### COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES



Brussels, 30.7.2007 SEC(2007) 1050

#### COMMISSION STAFF WORKING DOCUMENT

Accompanying document to the

#### REPORT FROM THE COMMISSION

to the budgetary authority on guarantees covered by the general budget situation at 31 December 2006

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#### 1. EXPLANATORY NOTES ON THE SITUATION OF RISKS COVERED BY THE BUDGET

#### **1.1.** Tables A1 and A2

The purpose of Tables A1 and A2 is to show the outstanding amount of guarantees and annual repayments of capital and interest in respect of borrowing and lending operations for which the risk is covered by the Budget. The figures show the maximum possible risk for the Community in respect of these operations and must not be read as meaning that these amounts will actually be drawn from the budget.

In these tables, figures related to "New Member States" refer to the Member States which acceded to the European Union on 1 May 2004 and on 1 January 2007.

#### 1.1.1. Authorised ceiling (Table A1)

This is the aggregate of the maximum amounts of capital authorised (ceilings) for each operation decided by the Council.

In order to relate it to the risk which the budget might have to cover, account should be taken of the following factors which could affect it:

Factor increasing the risk:

• the interest on the loans must be added to the authorised ceiling.

Factors reducing the risk:

• limitation of the guarantee given to the EIB<sup>1</sup>:

75% of the total amounts of loans signed in the Mediterranean countries based on the Mediterranean protocols of 1977 and the Council Regulations 1762/92/EEC and 1763/92/EEC.

70% of the total amounts of loans signed as part of lending operations with certain non-Member States authorised by the Council Decisions 96/723/EC, 97/256/EC, 98/348/EC and 98/729/EC and a sharing of risk between the Community and the EIB as the budget guarantee covers only political risks in some cases;

65% of the total amounts of loans signed as part of lending operations with certain non-Member States authorised by the Council Decisions 99/786/EC, 2000/24/EC as amended and 2006/1016/EC, and a sharing of risk between the Community and the EIB as the budget guarantee covers only political risks in some cases;

- operations already repaid, since the amounts concerned are the maximum amount of loans granted and not outstanding amounts authorised;
- the amounts authorised are not necessarily taken up in full.

Within each portfolio individual EIB loans are, de facto, guaranteed at 100% until the global ceiling is reached.

Another factor to be considered is that some loans are disbursed in currencies, the ceiling may be exceeded when the amounts disbursed up to the date of the report are converted into EUR.

## 1.1.2. Capital outstanding (Table A1)

This is the amount of capital still to be repaid on a given date in respect of operations disbursed.

Compared with the previous aggregate, the amount outstanding does not include loans which have not yet been disbursed or the proportion of disbursed loans which have already been repaid.

#### 1.1.3. Annual risk (Tables A2)

Estimated amount of principal and interest due each financial year by each country according to disbursements made until 31 December 2006.

TABLE A1: CAPITAL OUTSTANDING IN RESPECT OF OPERATIONS DISBURSED at 31.12.2006 (in EUR million)

	Authorised	Capital	Capital	Remainder
Operations	ceiling	outstanding at	outstanding at	to be
operations	g	30.06.2006	31.12.2006	disbursed 31.12.2006
MEMBER STATES		30.00.2000	31.12.2000	disbuised 51.12.2000
EIB (new Member States)		2,801	4,482	2,214
		2,001	,	2,214
MFA to Bulgaria and Romania			365 436	
Euratom to Bulgaria and Romania MEMBER STATES - TOTAL	0	2,801	5,283	2,214
THIRD COUNTRIES	U	2,001	5,203	2,214
A. Macro-Financial Assistance	_	_		
Albania	9	9	9	
Bosnia-Herzegovina	40	40	40	
Bulgaria	750	256		
FYROM	90	90		
Georgia	142	86	86	
Moldova	60	3	0	
Romania	780	150		
Serbia and Montenegro	280	280		
Tajikistan	75	36	36	
Ukraine	453	118		
Sub total MFA	2,679	1,068	604	0
B. EURATOM <sup>1</sup>		436		63
C. Other				
EIB South-eastern Neighbours (2000-2007) <sup>5</sup>	10,235	3,153	2,691	3,220
EIB Mediterranean	15,442	5,244	5,325	3,430
EIB Central & Eastern Europe	8,220	1,143	32	64
EIB Asia, Latin America	4,405	1,496	1,478	614
EIB South Africa	1,500	727	721	268
EIB The Baltic Sea basin of Russia	100	21	64	20
EIB Russia + WNIS	500			
Sub total EIB <sup>2</sup>	40,402	14,585	14,793	9,830
THIRD COUNTRIES - TOTAL	43,081	13,288	10,915	7,679
GRAND TOTAL	43,081	16,089	16,198	9,893

<sup>(1)</sup> The overall ceiling is EUR 4 000 million for loans to Member States and non-member States. By Decision 94/179/Euratom of 21 March 1994, the Council decided to extend Euratom loans to the financing of projects of certain non-member States.

ANNEX TO TABLE A1: SITUATION IN RESPECT OF EIB OPERATIONS at 31.12.2006 (in EUR million)

Total	41,902	37,982	27,442	14,793
sub-total 100 % <sup>3</sup>	6,653	5,090	5,132	1,518
Asia, Latin America	903	710	725	216
South Africa	300	285		103
Russia + WNIS	500			
Baltic Sea Basin of Russia	100	85	64	64
New Member States <sup>4</sup>		3,840	3,930	1,120
Central and Eastern Europe	4,700	29	29	15
EU-countries	150	141	170	
sub-total 75 % <sup>3</sup>	7,712	7,070	7,132	1,487
New Member States <sup>4</sup>		534	563	163
Mediterranean and Balkan countries <sup>4</sup>	6,362	5,212	5,172	1,324
EU-countries	1,350	1,324	1,397	
sub-total 70 % <sup>3</sup>	7,477	6,514		3,747
FYROM ( 98-2000 )	150	150	118	101
BOSNIA-HERZEGOVINA (99/2001)	100	100	67	65
South Africa (29.01.97)	375	374	292	197
Asia, Latin America (ALA INTERIM.)	122	122	105	35
Asia, Latin America ALA II (29.01.97)	900	687	578	313
New Member States⁴	,	3,237	3,072	
Mediterranean (29.01.97)	2,310	1,822	1,696	1,098
Central and Eastern Europe (29.01.97)	3,520	22	22	17
sub-total 65 % <sup>3</sup>	20,060	19,308	9,228	8,041
South Africa	825	764	429	421
Asia, Latin America	2,480	2,150	1,236	
Mediterranean <sup>6</sup>	6,520	6,531	3,140	,
New Member States <sup>4</sup>	,	3,795	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,278
South-eastern Neighbours <sup>5</sup>	10,235	6,068	2,829	2,691
General Mandate 2000/2007:				
		cancellations		at 31.12.2006
Operations	authorised	available minus	disbursed	outstanding
	Credit line	Loans made	Amounts	Amounts

<sup>(3)</sup> Percentage figures relate to the Guarantee rate.

<sup>(2)</sup> The subtotal EIB includes the EIB loans to Member States.

<sup>(4)</sup> Loans to New Member States were drawn from 'South-eastern Neighbours' or from 'Central and Eastern Europe' or from 'Mediterranean' ceilings. Bulgaria and Romania are included in the "New Member States".

<sup>(5)</sup> Including Turkey Terra and Special Action Turkey.

<sup>(6)</sup> As some loans are disbursed in currencies other than EUR, the ceiling may be exceeded when the amounts disbursed up to the date of the report are converted into EUR.

Table A2: Total Annual Risk borne by the Budget in EUR million based on the amounts (capital and interest) due under all operations (MFA, Euratom and EIB) disbursed at 31.12.2006

