09	55.09-03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 21, 29, 32, 34, 35, 37, 38, 39, 41, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 73, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 98, 99	Other woven fabrics of cotton: Woven fabrics of cotton, other than gauze, terry fabrics, narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics, chenille fabrics, tulle and other net fabrics	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	Tonnes	1 961 877 4 793 523 1 088 12 134 202 9 590
2 a)		55.09-06, 07, 08, 09, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 59, 61, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 70, 71, 73, 83, 84, 85, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 98, 99	a) Of which other than unbleached or bleached	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	Tonnes	592 188 748 133 141 5 73 151 2 031
3	56.07 A	56.07-01, 04, 05, 07, 08, 10, 12, 15, 19, 20, 22, 25, 29, 30, 31, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 43, 45, 46, 47, 49	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste): A. Of synthetic textile fibres: Woven fabrics of synthetic fibres (discontinuous or waste) other than narrow woven fabrics, pile fabrics (including terry fabrics) and chenille fabrics	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	Tonnes	89 74 432 34 66 5 173 6 879

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1985)	Description	Third countries	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December 1985
7	60.05 A II b) 4 aa) 22 33 44 55 61.02 B II e) 7 bb) cc) dd)	60.05-22, 23, 24, 25 61.02-78, 82, 84	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Blouses and shirt-blouses, knitted, crocheted (not elastic or rubberized), or woven, for women, girls and infants, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	1 000 pieces	197 34 31 55 33 1 8 9 368
8	61.03 A	61.03-11, 15, 19	Men's and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs: Men's and boys' shirts, woven, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	1 000 pieces	998 277 205 337 551 11 32 43 2 454

GROUP II A

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1985)	Description	Third countries	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December 1985
9	55.08 62.02 B III a) 1	 55.08-10, 30, 50, 80 62.02-71	Terry towelling and similar terry fabrics of cotton: Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles: B. Other: Woven cotton terry fabrics; toilet and kitchen linen of woven cotton terry fabrics	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	Tonnes	286 189 41 29 99 1 30 5 680

GROUP II B

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1985)	Description	Third countries	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December 1985
12	60.03 A B I II b) C D	60.03-11, 19, 20, 27, 30, 90	Stockings, under stockings, socks, ankle-socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted not elastic or rubberized: Other than women's stockings of synthetic textile fibres	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	1 000 pairs	1 100 2 020 262 383 272 11 164 26 4 238
15 B	61.02 B II e) 1 aa) bb) cc) 2 aa) bb) cc)	61.02-31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 39, 40	Women's, girls' and infants' outer garments: B. Other: Women's, girls' and infants' woven overcoats, raincoats and other coats, cloaks and capes; jackets and blazers, other than garments of category 15 A, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	1 000 pieces	182 94 20 31 36 1 34 6 404
16	61.01 B V c) 1 2 3	61.01-51, 54, 57	Men's and boys' outer garments: Men's and boys' woven suits (including coordinate suits consisting of two or three pieces, which are ordered, packed, consigned and normally sold together) of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres, excluding ski suits	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	1 000 pieces	121 57 19 33 167 1 37 4 439
17	61.01 B V a) 1 2 3	61.01-34, 36, 37	Men's and boys' outer garments: Men's and boys' woven jackets (excluding waister jackets) and blazers of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	Yugoslavia	UK	1 000 pieces	163

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1985)	Description	Third countries	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December 1985
24	60.04 B IV b) 1 bb) 2 aa) bb) d) 1 bb) 2 aa) bb)	60.04-47, 73 60.04-51, 53, 81, 83	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: Men's and boys' pyjamas, knitted or crocheted, of cotton or of synthetic textile fibres Women's, girls' and infants' (other than babies') knitted or crocheted pyjamas and night dresses, of cotton or synthetic fibres	Yugoslavia	F	1 000 pieces	198
73	60.05 A II b) 3	60.05-16, 17, 19	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: A. Outer garments and clothing accessories: II. Other: Track suits of knitted or crocheted fabric, not elastic or rubberized, of wool, of cotton or of man-made textile fibres	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	1 000 pieces	294 104 52 96 142 3 12 13 716

GROUP III A

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1985)	Description	Third countries	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December 1985
52	55.06	55.06-10, 90	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale	Yugoslavia	1	Tonnes	64

GROUP III B

Category	CCT heading No	NIMEXE code (1985)	Description	Third countries	Member States	Units	Quantitative limits from 1 January to 31 December 1985
67	60.05 A II b)5 B		Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized: Knitted or crocheted fabric and articles thereof, elastic or rubberized (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings): B. Other: Clothing accessories and other articles (except garments), knitted or crocheted, not elastic or rubberized, articles (other than bathing costumes) of knitted or crocheted fabric, elastic or rubberized, of wool, of cotton, or of man-made textile fibres	Yugoslavia	D F I BNL UK IRL DK GR EEC	Tonnes	281 ⁽¹⁾
	53						
	60.06 B II III						44
							31
							68
							3
							25
							6
							511
		60.05-93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99					
		60.06-92, 96, 98					
67 a)		60.05-97	a) Of which sacks and bags of a kind used for the packing of goods, made from polyethylene or polypropylene strip	Yugoslavia	F I BNL UK	Tonnes	23
							20
							14
							39

⁽¹⁾ The quantitative limit indicated for Germany does not cover elastic stockings (for varicose veins) — NIMEXE code 60.06-92.

ANNEX B

Breakdown of outward processing trade objectives between Member States from 1 January to 31 December 1985

Units	Category	EEC	Federal Republic of Germany	France	Italy	Benelux	United Kingdom	Ireland	Denmark	Greece
1 000 pieces	5	2 103	1 803	—	78	222	—	—	—	—
1 000 pieces	6	6 071	5 323	100	—	648	—	—	—	—
1 000 pieces	7	4 316	3 878	—	—	438	—	—	—	—
1 000 pieces	8	10 840	7 357	45	100	3 338	—	—	—	—
1 000 pieces	12	6 277	6 218	—	59	—	—	—	—	—
1 000 pieces	16 ⁽¹⁾	1 270	962	—	59	213	—	—	36	—
1 000 pieces	73	137	114	—	23	—	—	—	—	—
1 000 pieces	15 B ⁽¹⁾	2 495	2 301	—	—	194	—	—	—	—

⁽¹⁾ A transfer of 100 % can be made between categories 15 B and 16.

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