	operations (MFA, Euratom and EIB) disbursed at 31.12.2006										
Ranking	Country	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 until 2035	Total Outstanding	
1	Romania*	263.4	252.0	238.7	228.9	239.7	185.6	185.4	1,191.5	2,785.2	
2	Turkey	151.0	189.0	195.0	217.7	221.2	213.2	196.5	1,070.8	2,454.6	
3	Egypt	152.9	183.8	184.2	164.0	144.7	136.7	121.7	743.9	1,831.8	
4	Morocco	117.4	120.7	121.9	121.9	124.3	121.6	118.9	833.9	1,680.6	
5	Tunisia	112.2	115.6	117.2	121.4	116.2	114.0	110.2	604.3	1,411.0	
6	Serbia and Montenegro	43.5	50.3	53.7	55.4	61.9	99.4	96.3	587.4	1,047.9	
7	Bulgaria*	155.7	149.5	85.2	75.2	58.8	71.4	56.9	319.5	972.1	
8	Czech Republic	102.2	97.8	151.5	90.8	81.6	79.7	74.5	232.1	910.3	
9	Poland	98.4	89.0	81.8	77.9	75.4	73.0	67.3	237.7	800.5	
10	South Africa	93.6	74.2	122.2	76.9	58.2	70.5	41.2	250.0	786.9	
11	Slovakia	72.8	73.2	67.9	66.8	66.3	51.4	37.7	115.1	551.1	
12	Croatia	33.3	35.2	27.8	27.8	36.2	37.9	37.2	314.9	550.5	
13	Brazil	130.3	105.2	77.8	61.6	45.5	39.3	29.3	51.5	540.5	
14	Lebanon	56.4	56.7	62.2	51.5	50.0	38.4	33.6	52.2	401.0	
15	Jordan	44.8	44.2	45.2	41.0	39.3	36.0	29.4	78.8	358.8	
16	Syria	16.1	19.5	20.2	23.6	23.6	23.6	21.6	167.0	315.2	
17	Bosnia and Herzegovina	23.3	23.7	23.5	25.2	24.6	23.6	20.6	119.4	283.9	
	former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	17.1	23.1	24.5	23.2	22.0	23.7	20.4	106.6	260.6	
19	Hungary	35.6	31.0	29.0	26.2	25.3	22.8	13.9	24.2	208.0	
20	Slovenia	39.2	38.2	25.9	20.8	14.3	11.4	9.4	13.9	173.2	
21	Indonesia	12.7	12.3	16.1	19.9	12.3	9.6	9.6	43.0	135.4	
22	Lithuania	14.8	14.3	13.5	12.4	11.9	11.4	10.9	39.9	129.0	
23	Albania	8.1	8.8	9.8	10.0	10.0	9.8	7.3	59.0	122.8	
24	Argentina	19.5	21.0	18.1	11.5	11.3	10.9	11.1	7.7	111.0	
25	Mexico	4.2	24.5	24.5	24.9	3.5	3.5	3.5	21.0	109.6	
26	China	10.0	9.6	9.7	9.9	8.6	7.4	7.5	38.7	101.3	
27	Pakistan	3.7	8.8	10.7	12.6	12.6	12.6	9.6	27.1	97.9	
28	Cyprus	15.7	15.7	15.8	15.9	15.5	9.0	5.0	3.4	96.0	
29	Georgia	30.5	2.3	24.3	23.4	14.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	94.6	
30	Peru	8.4	7.4	7.2	10.3	10.1	9.9	9.7	21.6	84.5	
31	Vietnam	6.9	6.6	9.6	10.1	10.0	9.9	9.8	16.0	79.0	
32	Philippines	10.8	10.8	10.8	10.9	10.9	11.0	3.3	4.3	72.9	
33	Latvia	8.5	8.1	7.3	7.1	6.9	5.3	5.2	24.4	72.8	
34	Ukraine	36.8	15.7	15.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	67.5	
35	Russia	2.7	2.0	4.4	4.4	4.4	5.9	5.9	34.8	64.6	
36	Sri Lanka	1.4	1.3	2.8	3.4	5.0	6.6	6.6	37.4	64.6	
37	Algeria	8.0	7.8	7.5	7.3	7.1	6.3	5.6	2.4	51.9	
38	Gaza-Westbank	3.6	3.6	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	19.6	48.8	
39	Thailand	6.0	5.7	6.3	5.3	4.9	6.6	9.1	2.2	46.1	
40	Tajikistan	9.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	12.9	12.4	4.1	43.1	
41	Panama	0.5	0.0	1.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	25.9	38.5	
42	Laos	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.4	34.1	35.1	
43	Bangladesh	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	0.0	31.1	
44	Costa Rica	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	0.0	27.1	
45	Israel	4.2	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.5	26.8	
46	Regional - Central America	6.6	5.1	3.3	2.6	2.6	1.4	1.4	2.7	25.7	
	India	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	0.0	22.5	
48	Estonia  Decisional Andreas Post	4.7	4.2	3.4	2.5	2.4	1.9	1.3	0.6	21.1	
	Regional - Andean Pact	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.2	1.9	1.9	1.0	0.0	17.9	
	Maldives	0.4	1.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	5.3	15.6	
51 52	Malta Usuguay	1.0	0.8 0.0	0.7 0.0	0.7 0.0	0.7 0.0	0.7 0.0	0.3 0.0	0.0 0.0	4.7	
52	Uruguay Total Outstanding	1.7 <b>2,015.2</b>	1,988.4	2,003.4	1,830.5	1,720.2	1,651.3	1,481.6	7,594.5	1.7 <b>20,285.1</b>	

Member States Member State as of 01.01.2007.

### 1.2. Loan operations covered by a budget guarantee

Tables A3a, A3b(1), A3b(2) and A4

# TABLE A3a Borrowing and lending operations by the Communities to Member States Period 30.06.2006 to 31.12.2006

The outstanding amount under these Decisions was zero as of 30.06.2006. As Bulgaria and Romania join the EU as of 01.01.2007, the outstanding amounts under the Euratom instrument are covered by the Euratom Decisions specially dedicated the Member States.

Instrument	Decision	Date of decision	Loan term (years)	Guarantee Rate	Maturity Date	Loan situation - closed (a) - partially disbursed (b) - disbursed in full (c) - not yet disbursed (d)	Amount decided	Outstanding amount at 30.06.2006 in EUR million	Outstanding amount at 31.12.2006 in EUR million
вор	2002/332/EC	18.02.02		100%		(d)	12,000.00	0.00	0.00
EURATOM			(3)	100%			4,000.00	0.00	436.00
	77/270-271/Euratom	29.03.77	(-)			(c)	500.00		
	80/29/Euratom	20.12.79				(c)	500.00		
	82/170/Euratom	15.03.82				(c)	1,000.00		
	85/537/Euratom	05.12.85				(c)	1,000.00		
	90/212/Euratom	23.04.90				(b)(4)	1,000.00		
Bulgaria						, ,, ,	212.50		
1st tranche			20		10.05.2021	(c)			40.00
2nd tranche			15		15.01.2017	(c)			15.00
3rd tranche			17		19.08.2019	(c)			25.00
4th tranche			15		18.06.2018	(c)			25.00
5th tranche			15		16.01.2019	(c)			35.00
6th tranche			16		10.09.2020	(c)			30.00
7th tranche			16		04.04.2021	(c)			25.00
8th tranche			14		23.02.2020	(c)			17.50
Romania							223.50		
1st tranche			17		21.07.2022	(c)			100.00
2nd tranche			19		26.11.2024	(c)			90.00
3rd tranche			18		23.02.2024	(c)			33.50
NCI			(3)	100%			6,830.00		
	78/870/EEC	16.10.78				(c)	1,000.00		
	81/19/EEC(1)	20.01.81				(c)	1,000.00		
	81/1013/EEC(2)	14.12.81				(c)	80.00		
	82/169/EEC	15.03.82				(c)	1,000.00		
	83/200/EEC	19.04.83				(c)	3,000.00		
	87/182/EEC	09.03.87				(c)	750.00		
TOTAL							22,830.00	0.00	436.00

<sup>(1)</sup> Exceptional aid for the reconstruction of areas hit by the earthquake in Italy in 1980.

<sup>(2)</sup> Exceptional aid for the reconstruction of areas hit by the earthquake in Greece in 1981.

<sup>(3)</sup> Long-term loans for which the schedule of repayments depend on the dates of disbursement.

<sup>(4)</sup> By Decision 94/179/Euratom of 21 March 1994 the Council decided to extend Euratom loans to the financing of projects in certain non-member States.

TABLE A3b (1)

European Community loans to non-member States (MFA)

Changes in amounts outstanding during six-month period 30.06.2006 to 31.12.2006, broken down by countries and tranche

\* Member States as of 01.01.2007 in EUR million

Loan Expiry Loan Amount Amount Operations in

COUNTRY	Decision	Date	Loan	Expiry	Loan	Amount	Amount	Opera	itions in	Amount
		of decision	term	date	situation	decided	outstanding	six-mo	nth period	outstanding
			(years)		- closed (a)		at 30.06.2006	Amounts	Amounts	at 31.12.2006
					- partially disbursed (b)			disbursed	repaid	
					- disbursed in full (c)					
					- not yet disbursed (d)					
BULGARIA III*	97/472/EC	22.07.97				250.00				
1st tranche			10	10.02.2008	(c)	125.00	62.50			62.50
2nd tranche			10	22.12.2008	(c)	125.00	93.75		31.25	62.50
BULGARIA IV*	99/731/EC	08.11.99				100.00				
1st tranche			10	21.12.2009	(c)	40.00	40.00		10.00	30.00
2nd tranche			-	-	(c)	60.00	60.00			60.00
ROMANIA III*	94/369/EC	20.06.94				125.00				
1st tranche			7	20.11.2002	(a)	55.00	0.00			0.00
2nd tranche			7	20.11.2004	(a)	40.00	0.00			0.00
3rd tranche			7	23.12.2004	(a)	30.00	0.00			0.00
ROMANIA IV*	99/732/EC	08.11.99				200.00				
1st tranche			10	29.06.2010	(c)	100.00	100.00			100.00
2nd tranche			10	17.07.2013	(c)	50.00	50.00			50.00
3rd tranche			-	-	(a)	50.00				
BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA I	99/325/EC	10.05.99				20.00				
1st tranche			15	22.12.2014	(c)	10.00	10.00			10.00
2nd tranche			-	-	(c)	10.00	10.00			10.00
BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA II	02/883/EC	09.11.02				20.00				
1st tranche			15	16.01.2019	(c)	10.00	10.00			10.00
2nd tranche			15	09.02.2021	(c)	10.00	10.00			10.00
MOLDOVA I	94/346/EC	13.06.94				45.00				
1st tranche			10	07.12.2004	(a)	25.00	0.00			0.00
2nd tranche			10	08.08.2005	(a)	20.00	0.00			0.00
MOLDOVA II	96/242/EC	25.03.96	10	30.10.2006	(c)	15.00	3.00		3.00	0.00
FYROM I	97/471/EC	22.07.97				40.00				
1st tranche			15	27.09.2012	(c)	25.00	25.00			25.00
2nd tranche			15	13.02.2008	(c)	15.00	15.00			15.00
FYROM II	99/733/EC	08.11.99				50.00				
1st tranche			15	15.01.2016	(c)	10.00	10.00			10.00
2nd tranche			15	30.01.2017	(c)	12.00	12.00			12.00
3rd tranche			15	04.06.2018	(c)	10.00	10.00			10.00
4th tranche			15	23.12.2018	(c)	18.00	18.00			18.00

TABLE A3b (2)

European Community loans to non-member States

Changes in amounts outstanding during six-month period 30.06.2006 to 31.12.2006, broken down by countries and tranche

in EUR million

									III LOIX IIIIIIOII	
COUNTRY	Decision	Date of decision	Loan term	Expiry date	Loan situation	Amount decided	Amount outstanding	six-mor	tions in 1th period	Amount outstanding
			(years)		- closed (a) - partially disbursed (b) - disbursed in full (c)		at 30.06.2006	Amounts disbursed	Amounts repaid	at 31.12.2006
					- not yet disbursed (d)					
UKRAINE I	94/940/EC	22.12.94	10	28.12.2005	(a)	85.00	0.00			0.00
UKRAINE II	95/442/EC	23.10.95				200.00				
1/2 tranche			10	29.08.2006	(c)	50.00	10.00		10.00	
1/2 tranche			10	30.10.2006	(c)	50.00	10.00		10.00	0.00
2nd tranche			10	25.09.2007	(c)	100.00	40.00		20.00	20.00
UKRAINE III	98/592/EC	15.10.98				150.00				
1st tranche			10	30.07.2009	(c)	58.00	58.00		14.50	43.50
			-	-	(a)	92.00				
UKRAINE IV	2002/639/EC	12.07.02			(d)	110.00				
BELARUS	95/132/EC	10.04.95				55.00				
1st tranche			10	28.12.2005	(a)	30.00	0.00			0.00
2nd tranche			-	-	(a)	25.00				
ALGERIA II	94/938/EC	22.12.94				200.00				
1st tranche			7	27.11.2002	(a)	100.00	0.00			0.00
2nd tranche			-	-	(a)	100.00				
GEORGIA	97/787/EC	17.11.97	15	24.07.2013	(c)	110.00	85.50			85.50
ARMENIA	97/787/EC	17.11.97	15	30.12.2013	(a)	28.00	0.00			0.00
REPS FORMER USSR	91/658/EEC	16.12.91	3	28.09.1997	(a)	1,250.00				
TAJIKISTAN	2000/244/EC	20.03.00			(b)	75.00				
1st tranche			15	30.03.2016	(c)	60.00	36.00			36.00
SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO	2001/549/EC	16.07.01	15	17.10.2016	(c)	225.00	225.00			225.00
SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO	2002/882/EC	09.11.02				55.00				
1st tranche			15	28.02.2018	(c)	10.00	10.00			10.00
2nd tranche			15	01.09.2018	(c)	30.00	30.00			30.00
3rd tranche			15	04.05.2020	(c)	15.00	15.00			15.00
SERBIA AND MONTENEGRO	2003/825/EC	25.11.03	-	-	(a)	25.00				
ALBANIA	2004/580/EC	29.04.04	15	23.03.2021	(c)	9.00	9.00			9.00
TOTAL							1,067.75	0.00	98.75	969.00

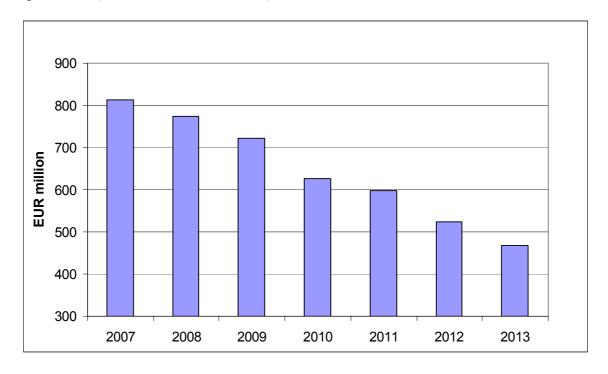
		Date	Rate	Date of	Amount	Loans	signed	Amount ou	ıtstanding
Geographical Area	Decision	of decision	of guarantee	guarantee	decided		ncellations)	_	
				contract		at 30.06.06	at 31.12.06	at 30.06.06	at 31.12.06
MED. Financial protocols(1)		8.03.77	75% (2)	30.10.78/10.11.78	6,062	5,647	5,555	996	880
MED. Horizontal cooperation	R/1762/92/EEC	29.06.92	75% (2)	09.11.92/18.11.92	1,800	1,656	1,656	663	607
TOTAL MED. (3)					7,862	7,303	7,211	1,659	1,487
C and E Europe I	90/62/EEC(4)	12.02.90	100%	24.04.90/14.05.90	1,000	912	912	194	169
	91/252/EEC(5)	14.05.91	100%	19.01.93/04.02.93	700	493	493	50	36
C and E Europe II	93/696/EC(6)	13.12.93	100%	22.07.94/12.08.94	3,000	2,464	2,464	1,006	930
Asia, Latin America I	93/115/EEC	15.02.93	100%	04.11.93/17.11.93	750	571	571	194	177
Asia, Latin America Interim	96/723/EC	12.12.96	100%	18.03.97/26.03.97	153	139	139	45	40
Asia, Latin America Interim	96/723/EC	12.12.96	70%	21.10.97	122	122	122	42	35
South Africa	95/207/EC	01.06.95	100%	04.10.95/16.10.95	300	285	285	109	103
New mandates	97/256/EC(7)	14.04.97	70%	25.07.97/29.07.97	7,105	6,170	6,142	3,771	3,545
FYROM	98/348/EC	19.05.98	70%	29.07.98/07.08.98	150	150	150	99	101
Bosnia and Herzegovina	98/729/CE	14.12.98	70%	16.06.99/22.06.99	100	100	100	68	65
Turkey Terra	99/786/EC	29.11.99	65%	18.04.00/23.05.00	600	600	600	492	538
Mandates 2000-2007	2000/24/EC(8)	22.12.99	65%	19.07.00/24.07.00 (11)	19,460	17,024	18,708	6,835	7,503
The Baltic Sea basin of Russia	2001/777/EC(9)	06.11.01	100%	06.05.02/07.05.02	100	85	85	21	64
Russia, Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine	2005/48/EC(10)	22.12.04	100%	21.12.05/09.12.05	500				
Mandate 2007-2013	2006/1016/EC(12)	19.12.06	65%	2007 (13)	27,800				
TOTAL					69,702	36,418	37,982	14,585	14,793

- (1) Including EUR 1 500 million for Spain, Greece and Portugal.
- (2) General guarantee of 75% for all credits made available under lending operations under a guarantee contract signed between the Community and the EIB on 30.10.78 and 10.11.78. By way of exception, a 100% guarantee applies to the emergency aid granted to Portugal in accordance with the Council Decision of 7 October 1975.
- (3) The Community has guaranteed EUR 5 497 million, of which EUR 141.5 million is covered by a 100% guarantee for Portugal.
- (4) Non-member States: Poland, Hungary.
- (5) Non-member States: Czech Republic and Slovak Republic, Bulgaria, Romania.
- (6) Non-member States: Poland, Hungary, Czech Republic and Slovak Republic, Bulgaria, Romania, Baltic States and Albania.
- (7) Non-member States: Central and Eastern Europe, Mediterranean, Asia and Latin America, South Africa.
- (8) Non-member States: South-eastern Neighbours, Mediterranean countries, Latin America and Asia, Republic of South Africa, Special action Turkey, as amended (2005/47/EC).
- (9) A special lending action for selected environmental projects in the Baltic Sea basin of Russia under the Northern Dimension.
- (10) A special lending action for certain types of projects in Russia, Belarus, Moldova and Ukraine.
- (11) Restated and amended in 2005.
- (12) Non-member States: Pre-Accession countries, Neighbourhood and Partnership countries, Asia and Latin America, Republic of South Africa.
- (13) Under negotiation.

#### 1.3. Disbursement forecast

The risk towards Member States should decrease in future as the loans are reimbursed and no new loans will be signed with Member States or for projects in Member States under Euratom, MFA or EIB guaranteed lending. This situation could change in case some Member States which have not adopted the Euro call upon the Community medium-term financial assistance instrument (Balance-of-Payment)<sup>2</sup>. This facility is limited to EUR 12 billion.

Graph A1: Annual Risk borne directly by the Budget in EUR million from 2007 to 2013 based on the amounts (capital and interest) due by Member States under all operations (MFA, Euratom and EIB) disbursed at 31.12.2006



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Council Decision 2002/332/EC of 18 February 2002, OJ L 53, 23.2.2002, p. 1.

At 31 December 2006, the EIB had still to disburse a total of EUR 7,389 million under the EUR 20,060 million current mandate 2000 - 2007:

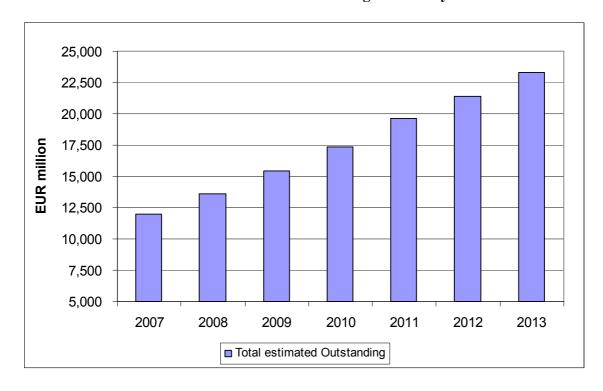
Table A5: Disbursement forecast for EIB loans on current mandate 2000 - 2007

**EUR million** 

	Ceiling	Loans made available (minus cancellations) at 31.12.2006*	to be disbursed under signatures**
Mediterranean*** South-Eastern Neighbours**** Asia, Latin America South Africa	6,520 10,235 2,480 825	6,068 2,151	*
	20,060	15,514	7,389

<sup>\*</sup> EUR 3,795 million for new Member States are not included (Bulgaria, Hungary, Lithuania, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia).

Graph A2: Disbursement forecast of EIB loans including the new mandate, MFA and Euratom loans and total estimated outstanding covered by the Fund



<sup>\*\*</sup> EUR 2,214 million for new Member States are not included (Bulgaria, Romania, Slovakia).

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> As some loans are disbursed in currencies, the ceiling may be exceeded when the amounts disbursed up to the date of the report are converted into EUR.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> An amount of 1,017 EUR million which has not been disbursed at 31.12.2006 in favour of Bulgaria and mainly Romania will be deemed cancelled and re-used for new loans in the South-Eastern Neighbours countries.
The ceiling includes Terra Turkey and Special Action Turkey.

### 1.4. Payment of the budget guarantee<sup>3</sup>

#### 1.4.1. Borrowing/lending operations

In this type of operation, the Community borrows on the financial market and on-lends the proceeds (back-to-back) to Member States (balance of payments), non–Member States (Macro-financial assistance) or firms (Euratom).

The loan repayments are scheduled to match the repayments of the borrowings due from the Community. If the recipient of the loan is late in making a repayment, the Commission must draw on its resources to repay the borrowing on the due date.

The funds needed to pay the budget guarantee in the event of late payment by the recipient of a loan granted by the Community are raised as follows:

- a) the amount required may be taken provisionally from cash resources in accordance with Article 12 of Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1150/2000 of 22 May 2000, as amended, implementing Decision 94/728/EC, Euratom, on the system of the Communities' own resources. This method is used so that the Community can immediately repay the borrowing on the date scheduled in the event of late payment by the recipient of the loan;
- b) if the delay reaches to three months after the due date, the Commission draws on the Fund to cover the default. The funds obtained are used to replenish the Commission's cash resources;
- c) the transfer procedure can be used to provide the budget heading with the appropriations needed to cover the default. This method is used when there are insufficient appropriations in the Fund and must be authorised in advance by the budgetary authority;
- d) the re-use of amounts repaid by debtors who have defaulted, leading to activation of the Community guarantee, allows payments to be made within a short period of time always providing, of course, that there are recovered funds available.

#### 1.4.2. Guarantees given to third parties

The loan guarantee is in respect of loans granted by the EIB. When the recipient of a guaranteed loan fails to make a payment on the due date, the EIB asks the Community to pay the amounts owed by the defaulter in accordance with the guarantee agreement. The guarantee call must be paid within three months of receiving the EIB's request. The EIB administers the loan with all the care required by banking practice and is obliged to seek to recover the payments due after the guarantee has been activated.

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The Communities have granted loans and guaranteed loans to accession countries. Those loans and guarantees were covered by the Guarantee Fund and remain outstanding or in force after the date of accession. From that date, they cease to be external actions of the Communities and are therefore covered directly by the budget.

Since the entry into force of the Regulation establishing a Guarantee Fund for external actions<sup>4</sup>, the provisions of the Agreement between the Community and the EIB on management of the Fund state that, after the EIB calls in the guarantee in the event of a default, the Commission must authorise the Bank to withdraw the corresponding amounts from the Fund within three months.

If there are insufficient resources in the Fund, the procedure used for activating the guarantee is the same as for borrowing/lending operations.

An implementation agreement was concluded between the Community and the EIB on 20 and 22 January 1999 to determine payment and repayment procedures in connection with Community guarantees to the EIB. This agreement is currently under revision in order to reflect the provisions of Council Decision 2006/1016/EC granting a Community guarantee to the European Investment Bank against losses under loans and loan guarantees for projects outside the Community<sup>5</sup>.

### 1.4.3. Activation of budget guarantees

If a borrower defaults on an EIB loan guaranteed by the budget, the Community guarantee is called upon at the earliest three months after the date on which payment has fallen due. The Community will act within three months of receiving such a letter from the EIB calling for the guarantee to be activated, authorising the EIB to take the corresponding amounts from the Fund.

For loans granted by the EC or Euratom, default interest owed by loan beneficiaries for the time between the date on which cash resources are made available by the budget and the date of activation of the Fund is drawn from the Fund and repaid to the budget. For EIB loans, default interest is calculated during the period between the due date of a defaulted loan instalment and the date of receipt of the cash resources by the EIB from the Commission.

OJ L 414, 30.1.2.2006, p. 95.

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Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2728/94 establishing a Guarantee Fund for external actions, OJ L 293, 12.11.1994, p.1, as amended by Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 1149/1999, OJ L 139, 2.6.1999, p. 1, Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 2273/2004, OJ L 396, 31.12.2004, p. 28, and Council Regulation (EC, Euratom) No 89/2007, OJ L 22, 31.1.2007, p. 1.

#### 2. COUNTRY-RISK EVALUATION

Other countries representing important risks to the Budget, notably through EC macrofinancial assistance, Euratom loans or guarantees of EIB projects related lending, and either categorised as "severely indebted" according to criteria set by the World Bank or facing significant imbalances in their external or debt situation are also included in the risk evaluation. The country risk evaluation presented below comprises short analyses or tables of risk indicators.

#### 2.1. Analyses on other countries

For **Romania**, real GDP growth remains strong at 7.4% in the first half of 2006, driven in particular by household consumption growth of 11.8% and investment growth of 11.9%. Over the course of 2006, the current account deficit continued to widen from 8.7% of GDP reported in 2005 to around 9.6% in July 2006, but the deficit remains largely covered by FDI and portfolio investments. The external debt of the country grew to around 34% of GDP in mid-2006 from around 30% of GDP one year earlier due in particular to the short-term private external debt growing rapidly.

For the **former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia,** GDP growth was 2.6% (in real terms) in the first quarter of 2006, compared to 4.0% in 2005. The current account deficit reached 1.4% of GDP in 2005 and is expected to widen to 3% in 2006. Gross FDI inflows reached 1.7% of GDP in 2005 and the external debt of the country amounted to 47% of GDP at the end of 2005.

In **Albania** annual GDP growth amounted to 5.5% (in real terms) in 2005. The current account deficit (including official transfers) reached 6.9% of GDP in 2005. The trade deficit stood at 24.1% of GDP in 2005 and during the first five months of 2006, it widened further by 18% on an annual basis). Gross FDI inflows reached 3.1% of GDP in 2005 and the external debt of the country amounted to 17.6% of GDP at the end of 2005. Total public debt declined to 55.3% of GDP in 2005.

In **Bosnia and Herzegovina** annual GDP growth amounted to around 5.5% (in real terms) in 2005. Growth is expected to remain around 5% in 2006. The current account deficit widened to 22.5% of GDP in 2005, partly reflecting effects of VAT introduction on import flows. It narrowed again in the first half of 2006 and is expected to be around 20% at year end. Gross FDI inflows reached 3.2% of GDP in 2005. Public external debt of the country amounted to 30% of GDP at the end of 2005, while private external debt was estimated to also amount to around 30% of GDP.

Economic growth of **Georgia** remained strong, at around 9% (9.3% in 2005), despite the external shocks, (trade blockade imposed by Russia) supported by privatisation, foreign direct investment and structural reforms. Thanks to this strong growth performance, Georgia's external public debt was further reduced to about 22% of GDP (27% in 2005). The main economic policy challenge is to keep inflation in single digits. The 12-month inflation peaked at 14.5% in mid-2006 but subdued to 8.8% by end-2006. In October, Standard & Poor's changed the outlook on Georgia's sovereign credit rating (B+) from positive to stable against the backdrop of the increased geopolitical tensions.

**Tajikistan**'s economy has continued to grow strongly in 2006, recording a growth rate of 8% of GDP. The government budget is expected to register an increased deficit in 2006 of 4.5% of GDP (IMF estimate). Thanks to the successful bilateral debt agreements with mainly Russia – Tajikistan's largest creditor – and debt relief from the IMF (MDRI initiative in 2006), external debt has fallen to less than 35% of GDP in 2006. A deteriorating trade deficit (from 7% of GDP in 2004 and 12% in 2005 to the estimated more than 16% in 2006) is largely offset by a rapid growth in remittances. As a result, the current account deficit is expected to increase only moderately in 2006 (from 3.4% in 2005 to about 4.2%).

Algeria experienced a minor dip in economic growth in 2006 with a GDP growing at only 2.7%. In 2006 the current account reached more than 20% of GDP. The government balance was buoyant as well, as it was also composed of two digits. These surpluses offer good opportunities for further reform. The Algerian underdeveloped financial market needs a broadening and deepening to boost both investment and economic growth. Next to the financial markets, the overall business climate needs major improvements. With accession to the World Trade Organisation (WTO) at the horizon and the EU Association Agreement, Algeria can potentially move to free markets and free trade. The major challenge for the country is to create new jobs and consequently push the unemployment rate below the 10%. A recently launched programme to modernise the small and medium-size enterprise (SME) sector will help to prepare SMEs for inclusion in the free-trade zone between Algeria and the EU, as well as it's integration into the WTO.

The economy of **Argentina** continues to grow rapidly, led by strong domestic investment and consumption, and is expected to expand by around 8% in 2006. However, several years of buoyant growth and an undervalued peso have pushed up inflation pressure. In order to curb price increases the authorities undertook a series of measures, whose result was a contained inflation rate of 10% at the end of 2006. The foreign trade dynamism has allowed the country to run large current account surpluses. The strength of the economy has also led to a significant improvement in public finances, with the primary surplus expected to reach about 3.5% of GDP in 2006. In addition, the presidential election of October 2007 and the fact that the country no longer needs to turn to the IMF after fully repaying all its IMF debt in December 2005, do not appear conducive to progress on structural reforms to address long-term vulnerabilities. Argentina remains in arrears to the EIB, having failed to pay the penalty interest (USD 1.7 million) stemming from previous arrears on a Regional Road Transportation project.

#### 2.2. Explanatory notes for country-risk indicators

#### **Standard footnotes**

- a) Includes only EC and EIB loans (outstanding disbursements) to CEEC, NIS and MED.
  - The major changes in these figures are due to the transfer of accession countries from the "third countries" section in the "Member States" section as of 1 May 2004.
- b) The higher the ranking number indicated by Euromoney, the lower the creditworthiness of the country.

c) Countries were rated on a scale of zero to 100 by The Institutional Investor; 100 represents the least chance of default. A given country may improve its rating and still fall in the ranking if the average global rating for all rated countries improves.

### Abbreviations and English words used in tables

S&P Standard and Poor's

CCFF Compensatory and Contingency Financing Facility

EFF Extended Fund Facility

FDI Foreign Direct Investment

GDP Gross Domestic Product

SBA Stand-By Arrangement

STF Systemic Transformation Facility

est. estimates

m EUR EUR million

bn USD USD billion

n.a. not available

prelim. preliminary

p. provisional

# **Country-risk indicators (tables)**

Country-risk indicators Country: Turkey					
Country: Turkey		footnotes	2004	2005	2006
Real GDP growth rate Industrial production Unemployment (end of period) Inflation rate (CPI) (Dec/Dec) Exchange rate (end of period)	(%) (% change) (% of labour force) (% change) (TL per EUR)		8.9 9.7 10.2 9.3 1.84	7.4 3.9 10.3 7.7 1.68	6.0 7.0 9.5 9.7 1.65
General government balance	(% of GDP)		-5.7	-1.2	-1.2
Exports of goods and services Current account balance Net inflow of foreign direct investment Official reserves, including gold (end of period) m EUR months' imports of goods and services	(m EUR) (% of GDP) (m EUR)		73122 -5.2 1107 43144 6.3	82500 -6.3 3000 48300 6.5	95000 -8.0 9800 48000 6.5
External debt  Convertible currency external debt (end of period) Convertible currency debt service principal interest External debt/GDP External debt/exports of goods and services Debt service/exports of goods and services Arrears (on both interest and principal) Debt relief agreements and rescheduling	(m EUR) (m EUR) (m EUR) (m EUR) (%) (%) (%) (%) (m)		123174 24052 18400 5652 43.2 175.3 37.1 none none	115689 22154 18654 3500 38.7 145.8 35.6 none none	125000 23000 18200 4800 40.2 130.0 35.0 none none
Indicators of EU exposure  EU exposure/total EU exposure  EU exposure/external debt  EU exposure/exports of goods and services	(%) (%) (%)	(a)	15.4 1.2 2.1	15.9 1.5 2.1	22.6 1.6 2.1
IMF arrangements  Type (Date) On track			SBA (02/05) yes	SBA (05/07) yes	SBA (05/07) yes
Indicators of market's perception of creditworthiness  Moody's long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) S&P long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) Euromoney Position in the ranking (number of countries) The Institutional Investor Position in the ranking (number of countries)		(b)	B3 BB- 03/04 09/04 75 69 (185) (185) 03/04 09/04 77 76 (172) (173)	B1 BB- 03/05 09/05 73 72 (185) (185) 03/05 09/05 73 74 (173) (173)	B1 BB- 03/06 09/06 71 69 (185) (185) 03/06 09/06 72 74 (173) (173)

(a) (b) See explanatory notes at beginning of the tables.

	Country-risk indicate	ors			
	Country: Serbia				
		footnotes	2004	2005	2006
Real GDP growth rate Industrial production Unemployment (end of period) Inflation rate (CPI) (Dec/Dec) Exchange rate (end of period)	(%) (% change) (% of labour force) (% change) (CSD per EUR)		9.3 7.1 18.5 13.8 72.6	6.3 0.8 20.8 17.5 82.9	5.4 5.5 NA 6.6 79.1
General government balance	(% of GDP)		0.9	1.9	1.6
Balance of payments					
Exports of goods and services Current account balance Net inflow of foreign direct investment Official reserves, including gold (end of period) m EUR months' imports of goods and services	(m EUR) (% of GDP) (m EUR)		3,803 -11.7 709 3,117 4.4	5,597 -8.4 1,314 4,935 5.9	6,520 -11.5 3,329 9,025 9.6
External debt					
Convertible currency external debt (end of period) Convertible currency debt service principal interest External debt/GDP External debt/exports of goods and services Debt service/exports of goods and services Arrears (on both interest and principal) Debt relief agreements and rescheduling	(m EUR) (m EUR) (m EUR) (m EUR) (%) (%) (%) (%) (m EUR)	(1)	10,350 465 NA NA 61.1 272 12.2 1,965 yes	13,108 645 NA NA 62.1 234 11.5 1,855 yes	14,876 1,948 NA NA 58.4 228 29.9 301 yes
Indicators of EU exposure					
EU exposure/total EU exposure EU exposure/external debt EU exposure/exports of goods and services	(%) (%) (%)	(a)	4.6 4.4 11.9	5.0 4.3 10.0	7.7 4.5 10.3
IMF arrangements					
Type (Date) On track			Extended Arrangement 05/02 -12/05 yes	Extended Arrangement 05/02 - 02/06 completed	
Indicators of market's perception of creditworthiness					
Moody's long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) S&P long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) Euromoney Position in the ranking (number of countries) The Institutional Investor Position in the ranking (number of countries)		(2) (b)	none B+/BB 03/04 09/04 166 166 (185) (185) 03/04 09/04 138 119 (172) (173)	none BB- 03/05 09/05 158 96 (185) (185) 03/05 09/05 121 105 (173) (173)	none BB- 03/06 09/06 104 93 (185) (185) 03/06 09/06 87 89 (173) (173)

Footnotes

In November 2001, the Paris Club creditors agreed on a highly concessional two-phased debt restructuring of 66% in NPV terms. The first phase (51%) became effective in May 2002 when the IMF adopted the new three-year Extended Arrangement (EA); the second phase (15%) will become effective upon successful completion on the EA.

Serbia B+, Montenegro BB.

See explanatory notes at beginning of the tables.

	Country-risk indicators					
	Country: Montenegro					
			footnotes	2004	2005	2006р
	Real GDP growth rate Industrial production Unemployment (end of period) Inflation rate (CPI) (Dec/Dec) Exchange rate (end of period)	(%) (% change) (% of labour force) (% change) (EUR per EUR)		3.7 13.8 22.3 4.3 1.0	4.1 -1.9 18.4 1.8 1.0	6.5 1.0 14.7 2.0 1.0
General government balance		(% of GDP)		-2.6	-2.9	1.2
Balance of payments						
	Exports of goods and services Current account balance Net inflow of foreign direct investment Official reserves, including gold (end of period) m EUR months' imports of goods and services	(m EUR) (% of GDP) (m EUR)		701.7 -7.6 3.3 60.1 0.8	730.9 -9.1 383.0 172.9 1.9	920.9 -31.0 475.0 n.a n.a
External debt	Convertible currency external debt (end of period) Convertible currency debt service principal interest	(m EUR) (m EUR) (m EUR) (m EUR) (m EUR)		502	772	n.a
	External debt/GDP External debt/exports of goods and services Debt service/exports of goods and services Arrears (on both interest and principal) Debt relief agreements and rescheduling	(%) (%) (%) (m EUR)	(1)	31.2 5.6 yes	30.3 5.7 yes	27.6 5.5 yes
Indicators of EU exposure						
	EU exposure/total EU exposure EU exposure/external debt EU exposure/exports of goods and services	(%) (%) (%)	(a)	0.5 10.1 7.2	0.6 8.0 8.5	0.9 8.1
IMF arrangements						
	Type (Date) On track			Extended Arrangement 05/02 -12/05 yes	Extended Arrangement 05/02 - 02/06 completed	
Indicators of market's percep	tion of creditworthiness					
	Moody's long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) S&P long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) Euromoney Position in the ranking (number of countries) The Institutional Investor Position in the ranking (number of countries)		(b)	none BB/Stable/B 03/04 09/04 166 166 (185) (185) 03/04 09/04 138 119 (172) (173)	none BB/Positive/B 03/05 09/05 158 96 (185) (185) 03/05 09/05 121 105 (173) (173)	none BB/Positive/B 03/06 09/06 (185) (185) 03/06 09/06 87 89 (173) (173)

Footnotes (1)

In November 2001, the Paris Club creditors agreed on a highly concessional two-phased debt restructuring of 66% in NPV terms. The first phase (51%) became effective in May 2002 when the IMF adopted the new three-year Extended Arrangement (EA); the second phase (15%) became effective upon successful completion on the EA. See explanatory notes at beginning of the tables

(a) (b) (c)

Country-risk indicators								
Country: Brazil								
		footnotes	2004	2005	2006 (est.)			
Real GDP growth rate Industrial production Unemployment (end of period) Inflation rate (CPI) (Dec. / Dec.) Exchange rate (end of period)	(%) (% change) (% of labour force) (% change) (Reais per EUR)		4.9 8.3 9.6 6.6 3.6	2.3 3.1 8.3 6.9 3.0	2.9 2.8 9.5 3.1 2.7			
General government balance	(% of GDP)		-2.7	-3.3	-2.9			
Balance of payments								
Exports of goods Current account balance Net inflow of foreign direct investment Official reserves, including gold (end of period) bn USD months' imports of goods	(m EUR) (% of GDP) (m EUR)		77648 1.9 14459 37501 6.5	95577 1.8 12093 45127 5.5	109239 0.6 13658 52021 6.4			
External debt								
Convertible currency external debt (end of period) Convertible currency debt service principal interest External debt/GDP External debt/exports of goods and services Debt service/exports of goods and services Arrears (on both interest and principal) Debt relief agreements and rescheduling	(m EUR) (m EUR) (m EUR) (m EUR) (%) (%) (%) (m) (m EUR)		165508 42751 30699 12051 36.5 240 63 no	149715 58806 47411 11395 26.0 170 49 no	129420 37419 26011 11409 18.9 127 57 no			
Indicators of EU exposure								
EU exposure/total EU exposure EU exposure/external debt EU exposure/exports of goods and services	(%) (%) (%)	(a)	5.2 0.3 0.7	5.5 0.4 0.6	5.7 0.4 0.5			
IMF arrangements								
Type (Date) On track			SBA yes	SBA yes	No			
Indicators of market's perception of creditworthiness								
Moody's long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) S&P long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) Euromoney Position in the ranking (number of countries) The Institutional Investor Position in the ranking (number of countries) Credit rating		(b)	B2 BB- 03/04 09/04 78 71 (185) (185) 03/04 09/04 68 73 (172) (173)	B1 BB 03/05 09/05 68 69 (185) (185) 03/05 09/05 67 66 (173) (173)	Ba3 BB 03/06 09/06 69 66 (185) (185) 03/06 09/06 64 61 (173) (173)			

<sup>(</sup>a) (b) See explanatory notes at beginning of the tables

Country-risk indicators  Country: Jordan						
		footnotes	2004	2005	2006 (estimates)	
Real GDP growth rate Industrial production (period average) Unemployment rate (average) Inflation rate (CPI, av) Exchange rate (av)	(%) (% change) (% of labour force) (% change) (Dinar per USD)		7.7 9.0 12.5 3.4 0.709	7.2 11 15.7 3.5 0.709	6.0 12.0 13.9 6.3 0.709	
General government overall balance before grants after grants	(% of GDP)		-12.5 -1.7	-10.1 -5.2	-7.5 -4.3	
Balance of payments  Exports of goods and services  Current account balance  Net inflow of foreign direct investment  Official reserves, including gold (end of period)  m EUR  months' imports of goods and services	(m USD) (% of GDP) (m USD) (gross useable)		3,900 0.0 650 4,700 5.1	4,300 -17.8 1,532 4,700 4.7	5,100 -16.0 2,850 6,102 5.6	
External debt Convertible currency external debt (end of period) Convertible currency debt service principal interest External debt/GDP External debt/exports of goods and services Debt service/exports of goods and services Arrears (on both interest and principal) Debt relief agreements and rescheduling	(m USD) (m USD) (m USD) (m USD) (%) (%) (%) (%) (m USD) (m USD)	(1)	7,544 902 649 253 66.2 127.0 15.1 - 273	7,132 819 550 269 56.1 112.1 12.3 262	7,123 814 546 268 49.8 101.7 11.2 - n.a.	
Indicators of EU exposure  EU exposure/total EU exposure  EU exposure/external debt  EU exposure/exports of goods and services	(%) (%) (%)	(a)	2.3 4.2 8.0	2.9 5.3 8.8	3.4 5.5 7.6	
IMF arrangements Type (Date) On track			SBA completed	PPM - -	PPM - -	
Indicators of market's perception of creditworthiness  Moody's long-term foreign currency rating (end of period)  S&P long-term foreign currency rating (end of period)  Euromoney  Position in the ranking  (number of countries)  The Institutional Investor  Position in the ranking  (number of countries)		(b)	Ba3 BB 03/04 09/04 81 73 (185) (185) 03/04 09/04 74 72 (172) (173)	Ba3 BB 03/05 09/05 80 80 (185) (185) 03/05 09/05 74 71 (173) (173)	Ba3 BB 03/06 09/06 74 76 (185) (185) 03/06 09/06 73 76 (173) (173)	

Sources: IMF Post Program Monitoring, Economist Intelligence Unit.

Footnotes (1) (2) Of the government, including collateralised Brady bonds
USD 1170 mio treated in July 2002 on Houston Terms. 100% of pre-cut off date maturities falling due from July 2002 to June 2004; 90% of pre-cut off date maturities falling due from July 2004 to December 2005; 80% of pre-cut off date maturities falling due in 2006; 70% of pre-cut off date maturities falling due in 2007.

<sup>(</sup>a) (b) See explanatory notes at beginning of the tables.

	Country-risk indicators				
Count	ry: Bosnia & Herzegovi	na (1)			
		footnotes	2004	2005	2006
Real GDP growth rate Industrial production Federation Republika Srpska Unemployment (end of period)	(%) (% change) (% of labour force)	(1)	5.00 13.20 9.70 43.10	5.50 5.00 20.00 44.60	6.00 7.50 19.10
Inflation rate (CPI) (12 month average) Exchange rate (end of period)	(% change) KM per EUR KM per USD	(1)	0.40 1.96 1.58	2.80 1.96 1.58	7.00 1.96 1.67
General government balance (after grants)	(% of BiH GDP)	(2)	-0.60	0.90	0.70
Balance of payments  Exports of goods and services Current account balance Net inflow of foreign direct investment Official reserves, including gold (end of period) m EUR months' imports of goods and services	(m EUR) (% of GDP) (m EUR)	(3)	2393.00 20.80 486.70 1763.50 3.80	2891.00 22.50 418.70 2140.30 4.20	3720.00 15.00 353.00 2681.30
External debt  Convertible currency external debt (end of period) Convertible currency debt service principal interest External debt/GDP External debt/exports of goods and services Debt service/exports of goods and services Arrears (on both interest and principal) Debt relief agreements and rescheduling	(m EUR) (m EUR) (m EUR) (m EUR) (%) (%) (%) (%) (m EUR)	(4)	2057.00 130.80 84.80 46.00 29.90 85.96 5.60 none yes	2187.50 117.60 72.60 45.00 30.00 83.90 4.10 none yes	2108.50 - - - - - - none yes
Indicators of EU exposure  EU exposure/total EU exposure  EU exposure/external debt  EU exposure/exports of goods and services	(%) (%) (%)	(a)	1.2 5.6 4.8	1.5 7.8 5.9	2.7 11.3 6.4
IMF arrangements Type (Date) On track			No new programme		
Indicators of market's perception of creditworthiness  Moody's long-term foreign currency rating (end of period)  S&P long-term foreign currency rating (end of period)  Euromoney  Position in the ranking  (number of countries)  The Institutional Investor  Position in the ranking  (number of countries)		(b)	Caa1 none 03/04 09/04 107 113 (185) (185) 03/04 09/04 122 101 (172) (173)	Caa1 none 03/05 09/05 123 124 (185) (185) 03/05 09/05 107 112 (173) (173)	B3 none 03/06 09/06 110 105 (185) (185) 03/06 09/06 109 108 (173) (173)

Footnotes
(1)
(2)
(3)
(4)
(a) (b) World Bank and IMF estimates are one half the official estimate (ie 20%)
Excl. some lower levels of gov. If estimates for these are incl., 2004 and 2005 gov. balance is estimated at around 0 2005: First 3 quarters
2005: September figure
See explanatory notes at beginning of the tables.

Country-risk indicators							
Country: Former Y	ugoslav Republic o	f Macedonia					
		footnotes	2004	2005	2006р		
Real GDP growth rate Industrial production Unemployment (end of period) Inflation rate (CPI) Exchange rate (end of period)	(%) (% change) (% of labour force) (% change) (Denar per <u>EUR</u> )	(1)	4.10 -2.20 37.20 -0.40 61.32	3.80 7.20 37.30 0.50 61.34	3.50 0.80 35.90 3.20 61.20		
General government balance	(% of GDP)		0.00	0.30	-0.60		
Balance of payments							
Exports of goods and services Current account balance Net inflow of foreign direct investment Official reserves, including gold (end of period) m EUR months' imports of goods and services	(m EUR) (% of GDP) (m EUR)	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	1740.9 -7.7 126.2 717.0 3.30	2090.5 -1.3 77.1 1123.0 4.00	2307.9 0.1 272.0 1416.7 5.10		
External debt							
Convertible currency external debt (end of period) Convertible currency debt service principal interest External debt/GDP External debt/exports of goods and services Debt service/exports of goods and services Arrears (on both interest and principal) Debt relief agreements and rescheduling	(m EUR) (m EUR) (m EUR) (m EUR) (%) (%) (%) (m EUR) (m EUR)	(3) (3) (3)	1671.7 198.5 160.4 38.1 38.6 96.02 11.40 none none	1814.1 186.9 143.1 43.8 39.9 86.78 8.94 none none	1897.7 375.3 314.7 60.6 39.1 82.22 16.26 none none		
Indicators of EU exposure							
EU exposure/total EU exposure EU exposure/external debt EU exposure/exports of goods and services	(%) (%) (%)	(a)	2.0 11.9 11.4	1.9 11.5 10.0	2.5 11.3 9.3		
IMF arrangements							
Type (Date) On track			SBA 04/03 - 06/04 yes		SBA 08/05-08/08 yes		
Indicators of market's perception of creditworthiness							
Moody's long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) S&P long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) Euromoney Position in the ranking (number of countries) The Institutional Investor Position in the ranking (number of countries)		(b)	none none 03/04 09/04 106 111 (185) (185) 03/04 09/04 107 109 (172) (173)	none none 03/05 09/05 92 95 (185) (185) 03/05 09/05 91 93 (173) (173)	none none 03/06 09/06 83 82 (185) (185) 03/06 09/06 85 84 (173) (173)		

Footnotes
(1) Provisional
(2) annual average
(3) long-term debt only
(a) (b) See explanatory notes at beginning of the tables

Country-risk indicators									
Country: Albania									
		footnotes	2004	2005	2006				
Real GDP growth rate Industrial production Unemployment (end of period) Inflation rate (CPI) (Dec/Dec) Exchange rate (end of period)	(%) (% change) (% of labour force) (% change) (LEK per EUR)		5.9  14.7 2.2 125.9	5.5  14.2 2.0 122.4	5.0  13.8 2.4 123.2				
General government balance	(% of GDP)		-5.1	-3.6	-3.1				
Balance of payments  Exports of goods and services Current account balance Net inflow of foreign direct investment Official reserves, including gold (end of period) m EUR months' imports of goods and services	(m EUR) (% of GDP) (m EUR)	(1)	1,293 -3.8 277.0 1,025 4.0	1,461 -6.9 212.0 1,202 4.2	1,726 -5.9 273.0 1,290 4.1				
External debt  Convertible currency external debt (end of period) Convertible currency debt service principal interest External debt/GDP External debt/exports of goods and services Debt service/exports of goods and services Arrears (on both interest and principal) Debt relief agreements and rescheduling	(m EUR) (m EUR) (m EUR) (m EUR) (%) (%) (%) (%) (m)		1,239 53.0 20.4 95.8 3.9 n.a.	1,391 61.0 20.3 95.3 4.1 n.a.	1,326 88.0 20.1 85.2 5.1 n.a.				
Indicators of EU exposure  EU exposure/total EU exposure  EU exposure/external debt  EU exposure/exports of goods and services	(%) (%) (%)	(a)	0.6 5.1 5.0	0.6 4.8 4.7	1.0 6.7 4.7				
IMF arrangements  Type (Date) On track		(2)	PRGF 21/06/2002 yes	PRGF 21/06/2002 yes	PRGF 27/01/2006 yes				
Indicators of market's perception of creditworthiness  Moody's long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) S&P long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) Euromoney Position in the ranking (number of countries) The Institutional Investor Position in the ranking (number of countries)		(b)	none none 03/04 09/04 122 127 (185) (185) 03/04 09/04 133 126 (172) (173)	none none 03/05 09/05 103 122 (185) (185) 03/05 09/05 117 127 (173) (173)	none none 03/06 09/06 106 120 (185) (185) 03/06 09/06 117 122 (173) (173)				

Footnotes (1) projected data for 2005 (2) The sixth and final review under the extended arrangement under the Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility took place in August 2005. (a) (b) See explanatory notes at beginning of the tables

Ce	ountry-risk indicators	;			
	Country: Argentina				
		footnotes	2004	2005	2006 (est.)
Real GDP growth rate Industrial production Unemployment Inflation rate (CPI) (Dec. / Dec.) Exchange rate	(%) (% change) (% of labour force) (% change) (Pesos per 1 EUR)		9.0 10.7 12.1 4.4 3.7	9.2 9.0 10.1 12.3 3.6	8.0 8.3 10.2 9.8 3.9
General government balance	(% of GDP)		2.6	1.8	1.7
Balance of payments					
Exports of goods Current account balance Net inflow of foreign direct investment Official reserves, including gold (end of period) bn USD months' imports of goods and services	(m EUR) (% of GDP) (m EUR)		27814 2.2 3123 15.7 8.4	32525 1.9 2915 22.4 9.6	37056 1.0 3423 25.5 7.2
External debt					
Convertible currency external debt (end of period) Convertible currency debt service principal interest External debt/GDP External debt/exports of goods and services Debt service/exports of goods and services Arrears (on both interest and principal) Debt relief agreements and rescheduling	(m EUR) (m EUR) (m EUR) (m EUR) (%) (%) (%) (m EUR)		136206 9850 7976 1874 112.6 490 35.4 yes no	93280 15890 9017 6873 76.3 287 48.9 yes	93864 19526 13606 5919 62.3 253 52.7 yes no
Indicators of EU exposure  EU exposure/total EU exposure  EU exposure/external debt  EU exposure/exports of goods and services	(%) (%) (%)	(a)	2.0 0.1 0.7	1.5 0.2 0.5	1.2 0.1 0.3
IMF arrangements					
Type (Date) On track			SBA No	SBA No	No
Indicators of market's perception of creditworthiness  Moody's long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) S&P long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) Euromoney Position in the ranking (number of countries) The Institutional Investor Position in the ranking (number of countries)	3)	(b)	Caa2 SD 03/04 09/04 140 118 (185) (185) 03/04 09/04 125 128 (172) (173)	Caa1 B 03/05 09/05 141 120 (185) (185) 03/05 09/05 137 115 (173) (173)	Caa1 B 03/06 09/06 119 100 (185) (185) 03/06 09/06 91 87 (173) (173)

<sup>(</sup>a) (b) see explanatory notes at beginning of the tables

Country-risk indicators							
Country: Ge	orgia						
		footnotes	2004	2005	2006 (preliminary)		
Real GDP growth rate Industrial production Unemployment (end of period) Inflation rate (CPI) (Dec/Dec) Exchange rate (end of period)	(%) (% change) (% of labour force) (% change) (Lari per USD)		5.9 8.6 12.6 7.5 1.83	9.3 16.4 13.8 6.2 1.79	9.0 n.a. n.a. 8.8 1.71		
General government balance	(% of GDP) (commitments)		3.2	-1.5	-2.9		
Balance of payments							
Exports of goods and services Current account balance Net inflow of foreign direct investment Official reserves, including gold (end of period) m EUR months' imports of goods and services	(m USD) (% of GDP) (m USD)		1630 -8.4 420 383 1.7	2170 -5.4 529 474 1.7	2500 -9.5 860 930 2.5		
External debt							
Convertible currency external debt (end of period) Convertible currency debt service principal interest External debt/GDP External debt/exports of goods and services Debt service/exports of goods and services Arrears (on both interest and principal) Debt relief agreements and rescheduling	(m USD) (m USD) (m USD) (m USD) (%) (%) (%) (m USD)		1858 186 n.a. n.a. 36.2 114 9.5 63 Paris Club (July)	1735 190 n.a. n.a. 27.1 80 7.2 0	1700 220 n.a. n.a. 21.8 68 6.7 0		
Indicators of EU exposure  EU exposure/total EU exposure  EU exposure/external debt  EU exposure/exports of goods and services	(%) (%) (%)	(a)	0.9 6.7 7.7	0.8 5.8 4.6	1.0 6.6 4.5		
IMF arrangements							
Type (Date) On track			PRGF (06/04-06/07) yes	PRGF (06/04-06/07) yes	PRGF (06/04-06/07) yes		
Indicators of market's perception of creditworthiness							
Moody's long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) S&P long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) Euromoney Position in the ranking (number of countries) The Institutional Investor Position in the ranking (number of countries)		(b)	none none 03/04 09/04 136 143 (185) (185) 03/04 09/04 141 131 (172) (173)	none B+ 03/05 09/05 149 145 (185) (185) 03/05 09/05 141 134 (173) (173)	none B+ 03/06 09/06 129 138 (185) (185) 03/06 09/06 119 113 (173) (173)		

Footnotes (a) (b) See explanatory notes at beginning of the tables

	Country-risk	indicators				
	Country:	Ukraine				
			footnotes	2004	2005	2006 (forecast)
	Real GDP growth rate Industrial production Unemployment (ILO definition) Inflation rate (CPI) (Dec/Dec) Exchange rate (end of period)	(%) (% change) (% of labour force) (% change) (Hryvnia per USD)		12.1 12.5 8.6 12.3 5.3	2.6 3.1 7.8 10.3 5.05	7.0 6.2 6.9 11.6 5.05
General government balance		(% of GDP)	(d)	-3.6	-1.9	-2.4
Balance of payments						
	Exports of goods and services Current account balance Net inflow of foreign direct investment Official reserves, (end of period) m USD months' imports of goods and services	(m USD) (% of GDP) (m USD)		41290 10.5 1711 9500 2.7	44380 3.1 7533 19390 4.6	45874 -1.5 5300 21900 4.2
External debt						
	Public external debt (end of period) Public external debt service principal interest External debt/GDP External debt/exports of goods and services Debt service/exports of goods and services Arrears (on both interest and principal) Debt relief agreements and rescheduling	(m USD) (m USD) (m USD) (m USD) (%) (%) (%) (%) (m USD) (m USD)		12496 1860 1360 500 19.3 30.3 4.6 no	12667 2080 1480 600 14.7 28.5 4.9 no	n.a. n.a. n.a. 12.2 26.8 5.1 no
Indicators of EU exposure						
	EU exposure/total EU exposure EU exposure/external debt EU exposure/exports of goods and services	(%) (%) (%)	(a)	1.8 1.9 0.6	1.1 1.1 0.3	0.7 0.7 0.2
IMF arrangements						
	Type (Date) On track			Stand-by* (03/04-03/05) off-track *precautionary	Stand-by* (03/04-03/05) off-track *precautionary	
Indicators of market's percept	ion of creditworthiness					
	Moody's long-term foreign currency rating (end S&P long-term foreign currency rating (end of Euromoney Position in the ranking (number of countries) The Institutional Investor Position in the ranking (number of countries)		(b)	B2 B+ 03/04 09/04 93 (185) (185) 03/04 09/04 86 89 (172) (173)	B2 BB- 09/04 03/05 85 83 (185) (185) 03/05 09/05 82 76 (173) (173)	B2 BB- 03/06 09/06 82 78 (185) (185) 03/06 09/06 75 80 (173) (173)

Footnotes (a) (b) (d) See explanatory notes. On a cash basis.

Country-risk indicators							
Country: Ale	geria						
		footnotes	2004	2005	2006 (projection)		
Real GDP growth rate Industrial production Unemployment (average) Inflation rate (CPI) (average) Exchange rate (end of period)	(%) (% change) (% of labour force) (% change) (Dinars per USD)	(1)	5.2 87.3 17.7 3.6 72.1	5.3 88.6 15.3 1.6 73.4	2.7 12.3 2.2 72.9		
General government balance	(% of GDP)		6.9	11.9	11.9		
Balance of payments							
Exports of goods and services Current account balance Net inflow of foreign direct investment Official reserves, including gold (end of period)	(bn USD) (% of GDP) (bn USD)		31.7 13.1 624	43.8 20.7 1,068	16.8 24.4		
bn EUR in months of next years imports of goods and services			43.1 21	56.2 25.7	74.6 24.4		
External debt  Convertible currency external debt	(ha USD)		21.8	17.2	4.9		
(end of period) Convertible currency debt service principal interest External debt/GDP External debt/exports of goods and services Debt service/exports of goods and services Arrears (on both interest and principal) Debt relief agreements and rescheduling	(bn USD) (bn USD) (bn USD) (bn USD) (%) (%) (%) (%) (m) (m) (m) (m) (m)		25.7 64.0	16.8 35.2	4.3 8.6		
Indicators of EU exposure							
EU exposure/total EU exposure EU exposure/external debt EU exposure/exports of goods and services	(%) (%) (%)	(a)	9.7 5.9 4.1	5.0 3.8 1.5	0.5 1.2 0.4		
IMF arrangements							
Type (Date) On track			CCFF 5/07/1999 yes	- - -	- - -		
Indicators of market's perception of creditworthiness							
Moody's long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) S&P long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) Euromoney Position in the ranking (number of countries) The Institutional Investor Position in the ranking (number of countries)		(b)	none none 03/04 09/04 85 81 (185) (185) 03/04 09/04 79 75 (172) (173)	none none 03/05 09/05 79 85 (185) (185) 03/05 09/05 72 69 (173) (173)	none none 03/03 09/06 77 77 (185) (185) 03/03 09/06 68 69 (173) (173)		

Sources: International Monetary Fund.

Footnotes (a) (b) (1) See explanatory notes at beginning of the tables. Officially registered unemployed.

Country-risk indicators						
	Country: Tajikist	an				
		footnotes	2004	2005	2006 (estimate)	
Real GDP growth rate Industrial production Unemployment (end of period) Inflation rate (CPI) (Year-end) Exchange rate (end of period)	(%) (% change) (% of labour force) (% change) (Somoni per USD)		10.6 16.0 n,a, 5.6 3.04	6.7 10.5 n,a, 7.1 3.20	8.0 11.0 n,a, 7.8 3.4	
General government balance	(% of GDP)	(1)	-2.4	-2.9	-4.5	
Balance of payments						
Exports of goods and services Current account balance Net inflow of foreign direct investment Official reserves, including gold (end of period) m EUR months' imports of goods and services	(m USD) (% of GDP) (m USD)	(2)	1,097 -4.0 272 189 1.8	1,108 -3.4 36 219 1.9	1,352 -4.2 60 204 1.8	
External debt						
Convertible currency external debt (end of period) Convertible currency debt service principal interest	(m USD) (m USD) (m USD) (m USD)		819 39	881 64	851 68	
External debt/GDP External debt/exports of goods and services Debt service/exports of goods and services Arrears (on both interest and principal) Debt relief agreements and rescheduling	(%) (%) (%) (m USD)		40.0 74.3 3.5 yes Russia, Pakistan	37.0 77.8 5.7 yes Russia, Pakistan	34.5 71.3 5.0 yes Russia, Pakistan, IMF	
Indicators of EU exposure				, , ,	,	
EU exposure/total EU exposure EU exposure/external debt EU exposure/exports of goods and services	(%) (%) (%)	(a)	0.4 6.8 5.1	0.3 5.6 4.4	0.4 5.6 3.5	
IMF arrangements						
Type (Date) On track		(3)	PRGF (09/02-09/05) yes	PRGF (09/02-02/06) yes	PRGF (09/02-02/06) expired	
Indicators of market's perception of creditworthiness  Moody's long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) S&P long-term foreign currency rating (end of period) Euromoney Position in the ranking (number of countries) The Institutional Investor Position in the ranking (number of countries)		(a)	none none 03/03 09/04 174 180 (185) (185) 03/04 09/04 159 162 (172) (173)	none none 03/05 09/05 169 170 (185) (185) 03/05 09/05 162 146 (173) (173)	none none 03/06 09/06 170 165 (185) (185) 03/06 09/06 140 155 (173) (173)	

<sup>(1)</sup> excluding the Public Investment Programme
(2) the 2004 figure includes a debt-for-equity swap with Russia
(3) in 2005, the IMF decided to extend the PRGF to Feb. 2006
(a) (b) See explanatory notes at beginning of the tables.